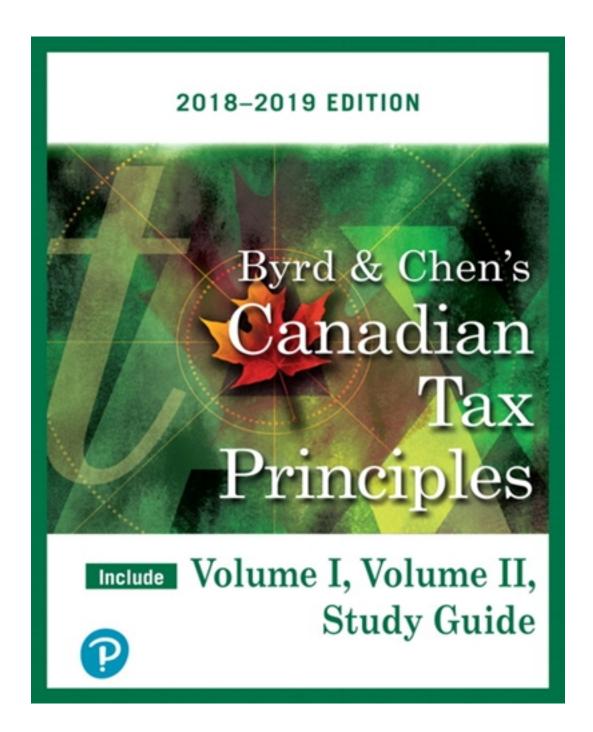
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Solutions

CHAPTER TWO SOLUTIONS

Solution to Assignment Problem Two - 1

While there are alternatives in all Cases, the following answers represent the "minimum" instalments, as required in the problem.

Case One

Ms. Skurnick's net tax owing in each of the three years is as follows:

```
2016 = $9,600 ($28,800 - $19,200)

2017 = $7,040 ($23,040 - $16,000)

2018 = $5,600 ($21,600 - $16,000) Estimated
```

As her net tax owing is expected to exceed \$3,000 in 2018 and was more than \$3,000 in both the first and second preceding years, the payment of instalments is required.

Using the 2018 estimate would result in minimum instalment payments. Based on this year, the required quarterly instalments would be $$1,400 (\$5,600 \div 4)$ for a total of \$5,600.

They would be due on March 15, June 15, September 15, and December 15.

Case Two

Ms. Skurnick's net tax owing in each of the three years is as follows:

```
2016 = $17,600 ($28,800 - $11,200)

2017 = Nil ($23,040 - $24,000)

2018 = $7,200 ($21,600 - $14,400) Estimated
```

As her net tax owing is expected to exceed \$3,000 in 2018 and was more than \$3,000 in 2016, the payment of instalments is required.

Using the 2017 net tax owing would result in minimum instalment payments. Based on this year, the required quarterly instalments would be nil.

Case Three

Ms. Skurnick's net tax owing in each of the three years is as follows:

```
2016 = $1,300 ($28,800 - $27,500)

2017 = $6,840 ($23,040 - $16,200)

2018 = $3,400 ($21,600 - $18,200) Estimated
```

As her net tax owing is expected to exceed \$3,000 in 2018 and was more than \$3,000 in 2017, the payment of instalments is required.

Instalments under the three acceptable alternatives would be as follows:

Alternative 1 Using the estimated net tax owing for the current year would result in quarterly instalments of \$850 ($$3,400 \div 4$) for a total of \$3,400.

Alternative 2 Using the net tax owing for the previous year would result in quarterly instalments of $$1,710 ($6,840 \div 4)$, for a total amount of \$6,840.

Alternative 3 Using the net tax owing for the second previous year would result in a figure of \$325 (\$1,300 \div 4) for the first two instalments. The remaining two instalments would be \$3,095 each {[\$6,840 - (2)(\$325)] \div 2]. This would result in total instalments of \$6,840.

The best choice would be Alternative 1. While the first two instalments are lower under Alternative 3, the total for the year under Alternative 3 is \$3,340 (\$6,840 - \$3,400) higher.

They would be due on March 15, June 15, September 15, and December 15.

Part A

Under ITA 157(1), Ledux Inc. would have three alternatives with respect to the calculation of its instalment payments. The alternatives and the relevant calculations are as follows:

Current Year Base The instalment payments could be 1/12th of the estimated Tax Payable for the current year. In this case the resulting instalments would be \$16,945.42 per month ($$203,345 \div 12$).

Preceding Year Base The instalment payments could be 1/12th of the Tax Payable in the immediately preceding taxation year. The resulting instalments would be $$17,963.92 ($215,567 \div 12)$.

Preceding And Second Preceding Years The third alternative would be to base the first two instalments on 1/12th of the Tax Payable in the second preceding year and the remaining instalments on 1/10th of the Tax Payable in the preceding year, less the total amount paid in the first two instalments.

In this case, the first two instalments would be \$16,118.33 (\$193,420 \div 12) each, a total of \$32,236.66. The remaining 10 instalments would be \$18,333.03 [(\$215,567 - \$32,236.66) \div 10] each. The total instalments under this approach would be \$215,567.

While the third approach would provide the lowest payments for the first two instalments, the payments would total \$215,567. As this is larger than the \$203,345 total when the instalments are based on the current year's estimated Tax Payable, the use of the current year's Tax Payable approach would be the best alternative.

Part B

If the Company failed to make instalment payments towards the 2017 taxes payable, it would be liable for interest from the date each instalment should have been paid to the balance due date, March 31, 2017.

Assuming the actual 2017 taxes payable are \$203,345, it would be the least of the amounts described in ITA 157(1), and interest would be calculated based on the current year instalment alternative. The rate charged would be the one prescribed in ITR 4301 for amounts owed to the Minister, the regular base rate plus 4 percentage points.

There is a penalty on large amounts of late or deficient instalments. This penalty is specified in ITA 163.1 and is equal to 50 percent of the amount by which the interest owing on the late or deficient instalments exceeds the greater of \$1,000 and 25 percent of the interest that would be owing if no instalments were made. While detailed calculations are not required, we would note that this penalty would clearly be applicable in this case.

Interest on the entire balance of \$203,345 of taxes payable would be charged beginning on the balance due date, March 31, 2017, two months after the end of the 2017 taxation year. The rate charged would be the one prescribed in ITR 4301 for amounts owed to the Minister, the regular base rate plus 4 percentage points.

There is also a penalty for late filing. If no return is filed by the filing due date of July 31, 2017, the penalty amounts to 5 percent of the tax that was unpaid at the filing date, plus 1 percent per complete month of the unpaid tax for a maximum period of 12 months. This penalty is in addition to any interest charged due to late payment of instalments or balance due. In addition, interest would also be charged on any penalties until such time as the return is filed or the instalments (balance due) paid.

The late file penalty could be doubled to 10 percent, plus 2 percent per month for a maximum of 20 months for a second offence within a three year period.

Case 1

Bronson's net tax owing in each of the three years is as follows:

2016 = Nil (\$7,843 - \$8,946) Note that a negative number is not used here.

2017 = \$3,190 (\$12,862 - \$9,672)

2018 = \$3,851 (\$14,327 - \$10,476 Estimated

As his net tax owing is expected to exceed \$3,000 in 2018 and was more than \$3,000 in 2017, the payment of instalments is required.

Instalments under the three acceptable alternatives would be as follows:

Alternative 1 Using the estimated net tax owing for the current year would result in quarterly instalments of $$962.75 ($3,851 \div 4)$, for a total amount of \$3,851.

Alternative 2 Using the net tax owing for the previous year would result in quarterly instalments of \$797.50 ($\$3,190 \div 4$), for a total amount of \$3,190.

Alternative 3 Using the net tax owing for the second previous year would result in the first two instalments being nil. The remaining two instalments would be \$1,595 [(\$3,190 - 0) \div 2], a total of \$3,190.

The best alternative would be Alternative 3. While the total instalments under this alternative are the same as under Alternative 2, this option offers some deferral as the first two instalments are nil.

The required instalments would be due on September 15 and December 15, 2018.

Case 2

Bronson's net tax owing in each of the three years is as follows:

2016 = Nil (\$8,116 - \$8,946) Note that a negative number is not used here.

2017 = \$4,174 (\$13,846 - \$9,672)

2018 = \$3,066 (\$13,542 - \$10,476) Estimated

As his net tax owing is expected to exceed \$3,000 in 2018 and was more than \$3,000 in 2017, the payment of instalments is required.

Instalments under the three acceptable alternatives would be as follows:

Alternative 1 Using the estimated net tax owing for the current year would result in quarterly instalments of \$766.50 ($$3,066 \div 4$), for a total amount of \$3,066.

Alternative 2 Using the net tax owing for the previous year would result in quarterly instalments of $$1,043.50 ($4,174 \div 4)$, for a total amount of \$4,174.

Alternative 3 Using the net tax owing for the second previous year would result in the first two instalments being nil. The remaining two instalments would be \$2,087 [(\$4,174 - 0) \div 2], a total of \$4,174.

The best choice would be Alternative 1. While the first two instalments are lower under Alternative 3, the total for the year under Alternative 3 is \$1,108 (\$4,174 - \$3,066) higher.

The required instalments would be due on March 15, June 15, September 15, and December 15, 2018.

Solution To AP Two - 3

Case 3

Bronson's net tax owing in each of the three years is as follows:

2016 = \$4,200 (\$13,146 - \$8,946) **2017** = \$3,170 (\$12,842 - \$9,672) **2018** = \$3,200 (\$13,676 - \$10,476) Estimated

As his net tax owing is expected to exceed \$3,000 in 2018 and was more than \$3,000 in both 2016 and 2017, the payment of instalments is required.

Instalments under the three acceptable alternatives would be as follows:

Alternative 1 Using the estimated net tax owing for the current year would result in quarterly instalments of \$800 ($$3,200 \div 4$), for a total amount of \$3,200.

Alternative 2 Using the net tax owing for the previous year would result in quarterly instalments of \$792.50 ($\$3,170 \div 4$), for a total amount of \$3,170.

Alternative 3 Using the net tax owing for the second previous year would result in the first two instalments being \$1,050 (\$4,200 \div 4) each, a total of \$2,100. The remaining two instalments would be \$535 [(\$3,170 - \$2,100) \div 2], a total of \$1,070. When combined with the first two instalments, the total for the year would be \$3,170 (\$2,100 + \$1,070).

In terms of minimizing instalments, the best choice is Alternative 2. While the total amount is \$3,170, the same amount as under Alternative 3, there is some deferral with the first two payments being smaller.

The required instalments would be due on March 15, June 15, September 15, and December 15, 2018.

Case One

- 1. As the corporation's tax payable for both the current and the preceding year exceeds \$3,000, instalments are required. As the corporation is a small CCPC, instalments will be quarterly.
- 2. The three acceptable alternatives would be as follows:
 - Quarterly instalments of \$27,405 (\$109,620 \div 4) based on the current year estimate.
 - Quarterly instalments of \$31,290 (\$125,160 \div 4) based on the first preceding year.
 - One instalment of \$25,305 (\$101,220 \div 4) based on the second preceding year, followed by three instalments of \$33,285 [(\$125,160 \$25,305) \div 3], a total of \$125,160.
- 3. The best alternative in terms of minimum instalments would be four instalments of \$27,405, for total payments of \$109,620. The instalments are due on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31, 2018.

Case Two

- 1. As the corporation's tax payable for both the current and the preceding year exceeds \$3,000, instalments are required. As the corporation is a small CCPC, instalments will be quarterly.
- 2. The three acceptable alternatives would be as follows:
 - Quarterly instalments of \$27,405 (\$109,620 \div 4) based on the current year estimate.
 - Quarterly instalments of \$26,075 ($$104,300 \div 4$) based on the first preceding year.
 - One instalment of \$25,305 (\$101,220 \div 4) based on the second preceding year, followed by three instalments of \$26,331.67 [(\$104,300 \$25,305) \div 3], a total of \$104,300.
- 3. The best alternative would be one payment of \$25,305, followed by three payments of \$26,331.67. While the total instalments are the same \$104,300 in both the second and third alternatives, the third alternative is preferable because the first payment is lower. This provides a small amount of tax deferral.

The instalments are due on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31, 2018.

Case Three

- 1. As the corporation's tax payable for both the current and the preceding year exceeds \$3,000, instalments are required. As the corporation is not a small CCPC, monthly instalments are required.
- 2. The three acceptable alternatives would be as follows:
 - Monthly instalments of \$9,135 ($$109,620 \div 12$) based on the current year estimate.
 - Monthly instalments of \$10,430 ($$125,160 \div 12$) based on the first preceding year.
 - Two monthly instalments of \$8,435 (\$101,220 \div 12) based on the second preceding year, followed by 10 monthly instalments of \$10,829 {[\$125,160 (2)(\$8,435)] \div 10}, a total of \$125,160.
- 3. The best alternative in terms of minimum instalments would be 12 instalments of \$9,135, resulting in a total of \$109,620 of instalment payments.

The instalments would be due on the last day of each month, beginning in January, 2018.

Solution To AP Two - 4

Case Four

- 1. As the corporation's tax payable for both the current and the preceding year exceeds \$3,000, instalments are required. As the corporation is not a small CCPC, monthly instalments are required.
- 2. The three acceptable alternatives would be as follows:
 - Monthly instalments of \$9,135 ($$109,620 \div 12$) based on the current year estimate.
 - Monthly instalments of \$8,691.67 ($$104,300 \div 12$) based on the first preceding year.
 - Two monthly instalments of \$8,435 (\$101,220 \div 12) based on the second preceding year, followed by 10 monthly instalments of \$8,743 {[\$104,300 (2)(\$8,435)] \div 10}, a total of \$104,300.
- 3. The best alternative would be two payments of \$8,435, followed by ten payments of \$8,743. While the total instalments are the same \$104,300 in both the second and third alternatives, the third alternative is preferable because the first two payments are lower. As indicated in Case Two, this provides a small amount of tax deferral.

The instalments would be due on the last day of each month, beginning in January, 2018.

Part A

For individuals, the taxation year is always the calendar year. Individuals without business income are required to file their tax returns no later than April 30 of the year following the relevant taxation year. For individuals with business income, and their spouse or common-law partner, the filing deadline is extended to June 15.

Part B

The general rules are the same for both deceased and living individuals. That is, the return must be filed no later than April 30 of the year following the year of death. If the deceased individual, or his spouse or common-law partner had business income, the due date is June 15 of the year following the year of death.

However, when death occurs between November 1 of a taxation year and the normal filing date for that year's return, representatives of the deceased can file the return on the later of the normal filing due date (April 30th or June 15th of the following year) and six months after the date of death.

Part C

Inter vivos trusts must use the calendar year as their taxation year. As the required tax return must be filed within 90 days of the taxation year end, returns for inter vivos trusts will be due March 31 (March 30 in leap years).

The rules are the same for most testamentary trusts. However, the exception to this is a testamentary trust that has been designated a graduated rate estate (GRE). Such GREs can use a non-calendar fiscal year for up to three years subsequent to the death of the settlor. GRE returns are due 90 days after the date that has been selected as the taxation year end.

Part D

Corporations can use a non-calendar fiscal year as their taxation year. The corporate T2 return must be filed within six months of the end of the taxation year.

The following additional information would be relevant in considering Mr. O'Brien's situation:

- A. Determination of the date of the Notice of Reassessment. A notice of objection must be filed prior to the later of:
 - 90 days from the date of the Notice of Reassessment; and
 - one year from the due date for the return under reassessment.

In this case, the later date is clearly 90 days after the date of the Notice of Reassessment.

- B. Determination of the date of the Notice of Assessment for the 2014 taxation year. A three year time limit applies from the date of the Notice of Assessment. If he filed his 2014 return on April 30, 2015, the Notice of Reassessment would be within the three year time limit applicable to such reassessments if the reassessment is dated before May 1, 2018.
- C. Determination of whether Mr. O'Brien has signed a waiver of the three year time limit or if he is guilty of misrepresentation attributable to neglect, carelessness, or fraud. If the reassessment is not within the three year time limit, Mr. O'Brien would not usually be subject to reassessment. However, if Mr. O'Brien has signed a waiver of the three year time limit, or if he is guilty of misrepresentation attributable to neglect, carelessness, or fraud, he becomes subject to reassessment, regardless of the time period involved.

If the preceding determinations indicate that the reassessment is valid and you decide to accept Mr. O'Brien as a client, the following steps should be taken:

- You should have Mr. O'Brien file a Consent Form, T1013, with the CRA which authorizes you to represent him in his affairs with the CRA and/or authorize you to access his file through the online Represent a Client service.
- A notice of objection should be filed before the expiration of the 90 day time limit.
- You should begin discussions of the matter with the relevant assessor at the CRA.

Note To Instructor These Cases have been based on examples found in IC 01-1.

Case 1

While the use of the other accountant's business income statements resulted in the tax return that was filed, the tax return preparer would be entitled to the good faith defense since he relied, in good faith, on information provided by another professional on behalf of the client. Therefore, he would not be subject to the preparer penalty.

The third party penalties may be applied to the other accountant if he knew or would be expected to know, but for circumstances amounting to culpable conduct, that the financial statements contained false statements.

Case 2

Since the tax return preparer e-filed the taxpayer's return without viewing the charitable donation receipt, the CRA would consider assessing the tax return preparer with the preparer penalty. Given that the size of the donation is so disproportionate to the taxpayer's apparent resources as to defy credibility, to proceed unquestioningly in this situation would show wilful blindness and thus an indifference as to whether the ITA is complied with.

Case 3

In view of the business that the taxpayer is in, there was nothing in the income statement that would have made the accountant question the validity of the information provided to him. Therefore, he could rely on the good faith reliance exception and would not be subject to the preparer penalty.

Case 4

The accountant would not be subject to the penalties for participating or acquiescing in the understatement of a tax liability. The facts were highly suspect until the accountant asked questions to clear up the doubt in his mind that the client was not presenting him with implausible information. The response addressed the concern and was not inconsistent with the knowledge he possessed.

Case 5

The prospectus prepared by the company contains a false statement (overstated fair market value of the software) that could be used for tax purposes. The company knew or would reasonably be expected to know, but for culpable conduct, that the fair market value of the software was a false statement. The CRA would consider assessing the company and the appraiser with third party civil penalties.

Case 6

The issue here is whether the accountant is expected to know that HST is not payable on wages, interest expense, and zero-rated purchases. It is clear that the accountant should have known that no HST could be claimed on these items. Given this, in filing a claim that includes an HST refund on the preceding items, the accountant made a false statement, either knowingly, or in circumstances amounting to culpable conduct. Consequently, the CRA would consider assessing the accountant with the third party civil penalty, specifically, the preparer penalty.

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Practice Exam

Chapter 2 (Procedures And Administration)

Instructions To Students

Create An Examination Environment

Your text, the accompanying Study Guide and the Companion Website provide you with a large number of Exercises, Self Study Problems and Supplementary Self Study Problems for which solutions are provided. These problems are designed to assist you with understanding the content of each chapter. In contrast, the goal of this Practice Examination is to help you evaluate your ability to write the examinations in your tax course.

To get the maximum benefit from this Practice Examination, you should write it under examination conditions. It is designed as a 90 minute examination and should be written within that time constraint. You should choose a location where you will not be distracted and set aside 90 minutes of time during which you will not be interrupted.

Materials To Be Used During the Examination

Any materials that you use while writing this Practice Examination should be consistent with the materials that will be available during your tax course examinations. These vary from course to course depending on the instructor and can include the following possibilities:

- you may be provided with the list of "Rates and Other Data" that is found in the front of your Canadian Tax Principles textbook and on the Companion Website,
- you may be allowed to bring into the examination room:
 - a copy of the Income Tax Act, or
 - a "cheat sheet" with various notes, or
 - your Canadian Tax Principles textbook.

You should determine exactly what materials are allowed for your tax examination, either from your course outline or from your instructor. You should then write this Practice Examination using only the materials permitted for your examination.

Types Of Questions

Different instructors use alternative types of questions on their examinations. This examination includes essay questions, true or false questions, and multiple choice questions. However, the majority of the marks on this examination are allocated to problems that are similar to the Exercises , Self Study Problems and Supplementary Self Study Problems that are available through your *Canadian Tax Principles* text.

This content may not be consistent with the types of questions used by the instructor in your course (e.g., an instructor might choose to have an examination that contains only multiple choice questions, or only one comprehensive question). You should take this into consideration when you are evaluating your results on this examination.

Show Your Calculations

We think it is important for students to realize that showing their calculations clearly can result in many part marks, even if the final answer is wrong. Your instructor could have a different approach to marking than the one shown in this solution, but it would be very rare that part marks are not available on more complex questions.

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How To Use The Marking Guides

In the solution to this Practice Examination, we have provided information on how we would allocate the marks for each question. In some cases, this allocation is very straightforward. For example, if a 12 mark question consists of 6 multiple choice questions, 2 marks will be allocated to each correct answer.

However, in other situations the allocation process is more complex. Consider, for example, an employment income calculation that has 11 separate components (i.e., salary, RPP contributions and so forth). If 15 grading marks were assigned to this problem, the marking guide could assign 1.36 marks (15 marks divided by 11 components) to each line or, alternatively, award more than one mark to some components. Both of these approaches can be awkward.

To resolve this problem, the marking guides that we provide in these more complex situations will be based on "grading points". In the preceding example, 11 grading points would be assigned to this question — one for each component in the calculation. These "grading points" would then be converted into the relevant mark. Continuing the example, if you had 8 of 11 components in the calculation correct, this result would be converted to a mark as follows:

$$[(8 \div 11)(15\%)] = 10.9\%$$

In the solution for this Practice Examination, these grading points have been identified with highlighting the appropriate number or word(s).

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Practice Examination

Examination Content

The content of this examination, along with the marks and times for each question, are found in the following table.

Question	Type Of Question Or Subject	Marks	Time In Minutes
1	Essay Questions	20	18.0
2 - 7	True Or False	9	8.1
8 - 14	Multiple Choice	21	18.9
15	Instalments (Individual And Corporate)	50	45.0
Total		100	90.0

Question 1 (20 Marks)

Provide answers to each of the following questions.

- A. Under what circumstances must an individual file an income tax return? If an individual is required to file an income tax return, by what date must it be filed?
- B. Jane Dallas filed her 2017 tax return on the April 30, 2018 due date. She received her Notice of Assessment on July 15, 2018. The Notice did not indicate any problems with her return. On January 13, 2019, she receives a Notice of Reassessment, indicating that deductions of \$15,000 were being disallowed and that she owed an additional \$5,900 in taxes. The reassessment was dated January 10, 2019. Jane does not agree with the reassessment and has asked your advice on how to deal with the situation. Outline the procedures that can be taken by Jane to appeal this assessment.

Questions 2 Through 7 (9 Marks)

2. An individual is required to make deductible spouse support payments on an annual basis. This individual can request that his employer reduce the amount withheld for income taxes.

True or False?

3. An individual, whose only income is from an unincorporated business, dies on December 29, 2018. This individual's 2018 tax return must be filed by June 15, 2019.

True or False?

4. An individual whose filing date is April 30, does not file his tax return until June 27. He has not previously missed a filing date. His penalty for late filing would be equal to 6 percent of the tax owing on the filing date.

True or False?

5. Without regard to the date on which their tax return must be filed, all corporations must pay any balance owing within three months of their year end.

True or False?

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6. For individuals, trusts, and Canadian controlled private corporations, reassessment can occur for up to three years from the date of the mailing of the original assessment.

True or False?

7. The rate used to charge interest on insufficient instalments for individuals is 4 percent higher than the rate used to calculate interest paid to individuals on refunds.

True or False?

Questions 8 Through 14 (21 Marks)

- 8. Mr. Levin dies on December 5, 2018. While he was an employee of a publicly traded Canadian company, he owned an unincorporated business which was managed by his common-law partner. What is the latest date for filing his 2018 income tax return?
 - A. April 30, 2019.
 - B. June 5, 2019.
 - C. June 15, 2019.
 - D. June 30, 2019.
- 9. With respect to the filing of an individual income tax return, which of the following statements is **NOT** correct?
 - A. An individual is required to file an income tax return if their only source of income is business income, even if no tax is payable.
 - B. An individual is required to file a tax return if he has an outstanding balance under the home buyers plan.
 - C. If an individual has disposed of a capital property during the year, they are required to file an income tax return, even if no tax is payable.
 - D. An individual is required to file an income tax return if they owe taxes for the year.
- 10. Joan Bass, an individual whose only income resulted from pensions, did not pay her net tax owing for 2018 until she actually filed her return on September 10, 2019. Her net tax owing on her balance-due day was \$5,600. This is the first time she has late filed her return. How much of a late filing penalty will Joan incur?
 - A. Nil.
 - B. \$280.
 - C. \$504.
 - D. \$560.
- 11. Cheung Trading Inc., a CCPC, has a year end of September 30. For its 2018 taxation year, its income tax return is due on:
 - A. November 30, 2018.
 - B. December 31, 2018.
 - C. April 30, 2019.
 - D. March 31, 2019.
 - E. None of the above.
- 12. Brandon Ltd. is a Canadian public corporation with an August 31 year end. For the 2018 taxation year, the Company's taxes must be paid by:
 - A. October 31, 2018.
 - B. February 28, 2019.
 - C. December 31, 2018.
 - D. November 30, 2018.

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- 13. Martin Houde is retired and recently divorced. He filed his 2018 tax return on February 3, 2019. He received a portion of the tax refund claimed and a notice of assessment, dated May 12, 2019, which set out the difference between the amount claimed and the amount of the refund. As Martin disagrees with the notice of assessment, he wishes to file a notice of objection. By which of the following dates must he file his notice of objection?
 - A. February 3, 2020.
 - B. May 12, 2020.
 - C. April 30, 2020.
 - D. August 10, 2019.
 - E. June 15, 2020.
- 14. Of the following statements related to appeals, which one is **NOT** correct?
 - A. If an appeal to the Tax Court Of Canada is not successful, the taxpayer has the right to appeal to the Federal Court Of Appeal.
 - B. Under the informal procedure, a taxpayer can represent himself in the Tax Court Of Canada.
 - C. The Minister is responsible for the taxpayer's costs if the Minister appeals in a case where the amount of Tax Payable is less than \$25,000.
 - D. Under the informal procedure, the taxpayer cannot be required to pay court costs in the Tax Court Of Canada.

Question 15 (50 Marks)

For the three years ending December 31, 2018, the taxpayer's combined federal and provincial taxes payable were as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Taxes Payable
2016	\$56,742
2017	22,785
2018 (Estimated)	64,457

- **Case One** The taxpayer is an individual whose employer withholds combined federal and provincial taxes of \$51,060 in 2016, \$16,165 in 2017, and \$60,472 in 2018.
- **Case Two** The taxpayer is an individual whose employer withholds combined federal and provincial taxes of \$53,426 in 2016, \$23,486 in 2017, and \$59,426 in 2018.
- **Case Three** The taxpayer is an individual whose employer withholds combined federal and provincial taxes of \$57,101 in 2016, \$19,483 in 2017, and \$58,048 in 2018.
- **Case Four** The taxpayer is a corporation with a December 31 year end. It does not qualify as a small CCPC.
- Case Five The taxpayer is a small CCPC with a taxation year that ends on December 31. Assume that its combined federal and provincial taxes payable for the year ending December 31, 2017 were \$71,560, instead of the \$22,785 given in the problem.

Required: For each of the preceding independent Cases, provide the following information:

- 1. Indicate whether instalments are required during 2018. Explain your conclusion.
- 2. Calculate the amount of instalments that would be required under each of the acceptable methods available.
- 3. Indicate which of the available methods would best serve to minimize instalment payments during 2018 and indicate the date on which they are due.

END OF EXAMINATION

Practice Exam Solution

Chapter 2 (Procedures And Administration)

Examination Summary

The marks you have received on each question can be added in the final column.

Question	Type Of Question Or Subject	Total Marks	Your Mark
1	Essay Questions	20	
2 - 7	True Or False	9	
8 - 14	Multiple Choice	21	
15	Instalments	50	
Total		100	

Solution 1 (20 Marks)

Part A

As listed in the text, an individual must file a tax return if, in the year, the individual:

- has Tax Payable;
- is requested by the CRA to file a tax return;
- has disposed of a capital property,
- has realized a taxable capital gain;
- and his spouse or common-law partner have elected to split pension income;
- has to contribute to the Canada Pension Plan; or
- has to pay Employment Insurance premiums.

For living individuals, the normal filing date is April 30th of the following calendar year.

However, if the individual or his spouse or common-law partner have business income, the date is extended to June 15th of the following calendar year.

For individuals who die prior to their normal filing date, the required date is the later of:

- the normal filing date and
- six months after the date of death.

NOTE There are other situations that could be listed that would require a return to be filed.

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Part B

The procedures can be outlined as follows:

- The first step would be to contact the CRA to discuss the changes contained in the reassessment.
- If informal discussions do not resolve the issue, the next step would be a notice of objection. This must be filed the later of:
 - one year after the due date for the return (April 30, 2019) or
 - 90 days after the January 10th date of the Notice of Reassessment. This would be April 10, 2019).
- If there is an adverse decision on the notice of objection, Jane can appeal to the Tax Court Of Canada. This has to be done within 90 days of receiving the decision on the notice of objection. She can use the informal procedure or the general procedure.
- Provided she has used the general procedure, a further appeal can be made to the Federal Court Of Appeal. This must be done within 30 days of receiving the Tax Court Of Canada decision.

Your Mark = $[(\# \text{ of grading points} \div 24)(20\%)] = ___\%$

Solutions 2 Through 7 (9 Marks)

- 2. True. As the payments are documented and recurring, amounts withheld by the employer can be reduced.
- 3. False. This individual has until 6 months after the date of death which would be June 29, 2019.
- 4. True. The penalty would be 5 percent, plus 1 percent for the month of May. Only complete months count in determining this penalty.
- 5. False. Only Canadian controlled private corporations that claim the small business deduction have 3 months. Other corporations only have 2 months.
- 6. True.
- 7. False. The rate is 2 percent higher.

1 grading point for each correct answer. Total 6
Your Mark = [(# of grading points ÷ 6)(9%)] = ____%

Solutions 8 Through 14 (21 Marks)

- 8. C. June 15, 2019.
- 9. A. An individual is required to file an income tax return if their only source of income is business income, even if no tax is payable.
- 10. C. \$504 [(\$5,600)(5% + 4%)].
- 11. D. The return would be due on March 31, 2019, six months after the taxation year end.

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- 12. A. October 31, 2018, two months after the year end.
- 13. C. The notice of objection must be filed the later of one year after the due day for the return (April 30, 2020), and 90 days after the date of the Notice of Assessment (August 10, 2019).
- 14. A. If the informal procedure has been used in the Tax Court Of Canada, no further appeal is allowed.

```
1 grading point for each correct answer. Total 7

Your Mark = [(# of grading points ÷ 7)(21%)] = %
```

Solution 15 (50 Marks)

Case One

1. The net tax owing for the years 2016 through 2018 would be calculated as follows:

```
2016 $5,682 ($56,742 - $51,060)

2017 $6,620 ($22,785 - $16,165)

2018 $3,985 ($64,457 - $60,472)
```

As the net tax owing for the current year and one of the two preceding years exceeds \$3,000, instalment payments are required.

- 2. The three acceptable alternatives would be as follows:
 - Quarterly instalments of \$996.25 (\$3,985 ÷ 4) based on the current year estimate.
 - Quarterly instalments of \$1,655.00 ($\$6,620 \div 4$) based on the first preceding year.
 - Two quarterly instalments of \$1,420.50 (\$5,682 \div 4), followed by two quarterly instalments of \$1,889.50 {[\$6,620 (2)(\$1,420.50)] \div 2]}, for a total of \$6,620.
- 3. The best alternative would be quarterly instalments of \$996.25 based on the current year estimate.

The instalments would be due on March 15, June 15, September 15, and December 15, 2018.

Case Two

1. The net tax owing for the years 2016 through 2018 would be calculated as follows:

```
2016 $3,316 ($56,742 - $53,426)
2017 Nil ($22,785 - $23,486)2018 $5,031 ($64,457 - $59,426)
```

As the net tax owing for the current year and one of the two preceding years exceeds \$3,000, instalment payments are required.

31

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- 2. The three acceptable alternatives would be as follows:
 - Quarterly instalments of \$1,257.75 (\$5,031 ÷ 4), based on the current year estimate.
 - Quarterly instalments of Nil.
 - Two quarterly instalments of \$829.00 (\$3,316 ÷ 4) based on the second preceding year. No further instalments would be required as the net tax owing in the preceding year is nil.
- 3. As the net tax owing for 2017 was nil, using this year as the instalment base would be the best alternative.

The instalments would be due on March 15, June 15, September 15, and December 15, 2018, if instalments were paid.

Case Three

1. The net tax owing for the years 2016 through 2018 would be calculated as follows:

```
2016 Nil ($56,742 - $57,101)

2017 $3,302 ($22,785 - $19,483)

2018 $6,409 ($64,457 - $58,048)
```

As the net tax owing for the current year and one of the two preceding years exceeds \$3,000, instalment payments are required.

- 2. The three acceptable alternatives would be as follows:
 - Quarterly instalments of \$1,602.25 ($\$6,409 \div 4$) based on the current year estimate.
 - Quarterly instalments of \$825.50 (\$3,302 ÷ 4) based on the first preceding year.
 - As there was no net tax owing in 2016, the first two quarterly instalments would be nil, followed by two quarterly instalments of \$1,651 [(\$3,302 Nil) $\div 2$].
- 3. The best alternative would be the one used by the CRA in its quarterly Instalment Reminders as it provides some tax deferral. No instalments would be required on March or June 15. The two instalments of \$1,651 would be required on September 15 and December 15, 2018.

Case Four

- 1. As the corporation's tax payable for both the current and the preceding year exceeds \$3,000, instalments are required.
- 2. The three acceptable alternatives would be as follows:
 - Monthly instalments of \$5,371.42 (\$64,457 ÷ 12) based on the current year estimate.
 - Monthly instalments of \$1,898.75 ($\frac{22,785}{12}$) based on the first preceding year.
 - Two monthly instalments of \$4,728.50 ($\$56,742 \div 12$) based on the second preceding year, followed by 10 monthly instalments of \$1,332.80 {[(\$22,785 (2)(\$4,728.50)] \div 10}, a total of \$22,785.
- 3. The best alternative would be monthly instalments of \$1,898.75, a total of \$22,785.

The instalments would be due on the last day of each month, beginning in January, 2018.

15

29

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Case Five

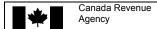
- 1. As the corporation's tax payable for both the current and the preceding year exceeds \$3,000, instalments are required. As the corporation qualifies as a small CCPC, the instalments will be quarterly.
- 2. The three acceptable alternatives would be as follows:
 - Quarterly instalments of \$16,114.25 ($\frac{64,457}{2} \div \frac{4}{2}$) based on the current year estimate.
 - Quarterly instalments of \$17,890.00 ($\frac{71,560}{2} \div \frac{4}{2}$) based on the preceding year.
 - One quarterly instalment of \$14,185.50 ($\$56,742 \div 4$), followed by three quarterly instalments of \$19,124.83 [(\$71,560 \$14,185.50) \div 3], a total of \$71,560.
- 3. The best alternative would be four quarterly instalments of \$16,114.25, for a total of \$64,457.

The instalments are due on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31, 2018.

Summary Of Maximum Grading Points Available

Case 1 = 31 Case 2 = 26 (11 + 15) Case 3 = 29 Case 4 = 23 $\underline{\text{Case 5}} = 23$ Total = 132

Your Mark = [(# of grading points ÷ 132)(50%)] = ____%



Agence du revenu du Canada

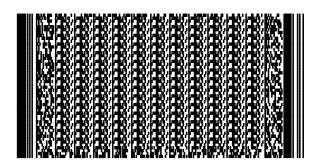
T1 GENERAL 2017

Income Tax and Benefit Return

Step 1 – Identification and other information

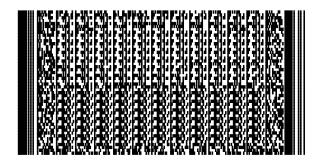
					ON 1
Ide	ntification		1.	Information about y	/ou
First name and initial George-Chapter 4 Problem			Enter your social i	nsurance number (SIN)	527 000 509
George-Chapter 4 Problem				the trade .	Year/Month/Day 1953-07-02
Last name Pharmacy		Enter your date of	DIπn:	1953-07-02	
Mailing address: Apt No – Street No Street name 123 ZZZ Street		Your language of	correspondence:	Eng <u>li</u> sh Fra <u>nç</u> ais	
123 ZZZ Street		Votre langue de c	orrespondance :	X	
PO Box	RR		If this return is for	this return for a decease a deceased	ed person? Year/Month/Day
City	Prov./Terr.	Postal Code	person, enter the	date of death:	
London	ON	N0Z 0Z0		Marital status	
Ema I understand that by providing an emai	ail address	registering for online mail. I	Tick the	e box that applies to your December 31, 201	
have read and I accept the terms and			1 X Married	2 Living common-law	3 Widowed
Enter an email address:			4 Divorced	5 Separated	6 Single
Information a	bout your res	idence		nformation about your s	
Enter your province or territory of			common	-law partner (if you ticked	
residence on December 31, 2017 :	Ontario		Enter his or her S	IN:	527 000 483
Enter the province or territory where			Enter his or her fir	st name:	Valerie
you currently reside if it is not the			Enter his or her ne	et income for 2017	
same as your mailing address above:			to claim certain cr	edits:	6,520.00
If you were self-employed in 2017, enter the province or territory of			Enter the amount benefit (UCCB) from	of universal child care om line 117	
self-employment:			of his or her return	n:	
If you became or ceased to be a resic 2017 , enter the date of:	lent of Canada	for income tax purposes in	Enter the amount from line 213 of hi	of UCCB repayment s or her return:	
Month/Day entry	or depa	Month/Day rture	Tick this box if he	or she was self-employed in	2017: 1
			Do not use thi	is area	





Do not	172		171		
use this area	172		171		

Elections Canada (For more information, see page 19 in the guide)				
A) Do you have Canadian citizenship?		Yes	s X 1	No 2
If yes, go to question B. If no, skip question B. B) As a Canadian citizen, do you authorize the Canada Revenue Agency to give your name, address, date of birth, and citizenship to Elections Canada to update the National Register of Electors? Your authorization is valid until you file your next return. Your information will only be used for purposes permitted under the Canada Elections Act, which include sharing the information with provincial/territorial election agencies, members of Parliament, and registered political parties, and candidates at election time.		Ye:	s 🛛 1	No 2
Please answer the following question				
Did you own or hold specified foreign property where the total cost of amount of all such property, at any time in 2017, was more than CAN\$100,000?				
See "Specified foreign property" in the guide for more information If yes, complete Form T1135 and attach it to your return.	66	Yes 1	No	X 2
If you had dealings with a non-resident trust or corporation in 2017, see "Other foreign property" in the guide.				



Step 2 - Total incomeAs a resident of Canada, you have to report your income from all sources both inside and outside Canada. When you come to a line on the return that applies to you, go to the line number in the guide for more information.

Employment income (box 14 of all T4	slips)			101	378,000 00
Commissions included on line 101 (b	ox 42 of all T4 slips)	102	82,000 00		
Wage loss replacement contributions			<u> </u>		
(see line 101 in the guide)		103			
Other employment income				104	
Old Age Security pension (box 18 of	the T4A(OAS) slip)			113	
CPP or QPP benefits (box 20 of the	` , ' , '			114	
Disability benefits included on line 11	4	450	ĺ		
(box 16 of the T4A(P) slip)		152		445	Ī
Other pensions and superannuation				115	
Elected split-pension amount (attach	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			116	
Universal Child Care Benefit (UCCB)				117	
UCCB amount designated to a deper	ndant	185			1
Employment insurance and other ber				119	
Taxable amount of dividends (eligible corporations (attach Schedule 4)	e and other than eligible) from ta	axable Canadian		120	
Taxable amount of dividends other th	an eligible dividends,		ĵ		
included on line 120, from taxable Ca	anadian corporations	180			
Interest and other investment income	e (attach Schedule 4)			121	
Net partnership income: limited or no	n-active partners only			122	
Registered disability savings plan inc	ome			125	
Rental income	Gross 160		Ne	t 126	
Taxable capital gains (attach Schedu		<u> </u>		127	
	Total 156	1	Tavabla amazum	4 4 2 0	
Support payments received			Taxable amoun	129	
RRSP income (from all T4RSP slips)					
Other income	Specify:			130	
Self-employment income Business income	Gross 162	Ì	No	t 135	ĺ
	Gross 164			t 137	
Professional income Commission income	Gross 166			t 139	
Farming income	Gross 168			t 141	
Fishing income	Gross 170			t 143	
			I	175	
Workers' compensation benefits (box	10 of the T5007 slip)	144			
Social assistance payments		145			
Net federal supplements (box 21 of the	ne T4A(OAS) slip)	146			
Add lines 144, 145, and 146 (see line 250 in the guide).				147	
(200 a galao).					
Add lines 101, 104 to 143, and 147		This is yo	ur total income.	150	378,000 00

4

Attach only the documents (schedules, information slips, forms, or receipts) **requested in the guide** to support any claim or deduction. Keep all other supporting documents.

Step 3 - Net income

			1
Enter your total income from line 150		_150	378,000 00
Pension adjustment			
(box 52 of all T4 slips and box 034 of all T4A slips)			
Registered pension plan deduction (box 20 of all T4 slips and box 032 of all T4A slips)	207		
RRSP and pooled registered pension plan (PRPP) deduction	201	_	
(see Schedule 7 and attach receipts)	208		
PRPP employer contributions		_	
(amount from your PRPP contribution receipts) 205			
Deduction for elected split-pension amount (attach Form T1032)	210	_	
Annual union, professional, or like dues (box 44 of all T4 slips, and receipts)	212	_	
Universal Child Care Benefit repayment (box 12 of all RC62 slips)	213		
Child care expenses (attach Form T778)	214	_	
Disability supports deduction	215	_	
		_	
Business investment loss Gross 228 Allowable deduction		_	
Moving expenses	219	_	
Support payments made Total 230 Allowable deduction	220	_	
	221	_	
Deduction for CPP or QPP contributions on self-employment and other earnings (attach Schedule 8 or Form RC381, whichever applies)	222	•	
	224	_	
	2,301 00	_	
Š	231	_	
	232	_	ı
Add lines 207, 208, 210 to 224, 229, 231, and 232.	233 2,301 00	_ -	2,301 00
Line 150 minus line 233 (if negative, enter "0"). This is your net inc	ome before adjustments	. 234	375,699 00
Social benefits repayment (if you reported income on line 113, 119, or 146, see line 235 in the guide) Use the federal worksheet to calculate your repayment.		235	•
Line 234 minus line 235 (if negative, enter "0").		000	275 000 00
If you have a spouse or common-law partner, see line 236 in the guide.	This is your net income .	_236	375,699 00
Step 4 - Taxable income			
Canadian Forces personnel and police deduction (box 43 of all T4 slips)	244		
Employee home relocation loan deduction (box 37 of all T4 slips)	248	_	
Security options deductions	249	<u> </u>	
Other payments deduction (if you reported income on line 147, see line 250 in the guide)	250		
	251	_	
	252	_	
Net capital losses of other years	253	_	
	254	_	
	255	_	
Additional deductions Specify:	256	_	
Add lines 244 to 256.	257	→	[
Line 236 minus line 257 (if negative, enter "0").	s your taxable income .	260	375,699 00

Step 5 - Federal tax and provincial or territorial tax

Use Schedule 1 to calculate your federal tax and Form 428 to calculate your provincial or territorial tax.

Defund or Polonce awing

Step 6 - Retund or Balance owing				1
Net federal tax: enter the amount from line 62 of Schedule 1 (attach Schedu	ule 1, even if the result is "0")		420	89,002 95
CPP contributions payable on self-employment and other earnings (attach Schedule 8 or Form RC381, whichever applies)			421	
Employment Insurance premiums payable on self-employment and other elic	gible earnings (attach Schedule	<u>-</u> 13)	430	
Social benefits repayment (amount from line 235)	g.5.0 00go (21.120 00000	,	422	
Provincial or territorial tax (attach Form 428, even if the result is "0")			428	56,614 70
Add lines 420, 421, 430, 422 and 428.	Т	his is your total payable		45,617 65
Total income tax deducted		437 114,000 00		
Refundable Québec abatement		440	<u>, </u>	
CPP overpayment (enter your excess contributions)		448	_ `	
Employment Insurance overpayment (enter your excess contributions)		450	_•	
Refundable medical expense supplement (use the federal worksheet)		452	_•	
Working Income Tax Benefit (WITB) (attach Schedule 6)		453	_	
Refund of investment tax credit (attach Form T2038(IND))		454	_•	
Part XII.2 trust tax credit (box 38 of all T3 slips and box 209 of all T5013 slip	s)	456	_	
Tart Article trade tark croate (box do or air 10 clips article box 200 or air 100 to original pox	<u> </u>		_	
Employee and partner GST/HST rebate (attach Form GST370) Eligible educator school		457	_•	
supply tax credit Supplies expenses 468	X 15 00 % =	469	_ •	
Tax paid by instalments		476	_•	
Provincial or territorial credits (attach Form 479 if it applies)		479	_•	
Add lines 437 to 479.	These are your total credits	. 482 114,000 00	<u>)</u>	14,000 00
Line 435 minus line 482	This is your re	fund or balance owing	J	31,617 65
Pre-Authorized Debits (PAD) Pre-Authorized Debits (PAD) service allows you to submit a payment to the Current tax year will be allowed to create PAD agreement through T1 Efile	e CRA electronically on behalf	ments. Your payment is do	ue no later tha	ın April 30, 201
Direct deposit - Enrol or update (see line 484 in the guide) You do not have to complete this area every year. Do not complete it the To enrol for direct deposit, to update your banking information, or to request deposited into the same account as your T1 refund, complete lines 460, 46. By providing my banking information I authorize the Receiver General to to me by the CRA, until otherwise notified by me. I understand that this authorize the Receiver General to to me by the CRA, until otherwise notified by me. I understand that this authorize the Receiver General to the following that the sum of the following that the same account number and the following that the guide) are summed to the following that the guide in the	st that all of your CRA payment 61, and 462 below. deposit in the bank account nun	s you may be receiving or	owed be	ie
Ontario Opportunities Fund You can help reduce Ontario's debt by completing this area to donate some or all of your 2017 refund to the Ontario Opportunities Fund. Please see the provincial pages for details.	Amount from line 484 Your donation to the C Fund Net refund (line 1 mine	Ontario Opportunitio	65	1
I certify that the information given on this return and in any documents atta correct and complete and fully discloses all my income. Sign here	Name of preparer:	If a fee was charged for return, complete the fo		his
It is a serious offence to make a false return.	Telephone:	() -	000	
Telephone(519) 111-1111 Date 2018-01-24	EFILE number (if a	oplicable): 489 C3	UBB	
Personal information is collected under the <i>Income Tax Act</i> to administer to	ax, benefits, and related progra	ms. It may also be used fo	or any purpose	related to the

administration or enforcement of the Act such as audit, compliance and the payment of debts owed to the Crown. It may be shared or verified with other federal, provincial/territorial government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in interest payable, penalties or other actions. Under the Privacy Act, individuals have the right to access their personal information and request correction if there are errors or omissions. Refer to Info Source Canada.ca/cra-info-source, personal information bank CRA PPU 005.

Protected B when completed **Federal Tax**

This is **Step 5** in completing your return. Complete this schedule, and **attach** a copy to your return. For more information, see the related line in the guide.

Step 1 - Federal non-refundable tax credits

T1-2017

Basic personal amount claim \$11,635	300	11,635	00	1
Age amount (if you were born in 1952 or earlier) (use federal worksheet) (maximum \$7,225)	301			2
Spouse or common-law partner amount (attach Schedule 5)	303	5,115	nn	3
Canada caregiver amount for spouse or common-law partner, or eligible dependant age 18 or older	303	5,115	00	9
(attach Schedule 5)	304			4
Amount for an eligible dependant (attach schedule 5)	305			5
Canada caregiver amount for other infirm dependants age 18 or older (attach Schedule 5)	307	6,883	00	6
Canada caregiver amount for infirm children under 18 years of age				
Number of children born for whom you are claiming				
this amount 352 1 x \$ 2,150 =	367	2,150	00	7
CPP or QPP contributions:				
through employment from box 16 and box 17 of all T4 slips (attach Schedule 8 or Form RC381, whichever applies)	308	2,564	10	• 8
on self-employment and other earnings (attach Schedule 8 or Form RC381, whichever applies)	310			• 9
Employment Insurance premiums:			l	
through employment from box 18 and box 55 of all T4 slips (maximum \$836.19)		836	19	• 1
on self-employment and other eligible earnings (attach Schedule 13)	317			• 1
Volunteer firefighters' amount	362			12
Search and rescue volunteers' amount	395			13
Canada employment amount	200	1 170	00	4.4
(If you reported employment income on line 101 or line 104, see line 363 in the guide.) (maximum \$1,178)		1,178	UU	14
Public transit amount (only claim amounts from January 1 to June 30, 2017)	364			15
Home accessibility expenses (attach Schedule 12)	398			16
Home buyers' amount	369			17
Adoption expenses	313			18
Pension income amount (use the federal worksheet) (maximum \$2,000)				19
Disability amount (for self) (claim \$8,113, or if you were under age 18, use the federal worksheet)	316	40.440		20
Disability amount transferred from a dependant (use the federal worksheet)	318	12,118	00	21
Interest paid on your student loans	319			22
Your tuition, education, and textbook amounts (attach Schedule 11)	323			23
Tuition amount transferred from a child	324	3,600		24
Amounts transferred from your spouse or common-law partner (attach Schedule 2)	326	7,225	00	25
Medical expenses for self, spouse or common-law partner, and your				
dependent children born in 2000 or later 31,862 54 26				
Enter \$2,268 or 3% of line 236 of your return, whichever is less . 2,268 00 27				
Line 26 minus line 27 (if negative, enter "0") 29,594 54 28				
Allowable amount of medical expenses for other dependants (do the calculation at line 331 in the guide) 7,786 00 29				
Add lines 28 and 29. 37,380 54 ▶	332	37,380	54	30
Add lines 1 to 25, and line 30.	335	90,684	83	31
Federal non-refundable tax credit rate		15	%	32
Multiply line 31 by line 32.	338	13,602	72	33
Donations and gifts (attach Schedule 9)	349	1,416	00	34
Add lines 33 and 34.		45.045	7.0	ا
Enter this amount on line 47. Total federal non-refundable tax credits	350	15,018	/2	35

Schedule 1

Step 2 - Federal tax on taxable income

Enter your taxable income from line 260 of years	our return.								375,699 00	36
Complete the appropriate column depending on the amount on line 36.	Line 36 is \$45,916 or less		Line 36 is more than \$45,916 but not more than \$91,831		Line 36 is m than \$91,8 but not more th \$142,35	31 ian	Line 36 is than \$142 ,3 not more \$202 ,8	353 but than	Line 36 is more than \$202,800	
Enter the amount from line 36.								Î	375,699 00	37
			45,916	00	91,83	1 00	142,3	53 00	202,800 00	
Line 37 minus line 38 (cannot be negative)		0 00	1						172,899 00	39
	X	15 %	x 20.	5 %	X	26 %	X	29 %	x 33 %	6 40
Multiply line 39 by line 40.	-								57,056 67	41
		0 00	6,887	00	16,30	00 00	29,4	36 00	46,965 00	42
Add lines 41 and 42.					·- <u></u>				104,021 67	43
Step 3 - Net federal tax										
Enter the amount from line 43							104,021 6	7 44		
Federal tax on split income (from line 5 of For	m T1206)				424	_	101,021	• 45		
Add lines 44 and 45.					404		104,021 6		104,021 67	46
<u></u>							, .	<u> </u>	,	
Enter your total federal non-refundable tax cre	edits from line	e 35 on	the previous	pag	je. 350)	15,018 7	2 47		
Federal dividend tax credit					42	5		• 48		
Minimum tax carryover (attach Form T691)					427	'		• 49		
Add lines 47, 48, and 49.							15,018 7	<u>′2</u> ▶ _	15,018 72	50
Line 46 minus line 50 (if negative, enter "0")						Basic	federal ta	x 429_	89,002 95	5_ 51
Federal foreign tax credit (attach Form T2209	9)							405		52
Line 51 minus line 52 (if negative, enter "0")							Federal ta	x 406	89,002 95	53
Total federal political contributions (attach red	ceipts)		409		54	_				
Federal political contribution tax credit (use the federal worksheet)			/may	imuu	n \$650)41(• 55		
Investment tax credit (attach Form T2038(INI)))		(IIIax	iiiiui	412			• 56		
Labour-sponsored funds tax credit (see lines A Net cost of shares of a		in the	guide)		412			~ 30		
	413		Allo	wabl	e credit 414	ı		• 57		
Add lines 55, 56, and 57.					416	<u> </u>				58
Federal logging tax credit						_				
Line 53 minus line 58 (if negative, enter "0") If you have an amount on line 45 above, see I	Form T1206.							417	89,002 95	5 59
Working income tax benefit advance payments received (box 10 on the RC210 slip)							415		• 60	
Special taxes (see line 418 in the guide)								418		61
Add lines 59, 60, and 61.							•	400	00 000 05	
Enter this amount on line 420 of your return.						Net	federal ta	x 420	89,002 95	62

Protected B when completed

T1-2017

Federal Amounts Transferred from Your Spouse or Common-law Partner

Schedule 2

For more information, see line 326 in the guide.

Complete this schedule to **claim** a transfer of the unused part of your spouse's or common-law partner's amounts shown below. **Attach a copy of this schedule to your return**.

If your spouse or common-law partner is filing a return, use the amounts that he or she entered on his or her return, schedules, and worksheet. If your spouse or common-law partner is not filing a return, use the amounts that he or she would enter on his or her return, schedules, and worksheet if he or she were filing a return. Attach his or her information slips, but do not send his or her return, schedules or worksheet.

Age amount (if your spouse or common-law partner was 65 years of age or older in 2017 If his or her net income is \$36,430 or less, enter \$7,225.	'):					
Otherwise, enter the amount from line 301 of his or her Schedule 1.			35	i 3	7,225 00 1	
Canada caregiver amount for infirm children under 18 years of age:				1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Enter the amount from line 367 of his or her Schedule 1.			36	31	2	
Pension income amount:						
Enter the amount from line 314 of his or her Schedule 1.	(r	naximum \$2,000	35	55	3	,
Disability amount:	-					
Enter the amount from line 316 of his or her Schedule 1.			35	57	4	
Tuition amount:						
Enter the federal amount designated to you as shown on his or her						
Form T2202A, TL11A, TL11B, or TL11C.			36	0ز	5	į
Add lines 1 to 5.			_	_	7,225 00 6	1
Spouse's or common-law partner's taxable income:						
Enter the amount from line 260 of his or her return if it is \$45,916 or less. If his or her						
taxable income is more than \$45,916, enter instead the result of the following calculation:						
amount from line 44 of his or her Schedule 1 divided by 15 %.		6,520 00	7			
Enter the total of lines 300, 308, 310, 312, 317, 362, 395, 363, 364, 398, 369, and 313 of	_					
his or her Schedule 1 plus line 10 of his or her Schedule 11.		11,635 00	8 (
His or her adjusted taxable income:						
Line 7 minus line 8 (if negative, enter "0")	351	0 00	<u> </u>		9	ł
Line 6 minus line 9 (if negative, enter "0") Federal amo	unts	transferred fro	m			
Enter this amount on line 326 of your Schedule 1. your spouse of	r con	nmon-law partne	er	L	7,225 00 1	0

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T1-2017

Amounts for Spouse or Common-Law Partner and Dependants

Schedule 5

See the guide to find out if you can claim an amount on line 303, 304, 305, or 307 of Schedule 1. For each dependant claimed, provide the details requested below. **Attach a copy of this schedule to your return**.

Line 303 - Spouse or common-law partner am	nount ———					
Did your marital status change to other than married o	or common-law in	2017?				
		Month/Da	ay			
If yes , tick this box 5522 and enter the date of t	he change.					
Base amount				11	,635 00	1
If your spouse or common-law partner had an infirmity		itled to the Canada ca				
amount, enter \$2,150 (see page 44 in the guide and I	ine 304 below).		510)9 +		2
Add lines 1 and 2.					,635 00	
Spouse's or common-law partner's net income from pa	age 1 of your retu	urn		- 6	5,520 00	4
Line 3 minus line 4 (if negative, enter "0").						
Enter this amount on line 303 of your Schedule 1.				= 5	5,115 00	5
- Line 304 – Canada caregiver amount for spou	use or commo	n-law partner, or yo	our eligible depe	ndant ag	e 18 or c	lder –
Complete this calculation only if you entered \$2,150 or				J		
whose net income is between \$6,902 and \$23,046.)	ie 5110 di tilis scriedui	e ioi a persori			
Base amount				23	3,046 00	1
Net income of this person (line 236 of his or her return	<u> </u>				7,040 00	2
Line 1 minus line 2 (if negative, enter "0").	1)	(ma	vimum \$6.883)	=		3
Line 1 minus line 2 (if negative, enter "0"). (maximum \$6,883) If you claimed this person on line 303 or 305 of Schedule 1, enter the amount you claimed.						4
Allowable amount for this person: line 3 minus line 4 (if negative, enter "0")				_	- -	,
Enter this amount on line 304 of your Schedule 1.	ii riegative, criter	0)		=		5
-				<u> </u>		
Line 305 - Amount for an eligible dependant -						
Did your marital status change to married or common-	-law in 2017?					
		Month/Da	ay			
If yes , tick this box 5529 and enter the date of t	he change.					
Provide the requested information and complete the	he following cal	culation for this depe	endant.			
First and last name:	Year of birth	Relationship to you	Is this dependant		or	
		N/A	mentally ir			
Address:			Yes X	No		
Base amount		1		11	1,635 00	1
If you are entitled to the Canada caregiver amount for	or vour dependar	nt (other than your infi	rm child		,000 00	. •
under 18 years of age), enter \$2,150	zi you. aoponaan	(00.101 0.1011) 00.1 11.11				
(see page 44 in the guide, read the note below, and se	ee line 304 above	e).	51 ⁻	10+		2
Add lines 1 and 2.			·	= 11	,635 00	3
Dependant's net income (line 236 of his or her return)			510	06-		4
Line 3 minus line 4 (if negative, enter "0").						:
Enter this amount on line 305 of your Schedule 1.				=		5
Note: If the dependant is your or your spouse's or con claim the Canada caregiver amount on line 367			8 years of age, you	must		

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Amounts for Spouse or Common-Law Partner and Dependants

Provide the requested information and con	<u> </u>		endant.		
First and last name: Joan Drugstore	Year of birth	Relationship to you			
	1932	Mother			
Address:					
Base amount					23,046 00 1
nfirm dependant's net income (line 236 of his	or her return)			-	500 00 2
Allowable amount for this dependant: line 1 m	inus line 2 (if negative, e	enter "0") (max	kimum \$6,883)	=	6,883 00 3

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T1-2017

Canada Pension Plan Contributions and Overpayment for 2017

Protected B when completed Schedule 8

Complete this schedule to calculate your required Canada Pension Plan (CPP) contributions or overpayment for 2017 if you were a resident of a province or territory other than Quebec on December 31, 2017, and have no earned income from the province of Quebec.

Do not use this schedule if any of your T4 slips have Quebec Pension Plan (QPP) contributions. Instead complete Form RC381, *Inter-provincial calculation for CPP and QPP contributions and overpayments for 2017.*

Part 1 – If you were 60 to 70 years of age, you received a CPP or QPP retirement pension, and you had employment and/or self-employment income, you were considered a CPP working beneficiary and had to make CPP contributions. However, if you were at least 65 years of age but under 70, you can elect to stop paying CPP contributions. Read **Part 1** of this schedule.

Part 2 – Complete this part to determine the number of months for the CPP calculation.

Part 3 – Complete this part to calculate your CPP contributions and any overpayment of CPP made through employment. If you are reporting self-employment or elective income and employment income, you must complete **Part 5**.

Part 4 or Part 5 - Complete one of these parts to calculate your CPP contributions if:

- you reported self-employment income on lines 135 to 143 of your return;
- you reported business or professional income from a partnership on line 122 of your return; or
- you made an election on Form CPT20 to pay additional CPP contributions on other earnings.

For more information, see line 222 in the guide.

Complete Part 4 - if you are reporting only self-employment or elective income.

Complete Part 5 - if you are reporting self-employment or elective income and employment income. You must first complete Part 3.

Attach a copy of this schedule to your return.

Part 1 – Election to stop contributing to the Canada Pension Plan or revocation of a prior election-

If in 2017 you were 60 to 70 years of age, you received a CPP or QPP retirement pension, and you had employment and/or self-employment income, you were considered a CPP working beneficiary and you were required to make CPP contributions. However, if you were at least 65 years of age but under 70, you can elect to stop paying CPP contributions.

If you have **employment income** for 2017 and elected in 2017 to stop paying CPP contributions or revoked in 2017 an election made in a prior year, you should have already completed Form CPT30, *Election to Stop Contributing to the Canada Pension Plan, or Revocation of a Prior Election*, and sent it to us and your employer(s).

If you had **only self-employment** income for 2017 and elect in 2017 to stop paying CPP contributions on your self-employment earnings, enter the month in 2017 for which you choose to start this election in **box 372** below. The date cannot be earlier than the month you turn 65 and you are receiving a CPP or QPP retirement pension. For example, if you turn 65 in June, you can choose any month from June to December. If you choose the month of June, enter 06 in box 372 because June is the sixth month of the year. If in 2017 you are revoking an election made in a prior year on contributions on self-employment earnings, enter the month in 2017 for which you choose to revoke this election in **box 374** below. Your election remains valid until you revoke it or you turn 70. If you start receiving employment income (other than employment income earned in Quebec) in a future year, you will have to complete Form CPT30 in that year for your election to remain valid.

If you had both employment income and self-employment income in 2017 and wanted to elect to stop paying CPP contributions in 2017, or to revoke in 2017 an election made in a prior year, you should have completed Form CPT30 in 2017. An election filed using Form CPT30 applies to all income from pensionable earnings, including self-employment earnings, as of the first day of the month after the date you gave this form to your employer. If you completed and submitted Form CPT30 when you became employed in 2017 but your intent was to elect in 2017 to stop paying CPP contributions or revoke an election made in a prior year on your self-employment income before you became employed, enter the month you want to stop contributing in **box 372** below, or if you want to revoke in 2017 an election made in a prior year, enter the month you want to resume contributing in **box 374** below. If you did not complete and submit Form CPT30 for 2017 when you became employed, you cannot elect to stop paying CPP contributions or revoke an election made in a prior year on your self-employment earnings for 2017 on this schedule. To be valid, an election or revocation that begins in 2017 must be filed on or before June 15, 2019.

I elect to **stop** contributing to the Canada Pension Plan on my self-employment earnings on the first day of the month that I entered in box 372.

Month
372

Month
374

I want to **revoke** an election made in a prior year to stop contributing to the Canada Pension Plan on my self-employment earnings and resume contributing on the first day of the month that I entered in box 374.

Part 2 - Determine the number of months for the CPP calculation-

Enter 12 in box A unless one or more of the situations below apply.

- If you turned 18 years of age in 2017, enter the number of months in the year after the month you turned 18.
- If for all of 2017 you were receiving a CPP or QPP disability pension, enter "0". If you started or stopped receiving a CPP or QPP disability pension in 2017, enter the number of months during which you were not receiving a disability pension.
- If you were 65 to 70 years of age in 2017, you were receiving a CPP or QPP retirement pension, and you elected to stop paying CPP contributions in 2017, enter the number of months in the year up to and including the month you made the election. If you had self-employment income in 2017 and have an entry in box 372, enter the number of months in the year prior to the month you entered in box 372
- If you were 65 to 70 years of age in 2017, you were receiving a CPP or QPP retirement pension, you elected to stop paying CPP contributions in a prior year, and you have not revoked that election, enter "0".
- If you were 65 to 70 years of age in 2017, you were receiving a CPP or QPP retirement pension, you elected to stop paying CPP contributions in a prior year, and you revoked that election in 2017, enter the number of months in the year after the month you revoked the election. If you had self-employment income in 2017 and have an entry in box 374, enter the number of months in the year after and including the month you entered in box 374.
- If you turned 70 years of age in 2017 and you did not elect to stop paying CPP contributions, enter the number of months in the year up to and including the month you turned 70 years of age.
- If for all of 2017 you were 70 years of age or older, enter "0".
- If the individual died in 2017, enter the number of months in the year up to and including the month the individual died.

Enter the number of months during which the CPP applies in 2017.

12 **A**

┌ Part 3 – Calculating your CPP contributions and overpayment on emp	loyment income	
Enter your yearly maximum CPP pensionable earnings		
(see the monthly proration table below to find the amount		
that corresponds to the number of months entered in box A of Part 2).	(maximum \$55,300)	55,300 00 1
Total CPP pensionable earnings. Enter the total of box 26 of all your T4 slips		
(maximum \$55,300 per slip)		
If box 26 is blank, use box 14.	5549	55,300 00 2
Enter the amount from line 1 or the amount from line 2, whichever is less .	(maximum \$55,300)	55,300 00 3
Enter your maximum basic CPP exemption		
(see the monthly proration table below to find the amount		
that corresponds to the number of months entered in box A of Part 2).	(maximum \$3,500) <u>-</u>	3,500 00 4
Earnings subject to CPP contributions: Line 3 minus line 4 (if negative, enter "0")	(maximum \$51,800) =	51,800 00 5
Actual CPP contributions: Enter the total CPP contributions deducted from box 16 of	all your T4 slips. 5034	2,564 10 • 6
Required contributions on CPP pensionable earnings:	·	
Multiply the amount from line 5 by 4.95%.	(maximum \$2,564.10) -	2,564 10 7
Line 6 minus line 7 (if negative, enter "0")	CPP overpayment =	8
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

If you are **self-employed** and/or you are **electing to pay additional** CPP contributions on other earnings, enter the amount from line 6 on **line 308** of your Schedule 1 and, if applicable, on **line 5824** of Form 428. Then continue with Part 5.

Otherwise, enter the amount from line 6 or line 7, whichever is **less**, on **line 308** of your Schedule 1 and, if applicable, on **line 5824** of Form 428. If the amount from line 8 is **positive**, enter it on **line 448** of your return. If the amount from line 8 is **negative**, you may be able to make additional CPP contributions; see "Making additional CPP contributions" on page 48 of the *General Income Tax and Benefit Guide*.

	tion	table for 20	17		
	Part 3				
Applicable number of months	Line 1 Maximum CPP pensionable earnings	Line 4 Maximum basic CPP exemption*		Applicable number of months	р
1	\$4,608.33	\$291.67		7	
2	\$9,216.67	\$583.33		8	
3	\$13,825.00	\$875.00		9	
4	\$18,433.33	\$1,166.67		10	
5	\$23,041.67	\$1,458.33		11	
6	\$27,650.00	\$1,750.00		12	

	Part 3 continue	d
Applicable number of months	Line 1 Maximum CPP pensionable earnings	Line 4 Maximum basic CPP exemption*
7	\$32,258.33	\$2,041.67
8	\$36,866.67	\$2,333.33
9	\$41,475.00	\$2,625.00
10	\$46,083.33	\$2,916.67
11	\$50,691.67	\$3,208.33
12	\$55,300.00	\$3,500.00

^{*} If you started receiving CPP retirement benefits in 2017, your basic exemption may be prorated by the CRA.

Pensionable net self-employment earnings*					
(amounts from line 122 and lines 135 to 143 of your return) Employment earnings not shown on a T4 slip on which you elect	t to nav additional CPP contributions			1	1
(attach Form CPT20)	t to pay additional of 1 contributions		373	3+	2
Add lines 1 and 2 (if negative enter "0").	CPP pensionable earnings (maximum	\$55,300)*	k	=	3
Basic exemption	(maximui	m \$3,500)*	*	_	4
Line 3 minus line 4	(maximum	s51,800)	_	=	5
CPP rate			_	x 9.9%	6
CPP contributions payable on self-employment and other ea Multiply line 5 by line 6. Enter this amount on line 421 of your ret					7
Deduction and tax credit for CPP contributions on self-empl			_		
Multiply the amount from line 7 by 50%.			_		8
Enter the amount from line 8 on line 222 of your return and on lir	ne 310 of Schedule 1.		=	•	<u>-</u>
* Self-employment earnings, CPP pensionable earnings, and th of Part 2 (do not prorate the self-employment earnings if the ir		the number	er of	months entere	d in box A
Part 5 – CPP contributions on self-employmen	t and other earnings when you have e	mploym	ent	t income	
Pensionable net self-employment earnings*					Ì
(amounts from line 122 and lines 135 to 143 of your return)	the now additional CDD as while the re-		1	_	1
Employment earnings not shown on a T4 slip on which you elect (attach Form CPT20)			373	3+	2
Employment earnings shown on a T4 slip on which you elect to line 12 of Form CPT20 (attach Form CPT20)	pay additional CPP contributions,		399	+	3
Add lines 1, 2, and 3.			-	=	4
Enter the amount from line 6 of Part 3.	Actual CPP con	tributions			5
If the amount on line 8 of Part 3 is positive, complete lines 6 to 8 Otherwise, enter "0" on line 8 and continue on line 9.	3.		-		
Enter the amount from line 5 above.			6		
Enter the amount from line 7 of Part 3.	-		7		
Line 6 minus line 7 (if negative, enter "0")	=		•	-	8
Line 5 minus line 8 (if negative, enter "0")			_	=	9
Multiply the amount from line 9 by 20.202.			_		1
Enter the amount from line 1 of Part 3.	CPP pensionable earnings (maximum	n \$55,300)			1
Enter the amount from line 4 of Part 3.	Basic exemption (maximu		-	_	1
Line 11 minus line 12 (if negative, enter "0")	(maximum		_	=	1
Enter the amount from line 10.	,	. , ,	_	_	1
Line 13 minus line 14 (if negative, enter "0")			-	=	1
Enter the amount from line 4 or line 15, whichever is less.					1 1
If the amount on line 2 of Part 3 is less than the amount on line 4 Otherwise, enter "0" on line 19 and continue on line 20.	4 of Part 3, complete lines 17 to 19.		-		<u> </u>
Line 4 of Part 3 minus line 2 of Part 3			17		
Line 4 minus line 13 (if negative, enter "0")	-		18		
Line 17 minus line 18 (if negative, enter "0")	=		- ▶	_	1
Earnings subject to contributions: line 16 minus line 19 (if negative	ve, enter "0")	1	-	=	2
Multiply the amount from line 20 by 9.9%.	,		-	-	
Multiply the amount from line 8 of Part 3 (if positive only) by 2.			-	_	2
CPP contributions payable on self-employment and other each Line 21 minus line 22 (if negative, enter "0"). Enter this amount of			-	=	2
Deduction and tax credit for CPP contributions on self-empl	loyment and other earnings:				
Multiply the amount from line 23 by 50%.	-				2
Enter the amount from line 24 on line 222 of your return and on I * Self-employment earnings should be prorated according to the earnings if the individual died in 2017).		not prorate	e the	e self-employme	ent
earnings if the individual died in 2017). ** If the result on line 23 is negative, you may have an overpayr	ment. If so, we will calculate it for you.				

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T1-2017 **Donations and Gifts** Schedule 9

For more information, see line 349 in the guide and Pamphlet P113, Gifts and Income Tax.

Attach a copy of this schedule to your return.

Eligible amount of charitable donations

Include at lines 1 to 4 all the eligible amounts of your donations made in 2017 plus donations made in any of the previous five years that have not been claimed before. Remember, you may have charitable donations shown on your T4 and T4A slips.

not been claimed before. Nemenber, you may have character	aonanono or	iomi on your		, . opo.				
Donations made to registered charities, registered Canadian and registered Canadian low-cost housing corporations for the		ic associatior	ns,			4,400	00	1
Donations made to government bodies (government of Canada		or territory a	registe	red municipality		7,700	00	. •
in Canada, or a registered municipal or public body performing					329+			2
Donations made to registered universities outside Canada that		-		,	333+			3
Donations made to the United Nations, its agencies, and certain	n registered t	foreign charit	able org	anizations	334+			4
Add lines 1 to 4.				ritable donations	; =	4,400	00	5
Donation a limit	•							
Donations limit		275 000/	20.0	750/		004 774	امد	_
Enter your net income from line 236 of your return.		375,699	00 6	x /5% =		281,774	25	. /
If line 5 is less than line 7, enter the amount from line 5 on line Otherwise, complete lines 8 to 12, before continuing on line 13.		nd continue o	on line 1	4.				
Gifts of depreciable property								
(from Chart 2 in Pamphlet P113, Gifts and Income Tax)	337		8					
Gifts of capital property	220		•					
(from Chart 1 in Pamphlet P113, Gifts and Income Tax)	339+		9	050/			l	44
Add lines 8 and 9. Enter the total of lines 7 and 11 or the amount on line 236	=		10	x 25% =	- *			11
of your return, whichever is less .			Tota	al donations limit	t =	281,774	25	12
<u></u>								
Donations and gifts Allowable charitable donations. If you did not complete lines 8 to Otherwise, enter the amount from line 5 or line 12, whichever is Eligible amount of cultural and ecological gifts (see line 349 in the guide)		ne amount fro	om line	5.	340 342+	4,400	00	13 14
Add lines 13 and 14.					=	4,400	00	15
Enter \$200 or the amount from line 15, whichever is less.					<u>-</u>	200	00	16
Line 15 minus line 16.					=	4,200	00	17
If your taxable income is less than \$202,800, enter "0" at line		nue on line 2	28.					
Otherwise, complete lines 18 to 27, before continuing on line 28	3.							
Enter the amount from line 17.		4,200	00 18					
Total of your donations made before 2016 included at lines 5								
and 14, to a maximum of the amount on line 15.	354-		19					
Line 18 minus line 19 (if negative, show it in brackets)	<u>=</u>	4,200 (<u>00</u> 20					
Enter the amount from line 16 or line 19, whichever is less .	<u>+</u> _		21					
Add lines 20 and 21.	=	4,200	<u>00</u> 22					
Enter your taxable income from line 260 of your return.		375,699	00 23					
Income threshold	<u></u>	202,800	<u>00</u> 24					
Line 23 minus line 24 (if negative enter "0")	<u> </u>	172,899 (<u>00</u> 25					
If you did not complete lines 18 to 25, enter "0". Otherwise, enter	er	Ī						
the amount from line 22 or line 25, whichever is less.	<u> </u>	4,200 (<u>26</u>	x 33% =	+	1,386	00	27
If you did not complete lines 18 to 27, enter the amount from	_		00	v 200/ -				20
line 17. Otherwise, enter the result of line 17 minus line 26.	=	200	28	x 29% =	- +		00	29
Enter the amount from line 16.	<u> </u>	200 (<u>30</u>	x 15% =	<u>+</u>	30	00	31

Continue on the next page.

1,416 00 32

5000-S9

Enter the amount from line 16. Add lines 27, 29 and 31.

Enter this amount on line 33 on the next page.

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Donations and Gifts

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Enter the amount from line 32 on the previous page. = 1,416 | 00 33

First-time donor super credit (FDSC)

You will be considered a first-time donor if neither you nor your spouse or common-law partner has claimed and been allowed a charitable donations tax credit for any year after 2007. If you are considered a first-time donor continue at line 34. If you are not a first-time donor enter the amount from line 33 on line 36.

Only gifts of money made after March 20, 2013, to a maximum of \$1,000, are eligible for the FDSC.

Note: If you have a spouse or common-law partner, you can share the claim for the FDSC, but the total combined donations claimed cannot be more than \$1,000.

Enter the amount of gifts of money *
made after March 20, 2013 (Maximum \$1,000) 343 = 34 x 25% = + 35

If you did not complete lines 34 and 35, enter the amount from line 33.

Otherwise, add lines 33 and 35.

Enter this amount on line 349 of Schedule 1.

Donations and gifts = 1,416 00 36

^{*} The amount claimed on line 343 must also be claimed on line 340 by you or your spouse or common-law partner. If the donations are shared, the combined amount on line 343 for you and your spouse or common-law partner cannot be more than the combined amount claimed on line 340 by both of you.

Donations

Charitable donations

Charitable donations details

	Name of organization	Amount paid
MADD		1,000 00
CNIB		3,000 00
Reported on slips	Claim: Own slips	400 00
	Total current year donations	4,400 00

Donations to U.S. organizations

Name of organization	Amount paid
Total current year donations	<nil></nil>

Other gifts

Donations made to government entities		
Donations made to prescribed universities outside Canada.		
Donations made to the United Nations, its agencies, and	•	
certain charitable organizations outside Canada.		
Donations made to a registered museum or cultural organization.		
Community Food Program Donation (Farmers)		

Charitable donations summary

	U.S.	Canadian	Total
Total current year donations		4,400 00	
Other gifts			
Unclaimed donations from 2013 - 2016		<u> </u>	
Unclaimed donations from 2012	<u>+</u>	+	
Total charitable donations	A <u>=</u>	= 4,400 00	4,400 00
Net income	В	375,699 00	
75% of line B	C =	= 281,774 25	
Gifts of depreciable property	D	<u> </u>	
Taxable capital gains minus capital gains			
deduction on gifts of capital property	E <u>+</u>	+	
Add lines D and E	F <u>=</u>	<u> </u>	
25% of line F	G +	+	
Add lines C and G	H <u>=</u>	= 281,774 25	
Allowable U.S. donations	I	<u>- </u>	
Total donations limit	J <u>=</u>	= 281,774 25	281,774 25
Allowable charitable donations		4,400 00	4,400 00
(least of lines A, J or amount required to reduce federal tax to zero)			
Charitable donations available for carryforward			

Charitable donation carryforward - Canadian

Beginning balance		Claimed in 2017		Ending balance
			Beginning balance Claimed in 2017	•

Donations

Charitable donations

Cultural and ecological gifts (pre-February 11, 2014) carryforward

Year	Beginning balance	Claimed in 2017	Ending balance	
2012				
2013				
2014				
2015				
2016				
2017				
Totals				

Ecological gifts (post-February 10, 2014) carryforward

Year	Beginning balance	Claimed in 2017	Ending balance
2007			
2008			
2009			
2010			
2011			
2012			
2013			
2014			
2015			
2016			
2017			
Totals			

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Ontario Tax
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Onumber of the content of the

Complete this form, and attach a copy to your return. For more information, see the related line in the forms book.

Step 1 – Ontario non-refundable tax credits

	For internal use only	5605		
Basic personal amount	claim \$10,171		10,171 00 1	
-				
Age amount (if born in 1952 or earlier) (use the <i>Provincial Worksheet</i>) (maximum \$4,966)	5808	2	
Spouse or common-law partner amount Base amount 9,500 00				
Minus: their net income				
from page 1 of your return 6,520 00				
	(maximum 60 020) N	E040	2,980 00 3	
Result: (if negative, enter "0") 2,980 00 Amount for an eligible dependant	(maximum \$8,636) ▶	5612	2,900 00 3	
Base amount 9,500 00				
Minus: his or her net income				
from line 236 of his or her return				
Result: (if negative, enter "0")	(maximum \$8,636) >	5816	4	
Ontario caregiver amount (use the Provincial Worksheet)		5819	4,794 00 5	
CPP and QPP contributions:				
(amount from line 308 of your federal Schedule 1)		5824	2,564 10 • 6	
(amount from line 310 of your federal Schedule 1)		5828	● 7	
Employment Insurance premiums:				
(amount from line 312 of your federal Schedule 1)		5832	836 19 • 8	
(amount from line 317 of your federal Schedule 1)		5829	● 9	
Adoption expenses	(maximum \$12,409)	5833	10	
Pension income amount	(maximum \$1,406)	5836	11	
Disability amount (for self)				
(Claim \$8,217 or, if you were under 18 years of age, use the Prov		5844	12	
Disability amount transferred from a dependant (use the Provincial V	Vorksheet)	5848	12,317 00 13	
Interest paid on your student loans (amount from line 319 of your	federal Schedule 1)	5852	14	
Your tuition and education amounts (use and attach Schedule ON(S1	1))	5856	15	
Tuition and education amounts transferred from a child		5860	7,033 00 16	
Amounts transferred from your spouse or common-law partner				
(use and attach Schedule ON(S2))		5864	4,966 00 17	
Medical expenses:				
(Read line 5868 in the forms book.)	5868 31,862 54	<u>4</u> 18		
Enter \$2,302 or 3% of line 236 of your return,	0.000			
whichever is less.	2,302 00			
Line 18 minus line 19 (if negative, enter "0")	29,560 54	<u>4</u> 20		
Allowable amount of medical expenses for other dependants	7 706 00	24		
(use the Provincial Worksheet)	5872 7,786 00	_	07.040 54.00	
Add lines 20 and 21.	5876 37,346 54		37,346 54 22	
Add lines 1 to 17, and line 22.		5880	83,007 83	83,007 83 23
Ontario non-refundable tax credit rate				x 5.05 % 24
Multiply line 23 by line 24.			5884	4,191 90 25
Donations and gifts:				
Amount from line 16 of your federal Schedule 9 200 0	0 x 5.05 % =		10 10 26	
Amount from line 17 of your federal Schedule 9 4,200 0			468 72 27	
Add lines 26 and 27.		5896	478 82	478 82 28
Add lines 25 and 28.		13000		5 52 20
Enter this amount on line 41.	Ontario non-re	efundab	le tax credits 6150	4,670 72 29
				ue on the next page.

Step 2 - Ontario tax on taxable income

If this amount is more than \$20,000, yo	ou must complete	Step	7 – Ontario	hea	Ith premium			375,699 00	_ 30
Complete the appropriate column depending on the amount on line 30.	Line 30 is \$42,201 dess	or \$4	ine 30 is more th 42,201 but not m nan \$84,404		Line 30 is more than \$84,404 but not more than \$150,000	Line 30 is more tha \$150,000 but not more than \$220,00		Line 30 is more than \$220,000	
Enter the amount from line 30.								375,699 00	
			42,201	00	84,404 00	150,000	00	220,000 00	32
Line 31 minus line 32 (cannot be negative)	0 0	n						155,699 00	33
(carriot be negative)	x 5.05		x 9.15	· %	x 11.16 %	x 12.16	%		_
Multiply line 33 by line 34.	X 3.03	/0 _	X 5.10	, 70 	X 11.10 /	7 12.10	_ ′0	20,489 99	
Add lines 35 and 36.	0.0	00	2,131	00	5,993 00	13,313	00	21,825 00	_
Ontario tax on		ŤГ	2,101		3,000 00	1	$\ddot{\Box}$	21,020 00	٦
taxable income								42,314 99	37
Step 3 – Ontario tax									
Enter your Ontario tax on taxable inco	me from line 37.							42,314 99	38
Enter your Ontario tax on split income	from Form T1206.					6	3151		• 3
Add lines 38 and 39.								42,314 99	40
Enter your Ontario non-refundable tax	credite from line 2	۵						4,670 72	11
Line 40 minus line 41 (if negative, ente		J.						37,644 27	
Ontario minimum tax carryover: Enter the amount from line 42.						37,644 27	43		
Enter the amount from line 42.						37,644 27	43		
Enter your Ontario dividend tax credit		ne Pi	rovincial Wor	kshe	et		44		
Line 43 minus line 44 (if negative, ente	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					37,644 27	45		
Amount from line 427 of your federal S	Schedule 1		l x	33	3.67 % =		46		
Enter the amount from line 45 or 46, w	hichovor is loss					ا	- 3154	l I	• 4
Line 42 minus line 47 (if negative, enter							7104	37,644 27	48
Ontario surtax									
Enter the amount from line 48.						37,644 27	49		
Enter the amount from line 39.						31,011	50		
Line 49 minus line 50 (if negative, ente	er "0")					37,644 27	51		
Complete lines 52 to 54 only if the amo	ount at line 51 is m					,	-		
Otherwise, enter "0" on line 54 and co	ntinue completing	the fo	orm.						
(Line 51 37,644 27 minus	4,556 00) x	20.	00 % (if neg	ativ	e, enter "0")	6,617 65	52		
(Line 51 37,644 27 minus	5,831 00) x		00 % (if neg			11,452 78	53		
Add lines 52 and 53.	<u> </u>					18,070 43	•	18,070 43	54
Add lines 48 and 54.							_	55,714 70	5
Ontario dividend tax credit:									
Enter your Ontario dividend tax credi	t from line 6152 of	the I	Provincial Wo	rkst	eet.	6	3152]	• 5
Line 55 minus line 56 (if negative, ente						<u> </u>		55,714 70	_
Ontario additional tax for minimum	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								_
If you entered an amount other than "0		m Te	391, enter yo	ır O	ntario additional ta	x for		1	
								1	_
minimum tax purposes from line 58 of	the <i>Provincial Wor</i>	kshe	eet.						_ 5

Continue on the next page.

Add lines 72 and 73.

Enter the result on line 428 of your return.

Protected B when completed

55,714 70 60 Enter the amount from line 59 in the previous page. If you are not claiming an Ontario tax reduction, there is an amount on line 58, or the amount on line 60 is "0", enter the amount from line 60 on line 68 and continue completing the form. Otherwise, complete lines 61 to 67 to calculate the Ontario tax reduction. Step 4 - Ontario tax reduction 235 00 61 Basic reduction If you had a spouse or common-law partner on December 31, 2017, only the individual with the higher net income can claim the amounts on lines 62 and 63. Reduction for dependent children born in 1999 or later Number of dependent children 6269 434 00 434 00 62 Reduction for dependants with a mental or physical impairment 434 00 Number of dependants 6097 2 x 868 00 63 Add lines 61, 62, and 63. 1,537 00 64 $1,537 | 00 \times 2 =$ Enter the amount from line 64. 3,074 00 65 55,714 70 66 Enter the amount from line 60. Line 65 minus line 66 (if negative, enter "0") Ontario tax reduction claimed Line 60 minus line 67 (if negative, enter "0") 55,714 Step 5 - Ontario foreign tax credit Enter the Ontario foreign tax credit from Form T2036. Line 68 minus line 69 (if negative, enter "0") 55,714 Step 6 - Community food program donation tax credit for farmers Enter the amount of qualifying donations that 6098 have also been claimed as charitable donations 25.00 % = Line 70 minus line 71 (if negative, enter "0") 55.714 Step 7 – Ontario Health Premium If your taxable income (from line 30) is not more than \$20,000, enter "0". Ontario 900 00 73 Otherwise, enter the amount calculated in the chart on the next page. **Health Premium**

Continue on the next page.

Ontario tax

56.614

Protected B when completed

Ontai	rio Health Premium	
Enter your taxable income from line 30.		375,699 00 1
Go to the line that corresponds to your taxable income. If there is an Ontario Health Premium amount on that line, e Otherwise, enter your taxable income in the first box, comp		
Taxable Income		Ontario Health Premium
not more than \$20,000		\$0
more than \$20,000 , but not more than \$25,000	- \$20,000 =	x 6% =
more than \$25,000 , but not more than \$36,000		\$300
more than \$36,000 , but not more than \$38,500	- \$36,000 = x 6% =	+ \$300 =
more than \$38,500, but not more than \$48,000		\$450
more than \$48,000 , but not more than \$48,600	- \$48,000 = x 25% =	+ \$450 =
more than \$48,600 , but not more than \$72,000		\$600
more than \$72,000 , but not more than \$72,600	- \$72,000 = x 25% =	+ \$600 =
more than \$72,600 , but not more than \$200,000		\$750
more than \$200,000 , but not more than \$200,600	- \$200,000 = x 25% =	+ \$750 =
more than \$200 600		\$900

See the privacy notice on your return.

Protected B when completed



Provincial Amounts Transferred From Your Spouse or Common-Law Partner

Schedule ON(S2) T1 General - 2017

Complete this schedule to **claim** a transfer of the unused part of your spouse's or common-law partner's provincial amounts shown below. **Attach a copy of this schedule to your return**.

If your spouse or common-law partner is filing a return, use the amounts that he or she entered on Form ON428.

If your spouse or common-law partner is not filing a return, use the amounts that he or she would enter on Form ON428 if he or she were filing a return. Attach his or her information slips, but do not attach the return or schedules.

If, at the end of the year, your spouse or common-law partner was not a resident of Ontario, special rules may apply. For more information, contact the Canada Revenue Agency.

<u> </u>					
Age amount (If your spouse or common-law partner was 65 years of age	or older in 2017):				
If his or her net income is \$36,969 or less, enter \$4,966.					
Otherwise, enter the amount from line 5808 of his or her Form ON428.		5902	4,966	00	1
Pension income amount:					
Enter the amount from line 5836 of his or her Form ON428.	(maximum \$1,406)	5905			2
Disability amount:					
Enter the amount from line 5844 of his or her Form ON428.		5907			3
Tuition and education amounts: Enter the provincial amount designated	to you as shown on his or her				
Form T2202A, TL11A, TL11B, or TL11C.		5909			4
Add lines 1 to 4.			4,966	00	5
Spouse's or common-law partner's taxable income:					
Enter the amount from line 260 of his or her return if it is \$42,201 or less. I	f the taxable				
income is more than \$42,201, enter instead the result of the following calc	ulation: amount				
from line 38 of his or her Form ON428 divided by 5.05 %.	6,520 00	6			
Enter the total of lines 5804, 5824, 5828, 5832, 5829, 5833		-			
of his or her Form ON428 plus line 13 of his or her ON(S11).	10,171 00	7			
His or her adjusted taxable income:					
Line 6 minus line 7 (if negative, enter "0")	5912)			8
Line 5 minus line 8 (if negative, enter "0")	rovincial amounts transferred from	1			
Enter this amount on line 5864 of your Form ON428.	our spouse or common-law partner	•	4,966	00	9



Canada Revenue Agency

Agence du revenu du Canada

STATEMENT OF EMPLOYMENT EXPENSES

Guide T4044, Employment Expenses, has information to help you complete this statement. The chapters we refer to below are chapters in the guide. Include a copy of this form with your return.

Expenses				
Accounting and legal fees		8862		
Advertising and promotion		8520		
Allowable motor vehicle expenses (from line 16 below)		9281		1
Food, beverages, and entertainment expenses (see Chapter 2 or 3, as applicable)	x 50% =	8523		
Lodging	_	9200		
Parking		8910		
Supplies (for example, postage, stationery, other office supplies)		8810		
Other expenses (please specify)		9270		
Tradesperson's tools expenses, up to a maximum of \$500 (see Chapter 7)		1770		
Apprentice mechanic tools expenses (see Chapter 7)		9131		
Musical instrument expenses (see "Part 2" in Chapter 6)		1776		
Capital cost allowance for musical instruments (see "Part A" on this form)		1777		
Artists' employment expenses (see "Part 1" in Chapter 6)		9973		
	Subtota	ıl		
Add work-space-in-the-home expenses (enter the lower amount of line 24 or 25 below)		9945	2,301	00
Total expenses (enter this amount on line 229 of your return)		9368	2,301	00

Calculation of allowable motor vehicle expenses			
Enter the make, model and year of motor vehicle used to earn employment income			
Enter the kilometres you drove in the tax year to earn employment income			3
Enter the total kilometres you drove in the tax year			4
Enter the motor vehicle expenses you paid for:			
Fuel (gasoline, propane, oil)	5		
Maintenance and repairs	6		
Insurance	7		
Licence and registration	8		
Capital cost allowance	9		
Interest (see "Interest expense" in Chapter 8)	10		
Leasing (see "Leasing costs" in Chapter 8)	11		
Other expenses (please specify)	12		
Add lines 5 to 12	13		
Employment-use portion Enter the total of all rebates, motor vehicle allowances, and reimbursements for motor vehicle expenses you received that are not included in income. Do not include any	•	14	
repayments you used to calculate your leasing costs on line 11.			
(see "Allowable Motor Vehicle Expenses" in Chapters 2 and 3)		15	
Allowable motor vehicle expenses (line 14 minus line 15)		16	
Enter the amount from line 16 on line 1 in the "Expenses" area above.			

STATEMENT OF EMPLOYMENT EXPENSES

—— Calculation of work-space-in-the	e-home expenses —						
Electricity, heat, and water	<u>-</u>		3,200	00	17		
Maintenance			3,800	00	18		
Insurance (commission employees only)			4,000	00	19		
Property taxes (commission employees only)			6,700	00	20		
Other expenses (please specify)					21		
Add lines 17 to 21	Subtotal	_	17,700	00	22		
Subtract personal-use portion			15,399	00	23		
	Subtotal		2,301	00	_		
Add amount carried forward from previous year					_		
	Subtotal		2,301	00	•	2,301 00	_ 24
Enter your employment income		378,000 00					
Subtract the amount from line 2 above as well a	s any amount from	<u> </u>					
line 207 and line 212 of your return that relates to	o this income.						
Subtotal (if negative, enter "0")	_	378,000 00 =	378,000	00)	378,000 00	25
Work-space-in-the-home expenses available to	use in future years (line 24 m	inus line 25; if negati	ve, enter "0")				_

CAPITAL COST ALLOWANCE (DEPRECIATION) SCHEDULE FOR EMPLOYEES

• For information to help you complete this schedule, see the section called "How to calculate capital cost allowance" in Chapter 9 of guide T4044, *Employment Expenses*.

-	Part	Α	-	C	lasses	8	and	10)	
---	------	---	---	---	--------	---	-----	----	---	--

-				-						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Class	Undepreciated	Cost of	Proceeds of	Undepreciated	Adjustments for	Base amount for	Rate %	Capital cost	Undepreciated
	no.*	capital cost at	acquisitions	disposition	capital cost after the	current-year	capital cost		allowance	capital cost at
		the beginning of	during the year	during the year	acquisitions and	acquisitions (1/2 x	allowance claim		(CCA) for the	the end of the
		the year**	,		dispositions (col. 2 +	(col. 3 - 4)) (if	(col. 5 - 6)		year (col. 7 x 8,	year (col. 5 - 9)
					3 - 4)	negative, enter "0")			or a lesser	
					·				amount)	
Ī	8					_		20 %		
F	10							30 %		
	10							JU /0		

^{*} Class 8 includes musical instruments. Class 10 includes all vehicles that meet the definition of a motor vehicle, except for a passenger vehicle included in Class 10.1 (see "Part B" below).

^{**} This amount must be reduced by the portion of any goods and services tax/harmonized sales tax (GST/HST) rebate received in the year that relates to CCA on the vehicle or musical instrument.

STATEMENT OF EMPLOYMENT EXPENSES

Part B - Class 10.1 -

- For details about the Class 10.1 limits, see Chapter 9 of guide T4044, Employment Expenses.
- List each passenger vehicle on a separate line.

		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Date acquired	Cost of vehicle	Class	Undepreciated	Cost of	Proceeds of	Base amount for	Rate	Capital cost	Undepreciated
· ·		no.	capital cost at the	acquisitions	disposition during	capital cost	%	allowance (CCA)	capital cost at the
			beginning of the	during the year	the year	allowance claim**		for the year (col.5	end of the year
			year*	0 ,	1			x 6, or a lesser	(col. 2 - 7, or col.
			,					amount)	3 - 7)***
		10.1					30 %		
		10.1					30 %		
		10.1					30 %		
	•	•			•		Total		

- * This amount must be reduced by the portion of any GST/HST rebate received in the year that relates to CCA on the vehicle.
- ** a. Enter the amount from column 2 in column 5 if you owned the vehicle in the previous year and still owned it at the end of the current year.
 - b. Enter 1/2 of the amount from column 3 in column 5 if you bought the vehicle in the current year and still owned it at the end of the current year.
 - c. Enter 1/2 of the amount from column 2 in column 5 if you sold the vehicle in the current year and you owned the vehicle at the end of the previous year.
 - d. If you bought and sold a Class 10.1 vehicle in the current year, enter "0" in column 5 for that vehicle.
- *** Enter "0" in column 8 for the year you sold or traded a Class 10.1 vehicle, since the recapture and terminal loss rules do not apply.

Medical

Medical expenses

Medical expenses - line 330

Period covered by claim: from 2017-01-01 to 2017-12-31

Payment date	Name of patient	Payment made to	Description of expense	* Subject to limitation?	Amount		Claim
2017-12-31	George-Chapter 4 Proble	Johnson Inc.	Out of Canada ins	No	731	30	731 3
2017-08-31	George-Chapter 4 Proble	Dr. Smith	Dental services	No	155	40	155 4
2017-09-19	George-Chapter 4 Proble	Optician	Prescription glass	No	109	00	109 0
2017-11-07	Valerie Pharmacy	Pharmacy	Prescription	No	66	84	66 8
2017-12-31	Kevin Pharmacy	Various	Seeing eye dog co	No	800	00	800 0
2017-10-01	Kevin Pharmacy	Dr. Takarabe	Orthodontics and	No	30,000	00	30,000 0
				No			
				Medical e	expenses subt	otal	31,862 5

Are you claiming medical expenses? Yes

	Taxpayer	Spouse	
Premiums paid to private health service plans			
Employee/Recipient-paid premiums for private health services plan			
Québec prescription Drug Insurance Plan - 2016			
Nova Scotia Seniors' Pharmacare Program			
Total medical expenses - line 330			31,862 5

Medical

Medical expenses

Allowable amount of medical expenses for other dependants - line 331

Payment date Payment made to Description of expense Imitation	Net income	е	500 00
		Cla	im
2017-06-07 Dr. Wong Psychiatric counsellin No	2,050	00 2	050 00
No			
To To	otal medical expen	nses 2	050 00
Are you claiming medical expenses for this dependant? Yes			
Minus: 3% of line 236 of Joan Drugstore's return (maximum \$2,268)			15 0
Allowable amount of medical expenses		2	,035 0
Name of other dependant Martin Pharmacy	Net income	e 8	300 0
Payment date Payment made to Description of expense * Subject limitation*		Cla	im
2017-12-20 Dr. Walker Group therapy No	6,000	00 6	000 0
No			
То	otal medical expen	nses 6	000 0
			040 0
Minus: 3% of line 236 of Martin Pharmacy's return (maximum \$2,268)			
		5	
Minus: 3% of line 236 of Martin Pharmacy's return (maximum \$2,268) Allowable amount of medical expenses	Net income	=	
Allowable amount of medical expenses Name of other dependant Payment date Payment made to Description of expense * Subject limitation*	to Amount	=	249 0 ,751 0
Minus: 3% of line 236 of Martin Pharmacy's return (maximum \$2,268) Allowable amount of medical expenses Name of other dependant Payment date Payment made to Description of expense Imitation' No	to Amount	e Cla	,751 0
Minus : 3% of line 236 of Martin Pharmacy's return (maximum \$2,268) Allowable amount of medical expenses Name of other dependant Payment date Payment made to Description of expense Imitation' No	to Amount	e Cla	,751 0
Minus : 3% of line 236 of Martin Pharmacy's return (maximum \$2,268) Allowable amount of medical expenses Name of other dependant Payment date Payment made to Description of expense Imitation' No To	to Amount	e Cla	,751 0
Minus: 3% of line 236 of Martin Pharmacy's return (maximum \$2,268) Allowable amount of medical expenses Name of other dependant Payment date Payment made to Description of expense Imitation' No To	to Amount	e Cla	,751 0
Minus: 3% of line 236 of Martin Pharmacy's return (maximum \$2,268) Allowable amount of medical expenses Name of other dependant Payment date Payment made to Description of expense Subject Ilimitation' No To Are you claiming medical expenses for this dependant? Yes	to Amount	e Cla	,751 0
Minus: 3% of line 236 of Martin Pharmacy's return (maximum \$2,268) Allowable amount of medical expenses Name of other dependant Payment date Payment made to Description of expense * Subject limitation' No To Are you claiming medical expenses for this dependant? Yes Minus: 3% of line 236 of 's return (maximum \$2,268)	to Amount	e Cla	,751 0
Minus: 3% of line 236 of Martin Pharmacy's return (maximum \$2,268) Allowable amount of medical expenses Name of other dependant Payment date Payment made to Description of expense * Subject limitation' No To Are you claiming medical expenses for this dependant? Yes Minus: 3% of line 236 of 's return (maximum \$2,268)	to Amount	e Cla	,751 0
Minus: 3% of line 236 of Martin Pharmacy's return (maximum \$2,268) Allowable amount of medical expenses Name of other dependant Payment date Payment made to Description of expense * Subject limitation* No To Are you claiming medical expenses for this dependant? Yes Minus: 3% of line 236 of 's return (maximum \$2,268) Allowable amount of medical expenses	to Amount	e Cla	,751 0

* Limitation:

Subtotal

(1) Yes - Attendant care/Nursing Home (not claiming disability);

Plus medical expenses for other dependants

Allowable amount of medical expenses

- (2) Yes Attendant care/Nursing Home (and claiming disability);
- (3) Yes Van adapted for transportation of patient requiring use of a wheelchair;
- (4) Yes- Moving expenses for a patient's move to a more accessible dwelling

29,594 54

37,380 54

37,380 54

331

332

Total medical expenses

Client: Pharmacy, George-Chapter 4 Problem SIN: 527 000 509 Printed: 2018/01/24 07:57 COMPLETE Solutions OtherCredits

Other credits

Volunteer firefighters' amount – line 362		
Do you wish to claim this credit?	Yes	X No
Volunteer firefighters' amount		_
Public transit passes amount (only claim amounts from .	January 1 to June 30, 201	7) - line 364
Amounts for public transit passes from your T4 slips		1
Amounts for public transit passes from your spouse or common law partner	er's T4 slips	2
Amounts for public transit passes not included on your or your spouse or common-law partner's T4		
$\underline{\text{Amounts for public transit passes from your dependant children (under agents)}}$	e 19)	4
Total of lines 1, 2, 3 and 4		5
Amount claimed by your spouse or common-law partner	%	6
Enter this amount on line 364 of Schedule 1		
Home buyers' amount - line 369		
Do you qualify for the home buyers' amount?	Yes	X No
Home buyers' credit		
Amount claimed by another individual		
Home buyers' amount		
Search and rescue volunteers' amount – line 395		
Do you wish to claim this credit?	Yes	X No
Search and rescue volunteers' amount		
Total income tax deducted - line 437		
⁻ 4 slips		114,000 00
T4A slips		
T4A (OAS) slip		
T4A (P) slip		
T4A (RCA) slip		
T4E slip		
FARIF slips		
FRANCE Slips		
CARROLLING D. Donning Transferre		
1032 line P - Pension Transferee		
Québec tax deducted (if not filing Québec return)		
Subtotal		114,000 00
.ess: T1032 line P - Pensioner		
Fotal Cotal		114,000 00

Client: Pharmacy, George-Chapter 4 Problem SIN: 527 000 509 Printed: 2018/01/24 07:57 COMPLETE Solutions

OtherDeduct

Other deductions

Other employment expenses - line 229

Legal expenses to obtain/collect salary or wages	
Repayments of worker's compensation benefits	
Employment expenses for forestry workers	
Employment expenses reported on Form T777	2,301 00
Meals and lodging expenses reported on Form TL2	
T4PS Box 36 - forfeited amounts	
Reimbursement of salaries, wages or wage loss insurance benefits	
RC359 Line 7 - Excess EPSP	
<u>Total</u>	2,301 00

Dependant

Dependant information

	Depend	ant #1	Donon	dant #2	Dependa	nt #2
Casial Insurance Number	<u>-</u>	aiil # i	Depen	uani #2		III #3
Social Insurance Number	527 000 517		loon		527 000 533	
First name	Kevin		Joan		Martin	
Last name	Pharmacy		Drugstore		Pharmacy	
Relationship	Son		Mother	=	Brother	
Birthdate	2001-10-17		1932-02-24	٦	1970-06-02	
Net income			500.00		8,300.00	
Claim as eligible dependant?	No		No		No	
Dependant claiming GST credit?	No		No		No	
Dependant claiming PST	No		No		No	
credit (ON, MB)?				_		
Did dependant live with you in 2017?			Yes		Yes	
Street address	123 ZZZ Street		123 ZZZ Stree	t	123 ZZZ Street	
P.O. Box, R.R.						
Apt No.						
City	London		London		London	
Province	Ontario		Ontario		Ontario	
Postal code	N0Z 0Z0		N0Z 0Z0		N0Z 0Z0	
Province of residence on 2017/12/31	Ontario		Ontario		Ontario	
Disability/infirmity						
Qualify for disability amount?	Yes		No		No	
Mentally or physically infirm?	Yes		Yes		No	
If yes, state nature of infirmity	blind			_		
Caregiver amount for infirm (S1 307)	No		Yes	No		
Claim on Schedule 5			6,883.00			
Caregiver			, , , , , ,			
% Claim on Schedule 5?						
Claim on Schedule 5			J			
Disability supplement (under age 1	8)			1		
Maximum supplement A	1 7					
Child / attendant care expenses	3,500.00]		
claimed for dependant by anyone	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
Base amount	2,772.00					
Supplement reduction B	728.00					
Disability supplement (A-B)	4,005.00					
Children's fitness amount	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1	ı	ı ı	
Eligible fitness expenses				_		
Percentage claim		100.00	II.			
Children's arts amount	_	100.00	-			
Eligible children's art expenses						
Percentage claim	_	100.00	J			
		100.00				
Transfers from dependants Tuition fees (T2202 and TL11)	2 000 00			=		
,	3,600.00					
Education - # months part time				4		
Education - # months full time	8			_		
Unused tuition/education from 2016			=00.00	4	0.000.00	
Net income			500.00	4	8,300.00	
Deductions from net income				_		
Non-refundable amounts						
(lines 3 to 15 of Schedule 1)						
Provincial transfers from dependar Unused tuition/education from 2016	nts			_		
Non-refundable amounts (lines 5812 to 5845)						

Client Pharmacy George-Chapter 4 Problem SN: 527 DN: 509 Printed 2018/01/22 07:57 COMPLETE Solutions

Client: Pharmacy, George-Chapter 4 Problem	1N: 527 000 509 Printed: 2018/01/24 07:	THE COMPLETE Solut	
Casial Inguirance Number	Dependant #4	Dependant #5	Dependant #6
Social Insurance Number			
First name			
Last name	21/2		
Relationship	N/A	N/A	N/A
Birthdate			
Net income			
Claim as eligible dependant?	No	No	No
Dependant claiming GST credit?	No	No	No
Dependant claiming PST	No	No	No
credit (ON, MB)?	NI -	NI -	NI-
Did dependant live with you in 2017?	NO	No	No
Street address			
P.O. Box, R.R.			
Apt No.			
City			
Province			
Postal code		1	
Province of residence on 2017/12/31	NA	NA	NA
Disability/infirmity		<u> </u>	
Qualify for disability amount?	No	No	No
Mentally or physically infirm?	No	No	No
If yes, state nature of infirmity			
Caregiver amount for infirm (S1 307)	No	No No	
Claim on Schedule 5			
Caregiver			
% Claim on Schedule 5?			
Claim on Schedule 5			
Disability supplement (under age 1			
Maximum supplement A			
Child / attendant care expenses			
claimed for dependant by anyone			
Base amount Supplement reduction B			
Disability supplement (A-B)			
Children's fitness amount	T		
Eligible fitness expenses	<u> </u>		
Percentage claim			
Children's arts amount			
Eligible children's art expenses			
Percentage claim	_		
Transfers from dependants			
Tuition fees (T2202 and TL11)			
Education - # months part time			
Education - # months full time			
Unused tuition/education from 2016			
Net income			
Deductions from net income			
Non-refundable amounts			
(lines 3 to 15 of Schedule 1)			
Provincial transfers from dependar	nts		
Unused tuition/education from 2016			
Non-refundable amounts			
(lines 5812 to 5845)			

Client: Pharmacy, George-Chapter 4 Problem SIN: 527 000 509 Printed: 2018/01/24 07:57 COMPLETE Solutions

Child care expense details

(Please use the drop down list to select the first name of an eligible child)

Child first name	Organization or name	SIN	# weeks*	Amount	Claim	
Kevin	Nannies On Call			3,500.00	3,500.00	
			Total	3,500.00	3,500.00	

^{*}Enter the # of weeks spent at boarding school, overnight sports school or overnight camp.

Transfer from dependants

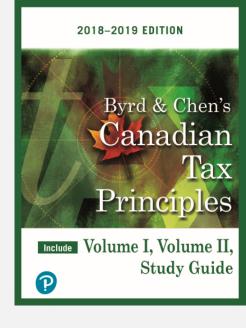
Disability transfer	from dependant					
SIN		527 000 517		Disability amount	Α	12,118.00
First name	Kevin	_		Taxable income		0.00
Last name	Pharmacy			Basic personal amount		11,635.00
Birthdate		2001-10-17		Age amount		
Maximum available	e for transfer (A-B)		12,118.00	Other amounts - lines 3 to 20		
Disability transfer			12,118.00	of Schedule 1		
				Adjusted taxable income	B _	0.00

SIN		527 000 517		Tuition and education amount	Α_	3,600.00
First name	Kevin			Taxable income		0.00
Last name	Pharmacy			Basic personal amount		11,635.00
Birthdate		2001-10-17		Age amount		
Maximum available for transfer (A-B)			3,600.00	Other amounts - lines 3 to 21		
uition and education transfer			3,600.00	of Schedule 1		12,118.00
				Unused tuition and education from 2016		
				Adjusted taxable income	В	0.00

Summary

2017 Tax Summary (Federal)

George-Chapter 4 Problem			George-Chapter 4 Problem			
Total income	ge-C	napter 4 Froblem	Non-refundable tax credits	ge-c	napter 4 Froblem	
Employment *	101	378,000	Basic personal amount	300	11,635	
Old Age Security	113		Age amount	301		
CPP/QPP benefits	114		Spouse / eligible dependant *	303	5,115	
Other pensions	115		Family caregiver amount	367	2,150	_
Split-pension amount	116		Infirm/caregiver *	304	6,883	
Universal Child Care Benefit	117		CPP/QPP/PPIP/EI *	308	3,400	_
Employment Insurance	119		Volunteer firefighters' amount*	362		_
Taxable dividends	120		Canada employment amount	363	1,178	
Interest	121		Public transit passes amount	364		
Limited partnership	122		Home accessibility expenses	398		
RDSP	125		Home buyers' amount *	369		
Rental	126		Adoption expenses	313		
Taxable capital gains	127		Pension income amount	314		
Support payments	128		Disability amount	316		
RRSP	129		Transfers *	318	22,943	
Other	130		Interest on student loans	319		
Self-employment *	135		Tuition / education	323		
Workers' compensation and			Medical expenses	332	37,381	
social assistance	147	270.000	Credit at 15%	338	13,603	
Total income	150	378,000	Donations and gifts	349	1,416	
Not in a cons			Non-refundable tax credits	350	15,019	
Net income RPP	207		Total payable		104000	
RRSP *	208		Federal tax	404	104,022	
Split-Pension Deduction	210		Non-refundable tax credits	350	15,019	
Union and professional dues	212		Dividend tax credit	425		
UCCB repayment	213		Min. tax carry-over/other *	426		
Child care expenses	214		Basic federal tax	429	89,003	
Disability supports deduction	215		Non resident surtax	ا ـ ـ ـ ا	-	
Business investment loss	217		Foreign tax credits / other	405		
Moving expenses	219		Federal tax	_	89,003	
Support payments	220		Political/inv. tax credit/other * Labour-sponsored tax credit	410 414		
	221		Alternative minimum tax	417		
CPP/QPP/PIPP *	222		WITB Prepayment (RC210)	415		
Exploration and development	224		Special Taxes	418		
Employment expenses	229	2,301	Net federal tax		89,003	
Social benefits repayment	235		——————————————————————————————————————	421	09,000	
Other deductions *	231		El self-employment	430		
Net income	236	375,699	Social benefits repayment	422	·-	
			Provincial/territorial tax	428	56,615	
Taxable income	044		Total payable	1		
Canadian Forces personnel	244		Total credits	.00	110,010	
Home relocation loan	248		Income tax deducted *	437	114,000	
Security options deductions	249		QC or YT abatement *	440		
Other payments deduction	250		CPP/EI overpayment *	448		
Losses of other years *	251		Medical expense supplement	452		
Capital gains deduction Northern residents	254 255		WITB (Schedule 6)	453		
Additional deductions	256		Other credits *	454		
Taxable income		375,699	GST/HST rebate	457		
i axable ilicome	200	<u> </u>	School supply credit	469		
2018 Estimated Geo	rae-C	hapter 4 Problem	Instalments	476		
GST/HST credit	. g		Provincial tax credits	479		
Provincial tax credit			Total credits	482	114,000	
Child Tax Benefit	•		Balance owing (refund)		31,618	
RRSP contribution limit		259,050 00	Combined balance (refund)	;	31,6	
* More than one line is consider	nd.		Johnshied Balance (refulld)			



Chapter 2

PROCEDURES AND ADMINISTRATION

Returns And Payments Individuals (T1)

- Filing The T1
 - When Required
 - Taxes Payable
 - CRA Request To File
 - Capital Gain
 - Disposition Of Capital Property
 - Pension Income Split
 - CPP or EI amounts payable

Filing

Total

• 28.1 Million in 2017

Electronic – NetFile and EFile

• 24.2 Million in 2017

PAPER

• 3.9 Million in 2017

Returns And Payments Individuals (T1)

Filing Date

- April 30 Of Following Year
- June 15 Of Following Year (Business Income)
- 6 Months After Date Of Death (After October, Before May)

• Timing:

- March 15
- June 15
- September 15
- December 15

- When Required ITA 156.1(2)
 - Net Tax Owing(Federal + Provincial Withheld)
 - Instalment Threshold (\$3,000)
 - Instalments required when:
 - Net tax owing > \$3,000
 - In 2018; and
 - In either 2017 or 2016

- Instalment Amounts
 - (Estimate For Current Year) ÷ 4
 - (Actual For Preceding Year) ÷ 4
 - Combination:
 - 1 & 2 (Actual For 2nd Preceding Year) ÷ 4
 - 3 & 4 (Actual For Preceding Year Payments 1 & 2) ÷ 2
 - CRA's instalment reminder based on this approach

- Example: Net Tax Owing:
 - -2016 = \$2,000
 - -2017 = \$4,000
 - -2018 (Estimated) = \$8,000
- Instalments Are Required (>\$3,000 in 2017 and 2016)

- Current Year = $$2,000 ($8,000 \div 4)$
- Preceding Year = $$1,000 ($4,000 \div 4)$
- CRA Instalment Reminder
 - 1 and 2 = \$500 (\$2,000 \div 4)
 - 3 and 4 = \$1,500 [(\$4,000 \$1,000) \div 2]
- The instalment reminder approach is best
 - Same total as preceding year
 - Some deferral of payment

Late Instalments

Interest

- Prescribed rate
- Amounts due from government (+ 2%)
 - As of 2010 N/A to corporations
- Amounts owing to government (+ 4%)

Penalties

- Only on very large amounts
- ITA 163.1

Should you pay instalments?

Late Filing

Penalty

- 1st Offence:5% + 1% Per Month
- 2nd Offence:10% + 2% Per Month

Interest

- Prescribed Rate + 4%
- Only On Tax Payable

Returns And Payments Corporations (T2)

- When T2 required
 - Always
- Filing options
 - If gross revenues > \$1 million must file electronically
 - Can use functional currency
- Filing dates
 - 6 Months fiscal after year end

Instalments

Example: Public corporation with:

- 2016 Taxes Payable of \$60,000,

- 2017 Taxes Payable of \$90,000, and

- estimated 2018 Taxes Payable of \$120,000.

1. \$120,000/12 \$10,000/Month

2. \$90,000/12 \$7,500/Month

3. 1 & 2: \$60,000/12 \$5,000/Month

3 - 12: (\$90,000 - \$10,000)/10 \$8,000/Month

Quarterly For Small CCPCs

Small CCPC

- Taxable income does not exceed \$500,000 during current or previous year.
- Taxable capital employed in Canada does not exceed \$10 million during current or previous year
- Some amount of SBD in current and previous year
- Perfect compliance in last 12 months

Quarterly Alternatives

- Current year ÷ 4
- Previous year ÷ 4
- Combination
 - 1st based on 2nd previous year ÷ 4
 - 2nd, 3rd, and 4th based on:

(previous year less 1st instalment) ÷ 3

Corporate Interest And Penalties

- In general:
 Same as for individuals except no +2% for amounts owed to corporation.
- Further penalty for large corporations

Should the Corporation Pay?

Returns And Payments Trusts (T3)

- Filing
 - 90 Days After December 31 Year End
- Instalments
 - Testamentary
 - Inter Vivos

Due Dates For Balance Owing

Individuals

- April 30 of following year no extension for business income
- Deceased individuals: due date for return with no extension for business income

Corporations

- 2 months after year end
- 3 months for some CCPCs

Interest On Refunds

Individuals

 Later of 30 days after return is filed and the balance due date (April 30)

Corporations

 Later of 120 days after corporation year end and 30 days after return is filed

Other Considerations

Information Returns

- T3 Trust Income Allocation
- T4 Employment Income
- T5 Investment Income
- T4RSP RRSP Contributions

Books And Records

General Rule: 6 years

Assessment And Reassessment

- Initial Assessment
 - Individuals
 - Corporations

Assessment And Reassessment

Reassessment

- Normal Period
 - 3 Years (individuals, trusts, and CCPCs)
 - 4 Years Other corporations
- Outside normal if:
 - Fraud
 - Taxpayer signs a waiver
 - Individual or testamentary trust requests a reduction in taxes.
 - If a balance outside of normal period is involved
 - 6 Year Extended

Settling Disputes

- T1-Adj
- Notice Of Objection
 - 90 Days From Mailing Of Assessment
 - 1 Year From Due Date Of Return (Individuals And Testamentary Trusts)

Settling Disputes

- Tax Court Of Canada
 - Informal Procedure (Tax < \$25,000, Loss < \$50,000)
 - No Lawyers
 - No Appeal
 - No Precedents
 - General Procedure
- Federal Court of Appeals
- Supreme Court of Canada

Evasion

 Deliberately ignoring a specific part of the law (e.g., not reporting taxable receipts)

Avoidance And Tax Planning

- No breaking of the law
- Planning observes "spirit of the law"
- Avoidance is not in keeping with the "spirit of the law"
 - GAAR

GAAR

- The Background
 - Business Purpose Test
 - ITA 245(2) to 245(5)

GAAR

Meaning Of GAAR

- that, but for this section, would result, directly or indirectly, in a tax benefit, unless the transaction may reasonably be considered to have been undertaken or arranged primarily for bona fide purposes other than to obtain the tax benefit; or
- that is part of a series of transactions, which series, but for this section, would result, directly or indirectly, in a tax benefit, unless the transaction may reasonably be considered to have been undertaken or arranged primarily for bona fide purposes other than to obtain the tax benefit

Taxpayer Property

- Entering
- Seizure Books And Records

Collection Procedures

- Informal
- Garnishment
- Seizure Taxpayer Property

Examples

- Failure to report income (10% of unreported amount)
- False Statements/Omissions (50% of tax)
- Evasion (50% to 200% of tax)

- Tax Preparers And Promoters
- Applicability
 - Culpable Conduct
 - Intentional
 - Indifference To Compliance With Act
 - Willful Disregard Of Law
 - Excluded Activity
 - Promoting Avoidance Arrangements
 - Accepting Consideration For Such Arrangements

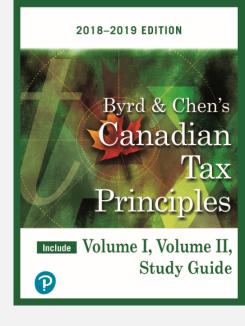
- Tax Preparers And Promoters
- Penalty Greater Of
 - \$1,000
 - Advisor's gross entitlements

Taxpayer Relief Provisions IC – 07-1

- Part I Introduction
- Part II Cancellation/Waiver Penalties and Interest
 - Extraordinary circumstances
 - Actions of the CRA
 - Financial hardship

Taxpayer Relief Provisions

- Part III Late, amended, or revoked elections
- Part IV Refunds Beyond 3 Year Period
 - Beyond Normal 3 Year Period
 - No Permissive Deductions (CCA)
- Part V Procedures when relief is granted



THE END

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