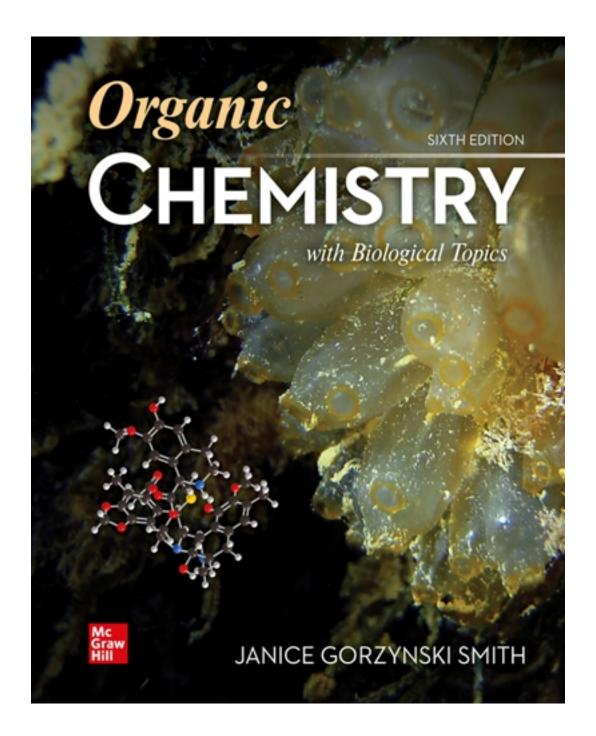
Test Bank for Organic Chemistry with Biological Topics 6th Edition by Smith

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Test Bank

ANSWERS ARE LOCATED IN THE SECOND PART OF THIS DOCUMENT

MULTIPLE CHOICE - Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

1) What is the ground-state electronic configuration of a carbon atom?

1) _____

- A) $1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^5$
- B) $1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^2$
- C) $1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^6$
- D) $1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^4$

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.01

2) What is the ground-state electronic configuration of a fluorine atom?

2) _____

- A) $1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^2$
- B) $1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^3$
- C) $1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^4$
- D) 1s2, 2s2, 2p5

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.01

3) What is the ground-state electronic configuration of a magnesium cation (Mg^{2+}) ?

3) _____

- A) $1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^6$
- B) 1s2, 2s2, 2p6, 3s1
- C) $1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^6$, $3s^2$
- D) $1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^6$, $3s^2$, $3p^2$

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.01

4) What is the ground-state electronic configuration of a chlorine anion (Cl⁻)?



- A) $1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^6$
- B) $1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^6$, $3s^2$, $3p^6$
- C) $1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^6$, $3s^2$, $3p^5$
- D) $1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^6$, $3s^2$, $3p^4$

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.01

5) Which of the following statements about valence electrons is true?

5) _____

A) They are	the most	tightly he	eld electrons.

- B) They do not participate in chemical reactions.
- C) They are the outermost electrons.
- D) They reveal the period number of a second-row element.

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic : Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.01

6)	Which of the	following ato	ms will have	a full 3s orbita	l in the ground state
σ,	THE OF CITE	TOTTO WITING COLO	IIID WIII IIC	a ran ob orona	a m me greama state

6) _____

- A) Hydrogen
- B) Lithium
- C) Potassium
- D) Rubidium

Question Details

Topic : Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.01

7) Which of the following	statements about	bonding is true?
---------------------------	------------------	------------------

7) _____

A)	C	ovaler	ıt bond	s result	from	the	transfer	of	electrons	from	one e	element	to	anothe
----	---	--------	---------	----------	------	-----	----------	----	-----------	------	-------	---------	----	--------

- B) Ionic bonds result from the transfer of electrons from a metal to a non-metal.
- C) Ionic bonds result from the sharing of electrons between two non-metals.
- D) Covalent bonds result from the sharing of electrons between two metals.

Question	Details
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Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic : Structure and Bonding Bloom's : 1. Remember

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Section: 01.02

8) W	hich	of t	he fol	llowing	would	vou	expect	to]	have	ionic	bond	ls
•	, ,,	111011	01 0	110 10		*** • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,	CILPCC	•		101110	COLLE	*

8) _____

- A) CO
- B) FBr
- C) NF₃
- D) NaCl

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's: 3. Apply Section: 01.02

9) Which of the following molecules has nonpolar covalent bonds?

9) _____

A)	ייווי
\boldsymbol{A}	

B) N₂

C) CHCl₃

D) NO

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.02

10) Which of the following molecules contain both covalent and ionic bonds?

NaCl	NH ₄ OH	CH ₃ OH	MgCO ₃	
I	п	ш	IV	10)

- A) I, II
- B) I, IV
- C) II, III
- D) II, IV

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's: 3. Apply Section: 01.02

11) Which of the following would most likely form an ionic bond?

C-C	C-N	C-O	Na-O	
I	п	ш	IV	
				11)

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic : Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's: 3. Apply Section: 01.02

12) Which of the following statements correctly describes the typical number of bonds for carbon, nitrogen, and oxygen in most neutral organic molecules?

12)		
12)		

- A) Carbon forms 4 covalent bonds, nitrogen forms 2 covalent bonds, and oxygen forms 3 covalent bonds.
- B) Carbon forms 4 covalent bonds, nitrogen forms 3 covalent bonds, and oxygen forms 2 covalent bonds.
- C) Carbon forms 4 covalent bonds, nitrogen forms 5 covalent bonds, and oxygen forms 2 covalent bonds.
- D) Carbon forms 4 covalent bonds, nitrogen forms 5 covalent bonds, and oxygen forms 4 covalent bonds.

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic : Structure and Bonding Bloom's : 1. Remember

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Section: 01.02

13) Which is not an acceptable Lewis structure for the anion CH2NCO-?

13)

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

Section: 01.03

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: 4. Analyze

14) Which of the following Lewis structures is correct?

A) I

B) II

C) III

D) IV

Question Details

Section: 01.03

Topic : Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: 4. Analyze

15) Which of the following Lewis structures is correct?

E

11

III

IV

15) _____

8

- A) I, II
- B) I, III
- C) II, III
- D) III, IV

Question Details

Section: 01.03

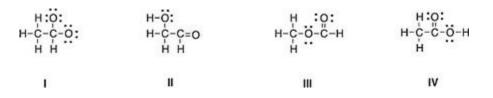
Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: 4. Analyze

16) Which is the correct Lewis structure for acetic acid (CH3CO2H)?



16) _____

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

Section: 01.03

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: 4. Analyze

17) In which of the following ions does carbon have a formal charge?

17) _____

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) None of these

Difficult Section : Topic : S Bloom's Chapter	Structure and Bonding : 1. Remember	n		
18)	In which of the follow	ing ions does ca	arbon have a formal charge?	
CH ₃ C	ЭH	NaCH ₃	CH ₃ CO ₂ —	
I		п	ш	18)
	A) I B) II C) III D) None of these			
Difficult Section : Topic : S Bloom's Chapter	Structure and Bonding : 1. Remember	n		
19) bond?	What is the formal ch	arge of carbon is	n carbon monoxide (CO) when dr	awn with a triple

Version 1 10

19) _____

	A) 0	
	B) -2	
	C) -1	
	D) +1	
	-,·-	
	tion Details	
	on: 01.03	
	e : Structure and Bonding ter : 01	
_	ssibility: Keyboard Navigation	
	culty: 2 Medium	
Bloon	m's : 4. Analyze	
20)	What is the formal charge of the carbon in carbon dioxide (CO2) when draw	n with two
doub	ble bonds?	
		20)
	A) $+1$	
	B) 0	
	C) -1	
	D) -2	
	tion Details	
	on: 01.03	
_	e : Structure and Bonding ter : 01	
_	ssibility: Keyboard Navigation	
	culty : 2 Medium	
Bloon	m's : 4. Analyze	
21)	Which of the following statements about constitutional isomers is true?	
41)	which of the following statements about constitutional isomers is true!	

Version 1 11

21) _____

- A) Constitutional isomers are different molecules having the different molecular formula.
- B) Constitutional isomers are different molecules having the same molecular formula.
- C) Constitutional isomers are same molecules having the different molecular formula.
- D) Constitutional isomers are same molecules having the same molecular formula.

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic : Structure and Bonding Bloom's : 1. Remember

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Section: 01.04

22) How many constitutional isomers are there for a molecule having the molecular formula C2H6O?

22)		
22)		

- A) 1
- B) 2
- C) 3
- D) 4

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : 4. Analyze Section : 01.04

23) How many constitutional isomers are there for a molecule having the molecular formula C3H8O?

23)	
,	

	A) 1	
	B) 2	
	C) 3	
	D) 4	
	<i>()</i>	
Duesti	ion Details	
-	ulty: 1 Easy	
	: Structure and Bonding	
Chapte		
Access	sibility: Keyboard Navigation	
Bloom'	's : 4. Analyze	
Section	n: 01.04	
24) 23H6	How many constitutional isomers are there for a molecule having the n	nolecular formula
JJ110	, .	24)
		,
	A) 1	
	B) 2	
	C) 3	
	D) 4	
	ion Details	
	ulty: 1 Easy	
_	: Structure and Bonding	
Chapte		
	sibility: Keyboard Navigation	
	's : 4. Analyze n : 01.04	
occuon	u . 01.0 4	
25)	How many constitutional isomers are there for a molecule having the n	nolecular formula
	4C12?	
- ·		25)

Smith CHO	01			
A) 1 B) 2 C) 3 D) 4				
Question Details Topic: Structure and Chapter: 01 Accessibility: Keyb Difficulty: 2 Mediu Bloom's: 4. Analyze Section: 01.04	oard Navigation m			
26) How mar C3H6O?	ny different isomers a	are there for a comp	pound having the n	nolecular formula 26)
A) 4 B) 5 C) 6 D) 7				
Question Details Topic: Structure and Chapter: 01 Accessibility: Keyb Difficulty: 2 Mediu Bloom's: 4. Analyza Section: 01.04	ooard Navigation m			
27) Which of	the following molec	ules are constitution	onal isomers?	
CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ OH	CH3CH(OH)CH3	CH ₃ CH ₂ OCH ₃	CH3COCH3	
I	п	ш	IV	27)

A)	I,	Η,	I	V
B)	II,	III	Ι,	IV
C)	I,	III,	Ι	V

D) I, II, III

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's: 4. Analyze Section: 01.04

28) Which of the following compounds has an atom with an unfilled valence shell of electrons?

28) _____

- A) H2O
- B) BCl3
- C) CH4
- D) CO2

Question Details

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: 4. Analyze Section: 01.05

29) Which of the following compounds has an atom with more than eight valence electrons?

29) _____

	A) H2CO3	
	B) H2SO4	
	C) H2O	
	D) HBr	
_	on Details	
Chapter	Structure and Bonding r · 01	
_	ibility: Keyboard Navigation	
	lty: 2 Medium	
	s : 4. Analyze	
Section	: 01.05	
30)	How many electrons are around phosphorus in phosphoric acid (H3PO4)?	
50)	Thow many electrons are around phosphorus in phosphoric acid (1151 0 1).	30)
		20)
	A) 6	
	B) 8	
	C) 10	
	D) 12	
	on Details	
Chapter	Structure and Bonding	
_	ibility : Keyboard Navigation	
	Ity: 2 Medium	
	s : 4. Analyze	
Section	: 01.05	
31)	Which of the following statements about resonance structures is true?	
~ <i>-</i>)	or the rollowing statements about resolution structures is true.	

Version 1 16

31) _____

- A) Resonance structures have the same placement of electrons but different arrangement of atoms.
- B) Resonance structures have the same placement of atoms but different arrangement of electrons.
- C) Resonance structures have the same placement of atoms and the same arrangement of electrons.
- D) Resonance structures have different placement of atoms and different arrangement of electrons.

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.06

32) Which of the following statements about resonance structures is *not* true?

32) _____

- A) There is no movement of electrons from one form to another.
- B) Resonance structures are not isomers.
- C) Resonance structures differ only in the arrangement of electrons.
- D) Resonance structures are in equilibrium with each other.

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Structure and Bonding

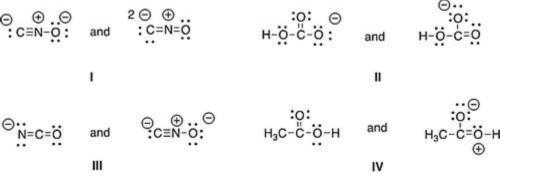
Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.06

33) Which of the following pair does not represent resonance structures?



33) _____

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: 4. Analyze Section: 01.06

34) What 2 things will change between two resonance structures?

34) _____

- A) The position of multiple bonds and non-bonded electrons.
- B) The position of multiple bonds and single bonds.
- C) The placement of atoms and single bonds.
- D) The placement of atoms and non-bonded electrons.

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : 2. Understand

Section: 01.06

35) Which of the following is a resonance structure of the compound below?

35) _____

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Section: 01.06

Bloom's: 3. Apply

36) Which of the following resonance structures is the least important contributor to the resonance hybrid of the formate anion, HCOO-?









36) _____

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

Topic : Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 3 Hard Section: 01.06 Bloom's: 3. Apply

37) Rank the following in order of decreasing importance as contributing structures to the resonance hybrid of formaldehyde, H2CO.



ı



II



III

37) _____

A) I > II > III

B) I > III > II

C) II > I > III

D) III > II > I

Question Details

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 3 Hard Section: 01.06 Bloom's: 3. Apply

38) Follow the curved arrows to draw the second resonance structure for the ion below.

38) _____

A) I

B) II

C) III

D) IV

Question Details

Topic : Structure and Bonding

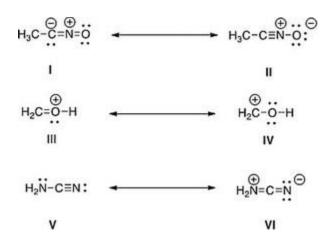
Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.06

39) Which is more important in each pair of contributing resonance structures?



39) _____

- A) II, IV, V
- B) II, III, V
- C) II, III, VI
- D) I, IV, V

Question Details

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: 4. Analyze Section: 01.06

40) What is the approximate value of the H-C-H bond angle in methane, CH4?

40) _____

- A) 90°
- B) 109.5°
- C) 120°
- D) 180°

Difficu Bloom Chapte Access Topic	ion Details ulty: 1 Easy u's: 1. Remember er: 01 sibility: Keyboard Navigation : Molecular Shape n: 01.07	
41)	What is the approximate C-C-C bond angle in propene, CH3CH = CH2?	41)
	A) 90°	
	B) 109.5°	
	C) 120°	
	D) 180°	
	ion Details	
	ulty: 1 Easy	
Chapte	er : 01 sibility : Keyboard Navigation	
	: Molecular Shape	
_	a's : 2. Understand	
Section	n:01.07	
42)	What is the approximate H-C-O bond angle in formaldehyde, H2CO?	42)
		,
	A) 90°	
	B) 109.5°	

Version 1 23

C) 120° D) 180°

Question Details

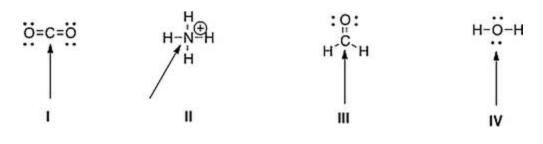
Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.07

43) Determine the geometry around the indicated atom in each species.



43) _____

- A) I = Linear; II = tetrahedral; III = trigonal planar; IV = tetrahedral
- B) I = Linear; II = tetrahedral; III = trigonal planar; IV = linear
- C) I = Trigonal planar; II = linear; III = tetrahedral; IV = trigonal planar
- $D)\;I = Tetrahedral;\;II = trigonal\;planar;\;III = linear;\;IV = tetrahedral$

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy Bloom's: 1. Remember

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Topic: Molecular Shape

Section: 01.07

44) What is the approximate bond angle for the C-C-N bond in acetonitrile, CH3CN?

44) _____

Sm	ith CH01	
	A) 90°	
	B) 109.5°	
	C) 120°	
	D) 180°	
Quest	ion Details	
Chapte		
	sibility: Keyboard Navigation	
	ulty : 2 Medium : Molecular Shape	
_	s's : 4. Analyze	
	n: 01.07	
45)	What is the molecular geometry around the boron atom in BH3?	45)
	A) Tetrahedral	
	B) Trigonal Planar	
	C) Trigonal Pyramidal	
	D) Linear	
0		
Quest Chapte	ion Details	
_	sibility : Keyboard Navigation	
	ulty : 2 Medium	
_	: Molecular Shape	
Bloom	s's: 4. Analyze	

What is the molecular geometry around the carbon atom in CH4? **46**)

Section: 01.07

46) _____

- A) Tetrahedral
- B) Trigonal Planar
- C) Trigonal Pyramidal
- D) Linear

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 4. Analyze Section: 01.07

47) Which of the following is the appropriate conversion of the condensed structure, CH3COCH3, to a Lewis structure?

47) _____

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

Chapter: 01

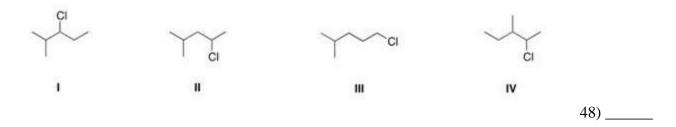
Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty : 2 Medium Bloom's : 2. Understand

Section: 01.08

Topic: Drawing Organic Molecules

48) Which of the following is the appropriate conversion of (CH3)2CHCH2CHClCH3 to a skeletal structure?



- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.08

Topic: Drawing Organic Molecules

49) Which of the following is the appropriate conversion of (CH3)4C to a skeletal structure?

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

Difficulty: 1 Easy Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.08

Topic: Drawing Organic Molecules

50) What is the condensed formula of the compound below?

CH₃CH₂CH(CH₃)CH₂CH(CH₃)CHBr₂

CH₃CH₂CH₂(CH₃)CH₂CH(CH₃)CHBr₂

11

1

CH₃CH₂CH(CH₃)CH(CH₃)CH₂CHBr₂

CH₃CH₂CH(CH₃)CH₂(CH₃)CHCHBr₂

IV

Ш

50) _____

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

Chapter: 01

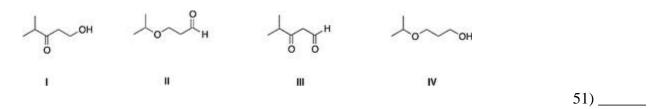
Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.08

Topic: Drawing Organic Molecules

51) Which of the following is the appropriate conversion of (CH3)2CHOCH2CH2CH2OH to a skeletal structure?



- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.08

Topic: Drawing Organic Molecules

52) Convert the following skeletal structure to a condensed structure.

CH₃CH₂CH(CH₃)CH(CH₂CH₃)CH(CH₃)₂

CH₃CH₂CH(CH₃)₂CH(CH₂CH₃)CH(CH₃)₂

1

CH₃CH(CH₂CH₃)CH(CH₂CH₃)CH(CH₃)₂

CH₃CH(CH₃)CH(CH₂CH₃)CH(CH₃)₂

Ш

IV

52) _____

29

A) I

B) II

C) III

D) IV

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.08

Topic: Drawing Organic Molecules

53) Avobenzone is an active ingredient in some common sunscreens. Which of the following is the correct molecular formula for avobenzone?

53) _____

A) C22O22O3

B) C20H22O3

C) C21H23O3

D) C20H24O3

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Bloom's: 3. Apply Section: 01.08

Topic: Drawing Organic Molecules

54) In which structure is the hybridization incorrect?

H ₂ C=CH ₂	H ₂ C=O	⊕ CH₃	O=C=O	
sp ²	sp	sp^2	sp	
1	II	III	IV	
				54)

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

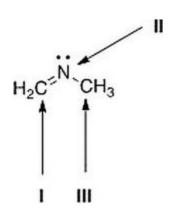
Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.09

55) What is the hybridization for each of the indicated atoms in the following compound?



55) _____

A)
$$I = sp2$$
; $II = sp2$; $III = sp2$.

B)
$$I = sp2$$
; $II = sp3$; $III = sp3$.

C)
$$I = sp$$
; $II = sp2$; $III = sp3$.

D)
$$I = sp2$$
; $II = sp2$; $III = sp3$.

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.09

56) What is the hybridization of the carbon atom in the methyl cation, (CH3+)?

56) _____

- A) *sp3*
- B) *sp2*
- C) sp
- D) p

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.09

What is the hybridization of the nitrogen atom in the ammonium cation, NH4+?

57) _____

- A) *sp3*
- B) sp2
- C) sp
- D) p

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.09

58) Which atomic orbitals overlap to form the C-H *s* bonding molecular orbitals of ethane, CH3CH3?

58) _____

- A) Csp2 + H1s
- B) Csp3 + H1s
- C) C2p + H1s
- D) Csp + H1s

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 3. Apply Section: 01.10

59) Which atomic orbitals overlap to form the C-H *s* bonding molecular orbitals of ethylene, H2C=CH2?

59) _____

33

- A) C2p + H1s
- B) Csp + H1s
- C) Csp3 + H1s
- D) Csp2 + H1s

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 3. Apply Section: 01.10

60) Which atomic orbitals overlap to form the carbon-carbon s and p bonding molecular orbitals of ethylene, H2C=CH2?

60) _____

- A) Csp3 + Csp3, and C2p + C2p
- B) Csp3 + Csp3, and Csp2 + Csp2
- C) Csp2 + Csp2, and C2p + C2p
- D) Csp2 + Csp2, and Csp2 + Csp2

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 3. Apply Section: 01.10

61) Which atomic orbitals overlap to form the C-H *s* bonding molecular orbitals of acetylene, C2H2?

61) _____

34

- A) Csp + H1s
- B) C2p + H1s
- C) Csp3 + H1s
- D) Csp2 + H1s

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 3. Apply Section: 01.10

62) Which atomic orbitals overlap to form the carbon-carbon *s* bonding molecular orbital of acetylene, C2H2?

62) _____

- A) Csp2 + Csp2
- B) Csp + Csp
- C) Csp3 + Csp3
- D) C2p + C2p

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 3. Apply Section: 01.10

63) When forming molecular orbitals from atomic orbitals, what is the order of increasing C-H bond strength for the following set?

*sp*3

sp.

sp III

63) _____

- A) II < I < III
- B) III < I < II
- C) III < II < I
- D) I < II < III

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 3. Apply Section: 01.11

64) What is the order of decreasing bond length for a C-C bond composed of the following molecular orbitals?

$$sp^2-sp^2$$

64) _____

- A) I > III > II
- B) I > II > III
- C) III > II > I
- D) II > III > I

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 3. Apply Section: 01.11

65) Which of the following statements about electronegativity and the periodic table is true?

65) _____

- A) Electronegativity decreases across a row of the periodic table.
- B) Electronegativity increases down a column of the periodic table.
- C) Electronegativity increases across a row of the periodic table.
- D) Electronegativity does not change down a column of the periodic table.

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Section: 01.12

Topic : Molecular Shape Bloom's : 2. Understand

66) Rank the following atoms in order of increasing electronegativity, putting the least electronegative first.

S C1 F N I II III IV

66) _____

- A) I < II < III < IV
- B) I < IV < II < III
- C) III < II < IV < I
- $D) \ I < II < IV < III$

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Section: 01.12

Topic : Molecular Shape Bloom's : 3. Apply

67) Rank the following atoms in order of decreasing electronegativity, putting the most electronegative first.

Si N O C I II III IV

67) _____

- A) I > IV > II > III
- B) II > III > IV > I
- C) III > IV > II > I
- D) III > II > IV > I

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Section: 01.12

Topic : Molecular Shape Bloom's : 3. Apply

68) Which molecule has the greatest difference in electronegativity (DE) between the two different elements?

68) _____

38

- A) CO2
- B) H2S
- C) NH3
- D) H2O

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Section: 01.12

Topic : Molecular Shape Bloom's : 3. Apply

69) Which compound contains the most polar bond?

CH₃SH CH₃OH CH₃Cl CH₃NH₂ I II III IV

69) _____

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Section: 01.12

Topic : Molecular Shape Bloom's : 3. Apply

70) Which of the following compounds are non-polar?

CO₂ NH₃ H₂O BCl₃ I II III IV

70) _____

- A) I, IV
- B) I, II
- C) II, III
- D) II, IV

Chapter Access: Difficu Topic : Section	on Details r: 01 ibility: Keyboard Navigation lty: 2 Medium Molecular Shape a: 01.13 s: 3. Apply	
71)	Which of the following molecules has non-polar covalent bonds?	71)
	A) CO2 B) N2 C) CCl4 D) HF	
Question Details Chapter: 01 Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 2 Medium Section: 01.12 Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 2. Understand		
72)	Which of the following molecules has polar covalent bonds?	72)
	A) MgO B) NH3 C) Cl2 D) NaBr	12)

Question Chapter	on Details				
_	ibility : Keyboard Navigation				
Difficulty: 2 Medium					
	Section: 01.12				
Topic:	Topic : Molecular Shape				
Bloom'	s: 2. Understand				
5 2)					
73)	Which of the following covalent bonds has the largest dipole moment?				
		73)			
		. = /			
	A) C-H				
	B) C-C				
	C) C-O				
	D) H-F				
Onesti	on Details				
Question Details Chapter: 01					
	ibility: Keyboard Navigation				
Difficulty: 2 Medium					
	: 01.12				
Topic : Molecular Shape					
Bloom'	s: 3. Apply				
74)	Which of the following molecules has the smallest dincle moment?				
74)	Which of the following molecules has the smallest dipole moment?				
		74)			
		,			
	A) CO2				
	B) HCl				
	C) H2O				
	D) NH3				

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Section: 01.12

Topic : Molecular Shape Bloom's : 2. Understand

75) Which of the following molecules does *not* have a net dipole moment of zero?

75) _____

- A) CCl4
- B) BF3
- C) CO2
- D) NH3

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape Bloom's: 2. Understand

Section: 01.13

76) Which of the following molecules has a net dipole moment of zero?

76) _____

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape

Section: 01.13 Bloom's: 4. Analyze

77) Consider compounds which contain both a heteroatom and a double bond. For which compound is no additional Lewis structure possible?

77) _____

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV

Question Details

Topic: Structure and Bonding

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bloom's : 4. Analyze Difficulty : 3 Hard Section : 01.06

78) Which of the following molecules has a net dipole moment of zero?

78) _____

43

- A) CH₄
- B) CO₂
- C) BH₃
- D) All of these are correct.

Question Details

Chapter: 01

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium Topic: Molecular Shape

Section: 01.13 Bloom's: 4. Analyze

Answer Key

Test name: CH01

- 1) B
- 2) D
- 3) A
- 4) B
- 5) C
- 6) D
- 7) B
- 8) D
- 9) B
- 10) D
- 11) D
- 12) B
- 13) C
- 14) D
- 15) C
- 16) D
- 17) D
- 18) B
- 10) 0
- 19) C
- 20) B
- 21) B
- 22) B
- 23) C
- 24) B
- 25) B

- 26) D
- 27) D
- 28) B
- 29) B
- 30) C
- 31) B
- 32) D
- 33) C
- 34) A
- 35) D
- 36) B
- 37) A
- 38) C
- 39) B
- 40) B
- 41) C
- 42) C
- 43) A
- 44) D
- 45) B
- 46) A
- 47) B
- 48) B
- 49) D
- 50) A
- 51) D
- 52) A
- 53) B
- 54) B
- 55) D

- 56) B
- 57) A
- 58) B
- 59) D
- 60) C
- 61) A
- 62) B
- 63) D
- 64) B
- 65) C
- 66) B
- 67) D
- 68) D
- 69) B
- 70) A
- 71) B
- 72) B
- 73) D
- 74) A
- 75) D
- 76) B
- 77) C
- 78) D