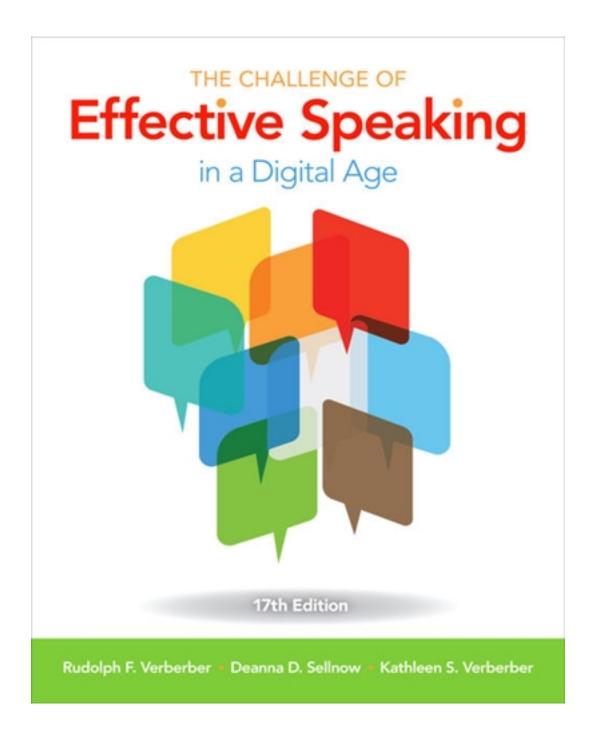
Test Bank for Challenge of Effective Speaking 17th Edition by Verderber

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Test Bank

TRUE/FALSE

1	 Public speaking 	apprehension is	uncommon and only	v affects a few	people
	. I abile speaking	apprononsion	and only	y ancolo a lew	poopio.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

2: If speakers do not practice their speech and various ways of phrasing key ideas, they run the risk of major opportunity for communicating effectively.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: A

3 : Performance orientation views public speaking as a special technique that works to impress audiences with their posture.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

4 : Public speaking apprehension is most commonly caused by negative self-talk.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: A

5: Using positive-talk before your speech is a good technique to reduce speech anxiety.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

6 : You should choose a speech topic that you know nothing about, so that you can learn from your research.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: B

7 : A speech goal states what you want your audience to know, believe, or do.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

8 : A speech goal states what you want your audience to know, believe, or do.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

9 : Having some speech apprehension is quite normal.A : trueB : false
Correct Answer : A
10 : Organized speeches help audiences to remember the information better. A : true B : false
Correct Answer : A
11 : The organization of your speech will naturally evolve from your research and will involve little effort on your part. A : true B : false
Correct Answer : B
MULTIPLE CHOICE
12 : Public speaking apprehension is A : extreme speech anxiety B : fear experienced when anticipating or actually speaking to an audience C : not a problem for most people D : fear experienced after the speech
Correct Answer : B
13 : The technical term for public speaking apprehension, speech anxiety, or fear of public speaking is: A : fearfulness B : anxiousness C : claustrophobia D : glossophobia
Correct Answer : D
14 : Public speaking apprehension gradually as we speak. A : decreases B : increases C : stays the same D : none of the above
Correct Answer : A
15 : The three phases of reaction are A : visualization, desensitization, and adaptation B : anticipation, confrontation, and adaptation C : apprehension, performance orientation, and communication orientation

 $\frac{\texttt{CLICK}}{\texttt{HERE}}$ TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank D : confrontation, visualization, and apprehension Correct Answer: B 16: The anticipation phase is _____ A: the surge in your anxiety as you begin your speech B: the level of anxiety during your speech C: the gradual decline of your speech anxiety about 1 minute into the speech D: the level of anxiety you experience before your speech Correct Answer: D 17: The confrontation phase is _____ A: the level of anxiety during your speech B: the level of anxiety you experience before your speech C: the surge in your anxiety as you begin delivering your speech D: the gradual decline of speech anxiety about 1 minute into the speech Correct Answer: C 18: Which of the following is NOT a type of breathing and relaxation exercise? A: abdominal breathing B: systematic desensitization C: progressive muscle relaxation exercises D: sighing Correct Answer: B 19: The intrapersonal communication regarding perceived success or failure in a particular situation is called: A: self-talk B: inner-talk C: interference D: inexperience Correct Answer: A people experience lower levels of public speaking apprehension. A: introverted B: secure C: alpha D: extroverted Correct Answer: D 21: The most common cause of public speaking apprehension is ______. A : fear of laughter B: negative self-talk C: anxiety D: none of the above Correct Answer: B

CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank 22 : The theory that suggests that most of us become apprehensive because we dont know how to plan or prepare effectively for a public presentation is A : the speech apprehension theory B : the communibiological theory C : the skill deficit theory D : structuration theory
Correct Answer : C
23 : Observing how your friends and family members react to speaking in public is known as
A: modeling B: performing C: reinforcing D: confrontation
Correct Answer : A
24 : According to communication orientation motivation (COM) techniques, in performance orientation, the speaker views the audience as A : good listeners B : hypercritical judges C : inferior to the speakers topic D : not worthy of hearing the speech
Correct Answer : B
25 : Using presentational aids and dressing up for your speech are two specific techniques your book gives for A : achieving your speech goal B : training public speaking skills C : reducing speech anxiety D : sharing your ideas
Correct Answer : C
26 : helps reduce anxiety by assisting you in picturing yourself giving a masterful speech, and helps you overcome cognitive and emotional symptoms of apprehension. A : Communication orientation motivation (COM) B : Visualization C : Systematic desensitization D : Cognitive restructuring
Correct Answer : B
27 : The technique can help reduce anxiety as you gradually visualize and then engage in increasingly more frightening speaking events while remaining calm. A : communication orientation motivation (COM) B : visualization C : systematic desensitization D : cognitive restructuring
Correct Answer : C

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28: The approach to public speaking where speaking is viewed as an opportunity to engage in conversation with topics of importance and focuses on getting your message across is called: A: communication orientation B: visualization C: relaxation D: cognitive restructuring
Correct Answer : A
29 : You should choose a topic that you A : think is funny B : do not care about C : feel is relevant to your needs D : know something about
Correct Answer : D
30 : A specific statement of what you want your audience to know, believe, or do, is called the: A : speech plan B : canons of rhetoric C : speech goal D : summation
Correct Answer : C
31 : Presenting your main points in order from first to last will help your audience understand and remember them. A : topical B : chronological C : ascending D : descending
Correct Answer : B
32 : The process of involves tailoring the information in your speech to the needs, interests, and expectations of your listeners. A : audience analysis B : listener analysis C : audience adaptation D : listener respect
Correct Answer : C