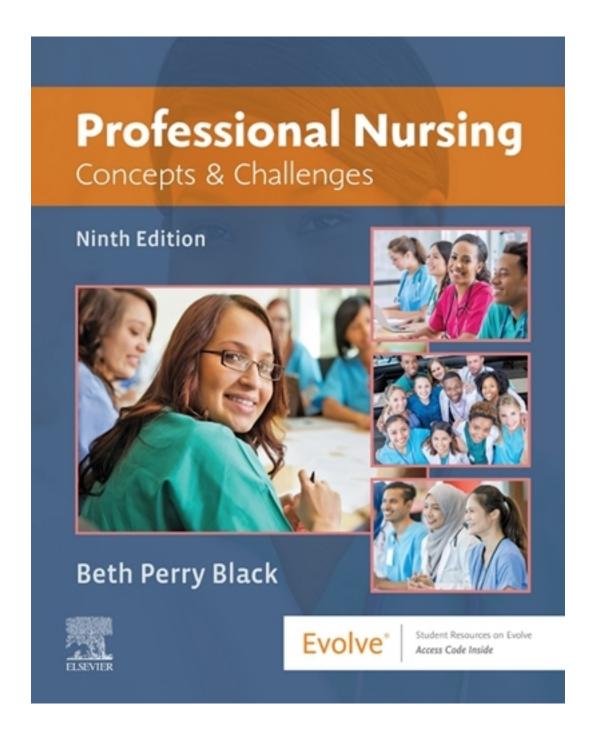
Test Bank for Professional Nursing 9th Edition by Black

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Test Bank

Chapter 02: The History and Social Context of Nursing Black: Professional Nursing: Concepts & Challenges, 9th Edition

MULTIPLE CHOICE

- 1. Which early nursing leader founded the first training school for nurses that would later become a model for early nursing education?
 - a. Dorothea Dix
 - b. Florence Nightingale
 - c. Clara Barton
 - d. Mary Ann Bickerdyke

ANS: B

	Feedback
Α	Dorothea Dix is best known as an advocate for the mentally ill, and she created a
	brief training program at two New York hospitals for women who wished to
	serve as nurses in the Civil War.
В	Florence Nightingale founded the first training school for nurses at St. Thomas's
	Hospital in London in 1806. This became the model for nursing education in the
	United States.
С	Clara Barton is known for founding the American Red Cross.
D	Mary Ann Bickerdyke is best known for nursing services during the Civil War.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge

- 2. Who was the first educated African American professional nurse?
 - a. Linda Richards
 - b. Phoebe Pember
 - c. Sojourner Truth
 - d. Mary Eliza Mahoney

ANS: D

	Feedback
Α	Linda Richards was the first trained nurse in the United States.
В	Phoebe Pember was one of the first women placed in charge of a hospital.
С	Sojourner Truth was a famous abolitionist who served as a nurse for the Union
	forces in the Civil War.
D	Mary Eliza Mahoney was the first African American professional nurse; she was
	educated at the New England Hospital for Women and Children.

- 3. To which early nursing leader is attributed the founding of the American Red Cross?
 - a. Clara Barton
 - b. Dorothea Dix
 - c. Florence Nightingale
 - d. Lavinia Lloyd Dock

ANS: A

	Feedback
Α	Founding the American Red Cross is attributed to Clara Barton.
В	Dorothea Dix was superintendent of women nurses of the Union Army.
С	Florence Nightingale was an English pioneer in nursing.
D	Lavinia Lloyd Dock was influential in forming the National League for Nursing
	(NLN).

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge

- 4. What were some of the application requirements of nursing education programs in the 1900s?
 - a. Male, intelligent, strong
 - b. Female, sensitive, subservient
 - c. Female, docile, from poor background
 - d. Male, high breeding, independent

ANS: B

	Feedback
Α	Men were not thought to be sensitive enough for nursing.
В	Sensitivity, breeding, intelligence, ladylike behavior, and submission to authority
	were highly desired personal traits for nursing students.
С	High breeding was desirable for nursing education program applicants.
D	Men were not desired nursing education program applicants.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge

- 5. Which of the following statements best describes how the Chicago World's Fair of 1893 became a pivotal point in the history of nursing education in the United States?
 - a. Florence Nightingale's work on sanitation and its relationship to mortality rates was finally recognized.
 - b. The organization today known as the NLN was formed to address issues in nursing education.
 - c. The American Nurses Association (ANA) was formed to oversee nursing education in the United States.
 - d. The International Council of Nurses (ICN) was formed to enhance collaboration between practicing nurses and educators.

ANS: B

	Feedback
Α	Florence Nightingale's paper was on scientific training of nurses.
В	Several influential nursing leaders met at the Chicago World's Fair and started
	the National League for Nursing Education—the precursor to the NLN.
С	The NLN, not the ANA, was formed to oversee nursing education in the United
	States.
D	The ICN was not founded until 1899 and is not involved in U.S. education of
	nurses.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension

- 6. Which early nursing organization is credited with first recommending state registration for nurses?
 - a. ICN
 - b. NLN
 - c. ANA
 - d. National Association of Colored Graduate Nurses

ANS: A

	Feedback
Α	The ICN was formed to unite all nursing organizations. The topic of the first
	meeting was registration for nurses by each country and state.
В	The NLN was formed to oversee nursing education in the United States.
С	The ANA was formed to enhance collaboration between practicing nurses and
	educators.
D	The National Association of Colored Graduate Nurses was formed to develop
	leadership among African American nurses.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge

- 7. Which of the following nursing leaders, because of her work in the Henry Street Settlement, is considered the founder of public health nursing?
 - a. Margaret Sanger
 - b. Clara Barton
 - c. Lillian Wald
 - d. Lavinia Lloyd Dock

ANS: C

	Feedback
Α	Margaret Sanger is known for her work on birth control with immigrant women
	from the Lower East Side of New York City.
В	Clara Barton founded the American Red Cross.
С	Lillian Wald founded the Henry Street Settlement, the first formalized public
	health nursing project.
D	Lavinia Lloyd Dock was instrumental in the formation of the NLN.

- 8. Despite the caring efforts of early public health nurses in the Henry Street Settlement, racial disparity left many people underserved. Which of the following African American public health nurses was instrumental in providing excellent nursing care to underserved families despite these social challenges?
 - a. Jessie Sleet Scales
 - b. Margaret Sanger
 - c. Lavinia Lloyd Dock
 - d. Anita M. McGee

ANS: A

	Feedback
Α	Jessie Sleet Scales established the Stillman House, a part of the Henry Street
	Settlement that provided care to African Americans.
В	Margaret Sanger worked to provide immigrant women on the Lower East Side
	of New York City with birth control information.
С	Lavinia Lloyd Dock founded the NLN.
D	Anita M. McGee was a physician appointed as head of the Hospital Corps, who
	recruited nurses for the Spanish-American War of 1898.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension

- 9. Which one of the following events occurring during the first decade of the 20th century brought sweeping changes to nursing?
 - a. It was required that all practicing nurses be licensed.
 - b. Permissive licensing laws allowed registered nurses (RNs) to practice without a license if they registered with the state.
 - c. All states required a standardized licensing examination.
 - d. Nurses had to pass a licensing examination to use the title RN.

ANS: D

	Feedback
Α	Practicing nurses did not have to be licensed but could not use the title RN.
В	Permissive licensing laws required all nurses using the title RN to be licensed.
С	Licensing examinations were not standardized until 1950.
D	Licensure laws were passed that required all people using the title of RN to be
	licensed.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension

- 10. What was the most significant impact on the profession of nursing made by Mary Breckenridge in her role as a frontier nurse?
 - a. She demonstrated that nurses could provide primary care in rural settings.
 - b. She demonstrated that female nurses could protect themselves in unsettled rural environments.
 - c. She demonstrated that nurses were capable of teaching new mothers to care for babies.
 - d. She demonstrated that nurses could provide care to many clients despite geographic boundaries.

ANS: A

	Feedback
Α	Mary Breckenridge established frontier nursing services. She provided primary
	care to women and babies and demonstrated that nurses could provide primary
	care.
В	Safety was not the primary impact of the success of frontier nursing.
С	Although she was a nurse-midwife, this was not the most significant impact.

Demonstrating that nurses could provide care to many clients despite geographic boundaries was not the most significant impact made by Mary Breckenridge.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension

- 11. Which of the following trends in health care delivery that began in the second half of the 20th century continues today?
 - a. Widespread use of team nursing to address the nursing shortage
 - b. Massive movement of nurses out of acute care and into home care
 - c. Advent of primary care to replace specialized care
 - d. Provision of care to the poor, elderly, and disabled through Medicare and Medicaid

ANS: D

	Feedback
Α	Team nursing is rarely used today.
В	More nurses work in acute care today than in home care.
С	After World War II, specialization became popular.
D	Two amendments to the Social Security Act in 1965 designed to ensure access to
	health care for elderly, poor, and disabled Americans were the establishment of
	Medicare and Medicaid.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension

- 12. A recent trend in nursing has been an increase in the number of men and women with degrees in other fields or other careers applying to nursing programs. What is the single most important reason for this trend?
 - a. Nursing as a career has gained increased status and prestige.
 - b. Nursing salaries have outpaced many other fields.
 - c. A nursing career provides both job security and meaningful employment.
 - d. Working conditions in nursing have improved.

ANS: C

	Feedback
Α	While true, nursing's increased status and prestige is not a significant factor in
	the trend of people choosing it as a second career.
В	Salary is not a major factor.
С	The current appeal to men and women with degrees in other fields is that nursing
	can provide job opportunities, economic security, and the opportunity to help
	others.
D	Working conditions are not identified as a reason for choosing a second career in
	nursing.

- 13. What specialty of nursing was considered well suited for men at a time when other areas were excluding men from practicing?
 - a. Obstetric nursing
 - b. Pediatric nursing

c. Psychiatric nursing

d. Nurse educator

ANS: C

	Feedback
Α	Obstetric nursing was not considered an appropriate area for men in nursing.
В	Pediatric nursing was not considered an appropriate area for men in nursing.
С	Psychiatric nursing was considered well suited for men because it required
	physical stamina and strength.
D	Education was not a specialty considered well suited for men in nursing.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge

- 14. When surveyed, what is the primary reason given by men for entering nursing?
 - a. To make a difference
 - b. High salaries
 - c. Flexible schedules
 - d. Opportunity for travel

ANS: A

	Feedback
Α	Men who want to make a difference in peoples' lives find nursing an appealing
	career choice.
В	Economic and job security are important factors for men entering nursing, but
	more significant is the opportunity to make a difference in peoples' lives.
С	Flexible schedules, where provided, are an attractive incentive for employment,
	but that is not as significant as being able to make a difference in peoples' lives.
D	Opportunity for travel is available for travel and military nurses, otherwise it is
	not an important aspect of nursing as a career.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge

- 15. What was the purpose of the Hill-Burton Act?
 - a. It established funding for the construction of hospitals.
 - b. It provided women in the service with military rank.
 - c. It established and funded the Frontier Nursing Service.
 - d. It created the Cadet Nurse Corps.

ANS: A

	Feedback
Α	The 1946 Hill-Burton Act provided funding for the construction of hospitals.
В	Congress passed a bill in 1920 that allowed women to hold military rank.
С	The Frontier Nursing Service, originally known as the Kentucky Committee for
	Mothers and Babies, was established by Mary Breckinridge.
D	The Cadet Nurse Corps was an alliance between military and collegiate nursing
	programs to train nurses and was funded by Congress.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge

- 16. When surveyed, which profession was chosen by the general public as highest in honesty and ethics?
 - a. Physician
 - b. Pharmacist
 - c. Nurse
 - d. Attorney

ANS: C

	Feedback
Α	Physicians were not ranked over nurses.
В	Pharmacists were not ranked over nurses.
С	Gallup polls from 1999 to 2010 rated nursing as the top profession in honesty
	and ethics.
D	Attorneys were not ranked over nurses in honesty and ethics.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge

- 17. In 2002 which major American corporation partnered with nursing to design a media campaign to promote the image of nursing?
 - a. Johnson & Johnson
 - b. Baxter
 - c. Microsoft
 - d. Wal-Mart

ANS: A

	Feedback
Α	In 2003 Johnson & Johnson began a \$20 million campaign—Campaign for
	Nursing's Future—to enhance the image of nursing, to recruit new nurses and
	educators, and to retain nurses.
В	Baxter did not launch a media campaign to promote the image of nursing.
С	Microsoft did not launch a media campaign to promote the image of nursing.
D	Wal-Mart did not launch a media campaign to promote the image of nursing.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge

- 18. A shift in population growth is expected to place stress on nursing resources. Which age-group is expected to experience the greatest population growth in the next decade?
 - a. Older than 85 years of age
 - b. 75 to 85 years of age
 - c. 35 to 65 years of age
 - d. 18 to 35 years of age

ANS: A

		Feedback
1	4	People older than 85 years, known as the "very old," represent the

	fastest-growing segment of the total population.
В	Although the 75 to 85 age-group is growing, it is not the fastest-growing
	segment of the population.
С	The group of individuals 35 to 65 years of age is not expected to grow as
	dramatically as is the group termed "very old."
D	The 18 to 35 age-group is not expected to be the fastest-growing segment of the
	population in the next decade.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge

- 19. Which of the following was an unsuccessful attempt by the American Medical Association (AMA) to alleviate the nursing shortage of the time?
 - a. Creation of the nurse manager position
 - b. Creation of the registered care technician
 - c. Recruitment of RNs from English-speaking countries
 - d. Redistribution of qualified nurses to certain geographic locations

ANS: B

	Feedback
Α	The nurse manager position was not created by the AMA.
В	In response to the nursing shortage in the late 1980s, the AMA proposed a nurse extender called the registered care technician.
С	The recruitment of foreign nurses was not a proposal of the AMA.
D	Travel nursing was not a proposal of the AMA.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge

- 20. The first trained nurse in the United States graduated in 1873 and later became the supervisor of the Boston Training School. Who was this nurse?
 - a. Mary Ann Bickerdyke
 - b. Dorothea Dix
 - c. Linda Richards
 - d. Sallie Thompkins

ANS: C

	Feedback
Α	Mary Ann Bickerdyke was an uneducated widow who organized the camp
	hospital in Cairo, Illinois, during the Civil War.
В	Dorothea Dix, a well-known advocate for the mentally ill, was instrumental in
	creating a month-long training program in two New York hospitals to train
	women wishing to serve in the Civil War.
С	In 1872 Linda Richards became the first student to enroll in the inaugural class
	of five students in the first American nurses' training school run by Dr. Susan
	Dimock. She graduated 1 year later.
D	Sallie Thompkins established a hospital in Richmond, Virginia, and was
	commissioned a "captain of Cavalry, unassigned" by Confederate President
	Jefferson Davis.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge

- 21. During the Great Depression, staffing of hospitals changed with an impact lasting to the current day. What was this change?
 - a. The employment of graduate nurses in hospitals
 - b. The need for increased private duty nurses and rural health nurses decreased the number of nurses seeking employment in hospitals
 - c. The opening of more schools of nursing in hospitals
 - d. The increased number of collegiate schools of nursing, which allowed hospitals to increase the educational requirements for the staff

ANS: A

	Feedback
Α	Hospitals were forced to close their schools of nursing; families were no longer
	able to afford private duty nurses in their homes; and hospitals hired the
	unemployed graduate nurses to care for the increased numbers of patients
	seeking care in hospitals.
В	Although there was a need for nurses in rural areas supported by the Civil Works
	Administration, the number of private duty nurses decreased due to the inability
	of families to afford them.
С	For economical reasons, hospitals could not afford to fund schools of nursing.
D	Although the number of collegiate schools increased, most nurses in hospitals
	were prepared in diploma programs.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension

- 22. What was the most important influence of war on nursing?
 - a. It allowed for the development of hospitals.
 - b. Nurses were able to perform medical procedures during war.
 - c. Improved medical care increased soldiers' survival rates.
 - d. It provided for the creation of new technology to make work easier.

ANS: B

	Feedback
Α	Wars allowed nurses to stretch the boundaries of their profession. Nurses have
	led the way in furthering their discipline by responding to needs during wartime.
В	Wars allowed nurses to stretch the boundaries of their profession. Nurses have
	led the way in furthering their discipline by responding to needs during wartime.
С	Wars allowed nurses to stretch the boundaries of their profession. Nurses have
	led the way in furthering their discipline by responding to needs during wartime.
D	Wars allowed nurses to stretch the boundaries of their profession. Nurses have
	led the way in furthering their discipline by responding to needs during wartime.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension

- 23. Florence Nightingale is often credited as being the first nurse researcher. This designation is based on
 - a. her methods of reorganizing British hospitals.

- b. her use of data on the morbidity and mortality of soldiers in hospitals in Scutari.
- c. demonstration that trained nurses provided better nursing care.
- d. publication of *Notes on Nursing*, the first scholarly nursing publication.

ANS: B

	Feedback
Α	Although Nightingale reformed both the British Army and British civilian
	hospitals on the basis of data she collected, the reformations were not
	researched.
В	Nightingale was educated in statistics and used the detailed data collected to
	effectively argue the case for the reform of the British Army hospital system.
С	Nightingale founded the first training school after she had gained fame based on
	the hospital reforms supported by her data collection during the Crimean War.
D	The publication reflected Nightingale's philosophical thoughts on nursing.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension

- 24. The nursing profession is responsible for improving its own image. The most effective avenue for changing the image of nursing is to
 - a. write letters expressing concerns to those responsible for negative images on television and in films.
 - b. have nurses as consultants to the media to ensure that the media producers have accurate information about nursing.
 - c. have nurses appear and behave professionally and explain what nurses do in each patient interaction.
 - d. support the Johnson & Johnson campaign by distributing their information about nursing to students interested in nursing.

ANS: C

	Feedback
Α	While appropriate, writing letters to professionals in television and film is not
	the most effective avenue for changing the image of nursing.
В	While appropriate, having nursing consultants to the media is not the most
	effective avenue for changing the image of nursing.
С	The major avenue for changing the image of nursing occurs one nurse-patient
	encounter at a time, where nurses look and behave professionally and
	demonstrate what it is nurses do.
D	While supporting Johnson & Johnson's Campaign for Nursing's Future is
	appropriate, it is not the most effective avenue for changing the image of
	nursing.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Application

- 25. The diversity of the population entering the health care system is a challenge for nurses because
 - a. the portion of minorities in nursing is greater than the portion of minorities in the general population.
 - b. educators are culturally competent leaders for nurses and students.

- c. lessons about culture and cultural differences are not part of progressive education programs.
- d. ethnic minority nurses do not yet meet the same proportions in the profession as in the general population.

ANS: D

	Feedback
Α	Only 12% of nurses are minorities, but approximately 31% of the general
	population is identified as a minority.
В	Managers, educators, and other nursing leaders will require training so they can
	be culturally competent leaders for nurses and students who may have
	backgrounds different from their own.
С	Culture and cultural differences are part of progressive education programs.
	However, understanding of health and illness in the context of cultural heritage
	is not consistently addressed in the health care system.
D	Minority nurses are underrepresented in nursing. This might make it difficult for
	patients who identify as ethnic minorities to feel comfortable or confident with
	the health care system.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension

- 26. Biomedical technology involves the use of complex machines or devices in patient care situations. Because of the highly technological environment in which nurses work, it is important that nurses
 - a. assume total responsibility for monitoring data generated by these devices.
 - b. use human touch and words of reassurance frequently to convey caring.
 - c. maintain the device's safety by assuring routine assessment by physicians.
 - d. be careful not to frighten the patient and family with information about the device.

ANS: B

	Feedback
Α	The monitoring and safety of machines and devices are most often the
	responsibility of nurses and technicians.
В	The use of technology needs to be combined with caring to maintain patient and
	family satisfaction. Technology must never take the place of human-to-human
	contact.
С	The monitoring and safety of machines and devices are most often the
	responsibility of nurses and technicians.
D	The patient and family need information about the use of the device, as well as
	the meaning of the information produced, to decrease stress and anxiety.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Application

- 27. Margaret Sanger, as a nurse and activist, worked on the Lower East Side of New York City in the early 1900s with immigrant women. What was the focus of her work?
 - a. Sanitation to prevent disease transmission
 - b. Health education for children
 - c. Providing nursing care to underserved African American families

d. Safe contraception and family planning for women

ANS: D

	Feedback	
Α	Sanitation to prevent disease transmission may have been part of her work in her	
	early years, but Sanger devoted her life to the birth control movement and	
	became a national figure in that cause.	
В	Health education for children may have been part of her work in her early years,	
	but Sanger devoted her life to the birth control movement and became a national	
	figure in that cause.	
С	Providing nursing care to underserved African American families may have been	
	part of her work in her early years, but Sanger devoted her life to the birth	
	control movement and became a national figure in that cause.	
D	Margaret Sanger, inspired by the death of an immigrant woman from a	
	self-attempted abortion, became determined to teach women about birth control.	

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge

MULTIPLE RESPONSE

- 1. Nursing practices during the Civil War advanced the cause of professional nursing. The move toward formal education and training was supported by (*Select all that apply.*)
 - a. endorsement by the Catholic nursing orders (Sisters of Charity, Sisters of Mercy, and Sisters of the Holy Cross).
 - b. a proposal by Dr. Samuel Gross in 1869 that large hospitals develop training schools for nurses.
 - c. reports of inadequate conditions in hospitals reported by social reformers after the Civil War.
 - d. lobbying by the United States Sanitary Commission for the creation of nursing schools
 - e. the appointment of Dorothea Dix as Superintendent of Women Nurses of the (Union) Army.

ANS: B, C, D, E

	Feedback
Correct	The proposal by Dr. Samuel Gross in 1869 that large hospitals develop
	training schools for nurses; reports of inadequate conditions in hospitals
	reported by social reformers after the Civil War; and lobbying by the
	United States Sanitary Commission for the creation of nursing schools all
	led toward formal education and training for nursing practices. Support for
	the development of schools to train nurses was given by physicians who
	had observed the difference training made in hospitals during the war, as
	well as by the United States Sanitary Commission. Social reformation that
	started before the Civil War identified the shocking conditions in
	hospitals. Dorothea Dix created a month-long training program for women
	who wished to serve as nurses in the Civil War.
Incorrect	"Endorsement by the Catholic nursing orders (Sisters of Charity, Sisters of
	Mercy, and Sisters of the Holy Cross)" is incorrect because, although the

Catholic nursing orders provided significant organized nursing care during the war, even they did not develop formal education programs until later.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension

- 2. Historically, one solution that attempted to correct the shortage of RNs was to increase the supply of nurses. Means of increasing the supply of nurses included (*Select all that apply*.)
 - a. implementation of team nursing.
 - b. use of "traveling nurses."
 - c. development of associate degree programs.
 - d. importation of nurses from English-speaking countries.
 - e. use of registered care technicians.

ANS: B, C, D

	Feedback
Correct	"Use of traveling nurses," "development of associate degree programs,"
	and "importation of nurses from English-speaking countries" are correct
	because all have been used to increase the numbers of practicing nurses.
Incorrect	"Implementation of team nursing" is incorrect because although the
	implementation of team nursing was intended to improve nurse
	availability, it did not increase the number of nurses. Registered care
	technicians were "nurse extenders" proposed by the AMA to ease the
	shortage, but this solution was quickly defeated.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension

- 3. Provisions of the Affordable Care Act include (*Select all that apply.*)
 - a. lifetime limits of catastrophic care insurance will cover.
 - b. children up to age 26 being allowed to stay on parents' insurance.
 - c. disallowing denial of coverage for children and teens' preexisting conditions.
 - d. the right to appeal coverage decisions.
 - e. recommended preventative services without out-of-pocket cost to consumers.

ANS: B, C, D, E

	Feedback
Correct	Provisions of the Affordable Care Act include no lifetime limits on
	insurance coverage, allowing children up to age 26 to stay on their
	parents' insurance plan, banning the practice of denying coverage for
	children and teens with preexisting conditions, and a recommendation for
	preventative services to be covered with no out-of-pocket cost for the
	consumer.
Incorrect	The Affordable Care Act does not place lifetime limits on covering
	catastrophic care.

- 4. Which is true regarding the Woodhull Study on Nursing? (Select all that apply.)
 - a. This was a study on nursing on social media.
 - b. The study represented the perception of diploma nurses.

c. The study focused on 20,000 printed articles.d. 17 students and 3 faculty members ran the study.

ANS: C, D

	Feedback
Correct	The study focused on 20,000 printed articles regarding nurses and the nursing profession. The study was conducted by 17 students and 3 faculty members.
Incorrect	The study focused on printed media. The study focused on the perception of all nurses.