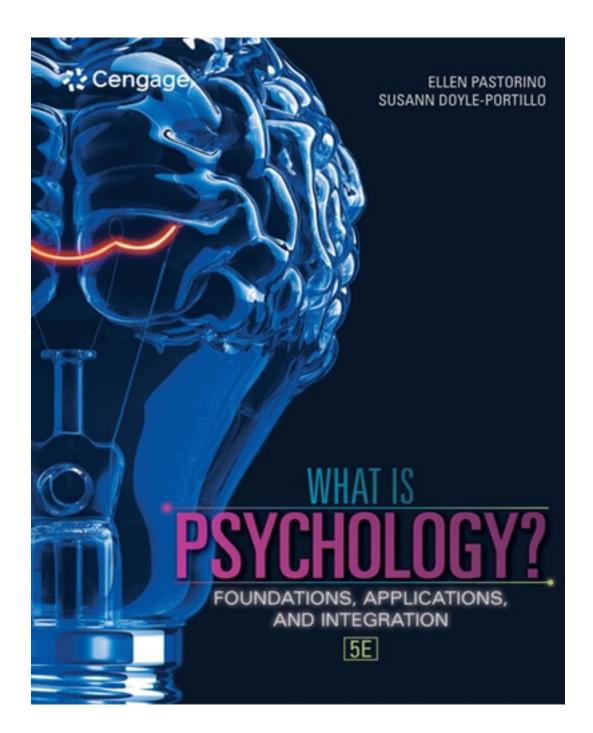
Test Bank for What is Psychology Foundations Applications and Integration 5th Edition by Pastorino

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Test Bank

Name: Class: Date:		Class:	Date:	
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Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology

- 1. Which of the following is a goal of psychological research?
 - a. to stop behavior
 - b. to predict behavior
 - c. to categorize behavior
 - d. to organize behavior

ANSWER: b

- 2. The scientific method is best described as:
 - a. a simple tool for identifying phenomena and generating research questions.
 - b. the study of behavior and mental processes.
 - c. a systematic process used by psychologists for testing hypotheses about behavior.
 - d. the main process used to make observations about how people think.

ANSWER: c

- 3. The idea that humans only use 10% of their brains is an example of what?
 - a. a demonstration of critical thinking
 - b. pseudopsychology
 - c. a result of the scientific method
 - d. the application of a theory

ANSWER: b

- 4. What process involves evaluating and analyzing information and applying it to other situations?
 - a. critical thinking
 - b. scientific method
 - c. psychology
 - d. hypothesis testing

ANSWER: a

- 5. Dr. Nguyen wants to compare the effects of sleep deprivation on students. Which of the following methods would be most effective?
 - a. case study
 - b. quasi-experimental
 - c. naturalistic observation
 - d. experimental

ANSWER: d

- 6. A teacher wants to see whether middle school students with good grades on spelling tests are also good at math tests. Which of the following methods would be the most effective tool for determining whether there is a relationship between spelling test performance and math ability?
 - a. case study
 - b. correlational
 - c. quasi-experimental
 - d. experimental

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology

- 7. Mary is conducting an experiment to study the effect of caffeine on test scores. What kind of variable is caffeine in this study?
 - a. independent
 - b. dependent
 - c. confounding
 - d. experimental

ANSWER: a

- 8. A research psychiatrist wants to determine whether patients who have high scores on a measure of depression also have high anxiety scores. Which of the following methods would be the most effective tool for determining whether there is a relationship between depression and anxiety?
 - a. case study
 - b. correlational
 - c. quasi-experimental
 - d. experimental

ANSWER: b

- 9. John is conducting a quasi-experiment to examine the effects of smoking on lung health. What kind of variable is lung health in this study?
 - a. independent
 - b. dependent
 - c. confounding
 - d. experimental

ANSWER: b

- 10. In a study on the relationship between physical activity and cognitive ability, Zoey hypothesizes that engagement in physical activity will predict scores on an IQ test. She randomly assigns participants to spend five days participating in an exercise program or five days relaxing at home. She also asks participants to report how well they slept each night during the study so she can control for it later. Which of the following is the independent variable in this study?
 - a. physical activity
 - b. IQ test scores
 - c. hours slept
 - d. cognitive ability

ANSWER: a

- 11. In a study on the relationship between physical activity and cognitive ability, Zoey hypothesizes that engagement in physical activity will predict scores on an IQ test. She randomly assigns participants to spend five days participating in an exercise program or five days relaxing at home. She also asks participants to report how well they slept each night during the study so she can control for it later. Which of the following is the dependent variable in this study?
 - a. physical activity
 - b. IQ test scores
 - c. hours slept
 - d. sleep quality

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology		
12. Taylor is interested in studying whether phow well participants sleep every night. What a. physical activity		nitive ability, and plans to control for
b. IQ test scores		
c. hours slept		
d. cognitive ability		
ANSWER: c		
13. A correlation of +1.00 indicates:		
a. a perfect, positive correlation.		
b. a strong, negative correlation.		
c. a weak, positive correlation.		
d. a strong, positive correlation.		
ANSWER: a		
14. A variable that a researcher would want to a. a quasi-experimental variable.	"control for" is known as:	
b. a dependent variable.		
c. a confounding variable.		
d. an experimental variable.		
ANSWER: c		
15. The scientific process that ensures there as a. an experiment.	re no differences among groups of p	participants is known as:
b. random assignment.		
c. correlation.		
d. random sampling.		
ANSWER: b		
16. A correlation of 0.00 indicates:		
a. a weak, positive correlation.		
b. no relationship between two variables.		
c. a perfect correlation.		
d. a weak, negative correlation.		
ANSWER: b		
17. The scientific process that ensures every pa. an experiment.	person in a population has an equal of	chance of being selected is known as:
b. random assignment.		
c. correlation.		
d. random sampling.		

18. An inverse relationship between two variables is demonstrated by:

ANSWER: d

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psyc	chology			
a. a perfect correlation.				
b. a negative correlation.				
c. a positive correlation.				
d. a zero correlation.				
ANSWER: b				
19. Which of the following is true a. A sample should not be rep	• •	ion sampling?		
b. A convenience sample is most generalizable.				
c. It is often impossible to sa	mple the whole population	on of interest.		

- - d. Random sampling increases sample bias.

ANSWER: c

- 20. Anthony found an inverse relationship between the amount of parties a student attended during a semester and their final grades in the course, such that more frequent party attendance was associated with worse final grades. Which of the following values would best reflect the relationship he found between party attendance and final course grades?
 - a. -0.53
 - b. 0
 - c. 0.75
 - d.0.98

ANSWER: a

- 21. As a was unable to find a relationship between physical activity habits and scores on an intelligence test. Which of the following correlation coefficients best characterizes this relationship?
 - a. -1.00
 - b. -0.50
 - c. 0
 - d. 0.5

ANSWER: c

- 22. Jennifer found a correlation of 0.76 between self-esteem and GPA. Which of the following can be said about the relationship between self-esteem and GPA?
 - a. Increased self-esteem leads students to do better in class.
 - b. Improved GPAs boost students' self-esteem.
 - c. There is an association between self-esteem and GPA.
 - d. Self-esteem and GPA are unrelated.

- 23. The correlation between ice cream sales and homicide rates has been used as an example of how correlation does not imply causation. What is one reason why we should be hesitant to conclude that ice cream is somehow related to murder?
 - a. We need to design an experiment to test the relationship.
 - b. A confounding variable likely exists that could explain the relationship.
 - c. We need a larger sample size to prove causality.
 - d. This study did not use random sampling to recruit participants.

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology		
ANSWER: b		
24. What is one advantage over surveys that a. They can be used to ask a lot of quest b. They provide detailed information of c. They allow for causal conclusions. d. They generalize to other people or set ANSWER: b	stions to a large group of people. In one person or setting.	
25. What conclusions can you draw from exa. a description of behavior as it typica b. detailed information about a specific c. an explanation of the mechanisms drad. whether a causal relationship may exanswer: d	lly occurs in the natural environment individual iving human behavior	
26. What type of hypothesis makes an educ a. predictive b. causal c. untestable d. research question ANSWER: a	ated guess about the relationships amou	ng variables?
27. What type of hypothesis makes an educ a. predictive b. causal c. untestable d. research question ANSWER: b	ated guess about how one variable will	influence another variable?
28. What is one limitation of the experimen a. limited control of variables b. cannot demonstrate cause and effect c. does not use random assignment d. for ethical or practical reasons, some ANSWER: d	variables cannot be tested	
29. Jacob wondered whether Floridians wer and had a confederate drop her wallet in the more likely to give the wallet back to the co a. naturalistic observation	middle of a busy street in each city. R	esults indicated that Floridians were

b. case studyc. survey

d. experimental

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology

ANSWER: a

- 30. A variable that is manipulated to identify a potential cause-and-effect relationship in an experiment is referred to as:
 - a. an independent variable.
 - b. a dependent variable.
 - c. a confounding variable.
 - d. an experimental variable.

ANSWER: a

- 31. The placebo effect occurs when:
 - a. changes occur simply because participants expect them to.
 - b. changes do not occur because participants do not believe in the experiment.
 - c. the experimenter is blind to study conditions.
 - d. the participant is blind to study conditions.

ANSWER: a

- 32. The term generalizability refers to:
 - a. how well a researcher's findings apply to other contexts.
 - b. the relationship between variables.
 - c. the process of simplifying research findings.
 - d. replication of a study in a new population.

ANSWER: a

- 33. What characteristic of a study determines how generalizable the results will be?
 - a. the extent to which the sample is representative
 - b. the use of random assignment
 - c. the manipulation of an independent variable
 - d. the extent to which confounding variables are controlled for

ANSWER: a

- 34. What is one reason why it is beneficial for a study to be generalizable?
 - a. It greatly reduces the need for replication.
 - b. It makes the data easier to collect.
 - c. It allows us to draw more conclusions from the results.
 - d. It makes the findings easier to replicate.

ANSWER: c

- 35. What is the purpose of a control group?
 - a. to manipulate the dependent variable
 - b. to manipulate the independent variable
 - c. to prevent placebo bias
 - d. to serve as a baseline comparison for the manipulation of an independent variable

ANSWER: d

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology

- 36. Which of the following is an advantage that is specific to a double-blind study?
 - a. An experimental group can be compared to a control group.
 - b. The placebo effect is less likely to occur.
 - c. Experimenter bias is controlled for.
 - d. The results are more generalizable.

ANSWER: c

- 37. What is the purpose of a double-blind study design?
 - a. to prevent experimenter bias
 - b. to control for the placebo effect
 - c. to allow for a control group
 - d. to manipulate the independent variable

ANSWER: a

- 38. Who is "blind" in a double-blind study design?
 - a. everyone involved in the study
 - b. the experimenter
 - c. the participants
 - d. both the experimenter and participants

ANSWER: d

- 39. Robin wants to examine the effects of caffeine on students' test scores, and randomly assigns participants to drink two cups of coffee or two cups of water before a math test. Participants who were assigned to drink coffee are in what group?
 - a. experimental
 - b. placebo
 - c. quasi-experimental
 - d. control

ANSWER: a

- 40. What does it mean to be "blind" in a double-blind study design?
 - a. to not know who is receiving a placebo and who is receiving the treatment
 - b. to not know what manipulation is being tested
 - c. to be unaware of the study's hypotheses
 - d. to be unaware of purpose of the experiment

ANSWER: a

- 41. In a study on emotions, participants are randomly assigned to watch either a happy or a sad short-film and then asked to complete a puzzle while being timed. In this experiment, what is the independent variable?
 - a. the emotions participants felt
 - b. the type of film the participants watched
 - c. the length of time it took participants to solve the puzzle
 - d. the participants' ability to solve the puzzle

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology		
42. Students who score well on the SAT wi a. predictive b. causal	ll have better grades in college. This is	an example of what type of hypothesis?
c. valid		
d. testable ANSWER: a		
		1 6 1 61 1
43. Students who attend class will have bett a. predictive	er grades in their course. This is an exa	imple of what type of hypothesis?
b. causal		
c. valid		
d. testable		
ANSWER: a		
44. Students who attend a new speed-readir This is an example of what type of hypothe a. predictive		ho attend the old reading workshop.
•		
b. causal		
c. valid		
d. testable		
ANSWER: b		
45. A study that aims to examine gender diff a. correlational	ferences in visual perception would mo	ost likely use which method?
b. experimental		
c. naturalistic observation		
d. quasi-experimental		
ANSWER: d		
46. A study that aims to examine cross-cult a. correlational	ural differences in math ability would n	most likely use which method?
b. experimental		
c. naturalistic observation		
d. quasi-experimental		
ANSWER: d		
47. Baz found a correlation of 0.56 between discussion. How should they interpret this f	finding?	time they spent participating in class
a. Students with high extraversion scor	es spent more time speaking.	
b. Extraversion causes students to spea		
c. Speaking more in class raises studen		
d. Students with low extraversion score	es spent more time speaking.	

ANSWER: a

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology

- 48. Most doctoral programs in psychology require extensive study of:
 - a. medicine.
 - b. research methods and statistics.
 - c. the psychodynamic perspective.
 - d. personality tests.

ANSWER: b

- 49. How would you interpret a zero correlation coefficient between two variables?
 - a. a weak relationship exists
 - b. a perfect relationship exists
 - c. a moderate relationship exists
 - d. no relationship exists

ANSWER: d

- 50. Random assignment is a scientific procedure that:
 - a. reduces the likelihood that experimental groups will be different from one another in some way.
 - b. ensures that every member of the population has an equal chance of being selected.
 - c. limits the extent to which the placebo effect sways results.
 - d. prevents experimenter bias.

ANSWER: a

- 51. Which of the following research methods would make a study most difficult to replicate?
 - a. naturalistic observations
 - b. case studies
 - c. surveys
 - d. experiments

ANSWER: b

- 52. What approach to psychology focuses on human strengths and happiness?
 - a. the cognitive perspective
 - b. community psychology
 - c. positive psychology
 - d. experimental psychology

ANSWER: c

- 53. Which of the following is a disadvantage associated with experiments conducted in laboratory settings?
 - a. They cannot be ethically completed.
 - b. They are expensive.
 - c. They often cannot be generalized to real-world settings.
 - d. They take a long time to complete.

- 54. Which of the following is an example of a testable hypothesis?
 - a. Physical activity is expected to promote positive mood.

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology			
b. Sarah does not need to attend class because	the slides are posted online.		
c. Unicorns exist.			
d. Eating vegetables is something you should	do.		
ANSWER: a			
55. Which of the following is true about populatio	ns and representative samples?		
a. Both can be tested easily.			
b. Both contain an equally diverse group of pe	eople.		
c. Neither represents the population of interes	t.		
d. Results cannot be considered generalizable			
ANSWER: b			
56. Francis Sumner, the first African American to which decade?	receive a doctorate in psycholog	gy in the United States, earned it in	
a. 1870s			
b. 1920s			
c. 1980s			
d. 1790s			
ANSWER: b			
57. A method of research used to measure the rela	tionship between two or more va	ariables is best described as:	
a. correlational.	1		
b. quasi-experimental.			
c. naturalistic observation.			
d. case study.			
ANSWER: a			
58. A method of research that simply involves obs described as:	erving behavior in the environm	nent in which it typically occurs is best	
a. correlational.			
b. quasi-experimental.			
c. naturalistic observation.			
d. case study.			
ANSWER: c			
59. A method of research that involves the manipuvariable is best described as: a. correlational.	ılation of an independent variabl	e to observe changes in a dependent	

- b. quasi-experimental.
- c. naturalistic observation.
- d. experimental.

ANSWER: d

60. Which of the following research methods is the most useful for efficiently collecting data from large samples?

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psycholo	<u>gy</u>	
a. survey		
b. case study		
c. experiment		
d. naturalistic observation		
ANSWER: a		
61. In experiments, what do we call the	e group that serves as a baseline?	
a. control		
b. experimental		
c. predictive		
d. quasi-experimental		
ANSWER: a		
62. Which of the following correlation	coefficients represent the strongest relations	ship between two variables?
a86		
b. +.80		
c12		
d. +.12		
ANSWER: a		
63. Which of the following methods all conditions?	lows researchers to compare participants wh	o cannot be randomly assigned to
a. correlational		
b. quasi-experimental		
c. naturalistic observation		
d. experimental		
ANSWER: b		
participants to walk or run on a treadm describes the hypothesis in this study?	tivity to be related to performance on a measures their of the formula of the street o	
a. predictive hypothesis		
b. causal hypothesis		
c. untestable hypothesis		
d. research question		
ANSWER: b		
children who do not. He randomly assi following best describes the hypothesis	ects that teenagers who play violent video ga igns participants to play a violent game or a r s in this study?	
a. predictive hypothesis		
b. causal hypothesis		

c. untestable hypothesis d. research question

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psycholog	<u>y</u>		
ANSWER: b			
listen to classical music will perform bet participants a music condition (classical variable in her study is the independent v	on the effect of music on math ability. She tter on a math test than those who listen to p or pop) and then asks them to complete a ti variable?	pop music. She randomly assigns	
a. music type			
b. math ability			
c. math speed			
d. music preference			
ANSWER: a			
•	whether cats are smarter than dogs. He meanich of the following is the dependent variable	· ·	
b. time to complete the maze			
c. cats			
d. species of animal			
ANSWER: b			
68. Which of the following methods can a. correlational	be used to test causal hypotheses without r	andom assignment?	
b. quasi-experimental			
c. naturalistic observation			
d. experimental			
ANSWER: b			
69. Which of the following methods can	demonstrate cause and effect?		

- a. correlational
- b. experimental
- c. naturalistic observation
- d. survey method

ANSWER: b

- 70. Which of the following is the best example of random assignment?
 - a. Men are in one group and women are in another.
 - b. Participants are allowed to pick their own groups.
 - c. Participant names are drawn out of a hat for each condition.
 - d. Younger participants are in one group and older participants are in another.

- 71. Which of the following methods is the most effective tool for collecting a lot of data about one individual?
 - a. case study
 - b. quasi-experimental
 - c. naturalistic observation

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology		
d. experimental		
ANSWER: a		
72. A group of hikers discovered a boy living didn't seem to speak any language. Which cabout this boy?		
a. case study		
b. quasi-experimental		
c. naturalistic observation		
d. experimental		
ANSWER: a		
73. Which of the following methods would are using new trash cans? a. case study	be the most effective tool to determine	whether students on a college campus
b. quasi-experimental		
c. naturalistic observation		
d. experimental		
ANSWER: c		
74. A research hospital has developed a never effectiveness of their new vaccine against a tool to determine whether the new vaccine	n older version. Which of the following	
a. case study		
b. quasi-experimental		
c. naturalistic observation		
d. experimental		
ANSWER: d		
75. A research psychiatrist has developed a advertising this new medication, he needs to following methods would be the most effect the symptoms of depression?	o collect evidence that it performs bette	er than a placebo. Which of the
a. case study		
b. archival research		

c. naturalistic observation

d. experimental

ANSWER: d

- 76. A variable that demonstrates the "effect" in an experiment is referred to as:
 - a. an independent variable.
 - b. a dependent variable.
 - c. a confounding variable.
 - d. an experimental variable.

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology

- 77. James has designed a study to examine charitability. A total of 30 participants are asked to play a video game and told that they will win a cash prize if they beat the high score. Regardless of their scores, James tells each of the participants that they were winners and randomly assigns them to receive either \$2.00 or \$10.00. Before participants leave, he asks them if they would like to donate to a local charity. What aspect of James' study would be the most problematic to an Institutional Review Board?
 - a. He is not using random sampling.
 - b. His sample size is too small.
 - c. He is using deception.
 - d. He is compensating participants with money.

ANSWER: c

- 78. What procedure do researchers need to use to minimize ethical concerns that might be caused by using deception in their research?
 - a. debriefing
 - b. confidentiality
 - c. committee review
 - d. informed consent

ANSWER: a

- 79. Why do researchers in psychology practice informed consent?
 - a. to share the findings of the study with participants
 - b. to describe participants' role in the study
 - c. to notify participants of any risks
 - d. to prevent lawsuits from participants

ANSWER: c

- 80. Why must researchers maintain confidentiality?
 - a. to protect the privacy of participants' data and personal information
 - b. to prevent other researchers from publishing with the same data
 - c. to minimize the need to debrief participants
 - d. to make participants more comfortable to participate in their research

ANSWER: a

- 81. What is the purpose of an Institutional Review Board (IRB)?
 - a. to oversee research and ensure its quality
 - b. to make sure the scientific method is adhered to
 - c. to ensure research meets ethical standards
 - d. to encourage university researchers to apply for grants

- 82. Which of the following principles of ethical practice involves providing participants with knowledge of the potential risks of a study before they agree to participate?
 - a. informed consent
 - b. confidentiality

Name:	Class:	Date:
Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology		
c. debriefing		
d. anonymity		
ANSWER: a		
83. Which of the following principles of eth making sure it cannot be traced back to ther a. informed consent		ata collected from participants and
b. confidentiality		
c. debriefing		
d. anonymity		
ANSWER: b		
84. What characteristic of Stanley Milgram' a. He deceived participants without pro		ccording to modern ethical guidelines?
b. He caused psychological harm to par	•	
c. He did not obtain informed consent f	• •	
d. He did not protect participants' confi	dentiality.	
ANSWER: b		
85. An institutional review board (IRB) exa are appropriate and the experiment has valu a. to publicize the results of the researc	e to society. Which of the following is	•
b. to ensure all subjects receive full info		
c. to ensure all subjects are treated well	and are safe	
d. to ensure that no participants distribu	ite the results of the study	
ANSWER: c		
86. What was one event in the history of psy a. Francis Sumner's research b. Stanley Milgram's experiments c. John B. Watson's study	ychology that led to the formation of In	nstitutional Review Boards?
d. World War I		
ANSWER: b		
87. Which ethical principle is satisfied whena. informed consentb. confidentiality	a researcher protects personal inform	nation obtained from participants?

- - c. debriefing
 - d. anonymity

- 88. Which ethical principle is satisfied when a researcher reveals the true purpose of a study after participants were deceived during the experiment?
 - a. informed consent

Name:	Class:	Date:
Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology		
b. confidentiality		
c. debriefing		
d. anonymity		
ANSWER: c		
89. Which of the following is an ethical princ a. Animals must be treated humanely and b. Research must be evaluated by the IRI c. Researchers must do research on humanely.	in accordance with the law. 3.	
d. Animals must not be harmed regardles	· ·	
ANSWER: a	•	
90. Which of the following is a rule that resea a. All alternative procedures must first be b. Deception is always an option as long c. Deception may be used when it is obvid. Federal law prohibits the use of deception	e exhausted and participants must be as participants are properly debriefed ious that it will not result in any psyc	debriefed at the end of the study. d.
ANSWER: a		
91. Which perspective gave rise to evolutiona a. functionalism b. behaviorism	ry theory?	
c. structuralism		
d. humanism		
ANSWER: a		
92. Ivan Pavlov helped influence the work of following?	John B. Watson, a well-known beha	viorist, by demonstrating which of the
a. cognition		
b. the behavioral perspective		
c. behaviorism		
d. stimulus and response		
ANSWER: d		
93. When you open a can of cat food and you a. positive psychology	r cat appears out of nowhere, you ha	ve just observed which of the following?
b. stimulus and response		
c. negative reinforcement		
d introspection		

d. introspection

- 94. Imagine a psychologist who believes that we should not try to understand what's happening in the human mind because we cannot observe it. Which perspective of psychology does this psychologist most likely subscribe to?
 - a. structuralism

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology		
b. functionalism		
c. humanism		
d. behaviorism		
ANSWER: d		
95. Jordan is studying the relationship between sl This is an example of what type of correlation?	eep and stress, and finds that as s	tress goes up, sleep quality goes down.
a. zero		
b. positive		
c. negative		
d. perfect		
ANSWER: c		
96. By pairing a white rat with a loud noise, Wats a. remove Little Albert's fear of white rats.	·	
b. teach the white rat to be afraid of Little Al		
c. teach the white rat to run a maze successfu	•	
d. teach Little Albert to be afraid of white rat	S.	
ANSWER: d		
97. The sociocultural perspective focuses on: a. how an individual's view of himself or her b. societal and cultural factors that influence 		avior.
c. the role of the environment in behavior.		
d. the study of what we can observe.		
ANSWER: b		
98. The behavioral perspective focuses on: a. how an individual's view of himself or her	self and the world influences beh	avior.
b. societal and cultural factors that influence		
c. the role of the environment in behavior.		
d. the study of what we can observe.		
ANSWER: c		
99. Which of the following perspectives is most a a. evolutionary	ligned with the argument that fre	e will exists?
b. psychodynamic		
c. humanistic		

d. cognitive

ANSWER: c

100. A psychologist who looks for physical causes for behaviors most likely subscribes to which of the following perspectives?

a. biological

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Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology		
b. evolutionary		
c. psychodynamic		
d. cognitive		
ANSWER: a		
101. Which of the following fields of psych a. social	ology is most closely aligned with the	biological perspective?
b. neuroscience		
c. cognitive		
d. industrial/organizational		
ANSWER: b		
102. Inspired by functionalism, some preser more likely to occur and can be passed dow a. evolutionary		
b. psychodynamic		
c. humanistic		
d. cognitive		
ANSWER: a		
103. A psychologist who seeks to understan most likely come from which of the followi a. community psychology b. experimental psychology c. forensic psychology d. sports psychology	* •	dividuals and their communities would
ANSWER: a		
104. Which of the following steps in the sci-	entific method comes earliest in the pro	ocess?
b. form hypothesis		
c. choose research method		
d. make predictions		
ANSWER: d		
105. Which of the following is an early psycexperience?	chological perspective concerned with	identifying the basic elements of
a. structuralism		
b. functionalism		
c. behaviorism		

106. Which of the following is an early psychological perspective concerned with how behavior helps people adapt to their environment?

d. humanism

ANSWER: a

Name:	Class:	Date:
Chapter 01: The Science of Psychology		
a. structuralism		
b. functionalism		
c. behaviorism		
d. humanism		
ANSWER: b		
107. Which of the following is a psycholo and consequences? a. structuralism	gical perspective that emphasizes the stu	udy of observable stimuli, responses,
b. functionalism		
c. behaviorism		
d. humanism		
ANSWER: c		
108. Which of the following is a psycholopeople?	gical perspective that emphasizes the pe	ersonal growth and potential of all
a. structuralism		
b. functionalism		
c. behaviorism		
d. humanism		
ANSWER: d		
109. Henry studies the relationship between and observing them as they navigate a man a. neuroscience.		
b. behaviorism.		
c. clinical psychology.		
d. experimental psychology.		
ANSWER: a		
110. Dr. Carvalho believes that people who psychological perspective best characteriza. cognitive		eople who are not depressed. Which
b. biological		
c. psychodynamic		
d. behavioral		
ANSWER: a		
111. Which of the following perspectives	is most closely related to functionalism?	2
a. biological		
b. evolutionary		
c. psychodynamic		
d. behavioral		
ANSWER: b		

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112. Darwin's theory of natural selection inspknown as:	pired William James to create a persp	ective on psychology that became
a. structuralism.		
b. functionalism.		
c. behaviorism.		
d. humanism.		
ANSWER: b		
113. Any object or event that is perceived by a. stimulus.	the senses can be referred to as a:	
b. response.		
c. cognition.		
d. criterion.		
ANSWER: a		
114. An organism's reaction to an object can a. stimulus.	be referred to as a:	
b. response.		
c. cognition.		
d. criterion.		
ANSWER: b		
115. The psychologist who would argue that a. Wilhelm Wundt.	the unconscious mind plays a key rol	e in human behavior is:
b. William James.		
c. Sigmund Freud.		
d. Martin Seligman.		
ANSWER: c		
116. A psychologist who takes both a cognit a. the humanist perspective.	ive and a behavioral perspective could	d be referred to as a subscriber to:
b. the eclectic approach.		
c. positive psychology.		
d. psychodynamic perspective.		
ANSWER: b		
117. A psychologist who argues that depress which perspective?	ion is due to repressed feelings that st	em from childhood events demonstrates
a. evolutionary		
b. psychodynamic		
c. humanistic		
d. cognitive		
ANSWER: b		

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- 118. A psychologist who develops tests to differentiate between introverts and extroverts could be described as a:
 - a. clinical psychologist.
 - b. social psychologist.
 - c. developmental psychologist.
 - d. personality psychologist.

ANSWER: d

- 119. A psychologist who studies how people change as they age could be described as a:
 - a. clinical psychologist.
 - b. social psychologist.
 - c. developmental psychologist.
 - d. personality psychologist.

ANSWER: c

- 120. Someone who designs the cockpits of planes so that he or she can easily be operated by pilots could be described as:
 - a. a biopsychologist.
 - b. an environmental psychologist.
 - c. an experimental psychologist.
 - d. a human factors psychologist.

ANSWER: d

- 121. A psychologist who goes to court to provide evidence that the defendant is not competent to stand trial could be described as a:
 - a. community psychologist.
 - b. cognitive psychologist.
 - c. social psychologist.
 - d. forensic psychologist.

ANSWER: d

- 122. Which of the following is an accurate statement about the central goals of psychology?
 - a. The central aim of psychology is to give advice.
 - b. A goal of psychology is to be able to explain mental processes.
 - c. A goal in psychology is to use behavior to produce profit.
 - d. The only real goal of psychology is to understand how the brain works.

ANSWER: b

- 123. Which of the following psychologists would be least interested in the relationship between stimuli and responses?
 - a. John B. Watson
 - b. Ivan Pavlov
 - c. B.F. Skinner
 - d. Wilhelm Wundt

ANSWER: d

124. Wilhelm Wundt is credited with establishing the first psychology laboratory. Which of the following perspectives is

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most closely linked to Wundt's research?

- a. structuralism
- b. functionalism
- c. behaviorism
- d. humanism

ANSWER: a

- 125. The structuralist technique of observations involves:
 - a. saying whatever words come to mind.
 - b. dissecting the brain.
 - c. a self-observation.
 - d. trying to guess what other people are thinking.

ANSWER: c

- 126. A psychologist instructs the participants in his study to voice all of their mental processes in response to someone knocking on the door to his lab. He repeats this process multiple times and uses this information to learn more about the structure of thought. What process is the participant engaging in?
 - a. psychoanalytics
 - b. introspection
 - c. functionalism
 - d. the eclectic approach

ANSWER: b

- 127. James believes that all people hold unconscious feelings and attitudes that drive their behavior. Which of the following psychologists' perspectives would James agree with the most?
 - a. Sigmund Freud
 - b. Ivan Payloy
 - c. William James
 - d. Edward Titchener

ANSWER: a

- 128. Which of the following statements most accurately represents the impact of structuralism on the field of psychology?
 - a. It was the first attempt to understand how mental experiences are organized.
 - b. It stressed the role of the environment in determining behavior.
 - c. It argued that we can't know what's happening in the mind, so we shouldn't try to study it.
 - d. It proposed that natural selection could help explain why humans behave the way they do.

ANSWER: a

- 129. Which of the following statements best represents the impact of functionalism on the field of psychology?
 - a. It was the first attempt to understand how mental experiences are organized.
 - b. It stressed the role of the environment in determining behavior.
 - c. It argued that we can't know what's happening in the mind, so we shouldn't try to study it.
 - d. It proposed that natural selection could help explain why humans behave the way they do.

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- 130. Which of the following statements best represents the behaviorist approach within the field of psychology?
 - a. It was the first attempt to understand how mental experiences are organized.
 - b. It stressed the role of the environment in determining behavior.
 - c. It argued that we can't know what's happening in the mind, so we shouldn't try to study it.
 - d. It proposed that natural selection could help explain why humans behave the way they do.