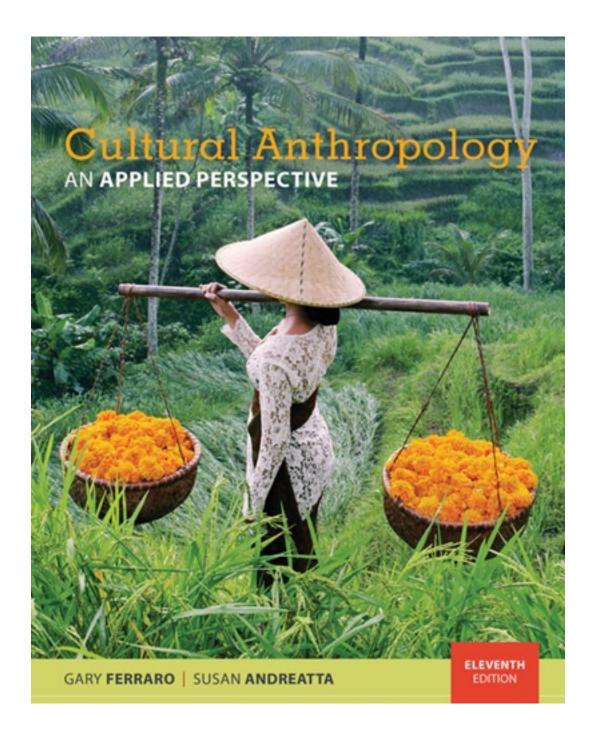
Test Bank for Cultural Anthropology An Applied Perspective 11th Edition by Ferraro

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Test Bank

-	thropology is the concept of
a. distribution	
b. power	
c. culture	
d. artifacts	
e. evolution	
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Defined, p. 26
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
2. The anthropological conc a. the ideas people learn	cept of culture includes all of the following EXCEPT n
b. genetic aspects of be	ing human
c. the material things pe	eople share
d. the ways people beha	ave
e. the values and attitud	les that people have
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Defined, p. 29
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
a. Culture is symbolic.	tatements about the concept of culture is FALSE?
b. Culture is learned.	
c. Culture is always cha	
d. Culture is genetically	y-based.
e. Culture is adaptive.	
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture is Learned, p. 30
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
a. culture determines beb. culture conditions be	
d. all people in any give	en society have exactly the same ideas
e. culture groups are pr	rogrammed to imitate each other
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture and the Individual, p. 43
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
5. How does the earliest ant today?	hropological definition of culture by Edward Tylor differ from the definitions frequently used

- a. Tylor's definition is more like a "laundry list" of attributes that together form a culture.
- b. Definitions today tend to be more specialized and detailed about characteristics of culture.
- c. Definitions of culture are no longer being formulated. Anthropology has a single significant definition of culture that all researchers use.
- d. Culture was more evident in the time of Tylor and his definition includes details that are no longer relevant to the study of culture.
- e. Tylor's definition is the only definition still in use today.

ANSWER: a POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Defined, p. 26

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

- 6. All of the following are components of any definition of culture EXCEPT _____.
 - a. ideas and values
 - b. biological predispositions
 - c. material objects
 - d. behavior patterns
 - e. attitudes in society

ANSWER: b POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Defined, p. 26

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

- 7. Symbols are one of the most critical components of culture. Which of the following statements is NOT true of symbols?
 - a. Symbols unify people into a group.
 - b. Symbols provide meaning.
 - c. Symbols are completely separate from language.
 - d. Symbols help people identify objects and ideas.
 - e. Symbols are powerful.

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Defined, p. 28

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

- 8. Which statement about the term "civilization" is true?
 - a. Civilization is synonymous with culture.
 - b. All cultures are civilizations, but all civilizations are not cultures.
 - c. Civilizations are characterized by monumental architecture, centralized government, efficient food production, and writing.
 - d. Civilizations first appeared around 10,000 years ago.
 - e. There are no contemporary civilizations. This was a phenomenon of the historical past.

ANSWER: c POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Defined, p. 28

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

9. Trying to operate in an ur	
•	perience of culture shock.
b. is never difficult for	
	ou have read a book about that culture.
	distress but not psychological distress.
e. creates mild psychological	ogical stress.
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Is Shared, p. 29
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
10. Subcultures have all of t	the following characteristics EXCEPT they
a. are subsets of the wic	der culture
b. always enjoy all the	benefits of the mainstream culture
c. retain a level of cultu	ural uniqueness that sets them apart
d. are neither inferior n	or superior to mainstream culture
e. do not control society	y's major institutional structures
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Is Shared, p. 29
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
11. Which of the following	best illustrates a pluralistic society?
	number of subcultural groups and has a low potential for misunderstandings or hostilities.
b. It is composed of a n	number of subcultural groups such as found in the U.S. and Canada.
-	ited States and the United Kingdom but because of diffusion it is rapidly disappearing.
	ety that promotes a great deal of cultural and social solidarity.
•	that first developed with immigration, but is no longer in existence.
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Is Shared, p. 29
	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
12. The process by which po	eople learn and interact with their own culture is
a. called enculturation	
b. genetically based	
c. more rapid in industr	rialized societies than in less technologically developed ones
d. slowest in industriali	zed societies and most rapid in less technologically developed ones
e. called pluralism and	results in pluralistic societies
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Is Learned, p. 30
	Cult.Ferr.11.2.2 - How do we acquire our culture?
13. Which of the following	is the best example of the enculturation process?

a. An adolescent on an exchange program to another country

b. An adult business traveler spending short periods of time in many different countries

c. A young child attend	ing a bilingual school in the U.S.
d. A young adult interac	cting within a multicultural community group
e. An infant learning ho	ow to walk and speak
ANSWER:	e
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Is Learned, p. 30
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.2 - How do we acquire our culture?
14. Which statement about t	the learned nature of culture is true?
a. Humans are born wit	h many predetermined behaviors.
b. People learn what the	ey need to know in order to adapt to their environment.
c. Some cultures are mo	ore intelligent than others.
d. Children can learn or	nly one culture at a time.
e. People around the wo	orld acquire culture through very different processes.
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Is Learned, p. 31
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.2 - How do we acquire our culture?
15. Organizations that are enculture are demonstrating	mploying cultural anthropologists to help foreign employees adjust to the organization's
a. cross-cultural coachi	ng
b. globalization	
c. acculturation	
d. cultural diffusion	
e. cultural changes	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	New Twenty-First Century Tools for the Study of Cultures, p. 44
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.2 - How do we acquire our culture?
16. When we describe a cult	ture as being polychronic, we mean that people
a. feel comfortable enga	aging in a number of activities simultaneously
b. tend to be extremely	punctual
c. prefer to engage in or	nly one activity at a time
d. believe in the saying	"time is money"
e. are extremely ethnoc	entric
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Is Shared, p. 31
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
17. Dr. Edward T. Hall's mo	odel of monochronic vs. polychronic cultures is based on the cultural variable of
b. spirituality	

d. money	
e. power	
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Is Taken for Granted, p. 31
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
18. Which of the following s a. Culture influences bid b. Culture is learned.	statements about the concept of culture is FALSE? ological processes.
c. Cultures change over	time.
d. All cultures include s	ome common features.
e. Most cultural univers	als are instinctual.
ANSWER:	e
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Is Taken for Granted, p. 36
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
19. A non-Navajo who vomi principles? a. Culture is learned.	its after inadvertently eating rattle snake best illustrates which of the following cultural
b. Cultures are always c	hanging.
c. Culture influences bio	ological processes.
d. The parts of a culture	are interrelated.
e. Culture is adaptive.	
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Influences Biological Processes, p. 32-33
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
a. they don't understand	d have tattoos, use scarification or wear bones in their noses because I the harm they do to their bodies
b. they have a distorted	concept of beauty
c. they do it as part of the	
d. their culture tells ther	n that it looks good
e. it is used as a status s	ymbol to attract sexual partners
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Influences Biological Processes, p. 33
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
21. Ferraro's wife was consider a the color of her skin was too thin c. she had pierced ears	dered unattractive by the Kikuyu because was too light

c. time

d. she wore lipstick	
e. she was too short	
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Influences Biological Processes, p. 33
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
	d number one in for the most plastic surgery procedures conducted per capita.
a. South Korea	
b. United States	
c. Canada	
d. Taiwan	
e. New Guinea	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Influences Biological Processes, p. 33
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
23. Despite many difference a. marriage systems	es in details, all cultures share a number of common cultural features EXCEPT
b. a system of distributi	on
c. a system of commun	
d. a system of education	
e. a genetically based p	
ANSWER:	e
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultural Universals, p. 34
	Cult.Ferr.11.2.3 - Despite the enormous variation in different cultures, are some features common found in all cultures of the world?
	d for culture transmission leads to some form of a in all societies.
a. social control system	
b. system of marriage a	nd family
c. system of supernatur	al belief
d. formal educational sy	ystem
e. system of communic	ation
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultural Universals, p. 34
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.3 - Despite the enormous variation in different cultures, are some features common found in all cultures of the world?
	y has an economic system means that
a. every society has a sy	ystem of standardized currency
b. every society has ma	rkets
c. each receives goods	and services based on his or her capacity to pay

d. every society has wo	rked out a patterned way of ensuring that people get what they need for survival
e. every society is now	part of the globalized economy
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultural Universals, p. 34
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.3 - Despite the enormous variation in different cultures, are some features common found in all cultures of the world?
_	ements are true EXCEPT nans with a quicker and more efficient means of adaptation than Darwinian natural
b. Darwinian natural se	lection is the primary means by which non-human animals and plants adapt to the world
 c. Darwinian natural se culture 	lection is the way that animals adapt to their world, but humans adapt only by means of
d. not all aspects of cult	ture are adaptive for humans
e. culture is the primary	means by which humans adapt to their world
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Is Adaptive and Maladaptive, p. 36
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
a. the parts of a cultureb. only the fittest members.c. humans evolved dired. culture helps people	refers to the idea that are interconnected much like the organs of a living animal pers of a species will survive ctly from non-human primates adapt to their environments d breathing entity that affects human survival
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultures Are Generally Integrated, p. 37
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
b. cultural parts are son c. members of two diffe	ts are tightly connected to all other cultural parts newhat interconnected with one another erent subcultures attend school together and thereby learn to adapt to culture ke the body of a living organism
-	stinguish any area of culture from another area
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultures Are Generally Integrated, p. 37
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
a. describe the various	anthropologist is to parts of the culture he or she studies lture in isolation from the rest of the cultural system

c. show how parts of a culture are independent from one another

d. determine if one culture is more moral than another

e. work to help develop	the most adaptive type of culture to improve human potential
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultures Are Generally Integrated, p. 37
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
•	ited States and Germany, why have so few scientists received Nobel Prizes in Japan? as strong a scientific tradition as the Western nations.
 b. Japanese scientists ha advances. 	ave focused more on productive efficiency rather than any kind of technological
c. Most Japanese scient	ists who are advanced choose to immigrate to Europe or the United States.
d. Japanese scientists hat traveled to accept the	ave been chosen to receive the Nobel Prize, but because of cultural tradition they have not award.
e. Japanese culture does countries.	s not value bold experimentation of individual accomplishment as much as these other
ANSWER:	e
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultures Are Generally Integrated, p. 38
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
31. The organic analogy of a a. Cultures are constant	a culture is an example of which of the following characteristics?
b. Cultures are adaptive	and maladaptive.
c. Cultures are generall	-
d. Culture influences bi	ological processes.
e. There are cultural un	iversals.
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultures Are Generally Integrated, p. 37
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
32. All of the following state	ements are true EXCEPT
a. every aspect of cultur	res are adaptive
b. culture gives humans	an adaptive advantage over other animals
c. what is adaptive in or	ne culture may be maladaptive in another
d. sometimes cultural be	ehaviors are adaptively neutral
e. cultural adaptation is	quicker than biological adaptation
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Culture Is Adaptive and Maladaptive, p. 36
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?
33 society is a te	rm that is no longer used to describe smaller societies.
Convright Cengage Learning Po	wered by Cognero

b. Egalitarian	
c. Technologically simp	ple
d. Preliterate	
e. Small-scale	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	"Primitive" Cultures, p. 43
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?
•	s occur most often in
a. cities	
b. monumental architec	ture.
c. Asian societies	
d. indigenous societies	
e. highly industrialized	societies
ANSWER:	e
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultures Change, p. 39
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?
	emain completely static year after year?
a. Small-scale cultures	
b. Non-Western culture	
c. No culture remains c	ompletely static.
d. Western cultures	
e. Large-scale cultures	
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultures Change, p. 39
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?
-	element from one society to another is called
a. innovation	
b. tabula rasa	
c. ethnocentrism	
d. cultural diffusion	
e. invention	
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	
REFERENCES:	Cultures Change, p. 39
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?
37. Cultural diffusion is ver	y important in cultural change because
a. people are essentially	y uninventive and unimaginative
b. all important element	ts of culture came from European societies
c. all important element	ts of culture came from Asian and African societies

d. it is easier to borrow	a thing or idea than it is to invent it
e. it allows cultures to a	adapt more quickly to their changing environment
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultures Change, p. 42
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?
•	is NOT an example of cultural diffusion?
	ing resistant to adopting the metric system
	odifications to Italy's pizza
	nable outrigger on the island of Hiva Oa
	ld's constructed in a California city with a large Asian population
e. African women exerc	cising and losing weight to fit the American ideal of beauty
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultures Change, p. 39
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?
39. Which statement about of	
a. Cultures are always of	
·	ugh the processes of diffusion and innovation.
	e through invention than through diffusion.
d. Anthropologists do n	ot agree on the single most important cause of culture change.
e. Culture change is im	portant to cultural survival.
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultures Change, p. 39
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?
40. In situations of cultural	
	ot exchange every cultural item
b. one culture borrows	and the other one does not
c. it is the stronger culti	ure which borrows, or steals, from the other
d. the recipient culture	does not have a choice regarding the item exchanged
e. it is common for the	two cultures to merge and become integrated
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultures Change, p. 40
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?
41. All of the following state	ements about cultural diffusion are true EXCEPT
a. some parts of culture	are more likely to diffuse than others
b. diffusion is affected	by other important variables
c. cultural elements my	be modified
d. diffusion is a two-wa	y, reciprocal process

e. the process of diffusion is not selective

C	LICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank
ANSWER:	e
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultures Change, p. 40
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?
	A, a McDonald's restaurant has incorporated the ancient Asian practice of <i>feng shui</i> in the ants. Which principle of culture change does this illustrate?
b. Innovation	
c. Invention	
d. Acculturation	
e. Ethnocentrism	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultures Change, p. 41
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?
43. Forced borrowing under a. cultural diffusion	r conditions of external pressure is a form of
b. cultural innovation	
c. acculturation	
d. invention	
e. colonialism	
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Cultures Change, p. 42
	Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?
•	States as a result of the introduction of the automobile such as changes in vacation style, bility, greater variety of food products available, and environmental crises, are an illustration of
a. acculturation	
b. linked changes	
c. integrated change	
d. cultural diffusion	
e. maladaptation	
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1

REFERENCES: Cultures Change, p. 42

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?

- 45. When the authors use the term "small-scale society," they are referring to societies with relatively:
 - a. small populations, simple technologies, and little labor specialization.
 - b. simple technologies, very specialized labor, and small populations.
 - c. numerous small subcultural groups who are economically interconnected.
 - d. isolated populations of native peoples.

e. underdeveloped economic systems.

ANSWER: a POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: "Primitive" Culture, p. 43

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?

- 46. When changes in one part of the culture create other changes in other areas of a culture, these are called
 - a. small-scale societies
 - b. webbed cultures
 - c. integrated cultures
 - d. linked changes
 - e. polychromatic changes

ANSWER: d
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Cultures Change, p. 42

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?

- 47. Which statement about culture is true?
 - a. People in the United States typically walk on the left in a crowded hallway.
 - b. Deviance from the culture norms is rarely found in societies.
 - c. Because of free will, people have the option of doing things differently from what is culturally expected.
 - d. Choosing to go against cultural conventions always results in hardships.
 - e. Social norms always receive total compliance.

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture and the Individual, p. 43

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.5 - How does culture inform one's thoughts and behaviors?

- 48. Which of the following statements about culture is true?
 - a. Culture determines behavior and the individual must conform to expectations in order to succeed within a group.
 - b. Culture influences behavior and acts as a powerful force in affecting individual choices and free will.
 - c. Culture is a form of behavior itself and may be either ideal or real.
 - d. Culture and behavior are two kinds of social deviance which cause the individual significant amounts of anxiety.
 - e. There is no relation between culture and behavior.

ANSWER: b
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture and the Individual, p. 43

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.5 - How does culture inform one's thoughts and behaviors?

- 49. Anthropology can benefit from many different web capacities today. Some benefits include each of the following <u>EXCEPT</u>:
 - a. Ngram Viewer.
 - b. AnthroSource.
 - c. Google.

- d. AAA website at aaanet.org
- e. IntroAnthro Viewer.

ANSWER: e
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: New Twenty-First Century Tools for the Study of Cultures, p. 43-45

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.6 - How can the understanding of the concept of culture help us more

effectively address societal challenges?

- 50. Website technology has allowed all of the following advances in anthropological knowledge EXCEPT it _____
 - a. can transform our understanding of language and language change
 - b. has allowed us to generate profiles on diverse cultures
 - c. allows us to understand which cultures are superior and why
 - d. allows for more collaboration between researchers
 - e. allows us access to a much larger database of information

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: New 21st Century Tools for the Study of Cultures, p. 43

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.6 - How can the understanding of the concept of culture help us more

effectively address societal challenges?

- 51. Anthropology focuses on the concept of culture more than any other academic discipline.
 - a. True
 - b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Defined, p. 26

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

- 52. Technology provides new tools for the practice of ethnography.
 - a. True
 - b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: New 21st Century Tools for the Study of Cultures, p. 43

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.6 - How can the understanding of the concept of culture help us more

effectively address societal challenges?

- 53. The most fundamental aspect of culture is its use of material objects.
 - a. True
 - b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Defined, p. 27

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

- 54. A subculture refers to an inferior cultural group.
 - a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Is Shared, p. 29

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

- 55. There are an estimated 5,000 cultural groups in existence today.
 - a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Defined, p. 28

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

- 56. The process by which a child learns his or her own culture requires many years of formal schooling.
 - a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Is Learned, p. 30

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.2 - How do we acquire our culture?

- 57. The American Anthropological Association has taken the official position that humans are born with a built-in culture.
 - a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Is Learned, p. 31

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.2 - How do we acquire our culture?

- 58. The United States is an example of a monochronic culture.
 - a. True
 - b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Is Taken for Granted, p. 31

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

- 59. Human behavior is largely instinctual.
 - a. True
 - b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Is Learned, p. 31

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

60. Humans are the products of both cultural and biological processes.

a. Trueb. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Influences Biological Processes, p. 32

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

- 61. In the last decade there has been a reduction in the extent to which Americans alter their appearance through plastic surgery.
 - a. Trueb. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Influences Biological Processes, p. 33

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

- 62. Few cultural universals have to do with meeting the basic physiological needs of humans.
 - a. Trueb. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Cultural Universals, p. 34

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.3 - Despite the enormous variation in different cultures, are some features

common found in all cultures of the world?

- 63. Cultural adaptations have little importance in humans' adaptation to the sub-Arctic.
 - a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Is Adaptive and Maladaptive, p. 36

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

- 64. Human adaption is due to Darwinian natural selection and, to a great extent, culture.
 - a. True
 - b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Is Adaptive and Maladaptive, p. 36

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

- 65. All parts of culture are interconnected with each other.
 - a. True
 - b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Cultures Are Generally Integrated, p. 38

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

66. True diffusion involves only items of material culture.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Cultures Change, p. 39

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?

67. Acculturation is a type of cultural diffusion.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Cultures Change, p. 41

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?

68. Societies with very simple technology were once referred to as "primitive" societies by most anthropologists.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Cultures Change, p. 43

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?

69. In the 21st century, anthropologists are using less technology to improve human social relations.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: New 21st Century Tools for the Study of Cultures, p. 43

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.6 - How can the understanding of the concept of culture help us more

effectively address societal challenges?

70. An increasing number of organizations are beginning to employ cultural anthropologists.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: New Twenty-First Century Tools for the Study of Cultures, p. 44

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.5 - How does culture inform one's thoughts and behaviors?

71. How do anthropologists define the concept of culture? Consider the three components of culture.

ANSWER: Culture is everything that people have, think, and do as members of a society. It includes

material objects, ideas, values, and attitudes, and behavior patterns.

POINTS:

Culture Defined, p. 27 **REFERENCES:**

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

72. What is culture shock?

ANSWER: Culture shock is a form of psychological distress that can result in depression, overeating, or

irritability brought on when trying to operate in an unfamiliar culture.

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Culture Is Shared, p. 29

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

73. What are pluralistic societies? Provide an example of one.

ANSWER: Pluralistic societies are composed of a number of subcultural groups. A teacher in the United

> States thought a Vietnamese girl had been abused because she had red marks on her neck and forehead. But in her culture, rubbing a coin on the person, which produces the red marks, is a

remedy for headaches, colds, and other sicknesses.

POINTS: 1

Culture Is Shared, p. 29 REFERENCES:

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

74. Compare and contrast a monochronic and a polychronic culture.

ANSWER: Monochronic culture places high emphasis on punctuality and completion of one task at a

> time; polychronic culture values social relationships and numerous tasks simultaneously, even if it forces their daily plan and routine to change. Both deal with the ways that a culture

manages time.

POINTS:

Culture Is Taken for Granted, p. 31 REFERENCES:

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

75. Give examples of variations in cultural attitudes concerning male and female attractiveness.

ANSWER: Some examples include Burmese women elongating their necks with brass rings, Chinese

foot binding, scarification, tattooing, ear piercing. Some men in New Guinea put bones

through their noses.

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Culture Influences Biological Processes, p. 33

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

76. What is a social control system? Why do you think this is a cultural universal?

It is a set of mechanisms that coerce people to obey the social norms of a society so that ANSWER:

people can live and work together.

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Cultural Universals, p. 34

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.3 - Despite the enormous variation in different cultures, are some features

common found in all cultures of the world?

77. Define the organic analogy made popular by some of the early functionalist anthropologists. List at least three of those systems.

ANSWER: The organic analogy is a comparison between a culture and a living organism such as the

> human body that has systems that work together to maintain the overall health of the organism including the respiratory, digestive, skeletal, excretory, reproductive, muscular,

circulatory, endocrine, and lymphatic systems.

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Cultures Are Generally Integrated, p. 37

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

78. How is culture adaptive and maladaptive?

ANSWER: Culture is the way humans adapt or relate to their environments so they can continue to

reproduce and survive. This can be efficient and effective, or it can be destructive.

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Culture Is Adaptive and Maladaptive, p. 35

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

79. Distinguish between invention, innovation, and cultural diffusion.

ANSWER: Invention is a new combination of existing cultural features; innovation is change brought

about by a recombination of existing cultural features; and cultural diffusion is the spreading

of a cultural trait from one society to another.

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Cultures Change, p. 39-40

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?

80. Why has the word "primitive" been replaced with "small-scale societies?"

ANSWER: Contemporary anthropologists once called some socieities "primitive" because they were

thought of as preliterate, small-scale, egalitarian or technologically simple.

POINTS:

REFERENCES: "Primitive" Cultures p. 43

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult. Ferr. 11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?

81. In your own words, how would you define the concept of culture? What general statements hold true for all cultures of

the world?

ANSWER: Will vary

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Culture Defined, p. 26-43

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

82. One of the most important technological inventions that took place in the United States was the first mass-produced personal computer in 1976. How has the introduction of that new computer influenced or changed other parts of American culture, such as political advection, religion, and family life?

culture, such as politics, education, religion, and family life?

ANSWER: Will vary

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Culture Change, p. 40

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

83. Culture exerts a powerful force on individuals. Discuss some examples of how culture affects and pressures the

individual.

ANSWER: Will vary

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Culture and the Individual, p. 43

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.5 - How does culture inform one's thoughts and behaviors?

84. What is "culture shock" and what suggestions might you put forth for minimizing some of its more harmful effects?

ANSWER: Will vary

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Culture Is Shared, p. 31

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

85. How many things that you do during your waking hours are purely biologically based? Give at least 3 examples of routine behavior and distinguish the learned cultural practices from biology.

ANSWER: Will vary

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Culture Is Learned, p. 32

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.2 - How do we acquire our culture?

86. Write an essay illustrating how the concept of "culture influencing biological processes" has affected American culture. Use personal examples, if you choose.

ANSWER: Will vary

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Culture Influences Biological Processes, p. 35-36

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

87. There are many cultural universals, yet cultures are still so very different. Why do you think that despite the common needs of all human beings, we still live in distinct cultural groups?

ANSWER: Will vary

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Cultural Universals, p. 36-37

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.3 - Despite the enormous variation in different cultures, are some features

common found in all cultures of the world?

88. Discuss how culture is adaptive and use examples to illustrate your points.

ANSWER: Will vary

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Culture Is Adaptive and Maladaptive, p. 38-39

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.1 - What do anthropologists mean by the term "culture"?

89. How has technology changed the practice of anthropology?

ANSWER: Will vary

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: New 21st Century Tools for the Study of Cultures, p. 47

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.6 - How can the understanding of the concept of culture help us more

effectively address societal challenges?

90. Discuss the importance of invention, innovation, and cultural diffusion and illustrate each of these concepts by using examples with which you are familiar in your own culture.

ANSWER: Will vary

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Cultures Change, p. 41-45

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: Cult.Ferr.11.2.4 - Do cultures change over time, and if so, how do they change?