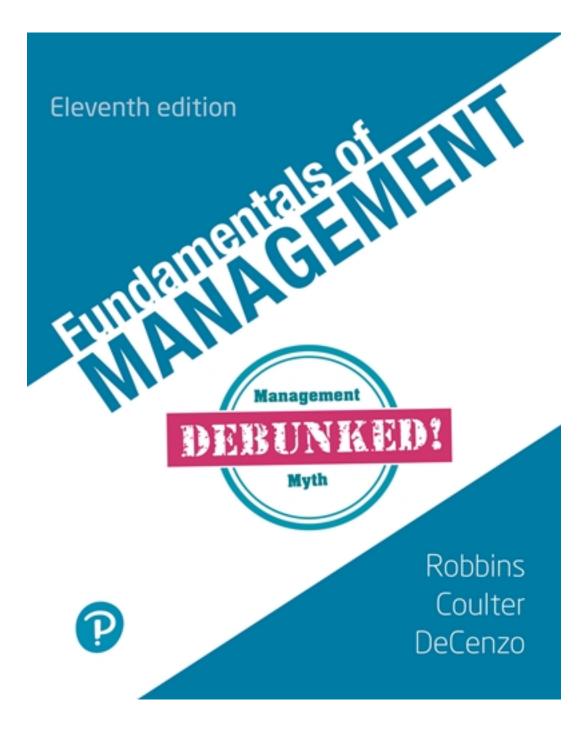
Test Bank for Fundamentals of Management 11th Edition by Robbins

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Test Bank

Fundamentals of Management, 11e (Robbins) Chapter 2 The Management Environment

- 1) What did the effect of a volcanic eruption in Iceland on the production of Nissans in a plant in Japan illustrate?
- A) how much organizations depend on their banks
- B) how much organizations depend on their external environment
- C) how much organizations depend on corporate culture
- D) how much organizations depend on a strong brand image

Answer: B

Explanation: The eruption showed that a disruption in the external environment in one place in the world can affect other places thousands of miles away. The ash from Iceland's volcano prevented critical supplies from being shipped to Japan. This showed how truly global today's business world can be.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

- 2) Which components of the external environment of the BMW plant in Spartanburg, South Carolina were disrupted by the volcanic eruption in Eyjafjallajökull, Iceland?
- A) the demographic and global components
- B) the political and legal components
- C) the economic and global components
- D) the sociocultural and demographic components

Answer: C

Explanation: The disruption illustrated the importance of the external environment in terms of economics, since ash from the eruption stalled the delivery of automobile parts, and the global component, since it was an event on one side of the globe that affected events on another side of the globe.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

3) Which one of the following is not involved with the demographic component of an
organization's external environment?
A) values
B) gender
C) race
D) income
Answer: A
Explanation: The demographic component of an organization's external environment involves issues that relate to broad population characteristics such as age, income, number of people in a family, education level, and so on. Values are not measurable on this broad level, so they are not considered a demographic trait. Diff: 2
AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments
LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.
Question Category: Analytical
4) The component of an organization's external environment is concerned with scientific and industrial innovations. A) demographic
B) technological
C) sociocultural
D) economic
Answer: B
Explanation: The technological component is concerned with scientific or industrial innovations.
Diff: 1
LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.
Question Category: Concept
Question emograpi
5) The component of an organization's external environment is concerned with interest rates and employment levels.
A) demographic
B) technological
C) sociocultural
D) economic
Answer: D
Explanation: The economic component encompasses factors such as interest rates, inflation, employment/unemployment rates, disposable income levels, stock market fluctuations, and business cycle stages. Diff: 1
LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important. Question Category: Concept

- 6) Court rulings allowing gay marriage are an example of a change in which components of an organization's external environment?
- A) political/legal and technological
- B) economic and demographic
- C) sociocultural and global
- D) sociocultural and political/legal

Explanation: Changes allowing gay marriage have a sociocultural impact on an organization, indicating how the public feels about values, behavior, and lifestyles. It also has a political/legal impact since the change was brought about by a court ruling.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Application

- 7) Global trade after the recent economic downturn has _____.
- A) increased dramatically
- B) decreased dramatically
- C) increased, then decreased significantly
- D) increased slowly

Answer: D

Explanation: Global trade, which grew strongly from the late 1970s through 2008, collapsed during the last global recession and has continued to be sluggish.

Diff: 1

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 8) The majority of growth in the U.S. employment recently has been in this area.
- A) part-time jobs
- B) high paying jobs
- C) technology jobs
- D) full-time jobs

Answer: A

Explanation: Total U.S. employment is up. The 4.1 percent unemployment rate was the lowest level in years. However, many businesses in low-wage industries are using part-time workers to soften the impact of health-care law mandates.

Diff: 1

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

- 9) Which one of the following has been identified as a significant risk to business leaders in the next decade?
- A) stagnation in technology
- B) income disparity
- C) declining birth rates
- D) political instability

Answer: B

Explanation: The World Economic Forum identified two significant risks facing business leaders and policy makers over the next decade: severe income disparity and chronic fiscal imbalances.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 10) According to polls, which percent of adults believe that economic inequality "is not a problem at all?"
- A) 90
- B) 50
- C) 30
- D) 10

Answer: D

Explanation: A Harris Interactive Poll found that only 10 percent of adults think that economic inequality is "not a problem at all."

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 11) In the United States, the gap between the rich and poor is _____.
- A) decreasing
- B) accepted
- C) hidden
- D) increasingly tolerated

Answer: B

Explanation: In the United States, the gap between the rich and the poor has been much wider than in other developed nations for decades and was accepted as part of our country's values and way of doing things.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

- 12) The use of peer-to-peer services such as Uber is an example of this type of economy.
- A) capitalistic
- B) socialistic
- C) sharing
- D) unplanned

Answer: C

Explanation: In a *sharing economy* asset owners share with other individuals through a peer-to-peer service, for a fee, their underutilized physical assets (such as a home, car, clothing, tools, or other physical assets).

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 13) Which one of the following assets can be used as part of a sharing economy?
- A) cars
- B) homes
- C) skills
- D) all of the above

Answer: D

Explanation: In a *sharing economy* underutilized physical assets (such as a home, car, clothing, tools, or other physical assets) are put to good use. Some analysts have included the sharing of knowledge, expertise, skills, or time, as well.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 14) Which one of the following views of management would agree with the statement that managers should not be held accountable for changing global economic conditions?
- A) the geocentric view
- B) the new-world order view
- C) the demographic view
- D) the symbolic view

Answer: D

Explanation: The symbolic view of management contends that a manager's ability to affect the organization's outcomes is constrained by external factors such as the economy.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

- 15) Which view of management describes a situation in which managers are directly responsible for a company's success or failure?
- A) the structural view of management
- B) the symbolic view of management
- C) the omnipotent view of management
- D) the realistic view of management

Answer: C

Explanation: The symbolic view of management holds that external factors, not managerial decisions, determine success or failure. The omnipotent view holds the opposite position, that good managers, making good decisions, can decide a company's fate.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 16) Which kind of company would be less likely to fire its CEO for poor performance?
- A) a company with a symbolic view of management
- B) a company with a realistic view of management
- C) a company with an external view of management
- D) a company with an omnipotent view of management

Answer: A

Explanation: A company with an omnipotent view of management would tend to hold its leaders responsible for failure and would therefore be more likely to fire its leaders after a poor performance. A company with a symbolic view of management would tend to see the leader's role as less consequential to success or failure, and therefore there would be no reason to fire the CEO if he or she otherwise was doing a good job.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 17) Which kind of company would you expect to pay its CEO the most?
- A) a company with a symbolic view of management
- B) a company with a liberal view of management
- C) a company with a semipotent view of management
- D) a company with an omnipotent view of management

Answer: D

Explanation: Having an omnipotent view of management means that the company places maximum value on the decisions that its CEO makes. Therefore, all other things being equal, the CEO for a company with an omnipotent view has the most riding on his or her decisions so he or she deserves the greatest compensation. Of course, in the real world this view may or may not hold true.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

18) is the study of population	n characteristics.
--------------------------------	--------------------

- A) Sociology
- B) Demographics
- C) Sociographics
- D) Anthropology

Answer: B

Explanation: Demographics—the characteristics of a population used for purposes of social studies—can and do have a significant impact on how managers manage. Those population characteristics include things such as age, income, sex, race, education level, ethnic makeup, employment status, geographic location, and so forth—pretty much the types of information collected on governmental census surveys.

Diff: 1

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 19) Experts predict that these two countries will be larger than the developed countries of the world by the year 2050.
- A) Mexico and China
- B) India and China
- C) China and South Africa
- D) India and Mexico

Answer: B

Explanation: According to the text, experts say that by 2050, "emerging economies led by India and China will collectively be larger than the developed economies."

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 20) What will cause countries such as Denmark to shrink with respect to the size of their economy, relative to other nations?
- A) no social safety net
- B) welfare payments
- C) high birth rate
- D) low birth rate

Answer: D

Explanation: Shrinking populations augur a smaller share of the world's economic pie in developed European nations such as Denmark, Norway, and Belgium. Social safety nets and welfare payments have little to do with the size of the economies of these nations, which, incidentally, are quite healthy despite the low growth rate of their populations.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

- 21) Which one of the following identifies the best illustration of the phrase "demographics is destiny?"
- A) India is experiencing explosive growth partly because its population is growing rapidly.
- B) India is experiencing poverty because its population is growing rapidly.
- C) The United States is experiencing slow growth partly because its population is growing rapidly.
- D) The United States is experiencing healthy growth partly because its population is not growing and people are saving their resources.

Answer: A

Explanation: Nations that have expanding populations tend to grow quickly because young people are working and have needs. That is the situation in India and China today. Even though those nations have great problems, their burgeoning populations are spurring economic expansion and growth. Nations in which population is not increasing tend to grow through increases in productivity rather than general expansion.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 22) Which demographic do managers pay closest attention to with respect to large-scale trends in the business world?
- A) age
- B) sex
- C) employment status
- D) geographic location

Answer: A

Explanation: Because enormous cohorts of people form various generational groups that all go through the same life cycle changes at roughly the same time, age is the demographic that managers pay closest attention to. For example, a company that sells premium cooking pots may pay close attention to the size of the generation that is currently of marriage age. If large numbers of people are likely to marry in the next five years, they are likely to purchase large numbers of cooking pots. Similarly, if there is likely to be a marriage "bust" rather than a boom, cook pot sales are likely to decrease.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

- 23) How are Gen Z workers likely to be different from previous generations?
- A) They require products that are Internet-enabled.
- B) They require products that are completely generic and not at all customized to the individual.
- C) They require products that are serious and meaningful rather than frivolous and fun.
- D) They require products that are of much higher quality than those required by individuals in previous generations.

Answer: A

Explanation: The Post-Millennials have grown up with sophisticated technology. This group's primary means of social interaction is online, where they freely express their opinions and attitudes. It's the first group whose only reality revolves around the "Internet, mobile devices, and social networking."

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 24) Which popular name has been assigned to those individuals born between 1946–1964?
- A) Generation Y
- B) Millennials
- C) Generation X
- D) Baby Boomers

Answer: D

Explanation: *Baby Boomers* are those individuals born between 1946 and 1964. *Gen X* is used to describe those individuals born between 1965 and 1977. *Gen Y* (or the "Millennials") is an age group typically considered to encompass those individuals born between 1978 and 1994.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 25) Which generation is predicted to be the most diverse and multicultural of any generation in the United States?
- A) Baby Boomers
- B) Generation X
- C) Generation Y
- D) Generation Z

Answer: D

Explanation: Gen Z is huge; those under age 20 represent 25.9 percent of the U.S. population. One thing that characterizes Gen Z is that it is the most diverse and multicultural of any generation in the United States.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

<u>Linden State University (Scenario)</u>

Marta is a dean at Linden State University, a school with an enrollment of almost 20,000 students. In her daily activities, Marta has to deal with problems that involve students, faculty, curriculum, budgets, and a variety of other things.

- 26) Marta sees an opportunity for her school in increasing the enrollment in individuals who were born in the 1980s and early 1990s. Which term describes these prospective students?
- A) Baby Boomers
- B) Gen Yers
- C) Gen Xers
- D) Gen Zers

Answer: B

Explanation: The Baby Boomers are defined as those people who were born in the decades that immediately followed World War II. The group that followed the Baby Boomers has been termed *Generation X*. Those that followed Gen X, including current people of college age, are identified as Gen Yers, the correct response. Many of the Gen Zers are still too young to have entered the workforce.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 27) Marta is currently focusing her efforts on fundraising. She sees this generation as the cohort on which to focus most of her attention.
- A) Gen Y, because it is the wealthiest generation
- B) Gen X, because they are likely the parents of the students Marta is recruiting
- C) The Baby Boomers, because they are the largest and wealthiest generation
- D) The Post-Millennials, because they are the largest generation that is still looking forward to college

Answer: C

Explanation: Based on sheer size, the Baby Boomers are the best choice. They are also the oldest generation and therefore are more likely to have more disposable income than Gen Xers, Gen Yers, or the Post-Millennials.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

- 28) Marta has turned her attention to cultivating undergraduate students in the near future—three to five years from now. On which generation should she focus her attention?
- A) the Baby Boomers, because they are looking for Continuing Education programs for self-improvement
- B) Gen X, because they are looking to get advanced degrees so they can obtain high-paying jobs C) Gen Y, because the job market is so difficult they are looking to specialize in a useful major

such as accounting and biology

D) the Post-Millennials, because they are of the age that is just beginning to enroll in college Answer: D

Explanation: Though Baby Boomers, Gen Xers, and Gen Yers might have legitimate reasons for pursuing a degree, their needs are minor compared to those of the Post-Millennials, who in three to five years would be beginning to reach the age where they had completed high school and were ready to go to college.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

- 29) Marta wants to increase visibility for graduate programs in such areas as public health that are specialized for professionals who have already worked in their field for 10 years or more. On which generation should she focus her efforts?
- A) Gen Z
- B) Gen X
- C) Gen Y
- D) Pre-Millennials

Answer: B

Explanation: Gen X is the only generation that is old enough to have worked in a professional field for a decade or more and now wants to return to school and receive additional training and expertise. Therefore, Marta should be focusing on this cohort that is in its 40s and early 50s.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

- 30) Marta is worried that the facilities at Linden State are not as up-to-date as they could be with respect to wi-fi access and the availability of classes on-demand using podcasts, social networking, and other digital advances. Which generation is likely to notice this deficiency the most?
- A) the children of the Baby Boomers
- B) the Baby Boomers
- C) the Post-Millennials

D) Gen X Answer: C

Explanation: The Post-Millennials are all young enough to have grown up with all of the digital advances that are now available in society. They are the group that is most likely to see the "old-fashioned" digital facilities at Linden State as primitive and inadequate.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

- 31) Theodore and Janice have formed TJ Soft, an entrepreneurial venture to develop games and other kinds of software for consumers. Theodore feels that success depends on the decisions that he and Janice make in the near future with respect to personnel. If they hire the "right" people, Theodore thinks, the company will be successful. Which view of management does Theodore espouse?
- A) the symbolic view of management, because success rides on the decisions of the managers
- B) the symbolic view of management, because success rides on external factors—whom Theodore and Janice hire from the outside world
- C) the omnipotent view of management, because success rides on the skills of the workers
- D) the omnipotent view of management, because success rides on the decisions of the managers Answer: D

Explanation: Theodore has professed an omnipotent view of management because he thinks that everything rides on the decisions that he and Janice make. A symbolic view of management would attribute success more to external factors that affect the market than managerial decisions.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

- 32) Theodore and Janice have formed TJ Soft, an entrepreneurial venture to develop games and other kinds of software for consumers. Janice loves the company but feels that the economy is too slow to expect any kind of overwhelming success at this point in time. For now, Janice just wants the company to survive. In a few years the company perhaps can look forward to true success. Which view of management does Janice espouse?
- A) the omnipotent view of management, because success rides on external factors such as the economy
- B) the symbolic view of management, because success rides on external factors such as the economy
- C) the symbolic view of management, because success rides on internal factors such as the judgment of Theodore and Janice
- D) the omnipotent view of management, because success rides on internal factors such as the judgment of Theodore and Janice

Answer: B

Explanation: Janice has professed a symbolic view of management because she thinks that success for the company rides on the state of the market. An omnipotent view of management would attribute success more to the ability of Theodore and Janice to guide the company to success than the external environment.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

- 33) Theodore and Janice have formed TJ Soft, an entrepreneurial venture to develop games and other kinds of software for consumers. Theodore has just gotten wind from a highly reliable source that games involving animals and ecosystems are likely to be extremely "hot" in the coming year. Theodore is excited because TJ Soft has two games in development that fit the animal/eco niche perfectly. Which component of the external environment will affect TJ Soft the most in this situation?
- A) the demographic component
- B) the political component
- C) the sociocultural component
- D) the global component

Answer: C

Explanation: The demographic, political, and global components are likely to play only marginal roles in the success of TJ Soft's new games. What will make a difference is that the assessment of public taste—the appetite for a specific kind of game—has been correctly assessed. This assessment employs the sociocultural component of the external managerial environment.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

- 34) Theodore and Janice have formed TJ Soft, an entrepreneurial venture to develop games and other kinds of software for consumers. Theodore has just gotten wind from a highly reliable source that Congress is likely to take action in the coming year to ban violent games. TJ Soft has several games that could be considered violent. Which component of the external environment will affect TJ Soft the most in this situation?
- A) the political/legal component
- B) the demographic component
- C) the technological component
- D) the economic component

Answer: A

Explanation: The demographic component, technological component, and economic components are unlikely to play large roles in this situation. What will make a difference is the political component since Congress is a political entity and the problem that the company has is based on a law that was passed.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

- 35) Why were the Baby Boomers so much more influential than other generations with respect to changing American tastes and culture?
- A) The Baby Boomers came after World War II when lifestyles were really changing.
- B) The Baby Boomers were a much more coherent group than other generations.
- C) The Baby Boomers were a much larger group than other generations.
- D) The Baby Boomers were a much more free-spirited group than other generations.

Answer: C

Explanation: Being coherent or free-spirited did not have the impact on culture that the sheer size of the Baby Boomer generation did. Because of its large size, the generation dictated almost every cultural trend and style for over 40 years.

Diff: 3

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

- 36) Theodore and Janice have formed TJ Soft, an entrepreneurial venture to develop games and other kinds of software for consumers. Theodore has just gotten wind that engineers have developed a new computer system that works like the devices shown in the Steven Spielberg movie *Minority Report* in which users can control a sophisticated computer using their hands in midair. Janice sees this development as highly important to new games for TJ Soft. Which component of the external environment will affect TJ Soft the most in this situation?
- A) the global component
- B) the sociocultural component
- C) the economic component
- D) the technological component

Explanation: The sociocultural component, political component, and global components are likely to play only marginal roles in the success of TJ Soft's new games. What will make a difference is a technology development.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Information technology

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

- 37) Theodore and Janice have formed TJ Soft, an entrepreneurial venture to develop games and other kinds of software for consumers. Theodore has just read an article that describes the explosion of computer games among young people in India using cell phones and simple computers. This generation in India has well over 300 million people in it, and if TJ Soft can capture just a tiny portion of that market it will be highly successful. Which component of the external environment will affect TJ Soft the most in this situation?
- A) the technological component
- B) the demographic component
- C) the political component
- D) the legal component

Answer: B

Explanation: The political component, technological component, and legal components are unlikely to play large roles in this situation. What will make a difference is the demographic component since the large population of potential customers in India is the critical factor in this situation.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

- 38) Theodore and Janice have formed TJ Soft, an entrepreneurial venture to develop games and other kinds of software for consumers. Theodore has just read an article that says that the low interest rates that currently prevail are likely to end in the coming months. Theodore thinks that TJ Soft may need to apply for a loan now to avoid high costs later. Which component of the external environment will affect TJ Soft the most in this situation?
- A) the global component
- B) the sociocultural component
- C) the economic component
- D) the technological component

Answer: C

Explanation: The global component, technological component, and sociocultural components are unlikely to play large roles in this situation. What will make a difference is the economic component since interest rates are a function of the economy.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

39) Today's managers must learn to cope with a greater level of change than those of the past.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: "One of the biggest mistakes managers make today is failing to adapt to the changing world." This quote shows that change is the new normal for organizations and the need to adapt to those changes is greater than ever before.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

40) Holding on tightly to organizational habits is one of the foundations of long-term success.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: The one constant that all organizations face, regardless of their size, is the need to change and adapt to today's business environment.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

41) Events in other parts of the world have no effect on production activities in the United States.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: A volcanic eruption in Iceland was the cause of the shutdown of the BMW plant in South Carolina, preventing deliveries to the plant and demonstrating that events beyond our borders can and do impact business activities in the United States.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

42) The external environment of an organization includes factors and forces that can affect how the organization operates.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: The external environment includes any outside agent that can influence the performance of the organization.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

43) The components of an organization's external environment include a technological component and a political component.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: The technological component may include such things as new software, while the political component may include office holders who directly affect a company's business.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

44) The sociocultural component of the external environment of an organization includes trends and traditions, but not basic attitudes and values.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: The sociocultural component of the external environment includes all beliefs and values as well as attitudes and behavioral patterns.

Diff: 1

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

45) The overall trend toward globalization is part of the political component of an organization's external environment.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Globalization is part of the global component of an organization's external environment.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

46) Due to the large size of the economy, organizations in the United States are insulated from global economic failures.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Because we live in a "connected" world, managers need to be aware of the impact of the external environment on their organization, including global financial markets, which have a large impact on the U.S. economy.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

47) After the recent economic crisis, managers in the United States have found that there is "smooth sailing" in the global economic arena.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: After several years in crisis mode, the U.S. economy and other global economies seem to have turned the corner. However, it's not now, nor will it ever be, smooth sailing in the economic arena for managers.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

48) External factors such as jobs and prices of natural resources are important factors that can affect organizational decisions.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Managers have to pay attention to those that could constrain organizational decisions and actions such as jobs, incomes, prices of natural resources and consumer goods, stock market valuations, and business cycle stages.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

49) After the recent economic crisis, conditions in the United States have improved much better and faster than in the rest of the world.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: The slowdown in productivity has moderated globally although it continues to lag in the United States.

Diff: 1

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

50) Recent data shows that employment in the United States is up, especially in high wage jobs.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Total U.S. employment is up. The 5.5 percent unemployment rate was the lowest level in over seven years. However, the downside is that the strongest employment growth has been in *low-wage* jobs.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

51) While global trade has improved since the recent recession, Europe and Asia are experiencing greater growth than in the United States.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Global trade, which grew strongly from the late 1970s through 2008, collapsed during the last global recession and has continued to be sluggish. However, recent indicators show global trade inching up, with the strongest growth in Europe and Asia.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

52) Experts believe that in the future, income disparity between countries and individual wage earners will be eliminated.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: The World Economic Forum identified two significant risks facing business leaders and policy makers over the next decade: "severe income disparity and chronic fiscal imbalances."

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

53) According to a recent poll, 50 percent of adults feel that economic inequality is not a problem.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: A Harris Interactive Poll found that only 10 percent of adults think that economic inequality is "not a problem at all."

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

54) The symbolic view of management holds that an organization's performance is based solely on the decisions of managers.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: The omnipotent view of management holds that an organization's performance is based solely on the decisions of managers.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

55) The omnipotent view of management holds that good managerial decisions result in an organization's success.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: The omnipotent view of management contends that managerial decisions make the difference between success and failure.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

56) According to the omnipotent view of management, American managers would not be blamed if their company experienced sluggish sales in an economic downturn.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: An omnipotent manager takes credit for successes and responsibility for failure.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

57) The quarterback of a football team assumes a largely symbolic role for his team because his performance largely determines the outcome of the game.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Since a quarterback's performance is critical, he is assuming an omnipotent role.

Diff: 3

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

58) According to the text, economic and demographic changes are two important components of the environment that constrain the actions of managers.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: The text focuses on how these two components work to influence management decisions and actions.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

59) The age of a population is one of its most important demographics.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Different generations have different styles, tastes, and goals that affect how

business is done.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

60) The phrase "demography is destiny" refers to the idea that older nations get tired, which causes their performance to slip.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: The phrase "demography is destiny" refers to the idea that the size and values of various age groups in a society can greatly influence events in that society.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

61) According to demographic predictions, the world's population is becoming older.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Demographics show that by 2050, the number of individuals over the age of 65 will reach 25 percent. In human history the number of individuals over the age of 65 has never exceeded 4 percent of a country's population.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

62) Gen Xers are generally the children of the Baby Boomers.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Gen Yers, born between 1978 and 1994, are generally the children of the Baby

Boomers. Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

63) Generation Y is becoming one of the most influential age groups.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: From technology to clothing styles to work attitudes, Gen Y, now the majority age group in the workforce, is helping shape today's workplaces.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

64) In a short essay, describe an example in which the global component of an organization's external environment has a large impact on the organization itself.

Answer: Students answers will vary. When the Eyjafjallajökull volcano erupted in Iceland, who would have thought that it would lead to a shutdown at the BMW plant in Spartanburg, South Carolina, or the Nissan Motor auto assembly facility in Japan? Yet, in our globalized and interconnected world, such an occurrence shouldn't be surprising at all. As volcanic ash grounded planes across Europe, supplies of tire-pressure sensors from a company in Ireland couldn't be delivered on time to the BMW plant or to the Nissan plant. Because we live in a "connected" world, managers need to be aware of the impact of the external environment on their organization.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Critical thinking

65) In a short essay, describe the main problem of economic inequality.

Answer: Wage gaps have always existed in the United States, but recently the gap between the rich and poor has been growing. This is not a problem shared by other countries; it is uniquely a product of the U.S. economic system. Our acceptance of an ever-increasing income gap may be diminishing. As economic growth languished and sputtered, and as people's belief that anyone could grab hold of an opportunity and have a decent shot at prosperity wavered, social discontent over growing income gaps increased. The bottom line is that business leaders need to recognize how societal attitudes in the economic context also may create constraints as they make decisions and manage their businesses.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

66) In a short essay, describe and give an example of a sharing economy.

Answer: A sharing economy is an economic environment in which asset owners share with other individuals through a peer-to-peer service, for a fee, their underutilized physical assets (such as a home, car, clothing, tools, or other physical assets). Some analysts have included the sharing of knowledge, expertise, skills, or time, as well. The concept behind the sharing economy (or collaborative consumption) is putting underutilized assets to good use. Asset owners "rent out" assets they're not using to consumers who need those assets but who don't want to or who can't afford to purchase them. Airbnb, Uber, Zipcar, and SnapGoods are examples of sharing companies. For instance, SnapGoods is a service through which individuals lend and borrow expensive household items, such as cameras, musical instruments, kitchenware, etc., for a fee.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

67) In a short essay, explain the difference between the symbolic and the omnipotent view of management.

Answer: The omnipotent view of management holds that managers, and the decisions that managers make, are largely responsible for the success or failure of an organization. When profits go up, the leader gets to take the credit; when profits drop, the leader takes the blame. The symbolic view of management states that the manager is not so critical to success or failure, but rather outside external factors largely determine the fate of an organization.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

68) Explain the phrase "demographics is destiny" and give an example of this idea in today's world.

Answer: The phrase "demographics is destiny" refers to the idea that large cohorts of people within a generation tend to drive a culture and an economy. Thus, in the United States, for example, as the enormous Baby Boomer generation grew up and needed housing, the housing market boomed as more and more people bought homes and depleted the existing supply of housing, causing prices to rise. As the children of Baby Boomers grew up and began to move out of their family homes, the Baby Boomers sold their homes and moved into smaller places. The generation that followed the Baby Boomers was not as large as the Baby Boomer generation in sheer numbers, so there weren't enough people to buy up available housing. Too few customers chasing too many homes caused the housing market to drop.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.1: Explain what the external environment is and why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

- 69) Which one of the following provides the best illustration of technology transforming how managers manage in the workplace?
- A) Managers oversee very large design teams of employees.
- B) Managers must supervise design teams more closely.
- C) Managers oversee very large clerical and secretarial staffs working in a single location.
- D) Managers oversee very small clerical and secretarial staffs who may work in various environments and locations.

Answer: D

Explanation: Where managers once needed to manage extremely large clerical and secretarial staffs, many clerical jobs have now been replaced due to technological innovations. For example, much of the typing and record-keeping that was once done by several workers is now done by a single worker using a sophisticated computer program. Things such as design teams have decreased rather than increased in size because a single person can now accomplish the work of many designers using modern computer design programs. At the same time, design teams require much less, not much more, supervision in today's business climate.

Diff: 3

AACSB: Information technology

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

- 70) Which statement about the external environment and employment is true?
- A) External environmental conditions improve employment during upswings and worsen employment during downturns.
- B) External environmental conditions worsen employment during upswings and improve employment during downturns.
- C) External environmental conditions have no effect on employment during upswings and worsen employment during downturns.
- D) External environmental conditions worsen employment during upswings and have no effect on employment during downturns.

Answer: A

Explanation: During boom times, unemployment drops and wages tend to rise, improving the fortunes of the working public. During recessions and downturns, the opposite takes place: unemployment rises and wages tend to stagnate or drop. Overall, jobs closely correlate with the state of the economy.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Concept

- 71) Which one of the following is likely to be the permanent result of the recent economic downturn in the United States?
- A) Very few jobs were lost and have already been restored.
- B) Today's workers have the same opportunities for full-time, permanent employment as they did before the recession.
- C) Many employers today are using flexible work arrangements such as freelancers, temps, or part-time workers.
- D) Wages for today's workers are higher under flexible working arrangements than they were the full-time permanent jobs before the recession.

Answer: C

Explanation: Not only do changes in the external conditions affect the types of jobs that are available, they affect how those jobs are created, designed, and managed. Many employers are using flexible work arrangements with tasks done by freelancers hired on an as-needed basis, or by temporary workers who work full-time but are not permanent employees, or by individuals who share jobs.

Diff: 1

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

- 72) Which trend do most managers need to get used to in the coming years?
- A) Most workers will be hired as permanent employees at a lower pay scale than they were in the past.
- B) Many workers will be hired as consultants rather than as freelance employees.
- C) Most workers will be hired as permanent employees rather than on a freelance basis.
- D) Many workers will be hired on a freelance basis rather than as permanent employees.

Explanation: The most dominant trend is that managers will hire freelance and contingency workers to fulfill specific roles and work on specific projects rather than hiring general employees. This policy is taken on because of efficiency; it saves companies money on both salaries and benefits. Drawbacks to the policy include lack of loyalty on the part of workers and general dissatisfaction on the part of workers because they lack benefits and job security. Diff: 2

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Concept

- 73) Companies that operate in a _____ environment have the lowest amount of environmental uncertainty as illustrated in the environmental uncertainty matrix.
- A) simple, stable
- B) simple, dynamic
- C) complex, stable
- D) complex, dynamic

Answer: A

Explanation: Cell 1 identifies a company in an industry with little innovation and no new competitors that also has few components (customers, suppliers, etc.) in its environment. An example of this kind of company is the Zippo lighter company, which has a few simple products, few competitors, and few components to deal with in its industry.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Concept

- 74) Which one of the following best defines environmental uncertainty?
- A) the amount of innovation and creativity in an organization's internal environment
- B) the amount of resources and expertise in an organization's internal environment
- C) the amount of change and confidence in an organization's external environment
- D) the amount of change and complexity in an organization's external environment

Answer: D

Explanation: Environmental uncertainty is a measure of two things: change in an organization's environment with respect to its market, its products, its position in the market, and so on; and the amount of complexity it faces in its market as measured by the number of competitors, customers, suppliers, and so on.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

- 75) A software company innovates constantly to keep up with new rivals that are constantly appearing on the scene. The software industry itself has an enormous number of players to deal with, including retailers, online distributors, educational institutions, and government agencies. Where does the company belong on the uncertainty matrix?
- A) simple and stable
- B) simple and dynamic
- C) complex and stable
- D) complex and dynamic

Explanation: The company's product is dynamic, so it is located on the right side of the matrix. The software industry has a large number of components to deal with, so the environment is complex. A dynamic/complex organization corresponds to cell 4.

Diff: 3

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

- 76) A TV reality show program essentially puts out the same product episode after episode, year after year, with little change and few rivals. The show exists in a TV industry that has hundreds of different components to keep track of. In which kind of environment does this program operate on the uncertainty matrix?
- A) simple and stable
- B) simple and dynamic
- C) complex and stable
- D) complex and dynamic

Answer: C

Explanation: The show itself does not change over time, so it qualifies as stable. There are many components in the show's environment, so it rates as "complex." This stable/complex combination puts the company in cell 3.

Diff: 3

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

- 77) Which one of the following is LEAST likely to be considered a stakeholder for a newspaper company, *The Daily Recorder*?
- A) the paper boy who delivers the paper to customers
- B) critics who claim that all newspapers are biased and dishonest
- C) customers who buy the paper at newsstands
- D) subscribers

Answer: B

Explanation: Stakeholders include anyone who is affected by the organization's decisions or actions. So both a paper boy and customers are affected by the paper. Critics who criticize the paper from afar are not stakeholders because what they do is not significantly affected by anything that the paper does.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

- 78) Which one of the following is an internal stakeholder for the newspaper, *The Daily Recorder*?
- A) the editor of *The Daily Sun*
- B) the city council
- C) shareholders in *The Daily Sun*
- D) The Daily Recorder shareholders

Explanation: The various parts of *The Daily Sun* are at best external stakeholders in *The Daily Recorder* since they belong to an organization that is a competitor of the paper. Similarly, the city council would be considered an external stakeholder, not an internal stakeholder. That leaves the shareholders of the paper itself—they are internal stakeholders.

Diff: 1

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

- 79) Starbucks, facing increasing competition from "designer" and fast-food coffee shops, must reduce its operating costs and is considering lowering the price it offers to pay for coffee beans. Which one of the groups below should be included in the discussion regarding coffee bean price changes?
- A) Coffee bean farmers, who are internal stakeholders, must be represented.
- B) Employees, who are internal stakeholders, must be allowed to voice their opinions.
- C) Coffee bean farmers, who are external stakeholders, because the decision directly affects their livelihoods.
- D) Shareholders, who are external stakeholders, should vote on such measures at the next shareholders' meeting.

Answer: C

Explanation: Coffee bean farmers are not employees so they cannot be considered internal stakeholders. But because they will be affected by the decision, their input is important. Rank-and-file employees are not generally included in such discussions, nor are shareholders.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Ethical understanding and reasoning

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

- 80) *The Daily Recorder* is considering raising its price from 60 cents to 75 cents. Which stakeholders should it consider most in making this decision?
- A) All stakeholders should be considered equally.
- B) all internal stakeholders
- C) all external stakeholders
- D) its customers

Explanation: Though all stakeholders should be considered in an important decision, in most cases some stakeholders should be regarded as more critical than others. In this case, the customers who will be expected to pay the extra cost should be considered first and foremost.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Ethical understanding and reasoning

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

- 81) *The Daily Recorder* is considering charging online readers a flat fee for access to the news on their computers and electronic devices. Which stakeholder should the paper NOT worry about informing?
- A) the paper's online customers
- B) the paper's rival, The Daily Sun
- C) the unions that control the paper's workers
- D) the paper's print subscribers

Answer: B

Explanation: The paper certainly should inform all readers of the change as a courtesy. The paper's unions also may be informed, though they may be only indirectly or marginally affected by the decision. One constituency that should not be told about the change is the paper's competitor. The less that *The Daily Sun* knows about the change, the more of a competitive advantage that the paper will get out of the change.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Information technology

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

82) The Total Freedom political party is trying to determine its position on climate change.

Whom should the party consider as its stakeholders?

A) official party members

B) all potential voters

C) all people in the world

D) all people in the United States

Answer: C

Explanation: Since climate change affects the entire planet, stakeholders for this issue include all people on the planet, not just party members, voters, or citizens of the United States.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

- 83) Which one of the following identifies one reason why managers should put time into managing stakeholder relationships?
- A) Managing stakeholder relationships can lead to less predictability of environmental changes.
- B) Managing stakeholder relationships can lead to more predictability of environmental changes.
- C) Managing stakeholder relationships can lead to innovations.
- D) Managing stakeholder relationships can lead to higher organizational performance.

Explanation: Managing stakeholder relationships can lead to more, not less, predictability of environmental changes. Management researchers who have looked at this issue are finding that managers of high-performing companies tend to consider the interests of all major stockholder groups as they make decisions.

Diff: 3

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

- 84) What do most high performing companies have in common when it comes to stakeholder relationships?
- A) High performing companies tend to consider the interests of all stakeholder groups when they make important decisions.
- B) High performing companies tend to consider the interests of internal stakeholder groups only when they make important decisions.
- C) High performing companies tend to consider the interests of external stakeholder groups only when they make important decisions.
- D) High performing companies tend not to consider the interests of stakeholder groups when they make important decisions.

Answer: A

Explanation: High performing companies tend to be aware that the more input they get from stakeholders of every variety, the better off they are. Keeping stakeholders as informed as possible leads to better relationships and more input for how the company can succeed in a highly competitive marketplace. High performing companies recognize that they can't operate in a vacuum, and important decisions must be considered from every angle before they are made.

Diff: 3

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

- 85) New York Mayor Michael Bloomberg's proposed ban on supersized sugary drinks is reflective of which external organizational issue?
- A) the increasing power of Generation X's
- B) the symbolic role of managers
- C) the importance of stakeholders
- D) the increasing economic disparity between the rich and poor

Answer: C

Explanation: Mayor Michael Bloomberg pushed for this ban because of his belief that supersized drinks were contributing to the obesity epidemic and leading to individual and societal health issues. His belief was that these groups were important external stakeholders for the organization.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

- 86) A new competitor has entered the market served by ABC Corp. Which one of the following has the most legitimate right to be informed about the situation?
- A) the stockholders
- B) the media
- C) the CEO's colleagues
- D) the employees of the CEO's company

Answer: A

Explanation: Though all of the choices have a stake in the situation, the stockholders would be most interested because of the possible impact on the price of their stocks.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

- 87) The CEO of a major corporation is considering retirement in the near future. Which one of the following has the most legitimate right to be informed about the situation?
- A) the media,
- B) the stockholders,
- C) the CEO's direct reports
- D) the firm's customers

Answer: C

Explanation: The impact on the line of succession could be significant. Subordinates might want to be considered for the position if and when it becomes vacant.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

- 88) The CEO of a major corporation experiences a well-publicized auto accident that leaves him hospitalized and partially disabled. Which one of the following do the CEO's stakeholders have the most legitimate right to be informed about?
- A) whether the disability can impair judgment
- B) whether the disability is long term or short term
- C) whether the CEO continues to receive physical therapy
- D) whether the CEO's salary will continue during his disability

Answer: A

Explanation: The CEO's judgment is important because this position has full responsibility for the entire company. The length of the disability is less important than the impact on his judgment or any physical therapy she might be receiving. Only HR and Payroll need to know the details of his remuneration.

Diff: 3

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

- 89) A major corporation has announced it is adding a step to its production process. Rumors are circulating that this will increase its carbon footprint. Which one of the following stakeholder groups has the most interest in this decision?
- A) competitors
- B) suppliers
- C) media
- D) social and political action groups

Answer: D

Explanation: Thanks to the publicity surrounding the issue of global warming, social and political action groups will likely initiate action to enjoin the firm from making this change. Competitors will stand by and watch; suppliers will have little interest in the internal workings of the firm. The media will report but it is the social and political action groups that are most likely to respond.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Ethical understanding and reasoning

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

- 90) The union of a major U.S. automaker is negotiating a new contract for its members and has threatened to take the members out on strike if its demands are not met. Which one of the following stakeholder groups has the most interest in the outcome of these negotiations?
- A) competitors whose employees are also represented by this union
- B) media
- C) government
- D) social and political action groups

Answer: A

Explanation: Unions often engage in pattern negotiations, a tactic that will affect the automaker's competitors when their own contracts expire. The media will report but has little interest in the outcome. The government does not involve itself in private negotiations. Social and political action groups generally do not take up causes related to wages and benefits.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

- 91) Which one of the following issues would the employees be most interested in?
- A) a price increase imposed by suppliers
- B) a price increase imposed on customers
- C) changes in the Federal health care law that will impact their health insurance
- D) the entrance of a new competitor into the industry

Answer: C

Explanation: Employees are most interested in matters that directly affect them. Price increases from suppliers or to customers are not within the purview of employees. New competitors are of some interest because of the possible impact on orders and thus levels of employment.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

92) Technology has changed the way managers manage by forcing them to keep track of employees in remote locations at all times of the day and night.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Managers in today's world must stay in touch with employees who can be located anywhere in the world and may have problems at any time of any day.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Information technology

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

93) An industry with a dynamic business environment that is also highly complex faces the maximum amount of environmental uncertainty.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: This kind of business corresponds to cell 4 in the environmental uncertainty

matrix. Diff: 3

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Concept

94) Environmental complexity refers to the number of components that an organization must deal with.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Complexity refers to how many competitors, customers, suppliers, and other entities a company must deal with.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Concept

95) Given a choice, managers would prefer to operate in an environment that has a minimum of uncertainty.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: A dynamic environment that is also highly complex is very difficult to plan for and very difficult for decision making.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

96) A good manager considers the interests of all stakeholders equally when making an important decision.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: A manager should consider the interests of all stakeholders, but different stakeholders merit more or less consideration depending upon who they are and what their relationship is to the organization.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

97) In a short essay, describe the parameters in an environmental uncertainty matrix. Answer: The horizontal axis of the matrix identifies how much change there is in the organization's environment. If change is minimal, the organization exists in a stable environment and doesn't need to worry about new technologies or strong competitors suddenly appearing. In contrast, in a dynamic environment, technological breakthroughs and new rivals do appear frequently. The matrix's vertical axis measures complexity—the number of components that the organization must deal with in its environment. A simple organization has few rivals, suppliers, competitors, and agencies to deal with. A complex organization has many of these components to deal with.

Diff: 3

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Concept

98) In a short essay, describe a real or fictional company that exists in cell 1 of the environmental uncertainty matrix.

Answer: Acme Widgets produces widgets in an industry that is established and stable. There have been very few technological innovations in the widget business recently. The same three widget companies have been making the same widgets using the same manufacturing process for decades. Acme also has little complexity to deal with. Acme has only two suppliers and two competitors. It does not need to deal with complicated government rules or regulations.

Diff: 3

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

99) In a short essay, describe a real or fictional company that exists in cell 4 of the environmental uncertainty matrix.

Answer: Gulp is a restaurant reservation company that exists in a fast-paced world. The idea behind Gulp is to allow people to make restaurant and other types of reservations online so they don't need to waste time and energy making phone calls. Technological innovations come fast and furious in Gulp's industry. No sooner does Gulp spend money to upgrade its software than some new competitor appears with what appears to be some excellent innovations. In addition to this dynamic environment, Gulp needs to deal with a tremendous amount of complexity. There are over 20,000 different restaurants in Gulp's system for the city, and almost all of them have unique features and needs.

Diff: 3

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

100) In a short essay, identify all of the stakeholders in a typical apparel company such as the Gap and rank them in terms of importance.

Answer: Stakeholders include anyone in an organization's environment who is affected by the organization's actions and decisions. The Gap's stakeholders include customers first and foremost, followed by employees and management. Suppliers rank on the next level, including farmers who supply raw materials such as cotton and wool as well as designers, manufacturers, and wholesalers. On the next level are the company's shareholders who have a stake in the financial health of the company and competitors who are affected by the company's actions and strategies. Beyond that is the media, which supplies advertising for the company and is largely responsible for its public image.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.2: Discuss how the external environment affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

101) The greater the environmental uncertainty, the	managers have over their
organizational outcomes.	

- A) less influence
- B) more influence
- C) less responsibility
- D) more responsibility

Answer: A

Explanation: Uncertainty is a threat to an organization's effectiveness so managers try to minimize it. Managers prefer to work in less uncertain environments but they rarely control that choice.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

102) The culture of an organization is analogous to the _____ of an individual.

A) skills

- B) personality
- C) motivation

D) ability

Answer: B

Explanation: Organizational cultures are like people—individual, contradictory in places, full of quirks and unexpected traits. In other words, organizational cultures resemble individual personalities, making "personality" the correct response.

Diff: 1

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

103) Thr	ee importan	t things to	know a	bout orga	nizational	culture	is that	it is 1) percei	ved, 2)
descripti	ve, and 3) _									

A) consistent

B) shared

C) ethical

D) visible

Answer: B

Explanation: Three important factors of organizational culture are that it is perceived, descriptive, and shared. Culture does not have to be consistent across the organization; many elements of culture are invisible and sometimes unethical.

Diff: 3

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 104) Which of the following is NOT a common way in which corporate cultures are transmitted to employees?
- A) stories
- B) informal rituals
- C) formal culture meetings
- D) symbols

Answer: C

Explanation: Corporate culture gets handed down through stories, rituals, and material symbols, but not formal culture meetings. The dissemination of cultural values is almost always an indirect process in which meaning is inferred from a story, action, or even something as small as a facial expression.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 105) Southwest Airlines, which is an industry leader in providing benefits and the way it treats employees, is an example of which one of the following dimensions of organizational culture?
- A) member identity
- B) people focus
- C) risk tolerance
- D) conflict tolerance

Answer: B

Explanation: An organization's people focus shows in the way that it treats its employees through benefits and other policies and procedures.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

106) A regularly scheduled morning meeting of employees would be an example of this method of transmitting organizational culture.

A) language

B) artifacts

C) corporate rituals

D) stories Answer: C

Explanation: Corporate rituals are repetitive sequences of activities that express and reinforce important organizational values and goals.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

107) The original source of an organization's culture usually reflects the vision and attitudes of

- A) the current president or CEO of the organization
- B) the organization's original employees
- C) contemporaries who are admired by the organization
- D) the organization's founders

Answer: D

Explanation: Corporate culture is typically a tradition so it would be impossible for it to be provided by current members of the organization or contemporaries held in high esteem. Original employees of an organization might help contribute to corporate culture, but the culture's primary sources are invariably the organization's founders. In general, corporate cultures reflect the values and attitudes of their founders, making "the organization's founders" the correct response.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

108) Apple, which lives and breathes new product development, emphasizes which dimension of organizational culture?

- A) member identity
- B) innovation
- C) people focus
- D) conflict tolerance

Answer: B

Explanation: Apple's focus is product innovation (innovation and risk taking). The company "lives and breathes" new product development and employees' work behaviors support that goal. Diff: 2

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

109) All of the following show why corporate rituals can be valuable in a corporate culture EXCEPT _____.

- A) rituals help initiate new employees into the culture
- B) rituals reinforce corporate values
- C) rituals symbolize key ideas that are important in the culture
- D) rituals intimidate and silence critics of the corporate culture

Answer: D

Explanation: Rituals have been shown to be valuable for initiations, reinforcing attitudes and values, and conveying important ideas and ideals. One would hope that rituals would not be used to intimidate or stifle the instincts of an employee in any way, making the choice regarding that issue the correct response.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 110) Art Fry of 3M developed a weak glue that was not permanent when applied to surfaces, but he had no application for it—until he saw the choir director using small pieces of paper to mark pages in the hymnal and watched as those papers fell out. After applying his glue to small squares of paper, he solved the choir director's problem and created Post-It Notes® What is the implicit message in a story like the tale of the Post-it® note and Art Fry?
- A) Your problems are not as difficult as the problems that Art Fry faced so you shouldn't complain.
- B) You can solve your problems in novel and creative ways just like Art Fry.
- C) Your problems are much harder than the problems that Art Fry faced, but the tools you have to solve them are much better.
- D) Your problems are not like the problems that Art Fry faced so you can't solve them in the same way.

Answer: B

Explanation: The message of the Art Fry story is to encourage employees to meet challenges with the same kind of open mind and creative spirit in which Art Fry met his challenge. The story is not meant to comment specifically on Post-it® notes or to make comparisons about how hard or easy today's business climate is when compared to Art Fry's environment.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

- 111) How is a corporate ritual different from a corporate story or legend?
- A) A ritual does not attempt to teach a specific lesson while a story or legend does.
- B) A story or legend does not attempt to teach a specific lesson while a ritual does.
- C) A ritual is not to be taken seriously while a story or legend is.
- D) A story or legend is not to be taken seriously while a ritual is.

Answer: A

Explanation: Both rituals and stories or legends are meant to be taken seriously. The two are different, however, in that a story or legend typically has a specific point it wants to make or a lesson it wants to teach. A ritual, on the other hand, is more concerned with conveying the company identity rather than communicating any specific message.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

- 112) How might a manager at WorldNow, a technology company that manufactures innovative oil drilling solutions, use its drill to motivate employees?
- A) by saying that if employees don't work hard, company rivals will "drill" WorldNow
- B) by saying that if employees work hard, WorldNow will be able to "drill" its competitors
- C) by saying that like an electric drill that can work all day without quitting, employees need to be persistent
- D) by saying that to solve a tough problem, employees need to "drill" down to the truth of the situation

Answer: D

Explanation: WorldNow's drill is not a symbol that is meant to be used as a weapon or as a relentless machine. Instead, the drill refers to a worker not being satisfied with the surface answer to a question. Instead, workers are encouraged to "drill" down through the surface to find the true solution to the problem at hand.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

113) Corporate rituals should not be followed if they don't fit with the current organizational values and goals.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Rituals reinforce important organizational values and goals but if they no longer reflect those values and goals, they should be replaced with new rituals that do.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

114) A company's organizational culture refers to a system of shared political beliefs.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: A company's culture may share values and beliefs that involve the company itself, but political beliefs are not shared.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

115) Employees learn organizational culture by reading official organization documents and histories.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Employees learn corporate culture from traditions, stories, symbols, attitudes, and many other sources. Official documents are usually not good sources for learning about corporate culture.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

116) An organization's founder has little influence on its culture.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: The founder's values and attitudes typically establish all key elements of an organization's culture.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

117) Using special language and unique terms to describe things is part of how culture is communicated.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Organizational language such as acronyms and terms are part of language and culture of the organization.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

118) How employees dress has nothing to do with an organization's culture.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Dress styles and dress codes, both formal and informal, contribute significantly to an organization's overall culture.

Diff: 3

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

119) Corporate rituals are repetitive sequences of activities that express and reinforce important organizational values and goals.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: Companies use rituals, which are repetitive activities, to reinforce organizational

goals.
Diff: 2

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Concept

120) In a short essay, describe how an organization obtains its culture and give an example. Answer: An organization's culture typically originates with the organization's founders. For example, IBM's founder Thomas Watson laid down the foundation for his company in the 1920s as an organization that "pursues excellence." The culture evolves as it interacts with current members of the organization. Thus, IBM's current CEO Louis Gerstner went back to the founder's original vision of the company but infused a modern interpretation of that vision into the current company.

Diff: 3

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

121) In a short essay, give an example of how an organizational story can have an impact on the organization itself.

Answer: Student's answers will vary. The story of Nike's Bill Bowerman taking his wife's waffle iron and pouring rubber into it illustrates creativity at its best—an employee who is willing to go to great lengths to see if he can solve a difficult problem. The impact that this story can have on an organization can inspire workers to look in unusual places to find answers to tough problems. For example, if the story is successful today, it is inspiring Nike workers to refuse to accept a conventional solution to a problem if it is not adequate, and to resort to an unconventional solution if it is able to get the job done.

Diff: 3

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.3: Define what organizational culture is and explain why it's important.

Question Category: Analytical

- 122) Organizational culture affects managers in two main ways: 1) its effect on what employees do and how they behave and 2) ______.
- A) the benefits and rewards established by the founder
- B) its effect on organizational structure
- C) its effect on what managers do
- D) the communication pattern between organizational members

Answer: C

Explanation: The two main ways that an organization's culture affects managers are 1) its effect on what employees do and how they behave, and 2) its effect on what managers do.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank

123) When rating how deeply held values are withi	n an organization,	culture is ranked from
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_____ to ____.
A) strong; weak

B) long-term; short-term

C) deep; shallowD) static; dynamic

Answer: A

Explanation: An organization's culture has an effect on what employees do, depending on how strong, or weak, the culture is. Strong cultures—those in which the key values are deeply held and widely shared—have a greater influence on employees than do weaker cultures.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Concept

- 124) Which one of the following most accurately reflects the difference between strong cultures and weak cultures?
- A) Strong cultures tend to encourage employee innovation, while weak cultures do not.
- B) Weak cultures are found in most successful organizations, whereas strong cultures are relatively rare.
- C) Strong cultures have less of an influence on employee behavior than do weak cultures.
- D) Company values are more deeply held and widely shared in strong cultures than in weak cultures.

Answer: D

Explanation: Strong cultures are common in successful organizations, making the choice regarding weak cultures being found in most successful organizations incorrect. The choice regarding strong cultures having less influence is incorrect because strong cultures have more impact on individuals than weak cultures. Strong cultures encouraging employee innovation is incorrect because a strong culture may or may not encourage innovation. This leaves the choice regarding company values being more deeply held and widely shared as the correct response, as it accurately states that strong cultures imprint themselves more deeply into individuals than weak cultures.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

- 125) What determines whether an organization has a strong culture or a weak culture?
- A) how much employees are compensated for their efforts and whether they think their compensation is fair
- B) how much employees accept the organization's key values and are committed to those values
- C) whether or not employees feel that the organization is ethical
- D) how fairly employees feel that they are being treated

Answer: B

Explanation: What distinguishes a strong organizational culture and a weak culture does not primarily depend on such things as compensation or fairness, though those things do figure into a culture. Instead, the critical element is the employees' belief and commitment to organizational values.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Concept

- 126) Which kind of culture most affects the way managers plan?
- A) A weak organizational culture gives managers the freedom to make their own decisions.
- B) A strong organizational culture gives managers the freedom to make their own decisions independent of organizational values.
- C) A strong organizational culture helps guide the way managers plan.
- D) A weak organizational culture helps guide the way managers plan.

Answer: C

Explanation: A strong organizational culture helps guide the way for all of the primary managerial functions—planning, organizing, leading, and controlling. Rather than make decisions that are independent of organizational values, a strong culture instills those values in its managers and guides them on their way to planning, organizing, leading, and controlling.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Concept

- 127) Which one of the following statements about organizational culture is correct?
- A) An organization with a weak culture would need fewer written rules and regulations to conduct business than a strong culture.
- B) An organization with a strong culture would need more written rules and regulations to conduct business than a weak culture.
- C) An organization with a strong culture would need fewer written rules and regulations to conduct business than a weak culture.
- D) Both weak and strong organizational cultures need as many written rules and regulations to conduct business as possible.

Answer: C

Explanation: A strong culture essentially takes the place of written rules and regulations. Rather than need to consult written documents, employees in a strong culture simply refer to the unwritten precepts that the culture provides. In organizations with truly strong cultures, there is agreement with respect to values so this system works well.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

- 128) How does the Apache Corp. communicate its attitude toward risk taking to its employees?
- A) through actions that reward risk taking and initiative
- B) through actions that discourage risk taking and initiative
- C) through written policies and rules that reward risk taking and initiative
- D) through written policies and rules that discourage risk taking and initiative

Answer: A

Explanation: The ways in which managers create a culture of risk taking and quick decision making is not explicit at Apache. Instead, managers know the values of the company implicitly and express those values through their actions, rewarding smart risk taking and encouraging workers to be creative and innovative and discouraging employees who are excessively timid or conservative in their actions.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Concept

129) Which kind of organizational culture do the following values describe?

- 1. Don't be lazy or sloppy.
- 2. It's better to try a good idea and fail than to stick with a bad idea.
- 3. When you think your product is perfect, go back and try to make it better.
- A) a company that values innovation more than quality
- B) an innovative, risk-taking company that has high standards
- C) a company that values quality more than innovation
- D) a conservative, risk-averse company that has high standards

Answer: B

Explanation: The company conveys its attitude toward risk and innovation by stating that failure is "allowed" as long a person fails when attempting to implement a good idea. The company conveys its high standards by saying that "perfect" is not good enough.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

- 130) Which one of the following will a "ready-aim-fire" culture tend to do with plans for building a new factory?
- A) carefully study the plans before building
- B) get the building process underway before the plans are finished in order to avoid possible objections to expansion
- C) briefly study the plans before building
- D) carry out the planning and building process simultaneously to make sure that the plans are updated continuously

Answer: A

Explanation: A "ready-aim-fire" culture spends a great deal of time on "taking aim" before it takes action. This kind of culture, rather than act impetuously, will study the expansion plans endlessly before actually beginning the process of building a new factory.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

- 131) Which company would be best suited to a "ready-aim-fire" culture?
- A) a chocolate bar company that has made the same successful products for decades
- B) a pharmaceutical company that is searching for a new way to prevent obesity
- C) a cell phone company that is seeking to gain market share
- D) a camera company that is worried that cell phones are taking over its business

Answer: A

Explanation: A "ready-aim-fire" culture emphasizes slow, deliberate action and careful consideration before taking action. Therefore, a "ready-aim-fire" culture is best suited to a stable, conservative business in which things don't change very much, such as a candy bar business. Cell phone, pharmaceutical, and camera companies are all in industries that are too fast paced for a "ready-aim-fire" culture to be successful.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

- 132) Which company would be best suited to a "ready-fire-aim" culture?
- A) a chocolate bar company that has made the same successful products for decades
- B) a pharmaceutical company that is searching for a new way to prevent obesity
- C) a cell phone company that is seeking to gain market share
- D) a camera company that is worried that cell phones are taking over its business

Answer: C

Explanation: A "ready-fire-aim" culture emphasizes fast action and quick decision. The idea is that in a fast-paced industry there is not enough time for a company to study the situation. Instead, managers must make their best guess and proceed with the best plan they can devise. For these reasons, a "ready-fire-aim" culture is best suited to a fast-paced industry such as the cell phone industry in which new innovations and "game-changing" improvements are routinely taking place.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

- 133) Which managerial planning decision is most affected by organizational culture?
- A) the degree of risk that plans contain
- B) how much autonomy employees should have
- C) how to implement the best leadership styles
- D) how much to empower employees

Answer: A

Explanation: Autonomy falls into the category of organizing while empowerment is a controlling decision. Leadership style is categorized in the leading function. That leaves risk, which is a part of the planning function of a manager as the correct response.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

134) Which managerial controlling decision is most affected by organizational culture?

- A) how to improve employee job satisfaction
- B) how much environmental scanning should be done
- C) how much to empower employees
- D) how to deal with sexual harassment

Answer: C

Explanation: Job satisfaction, environmental scanning, and dealing with sexual harassment are all part of the leading function. The question of how closely employees are controlled or whether they can control their own action is empowerment, and empowerment is categorized as part of the controlling function of a manager.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

135) Which managerial organizing decision is most affected by organizational culture?

- A) how much environmental scanning should be done
- B) how to deal with employee disagreements
- C) how to structure employee evaluations
- D) whether workers should work individually or in teams

Answer: D

Explanation: Environmental scanning is a part of the planning function of a manager. Handling employee disagreements is part of the leading function. Structuring evaluations is part of the controlling function. Assigning employees to work in teams or as individuals is part of the organizing function of a manager.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

- 136) Which managerial controlling decision is most affected by organizational culture?
- A) the amount of autonomy that employees should have
- B) how much environmental scanning should be done
- C) the amount of risk that is acceptable
- D) how to structure employee evaluations

Answer: D

Explanation: Environmental scanning is a part of the planning function of a manager.

Anticipating risk is part of the planning function. Determining employee autonomy is part of the organizing function. Structuring employee evaluations is part of the organizing function of a manager.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

137) Strong organizational culture can eliminate the need for rules and regulations.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: A strong culture can serve as guidelines for employees, eliminating the need for official rules and regulations.

Diff: 3

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Concept

138) In a ready-aim-fire culture, managers are more likely to carefully study a problem before making a decision.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: In a "ready-aim-fire" culture, managers will study and analyze proposed projects endlessly before committing to them. However, in a "ready-fire-aim" culture, managers take action and then analyze what has been done.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Concept

139) Strong cultures make a manager's job easy because all organizational policies, practices, and traditions are provided in writing for easy reference.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: In most cases, organizational policies, practices, and traditions are unwritten and, in many cases, unspoken.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Diverse and multicultural work environments

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Concept

140) In a ready-fire-aim culture, managers will endlessly analyze a situation before taking action.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Managers who spend too much time analyzing are members of a ready-aim-fire culture, not a ready-fire-aim culture.

Diff: 1

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Concept

141) Organizational culture largely determines how much risk members of an organization will take.

Answer: TRUE

Explanation: The amount of risk that employees are willing to take is largely communicated through organizational culture.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

142) In a short essay, describe the difference between a strong and a weak organizational culture and how both affect organizational behavior.

Answer: In a strong organizational culture, employees accept the values and goals that the organization promotes. In a weak culture, the opposite is true: the values of the organization are not honored or, in some cases, are not even known. Strong cultures are enormously advantageous to managers because they allow employees to make decisions on their own. For example, if a questionable practice arises within a strong organizational culture, employees know, without anyone telling them, whether or not that practice "is something we do," so there is little need for direct supervision or written rules. In a weak organizational culture, in contrast, a questionable practice may provoke many different responses from confused employees. Ultimately, to retain control the weak culture needs to resort to written rules and close monitoring of workers to make sure that they adhere to organizational values.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

143) Write a series of rules that a company could use to encourage its employees to be risk-takers and innovators.

Answer: Students answers will vary.

- 1. Don't look for the obvious answer to every question.
- 2. If you are doing the same thing that your competition is doing, then you are probably doing the wrong thing.
- 3. Be like a shark: if you aren't moving forward you begin to drown.
- 4. "Dumb" ideas are useful. A person needs to go through 99 dumb ideas to get one "smart" idea. Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.4: Describe how organizational culture affects managers.

Question Category: Analytical

- 144) Which one of the following statements exemplifies a culture that is supportive of innovation?
- A) Employees must obtain approval before taking any action.
- B) Employees are allowed to independently define their work.
- C) Managers select employees for problem-solving teams.
- D) Production output supersedes quality.

Answer: B

Explanation: To foster an environment of innovation, employees must be able to define their work, exercise discretion, and take initiative in their day-to-day activities.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.5: Describe current issues in organizational culture.

- 145) Which one of the following management actions is most likely to create a culture of sustainability?
- A) Hold daily production meetings emphasizing quantities shipped.
- B) Share customer product complaints with employees.
- C) Hire a paper shredding company to remove recyclables.
- D) Involve employees in finding ways to eliminate waste in the production process.

Answer: D

Explanation: Getting employees involved in anything—including sustainability activities—produces better results than having rules or actions imposed upon them.

Diff: 2

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.5: Describe current issues in organizational culture.

Question Category: Analytical

- 146) Which one of the following statements best describes an ethical culture?
- A) Raoul takes his friends out to dinner, asks if any of them has ever heard of his company's products, and claims the cost of the dinner on his sales expense report.
- B) Patel is afraid to report his co-worker's behavior for fear of reprisal.
- C) Lovee double-checks her reimbursement request to make sure only business-related expenses are included.
- D) Ahmed under-reports the defects of his production line so he can earn his quality bonus this month.

Answer: C

Explanation: An ethical culture is one in which the shared concept of right and wrong influences behavior.

Diff: 1

AACSB: Analytical thinking

LO: 2.5: Describe current issues in organizational culture.

Question Category: Analytical

147) Corporate rituals have no influence on the ethical (or not) behavior of managers and employees.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: As with any cultural aspect, rituals reinforce what is expected and accepted

behavior.
Diff: 1

LO: 2.5: Describe current issues in organizational culture.

148) Creating a learning culture depends on buy-in from first-line managers and spreads both upward and downward form there.

Answer: FALSE

Explanation: Creating a learning culture starts with buy-in at the top. Organization leaders must absolutely understand what it takes for a learning culture to work and be absolutely committed to it.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.5: Describe current issues in organizational culture.

Question Category: Concept

149) List and discuss four characteristics of an innovative culture.

Answer: Students' answers will vary.

The eight characteristics are:

- 1. Challenge and involvement. Employees are involved in, motivated by, and committed to the long term goals and success of the organization.
- 2. Freedom. Employees independently define their work, exercise discretion, and take initiative in their day-to-day activities.
- 3. Trust and openness. Employees are supportive and respectful of each other.
- 4. Idea time. Individuals have time to elaborate on new ideas before taking action.
- 5. Playfulness/humor. The workplace is spontaneous and fun.
- 6. Conflict resolution. Individuals make decisions and resolve issues based on the good of the organization versus personal interest.
- 7. Debates. Employees are allowed to express opinions and suggest ideas to be considered and reviewed.
- 8. Risk taking. Managers tolerate uncertainty and ambiguity, and employees are rewarded for taking risks.

Diff: 3

LO: 2.5: Describe current issues in organizational culture.

Question Category: Concept

150) Identify four ways companies can create a culture of sustainability.

Answer: Students' answers will vary.

The four ways identified by the authors are:

- 1. Get everyone involved in defining what sustainability means to the organization. When employees aren't "on board" with it, its going to be hard to improve or measure sustainability efforts.
- 2. Get employees, either individually or in teams, involved in finding ways to be more sustainable.
- 3. Create rituals to reinforce the importance of sustainability. For instance, a day/week devoted to different sustainability practices or beginning every corporate meeting with a sustainability topic.
- 4. Use rewards. Tie employee bonuses to meeting sustainability goals. Or give prizes when an employee does something that supports or exemplifies the sustainability culture.

Diff: 2

LO: 2.5: Describe current issues in organizational culture.