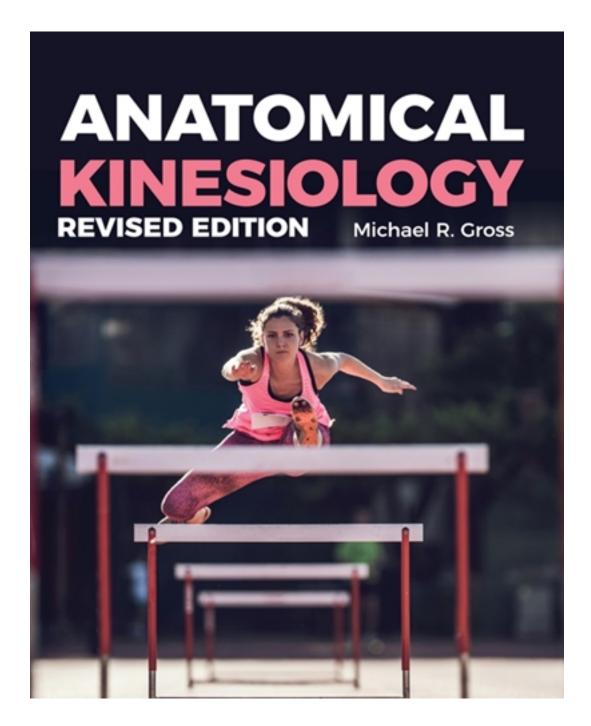
Test Bank for Anatomical Kinesiology 1st Edition by Gross

CLICK HERE TO ACCESS COMPLETE Test Bank



Test Bank

Gross / Anatomical Kinesiology Test Bank

Chapter 2

Short Answer

1. What tissue of a bone organ plays a role in blood formation?

Answer: red bone marrow

Complexity: Easy

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall

2. What is the formal name of a bone cell?

Answer: osteocyte Complexity: Easy

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall

3. List the types of bones.

Answer: long, short, flat, and irregular

Complexity: Easy

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall

4. Why are flat bones classified as flat bones?

Answer: because their depth is short relative to their height and width

Complexity: Moderate

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application

5. What is the formal name for the shaft of a long bone?

Answer: diaphysis Complexity: Easy

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall

Gross / Anatomical Kinesiology Test Bank

6. List the categories of bone features.

Answer: projections, depressions, articulations, and passageways

Complexity: Easy

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall

7. What type of bone feature is a condyle?

Answer: articulation Complexity: Moderate

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application

8. What type of bone feature is an epicondyle?

Answer: projection Complexity: Moderate

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application

9. What type of bone feature is a fossa?

Answer: depression Complexity: Moderate

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application

10. What type of bone feature is a foramen?

Answer: passageway Complexity: Moderate

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application

11. Define the word *joint*.

Answer: A joint is the intersection of two bones.

Gross / Anatomical Kinesiology Test Bank

Test Dank

Complexity: Easy

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall

12. Is the functional or structural classification based on motion?

Answer: functional Complexity: Moderate

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application

13. What is the distinct characteristic of synarthrosis joints?

Answer: non-movable Complexity: Moderate

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application

14. What is the distinct characteristic of bony joints?

Answer: the bones connect by bone tissue

Complexity: Moderate

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application

15. Is articular cartilage or fibrocartilage denser tissue?

Answer: fibrocartilage Complexity: Easy

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall

16. List the classes of synovial joints.

Answer: ball and socket, hinge, pivot, saddle, condylar, and plane

Complexity: Easy

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall

Multiple Choice

Gross / Anatomical	Kinesiol	logy
Test Bank		

1. Is blood formation one of the functions of the skeletal system?
[1] Yes [2] No [3] Maybe [4] I don't know
Answer: 1 Complexity: Easy Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall
2. Which is a bone cell?
[1] osseous cell[2] osteocyte[3] bone marrow[4] osseous tissue
Answer: 2 Complexity: Easy Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall
3. Which bone tissue is involved in blood formation?
[1] osteocyte[2] yellow marrow[3] red marrow[4] periosteum
Answer: 3 Complexity: Easy Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall
4. Which type of bone is the scapula?
[1] long [2] irregular

Gross / Anatomical Kinesiology Test Bank
[3] short [4] flat
Answer: 4 Complexity: Moderate Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application
5. Which type of bone is height, width, and depth relatively the same distance?
[1] long [2] irregular [3] short [4] flat
Answer: 3 Complexity: Easy Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall
6. Which type of bone develops within a tendon?
[1] sesamoid[2] irregular[3] sutural[4] flat
Answer: 1 Complexity: Easy Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall
7. Which is the shaft of a long bone?
[1] diaphysis[2] epiphysis[3] medullary cavity[4] periosteum
Answer: 1 Complexity: Easy Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall

Gross / Anatomical Kinesiology Test Bank
8. Which motion moves the neck in the frontal plane?
[1] neck extension[2] neck flexion[3] neck rotation[4] neck lateral flexion
Answer: 4 Complexity: Easy Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall/Application
9. Which bone feature is a convex "bump" from the regular surface?
[1] depression[2] articulation[3] projection[4] passageway
Answer: 3 Complexity: Easy Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall
10. Which bone feature is a concavity from the regular surface?
[1] depression[2] articulation[3] projection[4] passageway
Answer: 1 Complexity: Easy Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall
11. Which bone feature is part of a joint?
[1] depression[2] articulation[3] projection

Gross / Anatomical	Kinesiology
Test Bank	

[4] passageway

Answer: 2

Complexity: Easy

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall

- 12. Which bone feature is tunnel-like?
- [1] depression
- [2] articulation
- [3] projection
- [4] passageway

Answer: 4

Complexity: Easy

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall

- 13. Which bone feature is a condyle?
- [1] depression
- [2] articulation
- [3] projection
- [4] passageway

Answer: 2

Complexity: Moderate

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application

- 14. Which bone feature is an epicondyle?
- [1] depression
- [2] articulation
- [3] projection
- [4] passageway

Answer: 3

Complexity: Moderate

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application

Gross / Anatomical	Kinesiology
Test Bank	

- 15. Which bone feature is a foramen?
- [1] depression
- [2] articulation
- [3] projection
- [4] passageway

Answer: 4

Complexity: Moderate

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application

- 16. Which bone feature is a fossa?
- [1] depression
- [2] articulation
- [3] projection
- [4] passageway

Answer: 1

Complexity: Moderate

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application

- 17. The knee is a joint.
- [1] true
- [2] false

Answer: 2

Complexity: Moderate

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application

- 18. Which functional class of joints is non-movable?
- [1] amphiarthroses
- [2] diarthroses
- [3] synovial
- [4] synarthroses

Answer: 4

Gross / Anatomical Kinesiology Test Bank
Complexity: Easy Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall
19. Which structural class of joints includes ligaments?
[1] cartilaginous [2] bony [3] synovial [4] fibrous
Answer: 3 Complexity: Easy Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall
20. Which class of synovial joints includes a convex end of a bone rotating around the long axis of itself?
[1] hinge[2] pivot[3] plane[4] ball and socket
Answer: 2 Complexity: Easy Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall
21. Which class of synovial joints has the flattest ends of the articulating bones?
[1] hinge[2] pivot[3] plane[4] ball and socket
Answer: 3 Complexity: Moderate Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Application
22. Which class of synovial joints is also known as mon-axial?

Gross / Anatomical Kinesiology Test Bank

- [1] hinge
- [2] condylar
- [3] plane
- [4] ball and socket

Answer: 1

Complexity: Easy

Simplified Functional Taxonomy: Recall

Gross / Anatomical Kinesiology Answers to Workbook Questions

Answers to Workbook Questions

Chapter Two - The Skeletal System

- 1. The tissues of a bone.
 - A. marrow
 - B. cartilage
 - C. vascular
 - D. nervous
 - E. osseous
- 2. Types of bones.
 - A. long
 - B. short
 - C. flat
 - D. irregular
- 3. Long bone anatomy.
 - A. epiphysis
 - B. diaphysis
 - C. articular cartilage
 - D. marrow cavity endosteum
 - E. periosteum
- 4. Structural categories of joints.
 - A. bony
 - B. cartilaginous
 - C. fibrous
 - D. synovial
- 5. Synovial joint anatomy.
 - A. synovial membrane
 - B. ligament
 - C. articular cartilage
 - D. joint cavity
 - E. fibrocartilage
- 6. Synovial joint classifications.
 - A. ball and socket
 - B. hinge
 - C. pivot
 - D. saddle
 - E. condylar
 - F. plane