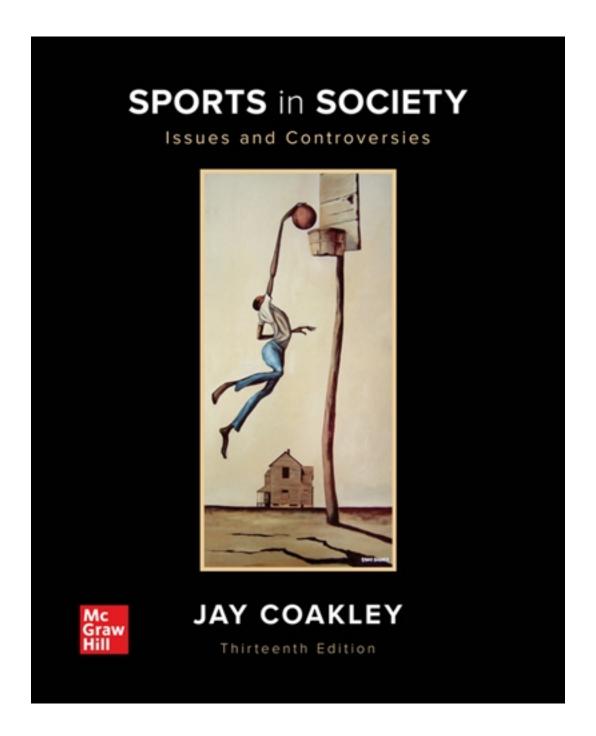
Test Bank for Sports in Society 13th Edition by Coakley

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# Test Bank

### ANSWERS ARE LOCATED IN THE SECOND PART OF THIS DOCUMENT

answ 1)	TIPLE CHOICE - Choose the one alternative that best completes the staters the question.  The author explains that the purpose of the text is to help the reader underst per game" associated with sports. This "deeper game" refers to	
	<ul> <li>A) hidden strategies used by coaches and athletes as they play sports.</li> <li>B) performance statistics for teams and players.</li> <li>C) connections between sports and the larger social world.</li> <li>D) underlying personality characteristics of people in sports.</li> </ul>	1)
Acces	ion Details sibility : Keyboard Navigation : About This Book	
2)	Sociology helps us examine	2)
	<ul> <li>A) the connection between biology and social activities.</li> <li>B) social life in context.</li> <li>C) politics and economics through history.</li> <li>D) connections between our bodies and our family backgrounds.</li> </ul>	
Acces	ion Details sibility: Keyboard Navigation : Using Sociology to Study Sports	
3)	People in the sociology of sport are mostly concerned with studying	3)

Version 1

A)	the social worlds created in and around sports.
B)	the physical environments in which sports are played.

- C) the differences between top athletes and others who play sports.
- D) the reasons why some teams and athletes are winners and others are losers.

Question	<b>Details</b>
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Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Topic: Using Sociology to Study Sports

<b>4</b> )	Which of the following is LEAST likely to be a concern among sociologists who study
sports?	

4) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) The social worlds created around sports.
- B) Sports as social phenomena.
- C) The motivation and personalities of athletes.
- D) The cultural meaning and importance of sports.

#### **Question Details**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Topic: Using Sociology to Study Sports

5) According to the author, culture consists of

5) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) rules and procedures that some people impose on others.
- B) activities such as opera and classical music.
- C) ways of living that are common only among upper-class people.
- D) ways of life that people create as they live together.

-	ion Details sibility : Keyboard Navigation	
	: Using Sociology to Study Sports	
6)	The author points out that sport cultures are	6)
		- /
	<ul> <li>A) created as people in sports interact with each other.</li> <li>B) essentially the same all over the world.</li> <li>C) activities that remain the same through history.</li> <li>D) organized so they have the same meanings in all societies.</li> </ul>	
Access	ion Details sibility: Keyboard Navigation : Using Sociology to Study Sports	
7)	Which of the following is not one of the three key concepts used in sociolog	y?
		7)
	<ul><li>A) Social structure.</li><li>B) Social conflict.</li><li>C) Social interaction.</li><li>D) Culture.</li></ul>	
Access	ion Details sibility: Keyboard Navigation : Using Sociology to Study Sports	
8)	Social structure consists of	
		8)

A)	ways of life tha	t people	learn as	they b	ecome a	adults.

- B) established patterns of relationships and social arrangements.
- C) organizational processes developed by unrelated work groups.
- D) rules developed by individuals working on schedules.

Question	<b>Details</b>
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Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Topic: Using Sociology to Study Sports

9) According to the definition often used by people in North America, which of the following would be an example of a sport?

9) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Jogging with friends on the weekend.
- B) Racing in the Indianapolis 500.
- C) Jumping rope in an aerobics class.
- D) Playing chess in a city tournament.

#### **Question Details**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

**Topic: Defining Sports** 

**10**) According to the definition often used by people in North America, sport is an activity that involves

10)

- A) complex cognitive skills combined with complex physical skills.
- B) physical challenges or competitive contests.
- C) both cooperation and teamwork.
- D) serious psychological and physical strategies.

Access	sibility : Keyboard Navigation : Defining Sports	
11)	It is difficult to develop a single definition of sports because	
		11)
	<ul> <li>A) men and women define sports in completely different terms.</li> <li>B) genetic differences lead people to define sports differently.</li> <li>C) people generally resist organized physical activities.</li> <li>D) the organization and meaning of sports vary by culture.</li> </ul>	
Access	ion Details sibility: Keyboard Navigation : Defining Sports	
<b>12</b> ) likely	When compared with past research in the sociology of sport, current research to focus on	n is more
		12)
	<ul> <li>A) video games containing cognitive challenges.</li> <li>B) physical culture in particular social worlds.</li> <li>C) noncompetitive games.</li> <li>D) activities that improve physical fitness.</li> </ul>	
Access	ion Details sibility: Keyboard Navigation : Defining Sports	
13)	Official definitions of sports in the United States emphasize	
		13)

A	)	formal	ly	organ	ized,	competi	itive	activitie	S.
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- B) health-related activities that reduce obesity rates.
- C) activities in which there are no winners or losers.
- D) age-integrated activities that can be played anywhere.

Question	<b>Details</b>
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Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

**Topic: Defining Sports** 

**14)** Official definitions of sport have important implications because they identify the activities that

14) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) are best for the general health of people in a society.
- B) attract attention global attention and increase tourism.
- C) receive the most financial and political support.
- D) reflect the cultural traditions of average people.

#### **Question Details**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

**Topic: Defining Sports** 

**15**) Physical activity participation rates are most likely to be high in a society when the definition of sport focuses on

15)

- A) challenging activities that produce an adrenaline rush for participants.
- B) organized, competitive activities played at scheduled times and places.
- C) activities that will enable athletes to win Olympic medals.
- D) a wide range of physical activities that are pleasurable for participants.

Access	sibility: Keyboard Navigation: Defining Sports	
16)	Sports are social constructions. This means that they are	
		16)
	<ul> <li>A) planned activities that make society more efficient.</li> <li>B) based on a foundation of socialist ideas.</li> <li>C) created by people as they interact with each other.</li> <li>D) unrelated to political and economic factors in society.</li> </ul>	
Access	ion Details sibility: Keyboard Navigation : Defining Sports	
<b>17</b> )	When sociologists say that sports are "contested activities," they mean that	
		17)
	<ul> <li>A) all sports involve some form of contest or competition.</li> <li>B) sports exist to enable people to have contests with each other.</li> <li>C) people in any society must compete with each other to play sports.</li> <li>D) people may struggle over what sports are and who should play them.</li> </ul>	
Access	ion Details sibility: Keyboard Navigation : Defining Sports	
18)	One of the most hotly contested aspects of sports in society is	
		18)

- A) who plays sports under what conditions.
- B) whether scientists should study sports.
- C) the process for making up rules in specific games.
- D) who can identify themselves athletes in relationships with others.

#### **Question Details**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Topic: Reflect on Sports; Who Plays and Who Doesn't

**19)** Sports facilities and programs are most likely to be supported by government agencies and tax money when people see sports as

19) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) promoting the development of individuals.
- B) benefiting the expansion of particular businesses.
- C) contributing to the common good.
- D) reaffirming the status quo.

#### **Question Details**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

**Topic: Defining Sports** 

**20**) According to the author, one of the problems with a single definition of sport is that it might lead some sociologists to

20)

- A) ignore people who lack the resources to formally organize their games.
- B) ask too many critical questions and destroy the enjoyment of sports.
- C) focus too much attention on the games of people in low income groups.
- D) ignore the political importance of sports in society.

Accessi	on Details bility: Keyboard Navigation Defining Sports	
<b>21</b> ) of	The definition of sports in any particular context usually represents the ideas	and interests
		21)
	<ul><li>A) the average person in that context.</li><li>B) some people more than others.</li><li>C) young people.</li><li>D) physical educators.</li></ul>	
Accessi	on <b>Details</b> bility : Keyboard Navigation Defining Sports	
<b>22)</b> sport?	Which of the following is LEAST likely to be studied by someone in the soc	ciology of
		22)
	<ul> <li>A) The physical demands associated with individual and team sports.</li> <li>B) The relationship between sports and religion.</li> <li>C) The ways that sports are included into social life.</li> <li>D) The forms and meanings of sports from one group to another.</li> </ul>	
Accessi	on Details bility: Keyboard Navigation What is the Sociology of Sport?	
23)	The great sport myth is based on the belief that	
		23)

- A) people are genetically wired to play sports.
- B) sports are more socially important than religion.
- C) people prefer sports over religion as a source personal meaning.
- D) sports are essentially pure and good.

#### **Question Details**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Topic: What is the Sociology of Sport?

24) Widespread acceptance of the great sport myth leads people to

24) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) play sports even when they don't find them enjoyable.
- B) see little need to study sports from a critical perspective.
- C) seek ways to change and improve sports.
- D) define sports as wars without weapons.

#### **Question Details**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Topic: What is the Sociology of Sport?

25) Using sociology of sport knowledge to produce positive outcomes is most likely when

25) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) people realize that science is an objective enterprise.
- B) sports are seen as essentially pure and good.
- C) it is combined with critical thinking.
- D) it is combined with market forces.

#### **Question Details**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Topic: What is the Sociology of Sport?

26)	After reading Sports in Society the author hopes that people will	
		26)
	<ul> <li>A) create sports that are not influenced by politics or economics.</li> <li>B) understand what it takes to be successful athletes today.</li> <li>C) make informed choices about sports in their lives and their society.</li> <li>D) develop research projects that are truly objective.</li> </ul>	
Access	ion Details sibility: Keyboard Navigation : What is the Sociology of Sport?	
<b>27</b> ) contro	When sociologists study sports in society, their recommendations are sometimoversial because they may call for changes in the	
		27)
	<ul> <li>A) personal characteristics of the people who participate in sports.</li> <li>B) structure and organization of sports and society.</li> <li>C) media strategies used to cover sport programs and athletes.</li> <li>D) strategies that athletes use to promote their own interests.</li> </ul>	
Access	ion Details sibility: Keyboard Navigation : What is the Sociology of Sport?	
<b>28</b> ) prima	When the sociology of sport is used to study sports participation among won ary focus would likely be on	en, the
		28)

- A) the physical skills of women compared to men.
- B) the need for women to take sports more seriously.
- C) women's access to the time and resources needed to play sports.
- D) the ability of women to grasp the complex rules that exist in many sports.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Topic: What is the Sociology of Sport?

**29**) The author explains that a sociological approach to studying sports

29) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) will grow if it produces knowledge that is useful to many people.
- B) is useless when it is critical and idealistic.
- C) produces knowledge that enables athletes to train more effectively.
- D) is useful because it proves that sport has essential and unchanging qualities.

#### **Question Details**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Topic: What is the Sociology of Sport?

**30**) Sports are logical topics for sociologists to study because

30) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) sports are more important than families are for most people.
- B) media coverage has distorted the meaning and purpose of sports.
- C) sports are such a pervasive part of many people's lives today.
- D) nearly everyone in the world plays sports on a regular basis.

#### **Question Details**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Topic: Why Study Sports in Society?

Version 1

31) sports	The author explains that we should study sports as parts of the social world be are	ecause
		31)
	<ul> <li>A) closely connected with important ideas and meanings in social life.</li> <li>B) the only activities that keep people fit and healthy.</li> <li>C) truly democratic activities unrelated to social class and social inequality.</li> <li>D) too often ignored by mainstream media around the world.</li> </ul>	
Accessi	on Details bility: Keyboard Navigation Why Study Sports in Society?	
32) sociolo	When people use sports to form and nurture their relationships with other people or say that they are increasing their	ple, a
		32)
	<ul><li>A) physical literacy.</li><li>B) cultural competence.</li><li>C) self-esteem.</li><li>D) social capital.</li></ul>	
Accessi Topic :	bility: Keyboard Navigation Why Study Sports in Society? EMPTY	
33)	Which of the following is a FALSE statement about ideologies?	22)
		33)

- A) Ideologies consist of ideas that people use to give meaning to the world.
- B) Ideologies are stable and unchanging cultural perspectives.
- C) Ideologies refer to the principles that underlie people's feelings and actions.
- D) Ideologies emerge as people struggle over how to make sense of the world.

Question	<b>Details</b>
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Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Topic: Why Study Sports in Society?

34) When sociologists study ideologies, they focus on

34) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) the social characteristics of extremist groups.
- B) webs of shared ideas and beliefs that people use to make sense of the world.
- C) how people struggle to dominate each other in social groups.
- D) beliefs and orientations that are grounded in human biology.

#### **Question Details**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Topic: Why Study Sports in Society?

**35**) Gender ideology refers to

35) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) ideas and beliefs based on scientific research about gender.
- B) idealized definitions of how boys and girls ought to be raised.
- C) ideas and beliefs about masculinity and femininity.
- D) the biological origins of manhood and womanhood.

#### **Question Details**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Topic: Why Study Sports in Society?

<b>36</b> )	Dominant gender ideology in most societies has traditionally emphasized that	
		36)
	<ul> <li>A) female inferiority in sports is based in nature.</li> <li>B) women are naturally more aggressive than men.</li> <li>C) girls and boys should learn to play sports together.</li> <li>D) competent women athletes are sexually attractive.</li> </ul>	
Access	on Details ibility: Keyboard Navigation Why Study Sports in Society?	
<b>37</b> ) girls,"	When a coach accuses male players of not playing well by saying that they "phis statement is most likely to motivate the players if they	lay like
		37)
	<ul> <li>A) have sisters who are athletes.</li> <li>B) accept dominant gender ideology.</li> <li>C) believe that neither men nor women are naturally superior to each other.</li> <li>D) have lesbian friends who are athletes.</li> </ul>	
Access	on Details ibility: Keyboard Navigation Why Study Sports in Society?	
<b>38</b> ) world	When girls and women first challenged dominant gender ideology by entering of sports, they were	g the male
		38)

A) defined by most people as heroic.

	B) seen as sexually attractive.	
	C) welcomed by men.	
	D) demonized as abnormal and immoral.	
_	on Details	
	ibility: Keyboard Navigation Why Study Sports in Society?	
Topic.	why study sports in society.	
<b>39</b> )	Racial ideology refers to	
		39)
	A) ideas and haliafa that are based on research about reas	
	<ul><li>A) ideas and beliefs that are based on research about race.</li><li>B) idealized definitions of how blacks and whites should treat each other.</li></ul>	
	C) the biological factors that make people different from each other.	
	D) ideas and beliefs that people use to give meaning to skin color.	
_	on Details	
	ibility: Keyboard Navigation Why Study Sports in Society?	
Topic.	why study sports in society.	
40)	Social class ideology in the United States is organized around	
		40)
	A) ideas and haliafa about what is defined as "as all in assistiv	
	<ul><li>A) ideas and beliefs about what is defined as "cool" in society.</li><li>B) a generalized belief that people either have class or they don't.</li></ul>	
	C) a belief in meritocracy.	
	D) a denial that there are real economic differences between people.	
	, respectively.	
Questi	on Details	
-	ibility: Keyboard Navigation	

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Topic: Why Study Sports in Society?

<b>41</b> )	Ableist ideology is used to	
	•	41)
	<ul> <li>A) promote the idea that variations in ability are normal and natural.</li> <li>B) undermine the general perspective of ableism.</li> <li>C) identify people as disabled.</li> <li>D) create accessible physical environments.</li> </ul>	
Accessi	n Details  bility: Keyboard Navigation  Why Study Sports in Society?	
42)	Ideologies are different than the ideas and beliefs of individuals because they	42)
	<ul> <li>A) are likely to change more rapidly than people's ideas and beliefs.</li> <li>B) influence the organization of social worlds.</li> <li>C) are never taken for granted by people.</li> <li>D) emphasize equality among all people.</li> </ul>	
Accessi	n Details  bility: Keyboard Navigation  Why Study Sports in Society?	
43)	The connections between ideologies and sports are	43)

	A) complex.	
	B) unchanging.	
	C) meaningless.	
	D) based on irrationality.	
Questi	on Details	
	ibility: Keyboard Navigation	
Topic	Why Study Sports in Society?	
44)	While discussing sports and major spheres of social life, the author notes that	t
		44)
	A) sports usually affect family life in negative ways.	
	B) new social media have changed the way fans consume sports.	
	C) sports are becoming less commercialized around the world today.	
	D) sports are related to the economy but not to politics or religion.	
-	on Details	
	ibility: Keyboard Navigation	
Topic	Why Study Sports in Society?	
45)	When the author says that the human body is social, this means that	
		45)
	A) muscular bodies have always been defined in positive ways.	
	B) all bodies are basically the same from one culture to another.	
	C) bodies have an essential physical quality that never changes.	
	D) meanings given to the body and body parts change over time.	
Ouesti	on Details	
-	ibility: Keyboard Navigation	

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Topic: Reflect on Sports; The Body is More than Physical

**46**) When people in a society see the body as machine and define sports as high stakes competitions, it is likely that

46) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) they will focus on bodily pleasure and joy in sports.
- B) athletes will use technology to control and manage their bodies.
- C) there will be no need for drug testing in sports.
- D) people will view their bodies as unchangeable and beautiful.

#### **Question Details**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Topic: Reflect on Sports; The Body is More than Physical

### **Answer Key**

Test name: CH01

- 1) C
- 2) B
- 3) A
- 4) C
- 5) D
- 6) A
- 7) B
- 8) B
- 9) B
- 10) B
- 11) D
- 12) B
- 13) A
- 14) C
- 15) D
- 16) C
- 17) D
- 18) A
- 19) C
- 20) A
- 21) B
- 22) A
- 23) D
- 24) B
- 25) C
- 26) C

- 27) B
- 28) C
- 29) A
- 30) C
- 31) A
- 32) D
- 33) B
- 34) B
- 35) C
- 36) A
- 37) B
- 38) D
- 39) D
- 40) C
- 41) C
- 42) B
- 43) A
- 44) B
- 45) D
- 46) B