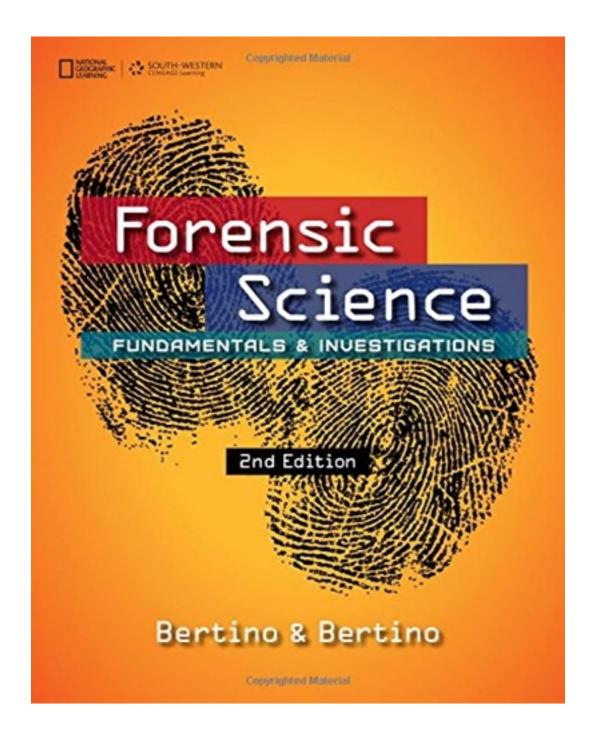
Test Bank for Forensic Science Fundamentals and Investigations 2nd Edition by Bertino

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Test Bank

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Name:	Class:Date:	
Chapter 02 Crime-Sce	ene Investigation and Evidence Collection	
The terms grid, linear, qua. True b. False	and and spiral are typically used to describe datum points.	
ANSWER:	False	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Average	
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-05 - LO: 2-05 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-06 - LO: 2-06 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-07 - LO: 2-07 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-08 - LO: 2-08	
a. True	nain of custody must be attached to the evidence container.	
b. False	Torre	
ANSWER: POINTS:	True	
DIFFICULTY:	1 Average	
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-05 - LO: 2-05 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-06 - LO: 2-06 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-07 - LO: 2-07 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-08 - LO: 2-08	
3. Evidence that (if authentia. True b. False	ic) supports an alleged fact of a case is called direct evidence.	
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Average	
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-09 - LO: 2-09	
4. A kind of evidence that is a. True b. False	dentifies a particular person or thing is called individual evidence.	
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Average	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-01 - LO: 2-01 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-02 - LO: 2-02	
a. True	by interviewing witnesses and talking to the crime scene investigators about	the evidence.
b. False	T.	
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	

Name:	Class:	Date:
Chapter 02 Crime-Sce	ene Investigation and Evidence Collection	
DIFFICULTY:	Average	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-04 - LO: 2-04	
6. The goal of a crime scene a. recognize evidence a b. document evidence a c. collect evidence at the d. All of these choices.	t the scene of a crime. t the scene of a crime.	
ANSWER:	d	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY: LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Average FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-05 - LO: 2-05 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-06 - LO: 2-06 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-07 - LO: 2-07 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-08 - LO: 2-08	
7. Direct evidence includes:		
a. first-hand observatio	ns such as eyewitness accounts.	
b. second-hand observa	tions.	
c. circumstantial evider	nce.	
d. None of these choice	·S.	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Average	
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-03 - LO: 2-03	
b. indirect evidence tha	can be used to imply a fact, but does directly prove it. t can be used to imply a fact, but does not directly prove it. t cannot be used to imply a fact.	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging	
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-03 - LO: 2-03	
9. Trace evidence is a type of a. hair found on a brush c. blood drops on a shir	of circumstantial evidence, examples of which include: b. fingerprints found on a glass.	
ANSWER:	d	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Average	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-03 - LO: 2-03	

_____ Date:____

Name:		Class:
Chapter 02 Crime-Sce	ene Inves	tigation and Evidence Collection
10. Class evidence narrows	an identity	to:
a. a group of persons or	things.	b. an individual person or thing.
c. an indivudual person		d. a subgroup.
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Average	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	FSFI.BER	T.2.LO: 2-03 - LO: 2-03
11. The crime scene investig	gation team	is made up of:
 a. legal and scientific p 	rofessionals	s who work together to solve a crime.
b. legal professionals w	ho work to	gether to solve a crime.
c. scientific professiona	ıls who wor	k together to solve a crime.
d. None of these choice	s.	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Easy	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	FSFI.BER	T.2.LO: 2-04 - LO: 2-04
12. Specialists at a crime sco	ene include	:
a. entomologists	b. for	rensic scientists.
c. forensic psychologist	s. d. Al	l of these choices.
ANSWER:	d	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Average	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	FSFI.BER	T.2.LO: 2-04 - LO: 2-04
13. The first to arrive at a cr	ime scene a	re usually:
a. police officers.	b. crime	scene investigators.
c. medical examiners.	d. detect	ives.
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Easy	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	FSFI.BER	T.2.LO: 2-04 - LO: 2-04
14. Medical examiners are a	lso called:	
a. detectives.	b.	coroners.
c. crime scene investiga	itors. d.	specialists.
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Average	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	FSFI.BER	T.2.LO: 2-04 - LO: 2-04

		Class of Complete lest ba	
			Date:
Chapter 02 Crime-Sce	ene Investigation and	d Evidence Collection	
a. record the crime-scer	ne data.		
b. sketch the crime-scer	ne.		
c. take photos of the cri	me scene.		
d. a and b.			
e. b and c.			
f. All of the above.			
ANSWER:	f		
POINTS:	1		
DIFFICULTY:	Average		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	· ·	- LO: 2-04	
16. Securing the crime scene	e is the responsibility of t	he first responding:	
a. law enforcement office			
c. detective.	d. specialist.		
ANSWER:	a		
POINTS:	1		
DIFFICULTY:	Average		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	•	- LO: 2-05	
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-06		
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-07		
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-08	- LO: 2-08	
		ed, and labeled. Liquids and arson remains	ins are stored in:
a. breathable containers	Č		
c. a bindle.	d. a plastic or paper	container.	
	b		
POINTS:	1		
DIFFICULTY:	Average		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:			
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-06 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-07		
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-08		
18. Forensic lab technicians	are:		
a. tasked with handling	all types of evidence.	b. highly specialized and handle only o	ne type of evidence.
c. asked to attend crime	-scenes.	d. assigned to confirm the results of the	ir colleagues.
ANSWER:	b		
POINTS:	1		

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-09 - LO: 2-09

Average

- 19. Crime scene reconstruction involves forming a hypothesis of the sequence of events from before the crime was committed:
 - a. through its commission. b. through days after its commission.

DIFFICULTY:

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Chapter 02 Crime-	Scene Investigation and Evidence Collection	L
c. to the present day	d. None of these choices.	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging	
LEARNING OBJECTIV	ES: FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-09 - LO: 2-09	
20. Whenever two peop transferred materials con	le come in contact with each other, a physical transfer oc astitute what is called:	curs. To a forensic examiner, these
a. trace evidence.	b. direct evidence.	
c. class evidence.	d. None of these choices.	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Average	
LEARNING OBJECTIV	ES: FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-01 - LO: 2-01 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-02 - LO: 2-02	
21. The first police office	er to arrive at a crime scene is known as the	
ANSWER:	first responder	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Easy	
LEARNING OBJECTIV	ES: FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-05 - LO: 2-05	
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-06 - LO: 2-06	
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-07 - LO: 2-07 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-08 - LO: 2-08	
22. A folded paper used	to hold trace evidence is a	
ANSWER:	paper bindle	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Average	
LEARNING OBJECTIV	ES: FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-05 - LO: 2-05	
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-06 - LO: 2-06	
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-07 - LO: 2-07	
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-08 - LO: 2-08	
23. The location where	he crime took place is a	
ANSWER:	primary crime scene	·
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Average	
	ES: FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-05 - LO: 2-05	
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-06 - LO: 2-06	
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-07 - LO: 2-07	
	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-08 - LO: 2-08	
24 The decomments decom-	Lunbrokan transfer of avidence is a	
ANSWER:	l unbroken transfer of evidence is a chain of custody	
THE STEEL.	chain of custody	

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Name:	Class:	Date:
Chapter 02 Crime-Sce	ene Investigation and Evidence Co	llection
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Average	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-05 - LO: 2-05 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-06 - LO: 2-06 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-07 - LO: 2-07 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-08 - LO: 2-08	
25. A location other than the	e primary crime scene, but in some way rela	ted to the crime, where evidence is found is the
ANSWER:	secondary crime scene	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Average	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-05 - LO: 2-05 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-06 - LO: 2-06	

FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-07 - LO: 2-07 FSFI.BERT.2.LO: 2-08 - LO: 2-08