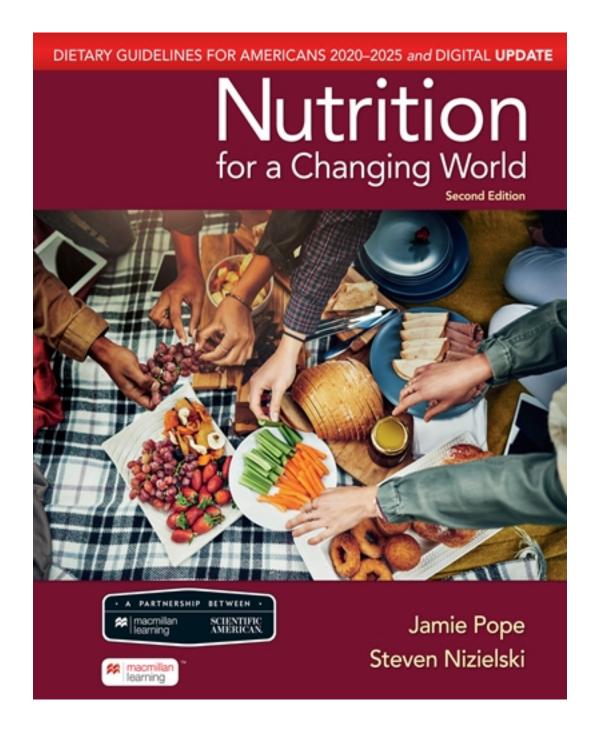
Test Bank for Nutrition for a Changing World 2nd Edition by Pope

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Test Bank

Name:	Class:	Date:
Chapter 01		
1. Minerals are nonessential nutrients a. true	and provide 4 kilocalories per gram.	
b. false		
ANSWER: b		
2. Fat-soluble vitamins include:		
a. vitamins C, B, and E.		
b. vitamins C, A, and D.		
c. vitamins A, D, E, and K.		
d. vitamins B, D, and E.		
e. vitamins B, D, E, and C.		
ANSWER: c		
3. Phytochemicals are found in all pro	otein-rich foods, including chicken, egg	gs, and fish.
a. true		
b. false		
ANSWER: b		
4. Iron deficiency is a form of malnutr	rition.	
a. true		
b. false		
ANSWER: a		
recommendations for fruits and vegeta	nd Nutrition Examination Survey, the rables.	majority of Americans are meeting
a. true		
b. false		
ANSWER: b		
6. Which of the following is NOT con a. phytochemicals	nsidered an essential nutrient?	
b. proteins		
c. fats		
d. carbohydrates		
e. water		
ANSWER: a		
7. A nutrient that cannot be made by t a/an:	the body in sufficient quantities and tha	at must be obtained from food is

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a. organic nutrient.b. inorganic nutrient.c. essential nutrient.

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d. phytochemical.		
e. functional nutrient.		
ANSWER: c		
8. All of the following statements about a they are composed of carbon, he because a major source of energy countries they are categorized into simple december of they provide more calories than the energy they help regulate bowel functions.	ydrogen, and oxygen. gy in the body. e and complex carbohydrates. n protein.	
ANSWER: d		
9. The composition of proteins is differ a. carbon.b. hydrogen.c. nitrogen.d. oxygen.e. None of these are correct.	erent from that of carbohydrates due to	the presence of:
ANSWER: c		
10. What is the primary form of fat in a. cholesterolb. triglyceridesc. phospholipidsd. lipoproteinse. omega-3 fatty acids	our bodies?	
ANSWER: b		
11. The carbohydrate family includes:a. sugar, starch, and fiber.b. starch, calcium, and fiber.c. fiber, sugar, and sulfur.d. sugar, water, and starch.e. starch, fiber, and sterol.		
ANSWER: a		
	onutrients and micronutrients. All of the	e following are macronutrients

c. proteins.

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d. iron.		
e. sodium and iron.		
ANSWER: e		
13. Which of the following macronutrie	ents is the preferred fuel for the brai	in and red blood cells?
a. proteins		
b. lipids		
c. water		
d. carbohydrates		
e. proteins and lipids		
ANSWER: d		
14. Which of the following foods is rich	ı in protein?	
a. legumes		
b. oils		
c. starchy vegetables		
d. fruits		
e. water		
ANSWER: a		
15. Which of the following is the only a	nnimal product with significant carb	oohydrate?
a. chicken		
b. beef		
c. butter		
d. milk		
e. egg		
ANSWER: d		
16. John and his wife are celebrating the		
carbohydrates, 36 grams of protein, 27 their meal?	grams of fat, and 18 grams of alcon	iol. What is the total caloric value of
a. 634 kilocalories		
b. 733 kilocalories		
c. 778 kilocalories		
d. 877 kilocalories		
e. 1,008 kilocalories		
ANSWER: b		
17. Sarah is making a pound cake for a		lories for the entire cake, 30% come
from fat. How many grams of fat are the	ere in the cake?	

a. 30 grams

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b. 60 grams		
c. 80 grams		
d. 100 grams		
e. 240 grams		
ANSWER: c		
18. David is a football player consumin with the following macronutrient distribution of protein is David's diet providing a. 103 grams	oution: 45% carbohydrate, 18% fat, a	and the rest from protein. How many
b. 203 grams		
c. 316 grams		
d. 416 grams		
e. 506 grams		
ANSWER: d		
19. What is the standard unit used to man a. kilograms b. kilocalories c. pounds d. newtons e. grams ANSWER: b	easure food energy?	
20. Micronutrients are those that are recomicronutrient?	quired in small quantities. Which of	the following is NOT a
a. vitamin D		
b. iodine		
c. fiber		
d. vitamin K		
e. zinc		
ANSWER: c		
21. Consider the 10 leading causes of d related causes within the 10 leading cause a. heart disease, pneumonia, stroke b. liver disease, cancer, influenza, s	ises? , cancer	he following lists includes diet-
c. tuberculosis, diabetes, stroke, car	ncer	
d. heart disease, stroke, cancer, dial	betes	

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ANSWER: d

e. liver disease, pneumonia, influenza, diabetes

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- 22. Which of the following diseases is NOT related to diet?
 - a. stroke
 - b. heart disease
 - c. cancer
 - d. diabetes
 - e. pneumonia

ANSWER: e

- 23. Which of the following is not a water-soluble vitamin?
 - a. riboflavin
 - b. niacin
 - c. lycopene
 - d. folate

ANSWER: c

- 24. Minerals are classified into "major" and "trace" minerals. Which of the following lists includes only contains major minerals?
 - a. calcium, iron, zinc, phosphorus
 - b. iron, selenium, sodium, magnesium
 - c. copper, chromium, fluoride, iodine
 - d. potassium, sodium, magnesium, calcium
 - e. magnesium, manganese, molybdenum, chloride

ANSWER: d

- 25. The standard that represents the average nutrient intake estimated to meet the daily requirements of 50% of healthy individuals is called the:
 - a. Recommended Dietary Allowance.
 - b. Adequate Intake.
 - c. Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Range.
 - d. Estimated Average Requirement.
 - e. Estimated Energy Requirement.

ANSWER: d

- 26. The standard that represents the average nutrient intake estimated to meet the daily requirements of nearly 98% of healthy individuals is called the:
 - a. Recommended Dietary Allowance.
 - b. Adequate Intake.
 - c. Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Range.
 - d. Estimated Average Requirement.
 - e. Estimated Energy Requirement.

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ANSWER: a		
27. Compared with the Estimated Arare set at level. a. a slightly lower	verage Requirement, the Recommended	Dietary Allowances for nutrients
<u> </u>		
b. a much lower		
c. the same		
d. a slightly higher		
e. a much higher		
ANSWER: e		
28. The standard that provides reconhe:	nmendations for healthy ranges of energ	y-yielding macronutrients is termed
a. Recommended Dietary Allow	ance.	
b. Adequate Intake.		
c. Acceptable Macronutrient Dis	stribution Range.	
d. Estimated Average Requirem	ent.	
e. Tolerable Upper Intake Level		
ANSWER: c		
Which of the following standards wi	D supplements but is worried about incill provide Linda with the information neafe for her to consume without the risk or vance	ecessary to determine the maximum
b. Adequate Intake		
c. Acceptable Macronutrient Di	stribution Range	
d. Estimated Average Requirem	ent	
e. Tolerable Upper Intake Level		
ANSWER: e		
30. The Acceptable Macronutrient Edaily calories.	Distribution Range recommends that carb	pohydrates contribute of
a. less than 10%		
b. 15%–25%		
c. 30%–40%		
d. 45%–65%		
e. greater than 70%		
ANSWER: d		
31. Based on the Acceptable Macron a. less than 5%	nutrient Distribution Range, what is the 1	recommendation for protein intake?

b. 10%-35%

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- c. 40%-50%
- d. 55%-60%
- e. greater than 65%

ANSWER: b

- 32. According to the Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Range, 20% to 35% of the total daily caloric intake should come from fat. If Marcus is on a 3500-kilocalorie diet, how many kilocalories should he obtain from dietary fat?
 - a. 400-905 kilocalories
 - b. 500-1005 kilocalories
 - c. 600-1115 kilocalories
 - d. 700-1225 kilocalories
 - e. 800-1355 kilocalories

ANSWER: d

- 33. It is likely that intake of a nutrient is both adequate and safe if:
 - a. intake is above the RDA.
 - b. intake for the nutrient falls between the RDA and UL.
 - c. intake is above the EAR and under the RDA.
 - d. intake is above the UL.
 - e. intake is below the EAR and above the UL.

ANSWER: b

- 34. The risk of adverse effects associated with intake of a nutrient:
 - a. decreases at levels below the RDA.
 - b. decreases at levels above the UL.
 - c. increases at levels below the RDA and above the UL.
 - d. increases at levels above the RDA.
 - e. increases within the AI range.

ANSWER: c

- 35. What is the correct sequence of steps in following the scientific method to conduct research?
 - a. make observations, conduct experiment, propose hypothesis, develop a theory
 - b. make observations, propose hypothesis, conduct experiment, develop a theory
 - c. propose hypothesis, make observations, develop a theory, conduct experiment
 - d. conduct experiment, develop a theory, make observations, propose hypothesis
 - e. develop a theory, conduct experiment, make observations, propose hypothesis

ANSWER: b

36. Consider an epidemiological study that investigates the relationship between fish intake and cancer risk. Which of the following statements is TRUE about this study design?

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- a. Subjects in the study will be randomly assigned to an experimental group and a control group.
- b. The findings of this study may suggest a relationship between fish intake and cancer risk.
- c. There is no intervention involved in this type of study.
- d. The results of the study can be used to establish a cause-and-effect relationship between fish intake and cancer risk.
- e. The findings of this study may suggest a relationship between fish intake and cancer risk and there is no intervention involved in this type of study.

ANSWER: e

- 37. An animal study is being conducted to determine the effect of vitamin C on the development of common cold. The researcher gives one group of rats the vitamin C pills, and the other group of rats gets the "dummy" pill (placebo). The rats that received the placebo would be called the:
 - a. dummy group.
 - b. double-blind group.
 - c. intervention group.
 - d. experimental group.
 - e. control group.

ANSWER: e

- 38. A study is conducted to see if a daily exercise intervention affects blood pressure among people with prehypertension. One hundred participants are recruited to participate, and half are randomly assigned to participate in the intervention while the others serve as a control group. What study design is being used?
 - a. epidemiological study
 - b. randomized controlled trial
 - c. animal experiment
 - d. placebo study
 - e. None of these.

ANSWER: b

- 39. The effect of food on a person's genes is known as:
 - a. the placebo effect.
 - b. phytochemicals.
 - c. epidemiology.
 - d. cell studies.
 - e. nutritional genomics.

ANSWER: e

- 40. Which of the following is not true about the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey?
 - a. Participants chosen to participate in the study must travel to the state capital to visit the Mobile Examination Center.
 - b. Blood, urine, and DNA samples are routinely collected at the NHANES Mobile Examination Center.
- c. Each year, a representative sample of 5000 Americans from across the United States is selected to Copyright Macmillan Learning. Powered by Cognero.

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participate in NHANES.

- d. Dietary information is collected by conducting a 24-hour recall survey.
- e. In-home health interviews are used as part of the NHANES protocol.

ANSWER: a

- 41. A program of studies to systematically assess the health and nutritional status of adults and children in the United States is the:
 - a. Health Interview Survey.
 - b. Continuing Survey of Food Intakes of Americans.
 - c. Nutrition Surveillance System.
 - d. National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES).
 - e. Mobile Examination Center Survey.

ANSWER: d

- 42. According to findings of the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES):
 - a. 81% of Americans do not consume enough fruit to meet current recommendations.
 - b. 99% of Americans do not consume enough red, orange, or deep-green vegetables or legumes.
 - c. snacks provide about one-quarter of daily calories.
 - d. about 85% of adults and children exceed limits for empty calorie foods.
 - e. All of these are correct.

ANSWER: e

- 43. Susan wants to enhance her immunity during the flu season. Which of the following would be the LEAST credible source of information?
 - a. advice from a registered dietitian
 - b. guidelines on flu prevention on the website yourhealth.com
 - c. CDC guidelines on their website
 - d. a recent peer-reviewed article on zinc from the American Journal of Clinical Nutrition
 - e. flu-prevention strategies provided by your doctor

ANSWER: b

- 44. What is the key premise of the "developmental origins hypothesis"? How does maternal nutrition affect health of the offspring?
- ANSWER: The developmental origins hypothesis states that certain diseases originate from conditions during pregnancy and infancy. Poor nutrition during pregnancy can negatively affect health of the child throughout life. Also, inadequate nutrition can permanently affect the way the child responds to food throughout his or her life. A balanced diet is vital at the time of conception and during pregnancy for the mother to gain adequate weight and ensure the health of the fetus.
- 45. What factors influence your daily food choices?

ANSWER: This will vary based on the students' responses as to which factors influence their own food choices.

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46. List the four macronutrients and identify two major functions of each.

ANSWER: The four macronutrients are carbohydrates, proteins, fats, and water. The primary function of carbohydrates and fats is to provide energy; proteins serve as a structural component in every cell and tissue, and water provides a medium for cell reaction and other regulatory functions. Further, carbohydrates are important components of DNA and RNA, contributors to satiety, and sources of fiber; proteins are required for fluid balance; fats are vital for hormone synthesis, temperature regulation, and shock absorption and are important in absorption and transport of fat-soluble vitamins; and water helps to control body temperature.

- 47. What are phytochemicals? In which foods are they commonly found? Describe two of their functions in promoting health and preventing disease.
- ANSWER: Phytochemicals are compounds found in plant foods that are physiologically active and beneficial to human health. They are typically found in plant foods such as vegetables, fruits, whole grains, legumes, nuts, tea, cocoa, herbs, and spices. Two major functions of phytochemicals would be their anti-inflammatory and antioxidant properties.
- 48. What causes malnutrition? Describe the two forms of malnutrition with examples.
- ANSWER: Malnutrition is caused by inadequate, excessive, or unbalanced intake of calories and/or essential nutrients. The two forms of malnutrition would be undernutrition (starvation, protein-energy malnutrition) and overnutrition (obesity). Overnutrition encompasses excessive intake of calories relative to needs but can also be accompanied by an imbalance between nutrient needs and intakes. This is particularly true in the case of "Westernized" diets, which are high in processed foods and generally low in nutrients.
- 49. What is the purpose of using a placebo in experimental studies?
- ANSWER: The purpose of using a placebo is to eliminate perceived effects (known as the "placebo effect") in which people taking an experimental drug feel better simply because they take a pill and therefore have an expectation that they will feel better. By comparing people who receive a treatment with those who do not receive it, researchers can determine if the treatment has a true effect outside of people's expectations.
- 50. What are the five values included in the Dietary Reference Intakes (DRI)? Describe each of these standards in establishing recommendations for nutrient intake.
- ANSWER: The five values included in the DRIs are (1) Estimated Average Requirement (EAR)—the average nutrient intake level estimated to meet the daily requirements of 50% of healthy individuals for different sexes and life-stage groups; (2) Recommended Dietary Allowance (RDA)—the recommended nutrient intake levels that meet the daily needs and decrease risks of chronic disease in 98% of healthy people for different sexes and life-stage groups; (3) Adequate Intake (AI)—estimated value for recommended daily nutrient intake level used when there is insufficient evidence to determine a specific RDA; (4) Tolerable Upper Level (UL)—the maximum amount of nutrient allowed that has been proven to have no risk of side effects; and (5) Chronic Disease Risk Reduction (CDRR) the nutrient intake level that is expected to reduce chronic disease risk in an apparently healthy population.
- 51. Describe the steps involved in the scientific method of conducting a study. Discuss the reasons why following these specific series of steps will result in a well-designed experimental study.

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ANSWER: Answers will vary.

52. What are the nutrition-related objectives of Healthy People 2030? How will these objectives promote health and prevent disease in today's obesity-promoting environment?

ANSWER: Answers will vary.

53. Imagine you are planning a research study to investigate the relationship between fiber intake and blood cholesterol levels. How would your study be different if you chose to use an epidemiological research design rather than a randomized controlled trial?

ANSWER: Answers will vary.

54. Imagine you see a news article with the heading, "The truth is out: Egg consumption harms health." How might you use the internet to evaluate such a claim? How will you know if what you read on the internet is credible?

ANSWER: Answers will vary.

55. Name the six classes of nutrients and whether they are organic or inorganic. Out of the six nutrients, name the three nutrients that contain energy and list their caloric value per gram. Using the calories per gram information, calculate the calories in a fast-casual Chicken Avocado Sandwich that contains 49 grams fat, 80 grams carbohydrates, and 46 grams protein. Work must be shown to earn any credit.

ANSWER: Answers will vary.