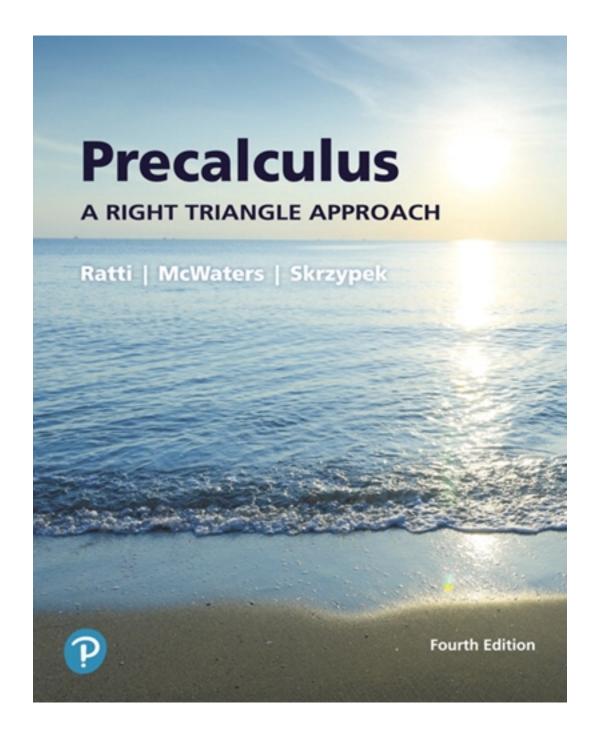
# Test Bank for Precalculus A Right Triangle Approach 4th Edition by Ratti

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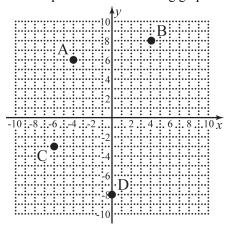


# Test Bank

Name

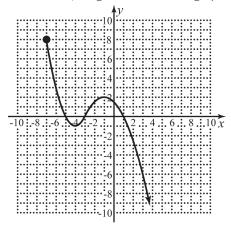
#### Ratti & McWaters, College Algebra and Trigonometry, 4th edition

1) Give the coordinates of the points on the following graph.



1)

2) Determine the a) domain and b) range of the function graphed below.



2) \_\_\_\_\_

3) Find the distance and midpoint between (-4,3) and (10,-11).

- 3)
- 4) Write the equation of the circle centered at (-5,7) with a radius of 9.
- 4) \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) Find the equation of the line passing through (5,-3) with slope -2. Write the solution in slope-intercept form.
- 5) \_\_\_\_\_

6) Find the x- and y-intercepts of  $y = x^2 - x - 20$ .

- 6) \_\_\_\_\_
- 7) Determine the equation of the circle in standard form described by  $x^2 4x + y^2 + 6y 36 = 0$ .
- 7) \_\_\_\_\_
- 8) Find the equation of the line passing through (-3,7) and (1,5). Write the solution in slope-intercept form.
- 8) \_\_\_\_\_
- 9) Find the domain of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 2x 15}$ . Write the answer using interval notation.
- 9)

Name

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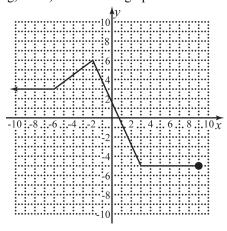
10) Find  $f^{-1}(x)$  for f(x) = 4x - 11.

10) \_\_\_\_\_

11) Find the equation of the line parallel to -3x + 2y = -5 passing through (3,-2). Write the solution in slope-intercept form.

11) \_\_\_\_\_

12) Given the following graph determine: a) where is the graph increasing, b) where is the graph decreasing, and c) where is the graph constant.

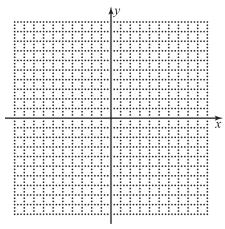


12) \_\_\_\_\_

13) Determine which symmetries the graph of  $x^4 + 3y^2 = 4$  possesses.

13) \_\_\_\_\_

14) For  $f(x) = -2(x-3)^2 + 9$ , list the transformations to the basic graph and graph the function.



14) \_\_\_\_\_

15) Find the linear regression equation for the following data. Round the constants to two decimal places.

х	2	8	16	18	24	26
у	4	13	18	27	31	34

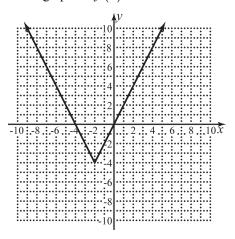
15)

16) Given  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 5$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x - 5}$ , find  $(f \circ g)(x)$ , and determine its domain.

Name

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17) Write the formula for the graph of f(x) below.

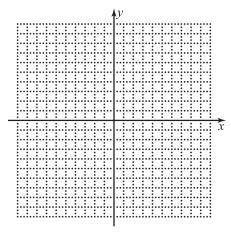


17)

18) Find the average rate of change of  $f(x) = x^2 + 9$  as x changes from a = -1 to b = 5.

18) \_\_\_\_\_

19) Graph  $f(x) = \begin{cases} -x-1 & \text{if } x \le 3 \\ 5 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$ . Find the value of f(-3) f(3), and f(6).



19) \_\_\_\_\_

20) Find  $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$  for  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x$ .

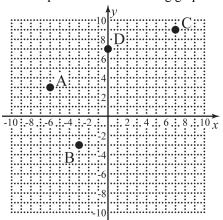
20)

- 21) A company that produces toy cars has a monthly a monthly cost of 1500 dollars and a marginal cost of 3 dollars per toy car. The company makes 8 dollars per toy car in revenue.
  - a) Find the function, C(x), that represents the cost of producing x toy cars.
  - b) Find the function, R(x), that represents the revenue from selling x toy cars.
  - c) Find the function, P(x), that represents the profit from selling x toy cars.
  - d) What would the profit be from selling 2500 toy cars?

Name

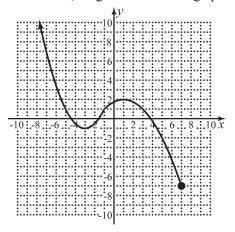
#### Ratti & McWaters, College Algebra and Trigonometry, 4th edition

1) Give the coordinates of the points on the following graph.



1) \_\_\_\_\_

2) Determine the a) domain and b) range of the function graphed below.



2) \_\_\_\_\_

3) Find the distance and midpoint between (5,-7) and (1,1).

3) \_\_\_\_\_

4) Write the equation of the circle centered at (7,-9) with a radius of 6.

4) \_\_\_\_\_

5) Find the equation of the line passing through (-4,3) with slope 5. Write the solution in slope-intercept form.

5) \_\_\_\_\_

6) Find the x- and y-intercepts of  $y = \sqrt{5x+100}$ .

6) \_\_\_\_\_

7) Determine the equation of the circle in standard form described by  $x^2 + 10x + y^2 - 8y + 5 = 0$ .

7) \_\_\_\_\_

8) Find the equation of the line passing through (4,1) and (-1,-3). Write the solution in slope-intercept form.

8) \_\_\_\_\_

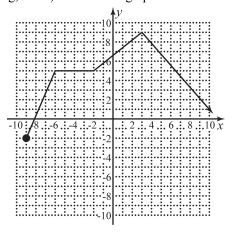
9) Find the domain of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 4x - 12}$ . Write the answer using interval notation.

Name

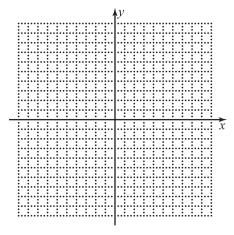
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10) Find  $f^{-1}(x)$  for f(x) = 3x - 8.

- 10) \_\_\_\_\_
- 11) Find the equation of the line perpendicular to 2x + 3y = 7 passing through (4,7). Write the solution in slope-intercept form.
- 11) \_\_\_\_\_
- 12) Given the following graph determine: a) where is the graph increasing, b) where is the graph decreasing, and c) where is the graph constant.



- 12) \_\_\_\_\_
- 13) Determine which symmetries the graph of  $y = 5x^2 x^4$  possesses.
- 13) \_\_\_\_\_
- 14) For  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x+5)^2 4$ , list the transformations to the basic graph and graph the function.



- 14)
- 15) Find the linear regression equation for the following data. Round the constants to two decimal places.

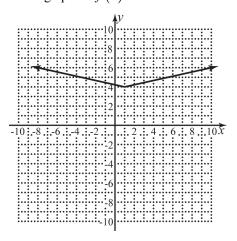
х	3	5	13	17	26	37
у	9	7	22	18	30	45

- 15) \_\_\_\_\_
- 16) Given  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 + 7}$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x + 7}$ , find  $(f \circ g)(x)$ , and determine its domain.
- 16) \_\_\_\_\_

Name

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17) Write the formula for the graph of f(x) below.

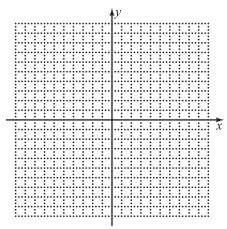


17) \_\_\_\_\_

18) Find the average rate of change of  $f(x) = -3x^3 - 14$  as x changes from a = -1 to b = 2.

18)

19) Graph  $f(x) = \begin{cases} -x+3 & \text{if } x > -2 \\ -3 & \text{if } x \le -2 \end{cases}$  Find the values of f(-4), f(-2), and f(2).



19)

20) Find  $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$  for  $f(x) = 3x - 2x^2$ .

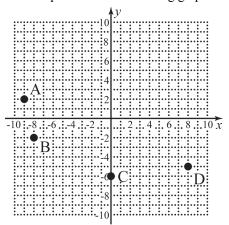
20) \_\_\_\_\_

- 21) A company that produces toy cars has a monthly a monthly cost of 2000 dollars and a marginal cost of 8 dollars per toy car. The company makes 15 dollars per toy car in revenue.
  - a) Find the function, C(x), that represents the cost of producing x toy cars.
  - b) Find the function, R(x), that represents the revenue from selling x toy cars.
  - c) Find the function, P(x), that represents the profit from selling x toy cars.
  - d) What would the profit be from selling 3250 toy cars?

Name

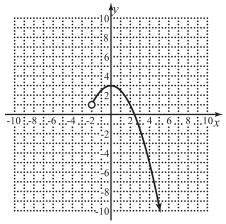
#### Ratti & McWaters, College Algebra and Trigonometry, 4th edition

1) Give the coordinates of the points on the following graph.



1) \_\_\_\_\_

2) Determine the a) domain and b) range of the function graphed below.



2) \_\_\_\_\_

3) Find the distance and midpoint between (8,5) and (4,-9).

3) \_\_\_\_\_

4) Write the equation of the circle centered at (-2,9) with a radius of 3.

4)

5) Find the equation of the line passing through (1,-2) with slope -3. Write the solution in slope-intercept form.

5) \_\_\_\_\_

6) Find the x- and y-intercepts of  $y = \sqrt[5]{2x - 32}$ .

6) \_\_\_\_\_

7) Determine the equation of the circle in standard form described by  $x^2 - 6x + y^2 + 10y + 9 = 0$ .

7) \_\_\_\_\_

8) Find the equation of the line passing through (-2,1) and (4,-4). Write the solution in slope-intercept form.

8) \_\_\_\_\_

9) Find the domain of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 2x - 24}$ . Write the answer using interval notation.

Name

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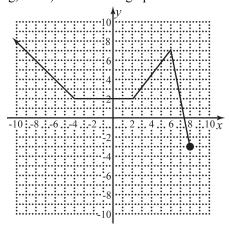
10) Find  $f^{-1}(x)$  for f(x) = 8x - 5.

10) \_\_\_\_\_

11) Find the equation of the line parallel to 5x-3y=4 passing through (-10,3). Write the solution in slope-intercept form.

11) \_\_\_\_\_

12) Given the following graph determine: a) where is the graph increasing, b) where is the graph decreasing, and c) where is the graph constant.

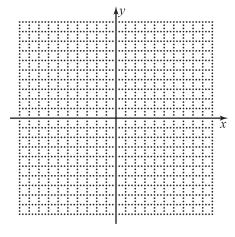


12) \_\_\_\_\_

13) Determine which symmetries the graph of  $x^3y^2 = 4 - 8x$  possesses.

13) \_\_\_\_\_

14) For  $f(x) = 3(x+2)^2 - 9$ , list the transformations to the basic graph and graph the function.



14)

15) Find the linear regression equation for the following data. Round the constants to two decimal places.

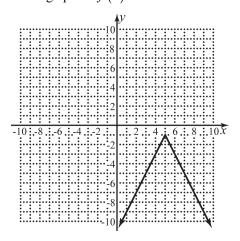
х	8	10	15	16	22	35
у	11	14	19	19	25	41

15)

16) Given  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 2$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{7-x}$ , find  $(f \circ g)(x)$ , and determine its domain.

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17) Write the formula for the graph of f(x) below.

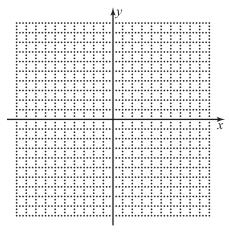


17) \_\_\_\_\_

18) Find the average rate of change of  $f(x) = 11 - 5x^2$  as x changes from a = -3 to b = 5.

18) \_\_\_\_\_

19) Graph  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3 & \text{if } x > 4 \\ -x + 1 & \text{if } x \le 4 \end{cases}$ . Find the values of f(-4), f(4), and f(8).



19)

20) Find  $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$  for  $f(x) = 4x^2 - 7x$ .

20) \_\_\_\_\_

21) A company that produces toy cars has a monthly a monthly cost of 1800 dollars and a marginal cost of 5 dollars per toy car. The company makes 13 dollars per toy car in revenue.

a) Find the function, C(x), that represents the cost of producing x toy cars.

b) Find the function, R(x), that represents the revenue from selling x toy cars.

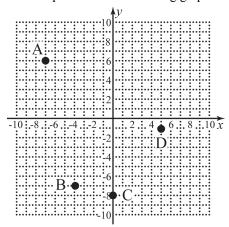
c) Find the function, P(x), that represents the profit from selling x toy cars.

d) What would the profit be from selling 1500 toy cars?

Name

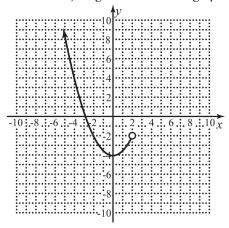
### Ratti & McWaters, College Algebra and Trigonometry, 4th edition

1) Give the coordinates of the points on the following graph.



1) \_\_\_\_\_

2) Determine the a) domain and b) range of the function graphed below.



2) \_\_\_\_\_

3) Find the distance and midpoint between (-6,1) and (4,-9).

3)

4) Write the equation of the circle centered at (-7,8) with a radius of 11.

4)

5) Find the equation of the line passing through (-2,3) with slope 4. Write the solution in slope-intercept form.

5) \_\_\_\_\_

6) Find the x- and y-intercepts of  $y = x^3 + 27$ .

6) \_\_\_\_\_

7) Determine the equation of the circle in standard form described by  $x^2 - 14x + y^2 + 8y + 56 = 0$ .

7) \_\_\_\_\_

8) Find the equation of the line passing through (-1,-2) and (4,2). Write the solution in slope-intercept form.

8) \_\_\_\_\_

9) Find the domain of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 3x - 10}$ . Write the answer using interval notation.

9)

Name

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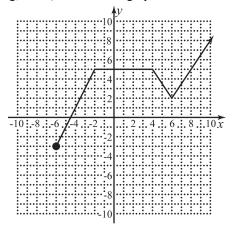
10) Find  $f^{-1}(x)$  for f(x) = 11 - 5x.

10)

11) Find the equation of the line perpendicular to -4x-3y=5 passing through (-8,5). Write the solution in slope-intercept form.

11) \_\_\_\_\_

12) Given the following graph determine: a) where is the graph increasing, b) where is the graph decreasing, and c) where is the graph constant.

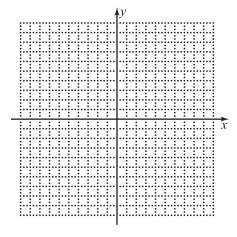


12) \_\_\_\_\_

13) Determine which symmetries the graph of  $y = 2x^5 + 7x^3$  possesses.

13)

14) For  $f(x) = -2(x+5)^2 + 6$ , list the transformations to the basic graph and graph the function.



14) \_\_\_\_\_

15) Find the linear regression equation for the following data. Round the constants to two decimal places.

х	10	18	22	29	30	39
у	19	22	28	30	38	45

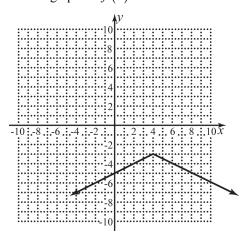
15) \_\_\_\_\_

16) Given  $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 3}$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x - 2}$ , find  $(f \circ g)(x)$ , and determine its domain.

Name

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17) Write the formula for the graph of f(x) below.

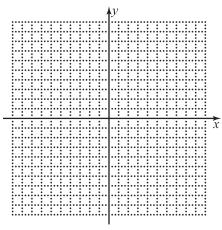


17)

18) Find the average rate of change of  $f(x) = -2x^2 - 7$  as x changes from a = -5 to b = 4.

18) \_\_\_\_\_

19) Graph  $f(x) = \begin{cases} -x+3 & \text{if } x < 1 \\ -5 & \text{if } x \ge 1 \end{cases}$ . Find the values of f(-1), f(1), and f(5).



19)

20) Find  $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$  for  $f(x) = x^3 + x$ .

20) \_\_\_\_\_

21) A company that produces toy cars has a monthly a monthly cost of 2400 dollars and a marginal cost of 10 dollars per toy car. The company makes 25 dollars per toy car in revenue.

a) Find the function, C(x), that represents the cost of producing x toy cars.

b) Find the function, R(x), that represents the revenue from selling x toy cars.

c) Find the function, P(x), that represents the profit from selling x toy cars.

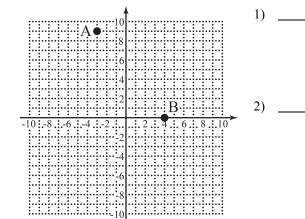
d) What would the profit be from selling 600 toy cars?

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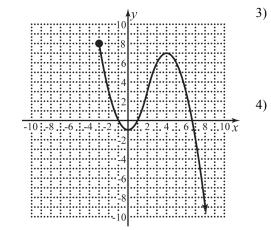
In exercises 1–2, refer to the graph to the right.

- 1) What are the coordinates of point A?
  - a) (-3,9)
- b) (3,-9)
- c) (9,-3)
- d) (-9,3)
- 2) What are the coordinates of point B?
  - a) (-4,0)
- b) (4,0)
- c) (0,4)
- d) (0,-4)



In exercises 3–4, refer to the graph to the right.

- 3) Determine the domain of the function.
  - a)  $\left(-3,\infty\right)$
- b)  $\left[-3,\infty\right)$
- c)  $\left(-\infty, 8\right)$
- d)  $\left(-\infty, 8\right]$
- 4) Determine the range of the function.
  - a)  $\left(-3,\infty\right)$
- b)  $\left[-3,\infty\right)$
- c)  $\left(-\infty, 8\right)$
- d)  $\left(-\infty, 8\right]$



4) \_\_\_\_\_

In exercises 5–6 use the points (-2,3) and (6,-5).

- 5) Find the distance between the points.
  - a)  $4\sqrt{5}$
- b) 4
- c)  $2\sqrt{13}$
- d)  $8\sqrt{2}$

- 6) Find the midpoint between the points.
  - a) (4,-4)
- b) (2,-1)
- c) (-4,4)
- d) (-2,1)
- 7) Write the equation of the circle centered at (7,-1) with a radius of 2.

7) \_\_\_\_\_

5)

a)  $(x+7)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 4$ 

b)  $(x-7)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 4$ 

c)  $(x+7)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 2$ 

- d)  $(x-7)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 2$
- 8) Find the equation of the line passing through (-1,4) with slope 3.

- a) y = 3x + 7
- b) y = 3x + 4
- c) y = 3x 1
- d) y = 3x 13

Name

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9) Find the coordinates of the x- and y-intercepts of  $y = x^2 - x - 42$ .

9)

a) (42,0),(0,-6),(0,7)

b) (42,0),(0,-7),(0,6)

c) (0,-42),(-7,0),(6,0)

- d) (0,-42),(-6,0),(7,0)
- 10) Determine the equation of the circle described by  $x^2 8x + y^2 + 10y 59 = 0$ .

10) \_\_\_\_\_

- a)  $(x-8)^2 + (y+10)^2 = 59$
- b)  $(x-4)^2 + (y+5)^2 = 41$
- c)  $(x-4)^2 + (y+5)^2 = 100$
- d)  $(x-4)^2 + (y+5)^2 = 59$
- 11) Find the equation of the line passing through (-4,3) and (2,4).

11) \_\_\_\_\_

- a) v = 6x + 27

- b) y = -6x 21 c)  $y = \frac{1}{6}x + \frac{11}{3}$  d)  $y = -\frac{1}{6}x + \frac{7}{3}$
- 12) Find the domain of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 5x 14}$ .

12) \_\_\_\_\_

a) [-7,2]

c)  $(-\infty, -7] \cup [2, \infty)$ 

- d)  $(-\infty, -2] \cup [7, \infty)$
- 13) Given  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-27}$ , find  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

13) \_\_\_\_\_

a)  $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+27}$ 

b)  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x-27}}$ 

c)  $f^{-1}(x) = x^3 + 27$ 

- d)  $f^{-1}(x) = -\sqrt[3]{x-27}$
- 14) Find the equation of the line parallel to 2x + 5y = 13 passing through (5, -3).

14) \_\_\_\_\_

16) \_\_\_\_

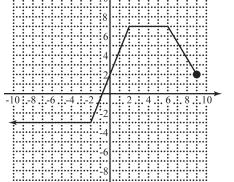
- a)  $y = \frac{5}{2}x \frac{31}{2}$  b)  $y = \frac{2}{5}x 5$  c)  $y = -\frac{5}{2}x + \frac{19}{2}$  d)  $y = -\frac{2}{5}x 1$

In exercises 15–17, refer to the graph to the right.

- 15) When is the graph increasing?
  - a) (-2,2)
- b) (6,9)
- c)  $(-\infty, -2) \cup (2, 6)$  d) never

15) \_\_\_\_\_

- 16) When is the graph decreasing?
  - a) (-2,2)
- b) (6,9)
- c)  $(-\infty, -2) \cup (2, 6)$  d) never



- 17) When is the graph constant?
  - a) (-2,2)
- b) (6,9)
- c)  $(-\infty, -2) \cup (2, 6)$  d) never
- 18) Determine which symmetries the graph of  $xy^2 + x^3 = xy^4$  possesses.

18) \_\_\_\_\_

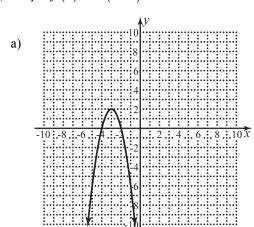
- a) x-axis
- b) *y*-axis
- c) origin
- d) all

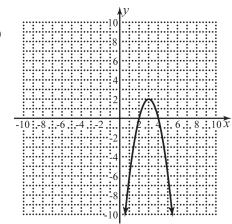
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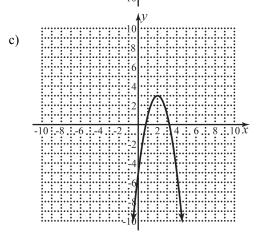
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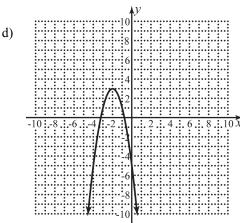
19) Graph  $f(x) = -2(x-3)^2 + 2$ .

19) \_\_\_\_









- 20) Which of the following is not a transformation of the basic function in  $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x+3)^2 1$ ?
- 20) \_\_\_\_\_

- a) vertical shift of 1 down
- b) vertical reflection

c) vertical stretch of  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

- d) horizontal shift of 3 to the left
- 21) Find the linear regression equation for the following data.

21) \_\_\_\_\_

х	19	23	29	30	37	38
у	24	32	30	38	44	41

a) y = 0.92x - 2.59

b) y = 8.00x + 0.91

c) y = -2.59x + 0.92

- d) y = 0.91x + 8.00
- 22) Given  $f(x) = 7x^2 + 4$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{8-x}$ , find  $(f \circ g)(x)$  and determine its domain.
- 22) \_\_\_\_\_

a)  $\sqrt{4-7x^2}$ ;  $(-\infty,\infty)$ 

b)  $\sqrt{4-7x^2}$ ;  $(-\infty, 8]$ 

c) 60-7x;  $(-\infty,8]$ 

d) 60-7x;  $[8,\infty)$ 

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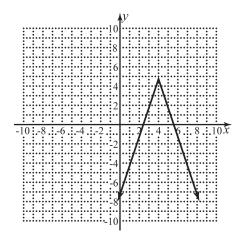
23) Write the formula for the function graphed to the

a) 
$$f(x) = -3|x+4|+5$$

b) 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3}|x-4|+5$$

c) 
$$f(x) = -2|x-4| + 5$$

c) 
$$f(x) = -2|x-4|+5$$
  
d)  $f(x) = -3|x-4|+5$ 



24) Find the average rate of change of  $f(x) = x^2 - 2x$  as x changes from a = -4 to b = 3.

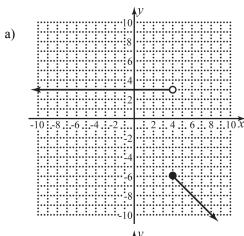
23) \_\_\_

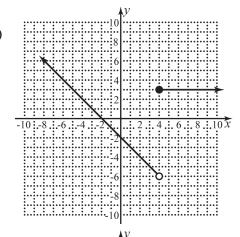
b) 
$$-5/$$

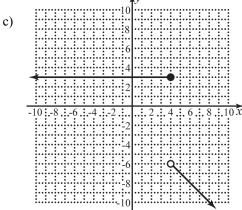
In exercises 25–27, use  $f(x) = \begin{cases} -x-2 & \text{if } x \le 4 \\ 3 & \text{if } x > 4 \end{cases}$ .

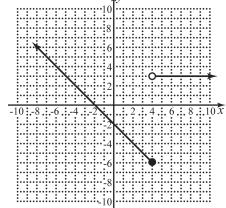
25) Graph f(x).











d)

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26) Determine the value of f(4).

26) \_\_\_\_\_

- a) 3
- b) -6
- c) 2
- d) -1

27) Determine the value of f(-7).

27) \_\_\_\_\_

- a) 5
- b) -9
- c) 3
- d) -5

28) Find  $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$  for  $f(x) = x^3 - x$ .

28) \_\_\_\_\_

a)  $h^2 - 1$ 

b)  $h^2 + 3hx + 3x^2 - 1$ 

c)  $h^2 + 3hx + 3x^2 + 1$ 

d)  $3x^2 - 1$ 

A company that produces toy cars has a monthly a monthly cost of 2300 dollars and a marginal cost of 4 dollars per toy car. The company makes 11 dollars per toy car in revenue. With this information, answer exercises 29–32.

29) Find the function, C(x), that represents the total cost of producing x toy cars.

29) \_\_\_\_\_

a) C(x) = 4x

b) C(x) = 11x + 2300

c) C(x) = 4x + 2300

d) C(x) = 2300x + 4

30) Find the function, R(x), that represents the revenue from selling x toy cars.

30) \_\_\_\_\_

a) R(x) = 11x - 2300

b) R(x) = 11x

c) R(x) = 4x

d) R(x) = 7x

31) Find the function, P(x), that represents the profit from selling x toy cars.

31) \_\_\_\_\_

a) P(x) = 11x - 2300

b) P(x) = 7x - 2300

c) P(x) = 7x

d) P(x) = 2300 - 7x

32) What would the profit be from selling 1150 toy cars?

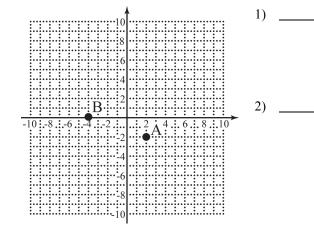
- a) \$8050
- b) -\$5750
- c) \$10,350
- d) \$5750

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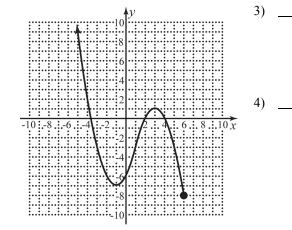
In exercises 1–2, refer to the graph to the right.

- 1) What are the coordinates of point A?
  - a) (2,-2)
- b) (-2,2)
- c) (-2,-2)
- d) (2,2)
- 2) What are the coordinates of point B?
  - a) (-4,0)
- b) (4,0)
- (0,4)
- d) (0,-4)



In exercises 3–4, refer to the graph to the right.

- 3) Determine the domain of the function.
  - a)  $\left(-\infty, 6\right]$
- b)  $(-\infty,6)$
- c)  $\left[-8,\infty\right)$
- $(-8,\infty)$
- 4) Determine the range of the function.
  - a)  $\left(-\infty, 6\right]$
- b)  $(-\infty,6)$
- c)  $\left[-8,\infty\right)$
- d)  $(-8, \infty)$



In exercises 5–6, use the points (4,-4) and (-8,10).

- 5) Find the distance between the points.
  - a)  $2\sqrt{85}$
- b)  $2\sqrt{13}$
- c)  $\sqrt{26}$
- d)  $2\sqrt{10}$

- 6) Find the midpoint between the points.
  - a) (-2,3)
- b) (6,-7)
- c) (-7,6)
- d) (2,-3)
- 7) Write the equation of the circle centered at (-5,2) with a radius of 5.

7)

5)

- a)  $(x-5)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 5$
- b)  $(x-5)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 25$
- c)  $(x+5)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 5$
- d)  $(x+5)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 25$
- 8) Find the equation of the line passing through (-5,4) with slope -3.

8)

- a) y = -3x + 17
- b) y = -3x 1
- c) y = -3x + 4 d) y = -3x 11

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9) Find the coordinates of the x- and y-intercepts of  $y = \sqrt[3]{9x + 216}$ .

9)

- a) (24,0),(0,6)
- b) (-24,0),(0,6)
- c) (0,24),(6,0)
- d) (0,-24),(6,0)
- 10) Determine the equation of the circle described by  $x^2 + 6x + y^2 8y 56 = 0$ .

10)

- a)  $(x+6)^2 + (y-8)^2 = 56$
- b)  $(x+3)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 81$
- c)  $(x+3)^2 + (v-4)^2 = 25$
- d)  $(x+3)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 56$
- 11) Find the equation of the line passing through (-3,-2) and (2,5).

11) \_\_\_\_\_

- a)  $y = -\frac{7}{5}x + \frac{39}{5}$  b)  $y = \frac{7}{5}x + \frac{11}{5}$  c)  $y = -\frac{5}{7}x + \frac{45}{7}$  d)  $y = \frac{5}{7}x \frac{25}{7}$

- 12) Find the domain of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 5x 24}$ . Write your answer using interval notation.

12) \_\_\_\_\_

a) [-8,3]

c)  $(-\infty, -8] \cup [3, \infty)$ 

- d)  $(-\infty, -3] \cup [8, \infty)$
- 13) Given  $f(x) = \frac{4}{x-5}$ , find  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

13) \_\_\_\_\_

a)  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{5x+4}{x}$ 

b)  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x-5}{4}$ 

c)  $f^{-1}(x) = -\frac{4}{x^{5}}$ 

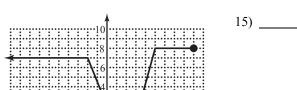
- d)  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{4}{x+5}$
- 14) Find the equation of the line perpendicular to -4x + 3y = 11 passing through (6,5).

14)

- a)  $y = -\frac{3}{4}x + \frac{19}{2}$  b)  $y = \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{1}{2}$  c)  $y = -\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{13}{2}$  d)  $y = \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{7}{2}$

In exercises 15–17, refer to the graph to the right.

- 15) When is the graph increasing?
  - a)  $(-\infty, -2) \cup (5, 9)$ 
    - b) (2,5)
  - c) (-2,2)
- d) never



- 16) When is the graph decreasing?
  - a)  $(-\infty, -2) \cup (5, 9)$
- b) (2,5)
- c) (-2,2)
- d) never

16)

- 17) When is the graph constant?
  - a)  $(-\infty, -2) \cup (5, 9)$
- (2,5)
- c) (-2,2)
- d) never

- 18) Determine which symmetries the graph of  $x^2y^2 y^4 = x$  possesses.

18) \_\_\_\_\_

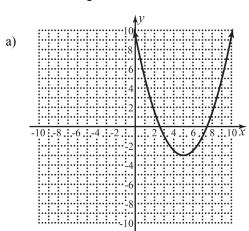
- a) x-axis
- b) *y*-axis
- c) origin
- d) all

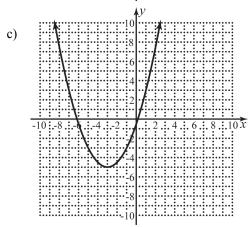
Name

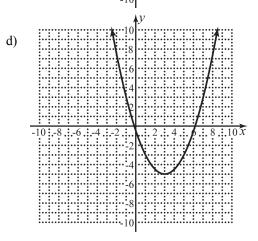
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19) Graph  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x+3)^2 - 5$ .

19) \_\_\_\_







- 20) Which of the following is not a transformation of the basic function in  $g(x) = -3(x-2)^2 + 7$ ?
- 20) \_\_\_\_\_

a) vertical stretch of  $\frac{1}{3}$ 

- b) vertical reflection
- c) horizontal shift of 2 to the right
- d) vertical shift of 7 up
- 21) Find the linear regression equation for the following data.

21) \_\_\_\_\_

х	10	14	16	17	25	35
у	16	23	22	20	32	39

a) y = 0.92x + 7.48

b) y = -6.65x + 1.03

c) y = 7.48x + 0.92

- d) y = 1.03x 6.65
- 22) Given  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 3}{x^2 + 2}$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x + 3}$ , find  $(f \circ g)(x)$  and determine its domain.

a) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{4x^2+3}{x^2+2}}$$
;  $(-\infty,\infty)$ 

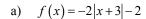
b) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{4x^2+3}{x^2+2}}$$
;  $[-3,\infty)$ 

c) 
$$\frac{x}{x+5}$$
;  $\left(-\infty, -3\right]$ 

d) 
$$\frac{x}{x+5}$$
;  $[-3,\infty)$ 

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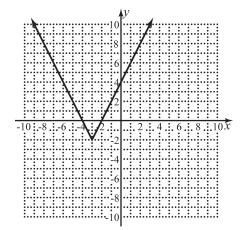
23) Write the formula for the function graphed to the



b) 
$$f(x) = 2|x+3|-2$$

c) 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}|x+3|-2$$
  
d)  $f(x) = 2|x-3|-2$ 

d) 
$$f(x) = 2|x-3|-2$$



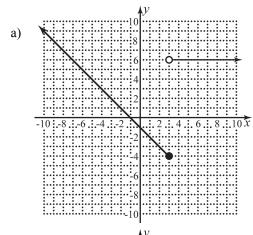
24) Find the average rate of change of  $f(x) = x^3 + 8x$  as x changes from a = -2 to b = 1.

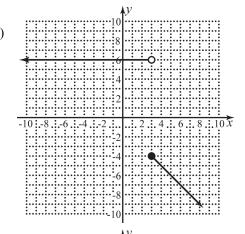
23) \_\_\_

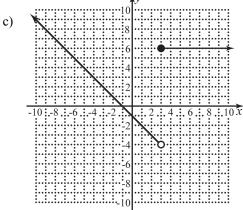
In exercises 25–27, use  $f(x) = \begin{cases} -x-1 & \text{if } x \ge 3 \\ 6 & \text{if } x < 3 \end{cases}$ .

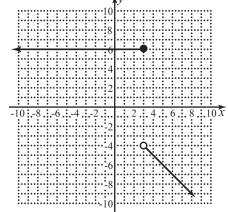
25) Graph f(x).











d)

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26) Determine the value of f(3).

26) \_\_\_\_\_

a) 6

b) -4

c) 2

d) -2

27) Determine the value of f(8).

27) \_\_\_\_\_

a) -9

b) 7

c) 6

d) 2

28) Find  $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$  for  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x$ .

28) \_\_\_\_\_

a) 2h+3

b) 4x-1

c) 2h + 4x - 3

d) 2h + 4x + 3

A company that produces toy cars has a monthly a monthly cost of 3300 dollars and a marginal cost of 14 dollars per toy car. The company makes 32 dollars per toy car in revenue. With this information, answer exercises 29–32.

29) Find the function, C(x), that represents the total cost of producing x toy cars.

29) \_\_\_\_\_

a) C(x) = 14x

b) C(x) = 32x + 3300

c) C(x) = 3300x + 14

d) C(x) = 14x + 3300

30) Find the function, R(x), that represents the revenue from selling x toy cars.

30) \_\_\_\_\_

a) R(x) = 32x - 3300

b) R(x) = 18x

c) R(x) = 32x

d) R(x) = 14x

31) Find the function, P(x), that represents the profit from selling x toy cars.

31) \_\_\_\_\_

a) P(x) = 32x - 3300

b) P(x) = 3300 - 18x

c) P(x) = 18x - 3300

d) P(x) = 18x

32) What would the profit be from selling 750 toy cars?

32) \_\_\_\_\_

a) \$10,200

b) \$20,700

c) \$13,500

d) -\$10,200

Form A

1) A) (-4,6); B) (4,8); C) (-6,-3); D) (0,-8)

2) a)  $[-7, \infty)$  b)  $(-\infty, 8]$ 

3) Distance:  $14\sqrt{2}$ ; Midpoint: (3,-4)

4)  $(x+5)^2 + (y-7)^2 = 9^2$  or  $(x+5)^2 + (y-7)^2 = 81$ 

5) y = -2x + 7

6) (-4,0),(5,0),(0,-20)

7)  $(x-2)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 49$ 

8)  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{11}{2}$ 

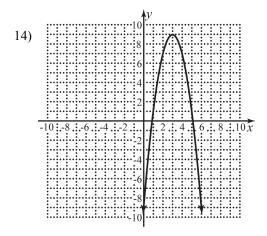
9)  $\left(-\infty, -5\right] \cup \left[3, \infty\right)$ 

10)  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+11}{4}$ 

11)  $y = \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{13}{2}$ 

12) a) (-6,-2); b) (-2,3); c)  $(-\infty,-6) \cup (3,9)$ 

13) x-axis, y-axis, origin



Horizontal Shift: Right 3

Vertical Shift: Up 9

Vertical Stretch: 2

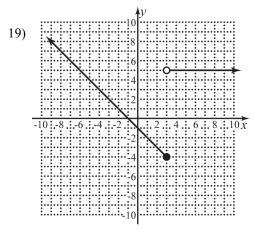
Vertical Reflection: Yes

15) 
$$y = 1.23x + 1.94$$

16) 
$$(f \circ g)(x) = 2x - 15$$
;  $[5, \infty)$ 

17) 
$$f(x) = 2|x+2|-4$$

18) 4



$$f(-3) = 2, f(3) = -4, f(6) = 5$$

20) 2x + 2 = h

21) a) C(x) = 3x + 1500

b) R(x) = 8x

c) P(x) = 5x - 1500

d) \$11,000

Form B

1) A) (-6,3); B) (-3,-3); C) (7,9); D) (0,7)

2) a)  $\left(-\infty, 7\right]$  b)  $\left[-7, \infty\right)$ 

3) Distance:  $4\sqrt{5}$ ; Midpoint: (3,-3)

4)  $(x-7)^2 + (y+9)^2 = 6^2$  or  $(x-7)^2 + (y+9)^2 = 36$ 

5) y = 5x + 23

(-20,0),(0,10)

7)  $(x+5)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 36$ 

8)  $y = \frac{4}{5}x - \frac{11}{5}$ 

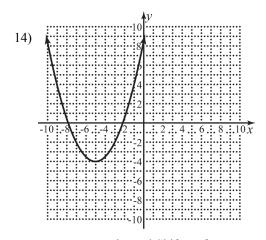
9)  $(-\infty, -6] \cup [2, \infty)$ 

10)  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+8}{3}$ 

11)  $y = \frac{3}{2}x + 1$ 

12) a)  $(-9,-6) \cup (-2,3)$ ; b)  $(3,\infty)$ ; c) (-6,-2)

13) *y*-axis



Horizontal Shift: Left 5

Vertical Shift: Down 4

Vertical Stretch:  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

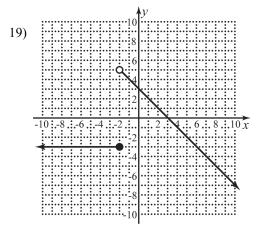
Vertical Reflection: No

15) 
$$y = 1.07x + 3.85$$

16)  $(f \circ g)(x) = \frac{x+8}{x+14}$ ;  $[-7, \infty)$ 

17)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{5}|x-1|+4$ 

18) -9



$$f(-4) = -3, f(-2) = -3, f(2) = 1$$

20) -4x+3-2h

21) a) C(x) = 8x + 2000

b) R(x) = 15x

c) P(x) = 7x - 2000

d) \$20,750

Form C

1) A) (-9,2); B) (-8,-2); C) (0,-6); D) (8,-5)

2) a)  $(-2, \infty)$  b)  $(-\infty, 3]$ 

3) Distance:  $2\sqrt{53}$ ; Midpoint: (6,-2)

4)  $(x+2)^2 + (y-9)^2 = 3^2$  or  $(x+2)^2 + (y-9)^2 = 9$ 

5) y = -3x + 1

6) (16,0),(0,-2)

7)  $(x-3)^2 + (y+5)^2 = 25$ 

8)  $y = -\frac{5}{6}x - \frac{2}{3}$ 

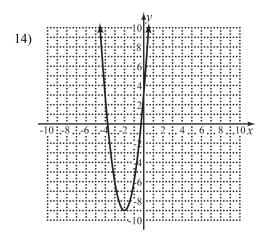
9)  $(-\infty, -6] \cup [4, \infty)$ 

10)  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+5}{8}$ 

11)  $y = \frac{5}{3}x + \frac{59}{3}$ 

12) a) (2,6); b)  $(-\infty,-4) \cup (6,8)$ ; c) (-4,2)

13) *x*-axis



Horizontal Shift: Left 2

Vertical Shift: Down 9

Vertical Stretch: 3

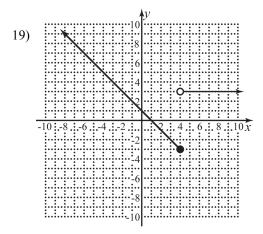
Vertical Reflection: No

15) 
$$y = 1.09x + 2.30$$

16) 
$$(f \circ g)(x) = 23 - 3x; (-\infty, 7]$$

17) 
$$f(x) = -2|x-5|-1$$

$$18) -10$$



$$f(-4) = 5, f(4) = -3, f(8) = 3$$

20) 8x - 7 + 4h

21) a) C(x) = 5x + 1800

b) R(x) = 13x

c) P(x) = 8x - 1800

d) \$10,200

Form D

1) A) (-7,6); B) (-4,-7); C) (0,-8); D) (5,-1)

2) a)  $(-\infty, -2)$  b)  $[-4, \infty)$ 

3) Distance:  $10\sqrt{2}$ ; Midpoint: (-1,-4)

4)  $(x+7)^2 + (y-8)^2 = 11^2$  or  $(x+7)^2 + (y-8)^2 = 121$ 

5) y = 4x + 11

(-3,0),(0,27)

7)  $(x-7)^2 + (y+4)^2 = 9$ 

8)  $y = \frac{4}{5}x - \frac{6}{5}$ 

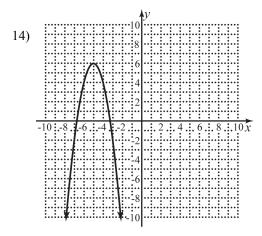
9)  $\left(-\infty, -2\right] \cup \left[5, \infty\right)$ 

10)  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{11-x}{5}$ 

11)  $y = \frac{3}{4}x + 11$ 

12) a)  $(-6,-2) \cup (6,\infty)$ ; b) (4,6); c) (-2,4)

13) origin



Horizontal Shift: Left 5;

Vertical Shift: Up 6

Vertical Stretch: 2

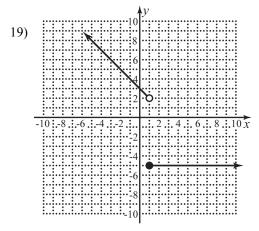
Vertical Reflection: Yes

15) 
$$y = 0.92x + 7.65$$

16) 
$$(f \circ g)(x) = \frac{x-2}{x+1}$$
;  $[2, \infty)$ 

17) 
$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}|x-4|-3$$

18) 2



$$f(-1) = 4$$
,  $f(1) = -5$ ,  $f(5) = -5$ 

20) 
$$3x^2 + 1 + 3hx + h^2$$

21) a) 
$$C(x) = 10x + 2400$$

b) 
$$R(x) = 25x$$

c) 
$$P(x) = 15x - 2400$$

d) \$6600

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Form E	
1) A	17) C
2) B	18) D
3) B	19) B
4) D	20) B
5) D	21) D
6) B	22) C
7) B	23) D
8) A	24) C
9) D	25) D
10) C	26) B
11) C	27) A
12) C	28) B
13) C	29) C
14) D	30) B
15) A	31) B
16) B	32) D
Form F	
1) A	
1) A	17) A
2) A	17) A 18) A
2) A	18) A
<ul><li>2) A</li><li>3) A</li></ul>	18) A 19) C
<ul><li>2) A</li><li>3) A</li><li>4) C</li></ul>	18) A 19) C 20) A
<ul><li>2) A</li><li>3) A</li><li>4) C</li><li>5) A</li></ul>	18) A 19) C 20) A 21) A
<ul> <li>2) A</li> <li>3) A</li> <li>4) C</li> <li>5) A</li> <li>6) A</li> </ul>	18) A 19) C 20) A 21) A 22) D
<ul> <li>2) A</li> <li>3) A</li> <li>4) C</li> <li>5) A</li> <li>6) A</li> <li>7) D</li> </ul>	18) A 19) C 20) A 21) A 22) D 23) B
<ul> <li>2) A</li> <li>3) A</li> <li>4) C</li> <li>5) A</li> <li>6) A</li> <li>7) D</li> <li>8) D</li> </ul>	18) A 19) C 20) A 21) A 22) D 23) B 24) D
<ul> <li>2) A</li> <li>3) A</li> <li>4) C</li> <li>5) A</li> <li>6) A</li> <li>7) D</li> <li>8) D</li> <li>9) B</li> </ul>	18) A 19) C 20) A 21) A 22) D 23) B 24) D 25) B
<ul> <li>2) A</li> <li>3) A</li> <li>4) C</li> <li>5) A</li> <li>6) A</li> <li>7) D</li> <li>8) D</li> <li>9) B</li> <li>10) B</li> </ul>	18) A 19) C 20) A 21) A 22) D 23) B 24) D 25) B 26) B
2) A 3) A 4) C 5) A 6) A 7) D 8) D 9) B 10) B 11) B	18) A 19) C 20) A 21) A 22) D 23) B 24) D 25) B 26) B 27) A
2) A 3) A 4) C 5) A 6) A 7) D 8) D 9) B 10) B 11) B 12) D	18) A 19) C 20) A 21) A 22) D 23) B 24) D 25) B 26) B 27) A 28) C
2) A 3) A 4) C 5) A 6) A 7) D 8) D 9) B 10) B 11) B 12) D 13) A	18) A 19) C 20) A 21) A 22) D 23) B 24) D 25) B 26) B 27) A 28) C 29) D
2) A 3) A 4) C 5) A 6) A 7) D 8) D 9) B 10) B 11) B 12) D 13) A 14) A	18) A 19) C 20) A 21) A 22) D 23) B 24) D 25) B 26) B 27) A 28) C 29) D 30) C