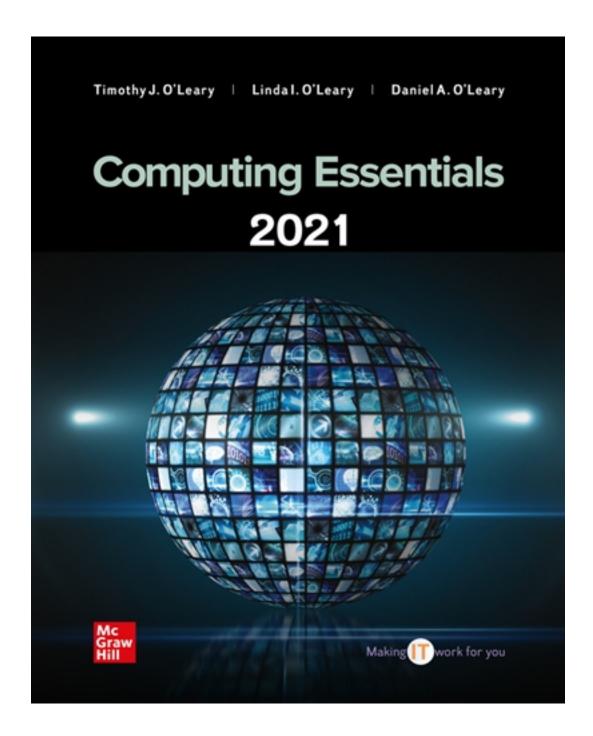
Test Bank for Computing Essentials 2021 28th Edition by OLeary

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Test Bank

ANSWERS ARE LOCATED IN THE SECOND PART OF THIS DOCUMENT

TRUE/FALSE - Write	'T	" if the statement	is true and	'F	" if the statement	t is false.
--------------------	----	--------------------	-------------	-----------	--------------------	-------------

1) the In	The paternet.	The parts of an information system are: people, procedures, software, hardware, data, and net.					
			1)				
	0	true					
	0	false					
	on Detail						
	's : Remei						
	B : Techn	ology eyboard Navigation					
	ılty : 2 Me						
Learni	ng Outcor	me: 01-01 Explain the parts of an information system: people, procedures, software, ha ion Systems					
2)	The pu	urpose of software is to convert data into information.					
			2)				
	0	true					
	0	false					
Questi	on Detail	s					
	B : Techn						
		eyboard Navigation					
	ılty : 2 Me 's : Under						
		ne: 01-01 Explain the parts of an information system: people, procedures, software, ha					
	_	ion Systems					
3)	Softwa	are is another name for a program or programs.					
			3)				
	o	true					
	0	false					
	\odot	Turbe					

Version 1

Learning	: Reme : Techr ty : 1 Ea bility : K g Outco	ember nology	ι
4)		e an effective and efficient computer user, you need to recognize the role	of
inform	ation t	echnology in your personal and professional life.	
			4)
	<!--</td--><td>true false</td><td></td>	true false	
Bloom's	: Techr ty: 1 Ea oility: k : Under g Outco	nology asy Keyboard Navigation rstand ome : 01-01 Explain the parts of an information system: people, procedures, software, ha	ι
5) interna		ication software is "background" software which helps the computer manaurces.	age its own
			5)
	<!--</td--><td>true false</td><td></td>	true false	
Difficult	Softward: Techroility: Katy: 2 Mag Outcook	re nology Keyboard Navigation Iedium ome : 01-02 Distinguish between system software and application software.	

Version 1 2

System software is a collection of programs.

6)

			0)
	0	true	
	O	false	
	o	laise	
Questio	n Details	s	
Bloom's	: Remen	nber	
Topic:	Software		
AACSB	: Techno	ology	
	ty:1 Eas		
	•	eyboard Navigation	
Learning	g Outcon	ne: 01-02 Distinguish between system software and application software.	
7) browsi		rus software is a Windows utility that is unnecessary as long as you are a	careful
			7)
	o	true	
	o	false	
Topic: S AACSB Accessil Learning Bloom's	-	ology eyboard Navigation ne: 01-03 Differentiate between the three kinds of system software programs. ze	
8)	System	n software might be described as end-user software.	
			8)
	<u> </u>	true	
	0	false	
Questio	n Details	s	
-	Software		
AACSB	: Techno	ology	
		eyboard Navigation	
		ne: 01-03 Differentiate between the three kinds of system software programs.	
	: Analyz		
Difficul	ty: 3 Hai	rd	

9)	A wor	d processor is an example of system software.	
			9)
	<!--</th--><th>true false</th><th></th>	true false	
Topic: AACSE Accessi Learnin Bloom's	-	ology eyboard Navigation ne: 01-03 Differentiate between the three kinds of system software programs. ze	
10)	Anoth	er name for a midrange computer is "server."	10)
	(i) (ii)	true false	
Bloom's AACSE Difficul Accessi Learnin		nber ology sy eyboard Navigation ne: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of personal comput	er
11) about 1		nce companies are most likely to use personal computers to process infer s of policyholders.	ormation
			11)
	<!--</td--><td>true false</td><td></td>	true false	

Question DetailsAACSB : Technology

Difficul Learnin	ty : 2 Me g Outcor	me: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of personal computer	er
_	Hardwar : Under		
DIOOIII S	. Onuei	staliu	
12) or stor		phones are a type of personal computer that do not need input, output, p	processing,
			12)
			,
	<u> </u>	true	
	o	false	
Ouestio	n Detail	ls	
_	: Reme		
	: Techn		
	bility : K ty : 2 Me	Leyboard Navigation	
	•	me: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of personal computers.	er
	Hardwar		
13)	Two i	mportant components of the system unit are the keyboard and the hard	disk.
			13)
	o	true	
	<!--</td--><td>false</td><td></td>	false	
	Ū		
_	n Detail		
	: Remer		
		Leyboard Navigation	
Difficul	ty : 2 Me	edium	
_	Hardwar		•.
Learnin	g Outcor	me: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system un	11t
14)	A syst	tem unit consists of the keyboard and the monitor.	
,	5 - 5		
			14)

	0	true	
	0	false	
		_	
	on Deta		
	's : Reme		
	B : Tech ılty : 1 E		
	-	Keyboard Navigation	
	: Hardwa	·	
_		ome: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system	unit
Dourni		one . or oo Beserve the different types of computer matawate, metading the system	
15)	RAM	I will retain data when the computer is turned off.	
			15)
	o	true	
	0	false	
_	on Deta		
	's : Remo		
	B : Tech		
	ılty : 1 E		
	-	Keyboard Navigation	
-	Hardwa		:4
Learni	ng Outco	ome: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system	unit
16)	The r	nost common input devices are the mouse and the keyboard.	
			16)
	o	true	
	0	false	
Ouesti	on Deta	ils	
-	's : Reme		
	B : Tech		
	ılty : 1 E		
Access	ibility:	Keyboard Navigation	
Topic :	Hardwa	are	
Learni	ng Outco	ome: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system	unit

Version 1 6

Secondary storage will retain data when the computer is turned off.

17)

			17)
	o	true	
	0	false	
	O	Tuise	
	on Detai		
	's : Reme		
	B : Techn ılty : 1 Ea		
	-	Keyboard Navigation	
	: Hardwai		
Learni	ng Outco	me: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system us	nit
10)	C~1:4	state stances was misid motallic platters to stance date using the magnetic	ahamaaa an
18)	-Sona sk's surf	state storage uses rigid metallic platters to store data using the magnetic	charges on
the ui	SK S SUII	lace.	
			18)
		tmvo	
	<u> </u>	true false	
	0	raise	
Questi	on Detai	ls	
	B: Techn		
	-	Keyboard Navigation	
	ılty : 2 Me : Hardwaı		
_		me: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system us	nit
	's : Under		
10)	Г		1
19)		common types of files are document files, worksheet files, database file	s, and
prese	ntation f	nies.	
			19)
		tmvo	
	<u> </u>	true	
	0	false	
Questi	on Detai	ls	
	's : Reme		
	B: Techn		
	ılty : 1 Ea sibility : K	ssy Keyboard Navigation	
	-	me: 01-07 Define data and describe document, worksheet, database, and presentation	fil

Version 1 7

Topic: Data

20)	Higl	nly structured an	nd organized dat	ta is stored	in database	files.		
								20)
	<u></u>	true						
	0	false						
AACSI Difficu Accessi	s:Ren 3:Tec lty:1 ibility:	nember hnology		e document, v	vorksheet, dat	abase, and pre	sentation 1	fil
	ers the Whi	E CHOICE - Ce question. ch part of an inf				-		
								21)
								,
		People						
		Procedures Internet						
		Data						
AACSI Difficu Accessi Learnin	s:Ren 3:Tec lty:1 ibility:	nember hnology		nformation sy	rstem: people	, procedures, so	oftware, h	a
22)	The	equipment that	processes data i	n order to	create infor	mation is ca	lled the	·
								22)

	A) typology	
	B) compiler	
	C) hardware	
	D) software	
-	on Details	
	s : Remember 3 : Technology	
	Ity: 1 Easy	
	bility : Keyboard Navigation	
	g Outcome: 01-01 Explain the parts of an information system: people, procedures, software,	ha
opic:	Information Systems	
23)	In most cases, the word "software" is interchangeable with the word	
,	· <u> </u>	
		23)
	A) procedure	
	B) application	
	C) program	
	D) computer	
Questic	on Details	
	s : Remember	
_	Software 3: Technology	
	Ity: 1 Easy	
	bility: Keyboard Navigation	
Learnin	g Outcome: 01-01 Explain the parts of an information system: people, procedures, software,	ha
) <i>4</i>)	What are the two major software types?	
24)	What are the two major software types?	
		24)

26)

called _____.

	A)	System analysis software and data warehousing software
	B)	Operating system software and utilities software
	C)	System software and application software
	D)	Database management software and application software
Questio	n De	tails
		member
Topic:		
Difficul		chnology Easy
		: Keyboard Navigation
	-	tcome: 01-02 Distinguish between system software and application software.
25)	Wh	ich of the following is a collection of programs rather than a single program?
		25)
	A)	Procedures
	B)	•
	C)	Hardware
	D)	Microsoft Access
Questio		
		member
Topic:		chnology
Difficul		
	-	: Keyboard Navigation
Learnin	g Out	tcome: 01-03 Differentiate between the three kinds of system software programs.
26)	"Re	ackground" software that helps the computer manage its own internal resources is

Version 1 10

26) _____

A)	s]	nar	ew	ar	e
,			~ ,,	•••	•

- B) application software
- C) desktop
- D) system software

Question Details

Bloom's : Remember Topic : Software AACSB : Technology

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Learning Outcome: 01-03 Differentiate between the three kinds of system software programs.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

27) Identify the program that coordinates computer resources, provides an interface between users and the computer, and runs applications.

27) _____

- A) System software
- B) Operating system
- C) Application software
- D) Device driver

Question Details

Bloom's : Remember Topic : Software AACSB : Technology Difficulty : 1 Easy

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Learning Outcome: 01-03 Differentiate between the three kinds of system software programs.

28) Antivirus programs protect your computer system from viruses or malicious programs. This is an example of which type of software?

28) _____

A) Browser softwar	e
--------------------	---

- B) Operating system
- C) Application software
- D) Utilities

Question Details

Topic: Software

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Learning Outcome: 01-03 Differentiate between the three kinds of system software programs.

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: Understand AACSB: Analytic

29) System software includes all of the following except

29)	

- A) stand-alone operating systems.
- B) real-time operating systems.
- C) utilities.
- D) browsers.

Question Details

Topic : Software AACSB : Technology

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Learning Outcome: 01-03 Differentiate between the three kinds of system software programs.

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: Analyze

30) Which of the following computers is also referred to as a server and is used to support end users for things such as retrieving data from a database or providing access to application software?

30)	
20)	

Version 1

A) Midrange

	B)	Mainframe	
	C)	Supercomputer	
	D)	Microcomputer	
Questio	n Det	tails	
Bloom's			
		chnology	
	-	: Keyboard Navigation	
	-	Medium	
Topic:		come: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of personal compute	I .
Topic .	I Iui u v	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
31)	Des	sktop, laptop, and tablet computers, and mobile devices are classified as	
,			
			31)
	A)	mainframe computers	
	B)	-	
		midrange computers	
		personal computers	
	D)	personal computers	
Questio			
		chnology	
Difficul	-	: Keyboard Navigation	
	-	come: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of personal computers.	r
Topic:	-		
Bloom's	: Un	derstand	
32)	The	e most widely used personal computers are	
			32)
			34)

A)	laptops
B)	smartphones
C)	notebooks and laptops
D)	tablets
Question De	
Bloom's : Re	
AACSB: Tec Difficulty: 1	
-	: Keyboard Navigation
	tcome: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of personal computer
Topic: Hard	ware
22) A m	nions commutes that is smaller lighter and loss neverthal than a notaback and which
	nicrocomputer that is smaller, lighter, and less powerful than a notebook, and which
nas a touch	n sensitive screen, is called a
	33)
A >	
	laptop
	desktop
C)	
D)	tablet
Question De Bloom's : Re	
AACSB : Te	
Difficulty: 1	
Accessibility	: Keyboard Navigation
_	tcome: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of personal computer
Topic : Hard	ware
34) Thi	is computer component holds the program and data that is currently being processed.
, =	
	34)

H (A) RAM B) ROM C) Bus D) Ports
AACSB: Difficulty Accessibil Topic: Ha	Remember Technology : 1 Easy lity: Keyboard Navigation
35) V	Which of the following will not retain data after the computer is turned off? 35)
H (A) DVD B) RAM C) ROM D) Hard drive
AACSB: Difficulty Accessibil Topic: Ha	Remember Technology : 1 Easy lity: Keyboard Navigation
36) I	dentify the four basic categories of hardware in a personal computer system.

Version 1 15

36) _____

- A) Hard disk, input/output, secondary storage, and display devices
- B) System unit, input/output, secondary storage, and primary storage
- C) System unit, input/output, secondary storage, and communication
- D) Hard disk, modem, RAM, and microprocessor

Question Details

Bloom's : Remember AACSB : Technology

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Hardware

Learning Outcome: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system unit

37) This hardware houses most of the electronic components that make up a computer system.

37) _____

- A) System unit
- B) Input/output devices
- C) Secondary storage
- D) Communication

Question Details

Bloom's : Remember AACSB : Technology Difficulty : 1 Easy

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Topic: Hardware

Learning Outcome: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system unit

38) Which of the following are two important components of the system unit?

38) _____

A) Microprocessor and memory

	B)	Keyboard and mouse	
	C)	Microphone and speakers	
	D)	Monitor and printer	
Questio			
Bloom's		chnology	
		: Keyboard Navigation	
		Medium	
Topic:			
Learnin	g Out	come: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system un	nit
39)	Wh	ich one of the following is not considered a form of secondary storage?	
			20)
			39)
	A)	Solid-state storage	
	B)	Optical discs	
	C)	RAM	
	D)	Hard disk	
Questio	n De	tails	
Bloom's			
		chnology	
Difficul	•	·	
Accessi Topic :	-	: Keyboard Navigation	
_		come: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system u	nit
	8	, para transfer of the second	
40)		are the most important part of any information system.	
10)		are the most important part of any information system.	
			40)

A) Software applications

C) Hardware applications

B) Programs

D) People

AACSI Difficu Accessi Bloom' Learnin	on Details B: Technology lty: 1 Easy ibility: Keyboard Navigation s: Understand ng Outcome: 01-01 Explain the parts of an information system: people, procedures, software, People	ha
4 1)	The type of media that uses laser technology to store data and programs is	·
		41)
	A) hard diskB) flashC) solid stateD) optical disc	
Bloom' AACSI Accessi Difficu Fopic:	on Details s: Remember B: Technology ibility: Keyboard Navigation lty: 2 Medium Hardware ng Outcome: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system of the computer of the comp	mit
42) proces	Which of the following is not an example of a document file created by a wossor?	rd
		42)

	A)	Spreadsheet	
	B)	Memo	
	C)	Letter	
	D)	Term paper	
Questi			
AACS	B : Te	emember echnology	
	-	1 Easy	
	ng Ou	y: Keyboard Navigation attcome: 01-07 Define data and describe document, worksheet, database, and presentation files	
43)	A f	financial budget would typically be created in what type of data file?	
		43)	
	Δ)	Database	
		Worksheet	
	C)		
		Document	
	_,		
Questi	ion De	etails	
		echnology	
	•	y : Keyboard Navigation 2 Medium	
Bloom	•		
	_	atcome: 01-07 Define data and describe document, worksheet, database, and presentation fil	
Topic	: Data	ı	
44) would		aployee records, including names, social security numbers, and related information ically be stored in what type of data file?	•
		44)	
		· · / <u></u>	

A) Document

	B)	Presentation	
	C)	Database	
	D)	Worksheet	
Questi			
		chnology : Keyboard Navigation	
	•	Medium	
Bloom	-		
	-	come: 01-07 Define data and describe document, worksheet, database, and presentation	fil
Topic :	Data		
45)	Tri	Tutamat in the language South a small	
45)	1 ne	e Internet is the largest in the world.	
			45)
			,
		network	
		system unit	
		database program	
	D)	operating system	
Questi	on De	tails	
		member	
		chnology	
Difficu	•	: Keyboard Navigation	
	-	tcome: 01-08 Explain computer connectivity, the wireless revolution, the Internet, cloud	
	-	ectivity and the Mobile Internet	
46)	Wh	ich technology allows users to shift their desktop computing activities to c	computers
on the	Inte	rnet?	
			46)
			

A) Distributed databases

	B)	Cloud computing	
	C)	Personal computers	
	D)	Solid-state storage	
Questi			
		member	
		chnology : Keyboard Navigation	
		Medium	
Learni	ng Ou	tcome: 01-08 Explain computer connectivity, the wireless revolution, the Internet, cloud ectivity and the Mobile Internet	
47)		are all about making people (end users) more productive.	
			47)
			.,,
		Personal computers	
	B)	Supercomputers	
	C)	Mainframe computers	
	D)	Midrange computers	
Questi	on De	tails	
		member	
		chnology	
Difficu	•	: Keyboard Navigation	
	-	tcome: 01-01 Explain the parts of an information system: people, procedures, software, l	na
	-	mation Systems	
48)	In a	nn information system, the rules or guidelines for people to follow are call-	ed
	·		
			48)
			.0/

A) data processingB) procedures

C)	compiling	
D)	database management	
Question De		
Bloom's : Rei		
AACSB : Tec		
Accessibility Difficulty: 2	: Keyboard Navigation	
•	tcome: 01-01 Explain the parts of an information system: people, procedures, software, has	a
_	mation Systems	
- · r · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
49)	is the component of the information system that is described as the	equipment
	ses data to create information.	
1		
		49)
A)	System software	
	System software Convertence	
	Compiler	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Hardware	
D)	Programming	
Question De	tails	
Bloom's : Rei	member	
AACSB : Teo	chnology	
•	: Keyboard Navigation	
Difficulty: 2		
	tcome: 01-01 Explain the parts of an information system: people, procedures, software, have	1
Topic : Infori	mation Systems	
5 0) Tri		1 f4
	e component of the information system that is described as raw, unprocesse	a facts,
including to	ext, numbers, images, and sounds, is called	
		50)
		/

A) softwareB) the Internet

(C)	cloud computing
]	D)	data
Question		
Bloom's:		
AACSB :		
Difficulty	-	: Keyboard Navigation
		come: 01-01 Explain the parts of an information system: people, procedures, software, ha
_		nation Systems
- · F - · · -		
51) resource	es a	software is a collection of programs that helps the computer manage its own nd enables application software to interact with computer hardware.
		51)
	A)	System
-	B)	Database management
(C)	Application
]	D)	Operating
Question	ı Det	tails
Topic: S		
AACSB :	: Tec	chnology
		: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty		
Bloom's:		
Learning	Out	come: 01-01 Explain the parts of an information system: people, procedures, software, ha
52)	Tha	is the continuing development of the Internet that allows everyday objects
		with electronic devices to send and receive data over the Internet.
		52)

A) world wide web

	B)	Internet of Things	
	C)	Cloud	
	D)	solid state of things	
Questi Bloom		tails member	
		chnology	
Difficu	-		
Learni	ng Out	: Keyboard Navigation toome: 01-08 Explain computer connectivity, the wireless revolution, the Internet, cloud ectivity and the Mobile Internet	
53)		plication software can be categorized as either general-purpose, specialized apps.	, or
			53)
	A)	midrange	
		operating	
	C)	mobile	
	D)	utility	
Bloom Topic AACS Difficu	ng Out 's : Rea : Softw B : Tea alty : 1	tcome: 01-04 Define and compare general-purpose, specialized, and mobile applications. member vare chnology	
54)	Sof	tware is another name for	54)

A) the Cloud

B) the equipment that processes data
C) the Internet
D) programs
/ 1 E
Overtion Details
Question Details Learning Outcome: 01-04 Define and compare general-purpose, specialized, and mobile applications.
Bloom's: Remember
Topic : Software
AACSB: Technology
Difficulty: 1 Easy
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessionity . Reyboard Navigation
55) computers are not nearly as powerful as supercomputers, but are capable of
great processing speeds and data storage and occupy specially wired, air-conditioned rooms.
55)
/
A) Mainframe
B) Laptop
C) Micro
D) Midrange
Question Details
Bloom's: Remember
AACSB: Technology
Difficulty: 1 Easy
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Learning Outcome: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of personal computer
Topic : Hardware
56) The five types of personal computers are: desktops, laptops, tablets, smartphones, and
·
56)

A) microcomputers

C) macrocomputers

B) wearables

D) midranges	
Question Details Bloom's: Remember AACSB: Technology Difficulty: 1 Easy Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Learning Outcome: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of person Topic: Hardware	al computer
57) Smartphones are the most widely used computers and are the palm of one hand.	designed to fit into
	57)
A) laptopB) macroC) personalD) midrange	
Question Details Bloom's: Remember AACSB: Technology Difficulty: 1 Easy Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Learning Outcome: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of person Topic: Hardware	al computer
58) are cell phones with wireless connections to the Internet.	58)

A) Midrange devices

	В)	Superpriones
	C)	Wearables
	D)	Smartphones
Questi		
		member
		chnology
Difficu	-	
	-	: Keyboard Navigation
		tcome: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of personal computer
Topic :	Hard	ware
59)		storage devices do not lose data or programs after the electrical power is turned
off.		storage devices do not lose data of programs after the electrical power is turned
011.		
		59)
	A \	
		Secondary
		Input/output
	C)	Primary
	D)	Communication
Questi	on De	etails
-		chnology
Difficu	lty:1	Easy
Access	ibility	: Keyboard Navigation
Topic:	Hard	ware
	_	tcome: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system unit
Bloom	's : Un	nderstand
		
60)		use(s) rigid metallic platters to store programs and very large data files.
		60)
		/

A) RAM

	B)	Hard disks	
	C)	ROM	
	D)	Solid-state storage	
Questi	on De	etails	
		emember	
		chnology	
Difficu	-	Easy : Keyboard Navigation	
Topic:	•	·	
_		tcome: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system unit	
61)		are secondary storage devices that use laser technology.	
		61)	
		01)	
	A)	Hard disks	
	B)	RAM	
	C)	Optical disks	
	D)	ROM	
Questi	on De	etails	
_		emember	
		chnology	
Difficu	•	·	
	•	: Keyboard Navigation	
Topic:		tcome: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system unit	
Zeariii	.g Out	teome . or so Beserve the direction types of computer marginate, mediating the system and	
62)	Λ (file might contain audience handouts and anceler notes in addition to	
62)		n) file might contain audience handouts and speaker notes in addition to slides.	
electro	JIIIC S	snues.	
		62)	

A) OneNote

B)	worksheet	
C)	database	
D)	presentation	
Question De	tails	
Bloom's : Re		
AACSB : Te		
Difficulty: 1		
•	: Keyboard Navigation come : 01-07 Define data and describe document, worksheet, database, and presentation f	3 1
Copic : Data	come . Of O' Define data and describe document, worksheet, database, and presentation i	11
1		
(63) Inc	reased use of mobile or wireless communication devices and cloud comput	ing has
een terme	d "the revolution."	
		(2)
		63)
A)	wireless	
B)	network	
C)	Internet of Things	
	connectivity	
	·	
Question De	tails	
Bloom's : Re		
AACSB : Te	chnology	
Difficulty: 1		
-	: Keyboard Navigation	
_	come: 01-08 Explain computer connectivity, the wireless revolution, the Internet, cloud ectivity and the Mobile Internet	
opic . com	ectivity and the Mobile Internet	
64) A(n	a) is a communications system connecting two or more computer	ſs.
		64)

A) systems unitB) network

C) cloud D) operating system
Question Details Bloom's: Remember AACSB: Technology Difficulty: 1 Easy Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Learning Outcome: 01-08 Explain computer connectivity, the wireless revolution, the Internet, cloud Topic: Connectivity and the Mobile Internet
The provides a multimedia interface to the numerous resources available on the Internet.
65)
 A) operating system B) application software C) World Wide Web (optional) perhaps add "or, the web" along with this entry, since the phrase World Wide Web doesn't appear in this chapter, it's referred to as the web. Most students should know what the web refers to, but since this is the first chapter, it may help to nclude the short version from the text, along with the full title" to "web". D) Internet of Things
Question Details Bloom's: Remember AACSB: Technology Difficulty: 1 Easy Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Learning Outcome: 01-08 Explain computer connectivity, the wireless revolution, the Internet, cloud Topic: Connectivity and the Mobile Internet
computing uses the Internet and the web to shift many computer activities from a user's computer to computers on the Internet.

66)	

- A) Midrange
- B) Super
- C) Wireless
- D) Cloud

Question Details

Bloom's : Remember AACSB : Technology Difficulty : 1 Easy

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Learning Outcome: 01-08 Explain computer connectivity, the wireless revolution, the Internet, cloud

Topic: Connectivity and the Mobile Internet

ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

67) Describe all the parts of an information system.

Question Details

Bloom's : Remember AACSB : Technology

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Learning Outcome: 01-01 Explain the parts of an information system: people, procedures, software, ha

Topic: Information Systems

68) Where would it be most relevant to use the term "data" and the term "information"? Give an example of each.

Question Details

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Analyze Difficulty : 3 Hard AACSB : Analytic

Learning Outcome: 01-01 Explain the parts of an information system: people, procedures, software, ha

Topic: Information Systems

69) What is an operating system? Give two examples.

Question Details

Topic : Software AACSB : Technology

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Learning Outcome: 01-03 Differentiate between the three kinds of system software programs.

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: Apply

70) What is application software? Describe the two categories of application software.

Question Details

Learning Outcome: 01-04 Define and compare general-purpose, specialized, and mobile applications.

Bloom's : Remember Topic : Software AACSB : Technology

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium

71) Differentiate between a supercomputer and a mainframe computer?

Question Details

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Learning Outcome: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of personal computer

Bloom's : Analyze Difficulty : 3 Hard Topic : Hardware AACSB : Analytic

72) Differentiate between midrange and personal computers.

Question Details

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Learning Outcome: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of personal computer

Bloom's : Analyze Difficulty : 3 Hard Topic : Hardware AACSB : Analytic

73) Describe the different types of personal computers and provide relevant examples of each.

Question Details

Bloom's: Remember

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Learning Outcome: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of personal computer

Topic: Hardware

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

74) In reference to personal computer hardware, explain the system unit.

Question Details

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Hardware Bloom's: Apply

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Learning Outcome: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system unit

75) Describe secondary storage. Compare and contrast hard disks and solid-state storage.

Question Details

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : Analyze Difficulty : 3 Hard Topic : Hardware

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Learning Outcome: 01-06 Describe the different types of computer hardware, including the system unit

76) Describe the four common types of files.

Question Details

Bloom's: Remember

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Learning Outcome: 01-07 Define data and describe document, worksheet, database, and presentation fil

Topic: Data

77) Explain why the terms cell phone and smartphone used to refer to different things and now are, generally, used interchangeably.

Question Details

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Learning Outcome: 01-05 Identify the four types of computers and the five types of personal computer

Topic: Hardware

AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Bloom's: Understand

Answer Key

Test name: CH01

- 1) TRUE
- 2) TRUE
- 3) TRUE
- 4) TRUE
- 5) FALSE
- 6) TRUE
- 7) FALSE
- 8) FALSE
- 9) FALSE
- 10) TRUE
- 11) FALSE
- 12) FALSE
- 13) FALSE
- 14) FALSE
- 15) FALSE
- 16) TRUE
- 17) TRUE
- 18) FALSE
- 19) TRUE
- 20) TRUE
- 21) B
- 22) C
- 23) C
- 24) C
- 25) B
- 26) D

- 27) B
- 28) D
- 29) D
- 30) A
- 31) D
- 32) B
- 33) D
- 34) A
- 35) B
- 36) C
- 37) A
- 38) A
- 39) C
- 40) D
- 41) D
- 42) A
- 43) B
- T3) D
- 44) C
- 45) A
- 46) B
- 47) A
- 48) B
- 49) C
- 50) D
- 51) A
- 52) B
- 53) C
- 54) D
- 55) A
- 56) B

- 57) C
- 58) D
- 59) A
- 60) B
- 61) C
- 62) D
- 63) A
- 64) B
- 65) C
- 66) D
- 67) An information system typically consists of: people, procedures, software, hardware, data, and the Internet. Information systems are used by people in order to increase productivity. Procedures are rules or guidelines for people to follow when using software, hardware, and data. Software is a program that contains the step-by-step instructions that tell the computer how to do its work. Hardware consists of the physical equipment that processes the data to create information. Data consists of raw unprocessed facts, including text, numbers, images, and sounds. Almost all of today's information systems provide a way to connect to other people and computers, typically using the Internet. This connectivity greatly expands the capability and usefulness of their information systems.
- 68) Data are raw, unprocessed facts, including text, numbers, images, and sounds. An example might be a listing of all customer purchases at a bookstore over the last year. Information is processed data that has been rendered usable with the help of various types of software. From the previous example, you could derive information such as the addresses of customers who bought more than \$500 worth of books or the year's top ten horror novels.

- 69) Operating systems are programs that coordinate computer resources, provide an interface between users and the computer, and run applications. Microsoft's Windows 10 and Apple's macOS are two of the best-known operating systems for today's microcomputer users.
- 70) Application software might be described as end user software. Three types of application software are general-purpose, specialized, and mobile apps. General-purpose applications are widely used in a large number of careers. Some of the best-known general-purpose application programs are Microsoft's Word, Excel, Access, and PowerPoint. Specialized applications include thousands of other programs that are more narrowly focused on specific disciplines and occupations. Two of the best known are graphics and web authoring programs. Mobile apps (or mobile applications or just apps) are small programs designed for mobile devices such as smartphones, tablets, and other mobile devices. There are over five millions apps. The most popular mobile apps are for social networking, playing games, and downloading music and videos.
- 71) Supercomputers are the most powerful type of computer. These machines are special high-capacity computers used by very large organizations. Although mainframe computers are not as powerful as supercomputers, mainframe computers are capable of great processing speeds and data storage. For example, insurance companies use mainframes to process information about millions of policyholders.

- 72) Midrange computers, also referred to as servers, are computers with processing capabilities less powerful than a mainframe computer yet more powerful that a microcomputer. Originally used by medium-sized companies or departments of large companies to support their processing needs, today midrange computers are most widely used to support or serve end users for specific needs such as retrieving data from a database or supplying access to application software. Personal computers are the least powerful, yet the most widely used, type of computer. There are five types of personal computers: desktops, laptops, tablets, smartphones, and wearables.
- 73) There are five types of personal computers: desktop computers, laptops, tablets, smartphones, and wearables. Desktop computers are small enough to fit on top of or alongside a desk yet are too big to carry around. Laptop computers, also called notebook computers, are portable, lightweight, and fit into most briefcases. Tablets are smaller, lighter, and generally less powerful than laptops. Like a laptop, tablets have a flat screen but typically do not have a standard keyboard. Instead, tablets typically use a virtual keyboard that appears on the screen and is touch-sensitive. Smartphones are the most widely used personal computers. Smartphones are cell phones with wireless connections to the Internet and processing capabilities. Other mobile computers include wearable devices like Apple's watch.

- 74) The system unit is a container that houses most of the electronic components that make up a computer system. Two important components of the system unit are the microprocessor and memory. The microprocessor controls and manipulates data to produce information. Memory is a holding area for data, instructions, and information. One type of memory, random-access memory (RAM), holds the program and data that is currently being processed. This type of memory is sometimes referred to as temporary storage because its contents will typically be lost if the electrical power to the computer is disrupted.
- 75) Unlike memory, secondary storage holds data and programs even after electrical power to the computer system has been turned off. Hard disks are typically used to store programs and very large data files. Using rigid metallic platters and read/write heads that move across the platters, hard disks store and retrieve data using magnetic charges. In contrast, solid-state storage does not have any moving parts. It is more reliable and requires less power than hard disks. Solid-state storage saves data electronically in a manner similar to RAM except that its contents will not be lost if electrical power is disrupted.
- 76) Document files are created by word processors. They include such things as memos, term papers, and letters. Worksheet files are created by electronic spreadsheets and are typically used to analyze things like budgets and to predict sales. Database files are created by database management programs to contain highly structured and organized data. Presentation files are created by presentation graphics programs to save presentation materials, including audience handouts, speaker notes, and electronic slides.

77) At one time, cell phones had very limited power and were used almost exclusively for making telephone calls. Now, almost all cell phones are powerful smartphones capable of connecting to the Internet and running any number of apps. Today, over 99% of Americans under the age of 30 own a cell phone, and over 96% of those cell phones are smartphones. As a result, the two terms are becoming interchangeable.