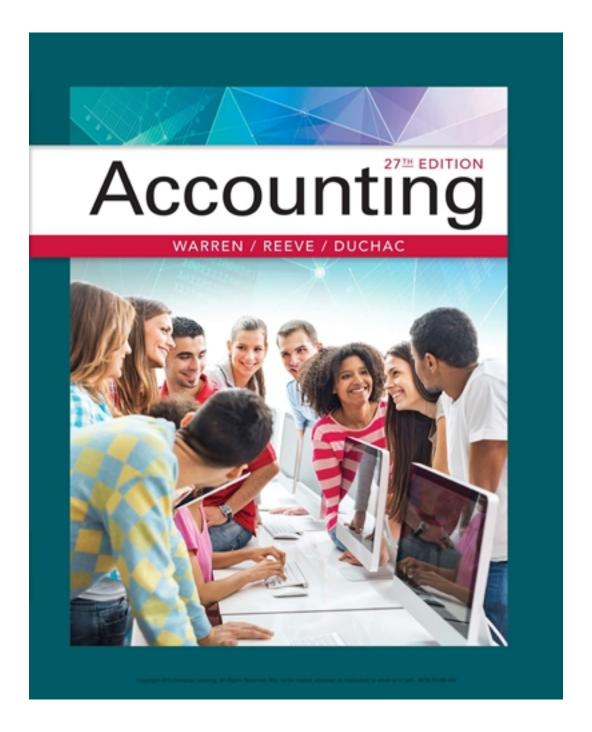
Test Bank for Accounting 27th Edition by Warren

CLICK HERE TO ACCESS COMPLETE Test Bank



Test Bank

TRUE/FALSE

A: true

1 : Accounts are records of increases and decreases in individual financial statement items. A : true B : false
Correct Answer : A
2 : A chart of accounts is a listing of accounts that make up the journal. A : true B : false
Correct Answer : B
3 : The chart of accounts should be the same for each business. A : true B : false
Correct Answer : B
4 : Accounts payable are accounts that you expect will be paid to you. A : true B : false
Correct Answer : B
5 : Consuming goods and services in the process of generating revenues results in expenses. A : true B : false
Correct Answer : A
6 : Prepaid expenses are an example of an expense. A : true B : false
Correct Answer : B
7 : The unearned revenue account is an example of a liability. A : true B : false
Correct Answer : A
8 : The drawing account is an expense. A : true B : false
Correct Answer : B
9 : Accounts in the ledger are usually maintained in alphabetical order.

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CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank B: false Correct Answer: B 10: Depending on the account title, the right side of the account is referred to as the credit side. A: true B: false Correct Answer: B 11: To determine the balance in an account, always subtract credits from debits. A: true B: false Correct Answer: B 12: An account in its simplest form has three parts to it: a title, an increase side, and a decrease side. A: true B: false Correct Answer: A 13: The T account got its name because it resembles the letter T. A: true B: false Correct Answer: A 14: The right-hand side of a T account is known as a debit and the left-hand side is known as a credit. A: true B: false Correct Answer: B 15: Debiting the cash account will increase the account. A: true B: false Correct Answer: A 16: A credit to the cash account will increase the account. A: true B: false Correct Answer: B 17: The cash account will always be debited.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

18: The recording of cash receipts to the cash account will be done by debiting the account. A: true

B : false

Correct Answer: A

19: The recording of cash payments from the cash account is done by entering the amount as a credit.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: A

20 : The balance of an account can be determined by adding all of the debits, adding all of the credits, and adding the amounts together.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

21: Liabilities are debts owed by the business entity.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

22: The accounts payable account is listed in the chart of accounts as an asset.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: B

23: A drawing account represents the amount of withdrawals made by the owner.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

24: Revenues are equal to the difference between cash receipts and cash payments.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: B

25 : Expenses result from using up assets or consuming services in the process of generating revenues.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: A

26: Owners equity will be reduced by the amount in the drawing account.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: A

27: When an owner invests assets in the business, the capital account increases due to revenue being earned.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

28: When an account receivable is collected in cash, the total assets of the business increase.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: B

29: When an account payable is paid with cash, the owners equity in the business decreases.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

30 : For a months transactions for a typical medium-sized business, the salary expense account is likely to have only credit entries.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: B

31: A debit is abbreviated as Db and a credit is abbreviated as Cr.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

32 : When a business receives a bill from the utility company, no entry should be made until the invoice is paid.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: B

33 : For a months transactions for a typical medium-sized business, the accounts payable account is likely to have only credit entries.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

34 : Withdrawals decrease owners equity and are listed on the income statement as a deduction from revenue.

A: true B: false Correct Answer: B 35: The normal balance of revenue accounts is a credit.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

36: The normal balance of an expense account is a credit.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

37: The normal balance of the drawing account is a debit.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

38: Expense accounts are increased by credits.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

39: The normal balance of a capital account is a debit.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

40 : Revenue accounts are increased by credits.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

41: Liability accounts are increased by debits.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

42: Journalizing transactions using the double-entry bookkeeping system will eliminate fraud.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank
43: Transactions are listed in the journal chronologically.
A: true
B: false

Correct Answer: A

44 : Journalizing is the process of entering amounts in the ledger.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: B

45: The process of recording a transaction in the journal is called journalizing.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: A

46: Transactions are initially entered into a record called a journal.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

47: The double-entry accounting system records each transaction twice.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: B

48: The increase side of an account is also the side of the normal balance.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: A

49: Journal entries include both debit and credit accounts for each transaction.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

50: A transaction that is recorded in the journal is called a journal entry.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

51: Assets are increased with debits and decreased with credits.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank 52: Liabilities are increased with debits and decreased with credits. A: true B: false Correct Answer: B 53: Debits will increase unearned revenues and revenues. A: true B: false Correct Answer: B 54: All owners equity accounts record increases to the accounts with credits. A: true B: false Correct Answer: B 55: Journalizing always eliminates fraudulent activity. A: true B: false Correct Answer: B 56: Journal entries can have more than two accounts as long as the debits equal the credits. A: true B: false Correct Answer: A 57: Normal account balances are on the increase side of the accounts. A: true B: false Correct Answer: A 58: The process of transferring data from the journal to the ledger accounts is called posting. A: true B: false Correct Answer: A 59: The posting reference notation used in the ledger is the account number. A: true B: false

60 : The posting reference notation used in the journal is the page number. A : true $\,$

B : false

Correct Answer: B

CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank Correct Answer: B

61: A notation in the Post. Ref. column of the general journal indicates that the amount has been posted to the ledger.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

62: The order of the flow of accounting data is (1) record in the ledger, (2) record in the journal, and (3) prepare the financial statements.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

63: The process of transferring the debits and credits from the journal entries to the accounts is known as posting.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

64: Postings made to standard account forms show a new balance after each entry.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

65: A group of related accounts that make up a complete unit is called a trial balance.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

66: A trial balance determines the accuracy of the numbers.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

67: Even when a trial balance is in balance, there may be errors in the individual accounts.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: A

68: The totals at the bottom of the trial balance and the totals at the bottom of the balance sheet both show equality and balancing and therefore should be equal.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

69: A proof of the equality of debits and credits in the ledger at the end of an accounting period is called a balance sheet.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

70 : If the trial balance is in balance, it can be assumed that all journal entries were posted correctly and no errors were made.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: B

71 : Posting a part of a transaction to the wrong account will cause the trial balance totals to be unequal.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

72: The erroneous arrangement of digits, such as writing \$45 as \$54, is called a slide.

A: true B: false

Correct Answer: B

73 : Journalizing a transaction with both the debit and the credit for \$69 instead of \$96 will cause the trial balance to be out of balance.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: B

74: The erroneous moving of an entire number one or more spaces to the right or left, such as writing \$85 as \$850, is called a transposition.

A : true B : false

Correct Answer: B

SHORT RESPONSE

75 : The chart of accounts classifies the accounts to make identification of the accounts easier. Describe the numbering system businesses use in setting up the chart of accounts.

Correct Answer: A chart of accounts is set up by assigning two-digit numbers to each of the accounts for use as references. The first digit indicates the major account group of the ledger in which the account is located. Accounts beginning with 1 represent assets; 2, liabilities; 3, owner's equity; 4, revenue; 5, expenses. The second digit indicates the location of the account

CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank within its group. Large companies may have additional digits to accommodate a large number of accounts.?

76: The chart of accounts classifies the accounts to make identification of the accounts easier. Describe the numbering system businesses use in setting up the chart of accounts.

Correct Answer: 11 Cash12 Accounts Receivable13 Supplies14 Prepaid Insurance15 Equipment16 Truck21 Accounts Payable22 Notes Payable31 Cassie Harris, Capital32 Cassie Harris, Drawing41 Fees Earned51 Wages Expense52 Rent Expense53 Utilities Expense54 Truck Expense55 Insurance Expense56 Miscellaneous Expense

77: On January 31, the cash account balance was \$96,750. During January, cash receipts totaled \$305,000 and cash payments totaled \$375,880. Determine the cash balance on January 1.

Correct Answer: ??? + \$305,000 ? \$375,880 = \$96,750Cash balance at January 1 is \$167,630

78: Organize the following accounts into the usual sequence of a chart of accounts. Miscellaneous Expense Accounts Payable Accounts Receivable Cash Alecia Morris. CapitalFees EarnedPrepaid RentSalaries ExpenseUnearned RevenueAlecia Morris, Drawing

Correct Answer: CashAccounts ReceivablePrepaid RentAccounts PayableUnearned RevenueAlecia Morris, CapitalAlecia Morris, DrawingFees EarnedSalaries ExpenseMiscellaneous Expense

79: Organize the following accounts into the usual sequence of a chart of accounts. Miscellaneous Expense Accounts Payable Accounts Receivable Cash Alecia Morris, CapitalFees EarnedPrepaid RentSalaries ExpenseUnearned RevenueAlecia Morris, Drawing

Correct Answer: (a)\$69,250 (\$31,750 + \$63,000 ? \$25,500)(b)\$52,250 (\$22,500 + \$45,000 ? \$15,250)

80: Organize the following accounts into the usual sequence of a chart of accounts. Miscellaneous Expense Accounts Payable Accounts Receivable Cash Alecia Morris, CapitalFees EarnedPrepaid RentSalaries ExpenseUnearned RevenueAlecia Morris, Drawing

Correct Answer: Type of AccountIncrease Side(1)ADr.(2)ADr.(3)RCr.(4)NDr.(5)LCr.(6)EDr.(7)NCr.(8)ADr.(9)ADr.(10)LCr.

81: Organize the following accounts into the usual sequence of a chart of accounts. Miscellaneous Expense Accounts Payable Accounts Receivable Cash Alecia Morris, CapitalFees EarnedPrepaid RentSalaries ExpenseUnearned RevenueAlecia Morris, Drawing

Correct Answer: Account DebitedAccount CreditedTransactionTypeEffect(1)asset+c apital+(2)asset+liability+(3)asset+asset?(4)asset+revenue+(5)liability?asset?(6)expense+asset? (7)asset+revenue+(8)drawing+asset?(9)asset+asset?

82: On June 1, the cash account balance was \$96,750. During June, cash receipts totaled \$305,000 and the June 30 balance was \$75,880. Determine the cash payments made during June.

Correct Answer: \$75,880 = \$96,750 + \$305,000 ? ?Cash Payments = \$325,870

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83 : On September 1, Erika Company purchased land for \$47,500 cash. Provide the journal entry for this transaction.

Correct Answer: Sept. 1Land47,500 Cash 47,500 Purchased land for the company.

84: On October 10, Nickle Company purchased supplies for \$1,800 on account. On October 25, Nickle Company paid the invoice.(a) Provide the journal entry for the purchase on account.(b) Provide the journal entry for the payment of the invoice.

Correct Answer: (a) Oct. 10Supplies1,800 Accounts Payable1,800 Purchased supplies on (b) Oct. 25Accounts Payable1,800 Cash1,800 account. Paid for supplies on account.

85 : On October 17, Nickle Company purchased a building and a plot of land for \$750,000. The building was valued at \$500,000 while the land carried a value of \$250,000. Nickle paid \$300,000 down in cash and signed a note payable for the balance. Provide the journal entry for this transaction.

Correct Answer: Oct. 17Building500,000 Land250,000 Cash300,000 Notes Payable450,000 Purchased building and landwith cash down payment.

86 : On November 1, Nickle Company made a cash payment of \$200,000 on a note payable that was generated in the purchase of a building and land. Provide the journal entry for this transaction.

Correct Answer: Nov. 1Notes Payable200,000 Cash 200,000 Made payment on note payable. ??

87: On January 7, Damien Lawson invests \$45,000 to initiate the operation of his business, JumpStart. Provide the journal entry for this transaction.

Correct Answer : Jan. 7Cash45,000 Damien Lawson, Capital 45,000 Invest cash in JumpStart. ???

88 : On January 8, Damien Lawson transfers ownership of several pieces of office equipment to his new business, JumpStart. When new, these items were worth \$72,500. The fair market value of the equipment is \$60,000. Journalize this transfer.

Damien Lawson, Capital 60,000 Invested Correct Answer: Jan. 8Office Equipment60,000 equipment in business. ?While Damien may have paid \$72,500 for this equipment some time in the past, it should be transferred into the company at fair market value (FMV), \$60,000.

89 : On August 30, JumpStart incurred the following expenses: Payment to the landlord for August rent, \$2,300 Payment to Gas & Electric Company for August bill, \$525 Payment of employee wages for the last half of August, \$1,750 Payment of shopping centers parking lot cleaning fee, \$275Journalize these payments as one compound journal entry.

Correct Answer: Aug. 30Rent Expense2,300 Utilities Expense525 Wages Expense1,750 Maintenance Expense275 Cash 4,850 Paid expenses.

90 : On October 30, Damien Lawson withdraws \$3,330 from JumpStart for personal use. Journalize this event.

Correct Answer: Oct. 30Damien Lawson, Drawing 3,330 Cash 3,330 Withdrew cash for personal use.

91 : For the following, mark a D if the following account normally has a debit balance and mark							
a C if the following account normally has a credit balance1. Notes Payable2.							
Mortgage Payable3. Drawing4. Accounts Receivable5. Capital6. Rent							
Revenue9. Automobiles							
Correct Answer : 1.C 2.C 3.D 4.D 5.C 6.C 7.C 8.D 9.D							
92 : For the following, mark a D if the following account normally has a debit balance and mark							
a C if the following account normally has a credit balance1. Notes Payable2.							
Mortgage Payable3. Drawing4. Accounts Receivable5. Capital6. Rent							
Revenue7. Unearned Income8. Utility Expense9. Automobiles							
Correct Answer: ? Assets =Liabilities+Owner's Equity (a)Cash sales are made.							
I NE I (b)Equipment is purchased on credit. I I							
NE (c)Payment is made for the equipment purchased on credit in (b). D							
D NE(d)The company sold excess supplies to another company on							
creditNE NE NE (e)Cash is collected from customers for accounts							
receivable balancesNE NE ?							
93: For the following, mark a D if the following account normally has a debit balance and mark							
a C if the following account normally has a credit balance1. Notes Payable2.							
Mortgage Payable3. Drawing4. Accounts Receivable5. Capital6. Rent							
Revenue7. Unearned Income8. Utility Expense9. Automobiles							
Correct Answer: Mar. 1Accounts Receivable800 Service Revenue 800 9Office							
Furniture1,060 Office Supplies 160 Accounts Payable 1,220 15Accounts							
Payable1,220 Cash 1,220 23Electricity Expense430 Accounts							
Payable 430 31Salaries Expense850 Cash 850							
94 : For the following, mark a D if the following account normally has a debit balance and mark							
a C if the following account normally has a credit balance1. Notes Payable2.							
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Revenue7. Unearned Income8. Utility Expense9. Automobiles Correct Answer: (a)(b) Recorded As Normal Balance(1)Cr.Cr.(2)Dr.Dr.(3)Cr.Dr.(4)Cr.Cr.(5)Cr.Cr.(6)Cr.Dr.(7)Cr.Dr.(8)Dr.Dr.(9)Dr.Dr.(10)Cr.Dr. 95: For the following, mark a D if the following account normally has a debit balance and mark a C if the following account normally has a credit balance1. Notes Payable2. Mortgage Payable3. Drawing4. Accounts Receivable5. Capital6. Rent Revenue7. Unearned Income8. Utility Expense9. Automobiles Correct Answer: (a)Cash18,000 Katie Long, Capital 18,000 (b)Equipment27,000 Cash 10,000 Notes Payable 17,000 (c)Rent Expense2,300 Cash 2,300 (d)Supplies1,500 Accounts Payable 1,500 (e)Accounts Receivable9,800 Fees Earned 9,800 (f)Cash7,500 Fees Earned 7,500 (g)Accounts							
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Revenue7. Unearned Income8. Utility Expense9. Automobiles Correct Answer: (a)(b) Recorded As Normal Balance(1)Cr.Cr.(2)Dr.Dr.(3)Cr.Dr.(4)Cr.Cr.(5)Cr.Cr.(6)Cr.Dr.(7)Cr.Dr.(8)Dr.Dr.(9)Dr.Dr.(10)Cr.Dr. 95: For the following, mark a D if the following account normally has a debit balance and mark a C if the following account normally has a credit balance1. Notes Payable2. Mortgage Payable3. Drawing4. Accounts Receivable5. Capital6. Rent Revenue7. Unearned Income8. Utility Expense9. Automobiles Correct Answer: (a)Cash18,000 Katie Long, Capital 18,000 (b)Equipment27,000 Cash 10,000 Notes Payable 17,000 (c)Rent Expense2,300 Cash 2,300 (d)Supplies1,500 Accounts Payable 1,500 (e)Accounts Receivable9,800 Fees Earned 9,800 (f)Cash7,500 Fees Earned 7,500 (g)Accounts Payable1,200 Cash 1,200 (h)Wages Expense3,425 Cash 3,425 (i)Cash7,900 Accounts Receivable 7,900 (j)Katie Long,							
Revenue7. Unearned Income8. Utility Expense9. Automobiles Correct Answer: (a)(b) Recorded As Normal Balance(1)Cr.Cr.(2)Dr.Dr.(3)Cr.Dr.(4)Cr.Cr.(5)Cr.Cr.(6)Cr.Dr.(7)Cr.Dr.(8)Dr.Dr.(9)Dr.Dr.(10)Cr.Dr. 95: For the following, mark a D if the following account normally has a debit balance and mark a C if the following account normally has a credit balance1. Notes Payable2. Mortgage Payable3. Drawing4. Accounts Receivable5. Capital6. Rent Revenue7. Unearned Income8. Utility Expense9. Automobiles Correct Answer: (a)Cash18,000 Katie Long, Capital 18,000 (b)Equipment27,000 Cash 10,000 Notes Payable 17,000 (c)Rent Expense2,300 Cash 2,300 (d)Supplies1,500 Accounts Payable 1,500 (e)Accounts Receivable9,800 Fees Earned 9,800 (f)Cash7,500 Fees Earned 7,500 (g)Accounts Payable1,200 Cash 1,200 (h)Wages							

96 : On January 12, JumpStart purchased \$870 in office supplies.(a) Journalize this transaction

as if JumpStart paid cash.(b) Journalize this transaction as if JumpStart placed it on account.(c) On January 18, JumpStart pays the amount due. Journalize this event.

Correct Answer: (a)Jan. 12Office Supplies870 Cash870?(b)Jan. 12Office Supplies870 Accounts Payable870?(c)Jan. 18Accounts Payable870 Cash870

97: On November 10, JumpStart provides \$2,900 in services to clients. At the time of service, the clients paid \$600 in cash and put the balance on account.(a) Journalize this event.(b) On November 20, JumpStarts clients paid an additional \$900 on their accounts due. Journalize this event.(c) Calculate the accounts receivable balance on November 30.

Correct Answer: (a) Nov. 10Cash600 Accounts Receivable2,300 Fees Earned2,900 (b) Nov. 20Cash900 Accounts Receivable900?(c) Original invoice\$2,900 Less cash paid upon completion 600 Original amount on accounts receivable\$2,300 Less November 20 payment 900 Accounts receivable balance\$1,400

98 : Prepare a journal entry for the purchase of a truck on April 4 for \$85,700, paying \$15,000 cash and the remainder on account. Omit explanation.

Correct Answer: Apr. 4Truck 85,700 Cash 15,000 Accounts Payable 70,700

99 : Prepare a journal entry for the purchase of a truck on April 4 for \$85,700, paying \$15,000 cash and the remainder on account. Omit explanation.

Correct Answer: ?DateDescriptionPost. Ref.DebitCreditJan. 1 Cash 14,000 Owner. Capital 14,000 2 Cash 9,500 Revenues 9,500 3 Accounts Receivable 4,200 Revenues 4.200 4 Advertising Expense 700 Cash 700 5 Cash 2.500 Accounts Receivable 2,500 6 Owner, Drawing 1,010 Cash 1,010 7 Telephone Expense 900 Accounts Payable 900 8 Accounts Payable 900 Cash 900

100 : On December 1, JumpStart provides \$2,800 in services to clients.(a) Journalize this event as if the clients had paid cash at the time the services were rendered.(b) Journalize this event as if the clients had placed this on account.(c) Assume that the clients paid \$1,200 of the amount on account on December 30. Journalize this transaction.

Correct Answer: (a) Dec. 1 Cash2,800? Fees Earned2,800 (b) Dec. 1 Accounts Receivable2,800? Fees Earned2,800(c) Dec. 30 Cash1,200? Accounts Receivable1,200

101: On December 1, JumpStart provides \$2,800 in services to clients.(a) Journalize this event as if the clients had paid cash at the time the services were rendered.(b) Journalize this event as if the clients had placed this on account.(c) Assume that the clients paid \$1,200 of the amount on account on December 30. Journalize this transaction.

Correct Answer: TransactionEffect on Accounting Equation(a)5(b)4(c)8(d)6(e)7(f)1

102 : Prepare a journal entry on October 12 for the fees earned on account, \$14,600. Omit explanation.

Correct Answer: Oct. 12Accounts Receivable14,600 Fees Earned? 14,600

103 : Prepare a journal entry on October 12 for the fees earned on account, \$14,600. Omit explanation.

Correct Answer: Aug. 1Equipment850 Accounts Payable 850 8Cash125

Unearned Revenue 125 15Utilities Expense 180 Accounts

Payable 180 20Accounts Receivable 1,250 Rental Revenue 1,250 31Cash600 Accounts Receivable 600

104: Prepare a journal entry on October 12 for the fees earned on account, \$14,600. Omit explanation.

Correct Answer: (1) The bookkeeper incorrectly posted the July 3, July 11, and 12 journal entries.(2) For the July 3 journal entry, the \$1,000 credit to Service Revenue should have been posted to the Service Revenue account as a credit, not as a debit. For the July 11 journal entry, the \$500 credit should be posted to Accounts Receivable, not to Service Revenue. For the July 12 journal entry, the \$600 credit to Accounts Payable should have been posted as a credit, not as a debit.

105 : Prepare a journal entry on October 12 for the fees earned on account, \$14,600. Omit explanation.

Correct Answer: 1. Credit entries only, normal credit balance2. Debit entries only, normal debit balance3. Both debit and credit entries, normal credit balance4. Both debit and credit entries, normal debit balance5. Both debit and credit entries, normal debit balance6. Both debit and credit entries, normal debit balance

106: Prepare a journal entry on October 12 for the fees earned on account, \$14,600. Omit explanation.

Correct Answer: TransactionsAccount(s) DebitedAccount(s) Crediteda.19b.131c.61,7d.58

107: Prepare a journal entry on October 12 for the fees earned on account, \$14,600. Omit explanation.

Correct Answer: TransactionsAccount(s) DebitedAccount(s) Crediteda.31b.41c.12d.81e.111

108 : Prepare a journal entry on October 12 for the fees earned on account, \$14,600. Omit explanation.

Correct Answer: TransactionsAccount(s) DebitedAccount(s) Crediteda.211b.158c.141d.12e.121f.101

109 : Prepare a journal entry on October 12 for the fees earned on account, \$14,600. Omit explanation.

Correct Answer: TransactionsAccount(s) DebitedAccount(s) Crediteda.129b.91c.141d.120

110: The following two situations are independent of each other.1. On June 1, the cash account balance was \$45,750. During June, cash payments totaled \$243,910, and the June 30 balance was \$53,200. Determine the cash receipts during June and show your calculation.2. On March 1, the supplies account balance was \$1,800. During March, supplies of \$2,450 were purchased, and supplies of \$630 were on hand as of March 31. Determine the supplies expense for March and show your calculation.

 111: The following two situations are independent of each other.1. On June 1, the cash account balance was \$45,750. During June, cash payments totaled \$243,910, and the June 30 balance was \$53,200. Determine the cash receipts during June and show your calculation.2. On March 1, the supplies account balance was \$1,800. During March, supplies of \$2,450 were purchased, and supplies of \$630 were on hand as of March 31. Determine the supplies expense for March and show your calculation.

Correct Answer: (a)Accounts Receivable200 Supplies 200 Supplies 500 Accounts Payable 500 (b)Cash5,000 Fees Earned 5,000

112: On November 30, Damien Lawson is informed by his accountant that \$550 of a transaction recording the purchase of office supplies was really office equipment. Prepare the journal entry to correct this situation.

Correct Answer: Nov. 30 Office Equipment550 Office Supplies550

113: On November 30, Damien Lawson is informed by his accountant that \$550 of a transaction recording the purchase of office supplies was really office equipment. Prepare the journal entry to correct this situation.

Correct Answer: a.Stan Norton, Drawing5,000 Office Expense 5,000?b.Fees Earned7,800 Accounts Receivable 7,800

114: On November 30, Damien Lawson is informed by his accountant that \$550 of a transaction recording the purchase of office supplies was really office equipment. Prepare the journal entry to correct this situation.

Correct Answer: a.The totals are equal.b.The totals are unequal. The credit total is higher by \$1,800.c.The totals are unequal. The credit total is higher by \$6,000.

115: On November 30, Damien Lawson is informed by his accountant that \$550 of a transaction recording the purchase of office supplies was really office equipment. Prepare the journal entry to correct this situation.

Correct Answer: (1)a. The Debit column is added incorrectly; the sum is actually \$289,780.b. The trial balance should be dated January 31, rather than "For the Month of January"c. The Accounts Receivable balance should be in the Debit column.d. The Accounts Payable balance should be in the Credit column.e. The Tim Dawson, Drawing balance should be in the Debit column.f. The Miscellaneous Expense balance should be in the Debit column.(2) Dawson Designs Co.Unadjusted Trial BalanceJanuary 31 Debit BalancesCredit BalancesCash23,000 Accounts Receivable49,700 Prepaid Insurance11,300 Equipment150,500 Accounts Payable 6,050Salaries Payable 4,250Tim Dawson, Capital 110,000Tim Dawson, Drawing18,500 Service Revenue 236,600Salary Expense98,930 Miscellaneous Expense 4,970 356,900356,900

116: On November 30, Damien Lawson is informed by his accountant that \$550 of a transaction recording the purchase of office supplies was really office equipment. Prepare the journal entry to correct this situation.

Correct Answer: ?Sophie Designs Co.Trial BalanceApril 30 Debit Balances Credit Balances Cash6,700 Accounts Receivable3,450 Supplies3,125 Equipment14,500 Accounts

CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank
Payable 4,100Sophie Dawson, Capital 17,800Sophie Dawson, Drawing7,500 Fees
Earned 45,425Salary Expense14,000 Rent Expense11,500 Utilities Expense4,000 Supplies
Expense1,700 Miscellaneous Expense 850? 67,32567,325?

117: On November 30, Damien Lawson is informed by his accountant that \$550 of a transaction recording the purchase of office supplies was really office equipment. Prepare the journal entry to correct this situation.

Correct Answer: (a)(1)In the heading, the date should be April 30; not for a period of time. (2)The Cash balance should be a debit. (3)The Accounts Receivable balance is missing. (4)The Supplies balance should be a debit. (5)The Prepaid Insurance balance should be a debit and this account should follow Accounts Receivable. (6)The Thad Winslow, Capital balance should be a credit. (7)The Thad Winslow, Drawing balance should be a debit. (8)Rent Expense should be a debit. (9)The trial balance does not balance.?(b)The new total for credits would be \$69,100 (\$2,500 accounts payable + \$49,600 fees earned + \$17,000 capital). The debits would also total \$69,100. Accounts receivable would be \$3,075 (\$69,100 total credits? \$66,025 corrected debits).

118: On November 30, Damien Lawson is informed by his accountant that \$550 of a transaction recording the purchase of office supplies was really office equipment. Prepare the journal entry to correct this situation.

119: On November 30, Damien Lawson is informed by his accountant that \$550 of a transaction recording the purchase of office supplies was really office equipment. Prepare the journal entry to correct this situation.

Correct Answer: (a)Cash Clay Potter, Capital(1)12,500 (3)5,500 (1)12,500(5)4,700 (6)1,400 (7) 3,100 (8) 1,500 Bal. 11,900 ?Accounts Receivable Clay Potter, Drawing(4)7,440 (7)3,100 (8)1,500 Bal. 4,340 Supplies Professional Fees(2)6,250 (4)7,440Bal. 12,140? Accounts Payable Operating (5) 4,700 Expenses(6)1,400 (2)6,250 (3)5,500 Bal. 4,850 ?(b)Potter Pool ServicesTrial BalanceJune 30 Debit Balances Credit Balances Cash11,900 Accounts Receivable 4,340 Supplies 6,250 Accounts Payable 4,850 Clay Potter, Capital 12,500 Clay Potter, Drawing1,500 Professional Fees 12,140Operating Expenses 5,500? 29,49029,490?(c)(1) \$5,140 (\$12,140 ? \$5,500 ? \$1,500) (2) \$16,140 (\$12,500 + \$5,140 ? \$1,500)

120 : On November 30, Damien Lawson is informed by his accountant that \$550 of a transaction recording the purchase of office supplies was really office equipment. Prepare the journal entry to correct this situation.

Correct Answer: ?Ralston Sports CompanyTrial BalanceSeptember 30 Debit Balances Credit Balances Cash9,000 Accounts Receivable200 Supplies12,500 Equipment9,500 Accounts Payable 1,900James Ralston, Capital 25,000James Ralston, Drawing7,000 Fees Earned 21,800Operating Expenses10,500? 48,70048,700

121: On November 30, Damien Lawson is informed by his accountant that \$550 of a transaction recording the purchase of office supplies was really office equipment. Prepare the

HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank journal entry to correct this situation.

Correct Answer: ??Year 2??Year

1Increase/DecreaseAmount?PercentChangeSales\$178,400\$162,500\$15,9009.8%Wages expense\$100,000\$ 92,500\$ 7,5008.1Rent expenses33,00030,0003,00010.0Utilities expense 30,000 25,000 5,00020.0Total operating expenses\$163,000\$147,500\$15,50010.5Net income\$ 15,400\$ 15,000\$ 4002.7?While the trend in sales revenue is favorable, it is not sufficient enough to offset the rising expenses, resulting in a positive but small and slowing increase in net income.???

122: On November 30, Damien Lawson is informed by his accountant that \$550 of a transaction recording the purchase of office supplies was really office equipment. Prepare the journal entry to correct this situation.

Correct Answer: ?Year 2?Year 1Increase/DecreaseAmountPercent ChangeSales\$158,400\$162,500\$ (4,100)(2.5)%Wages expense\$ 80,000\$ 92,500\$(12,500)(13.5)Rent expense28,00030,000(2,000)(6.7)Utilities expense 30,000 5,00020.0Total operating expenses\$138,000\$147,500\$ (9,500)(6.4)Net income\$ 25,000 5,40036.0? The trend in sales revenue is unfavorable, but that is more than 20,400\$ 15,000\$ offset by the declines in operating expenses, with the exception of utilities, which increased over the period. Despite the 2.5% drop in sales, the net effect was a favorable increase in net income of 36.0%, which was in large part spurred by the drop in wages expense.

MULTIPLE CHOICE

123: Accounts

A: do not reflect money amounts

B: are not used by entities that manufacture products

C: are records of increases and decreases in individual financial statement items

D: are only used by large entities with many transactions

Correct Answer: C

124 : Accounts are classified in the ledger

A : chronologically B: alphabetically

C: in accordance with their appearance in the financial statements

D: with the accounts used most often listed first

Correct Answer: C

125: Which of the following accounts is an owners equity account?

A: Cash

B: Accounts Payable C: Prepaid Insurance D: Ross Morris, Capital

Correct Answer: D

126: The gross increases in owners equity attributable to business activities are called

A: assets

B : liabilities C : revenues D : expenses

Correct Answer: C

127: A chart of accounts is

A: the same as a balance sheet

B: usually a listing of accounts in alphabetical order

C: usually a listing of accounts in financial statement order

D: used in place of a ledger

Correct Answer: C

128: The debit side of an account

A: depends on whether the account is an asset, liability, or owners equity

B: can be either side of the account depending on how the accountant set up the system

C: is the right side of the account

D: is the left side of the account

Correct Answer: D

129: An account is said to have a debit balance if

A: the amount of the debits exceeds the amount of the credits

B: there are more entries on the debit side than on the credit side

C: there are more entries on the credit side than on the debit side

D: the first entry of the accounting period was posted on the debit side

Correct Answer: A

130: Which side of the account increases the cash account?

A: credit

B: neither a debit nor a credit

C: debit

D: either a debit or a credit

Correct Answer: C

131: Which statement(s) concerning cash is (are) true?

A: Cash will always have more debits than credits.

B: Cash will never have a credit balance.

C: Cash is increased by debiting.

D: All of these choices.

Correct Answer: C

132: Which of the following is true about T accounts?

A: The left side of a T account is called the debit side.

B: The left side of a T account is called the credit side.

C: The right side of a T account is called the debit side.

D: Transactions are first recorded in T accounts and then posted to the journal.

Correct Answer: A

133: A cash payment is recorded in the cash account as

A: neither a debit nor a credit

B: a credit C: a debit

D: either a debit or a credit

Correct Answer: B

134: A list of the accounts used by a business is called the

A: journal

B: chart of accounts

C: T chart D: debit listing

Correct Answer: B

135: In the chart of accounts, the balance sheet accounts are normally listed in which order?

A: liabilities, assets, owners equity

B: assets, liabilities, owners equity

C: owners equity, assets, liabilities

D: assets, owners equity, liabilities

Correct Answer: B

136: In which order are the accounts listed in the chart of accounts?

A: assets, expenses, liabilities, owners equity, revenues

B: owners equity, assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses

C: assets, liabilities, owners equity, revenues, expenses

D: assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, owners equity

Correct Answer: C

137: Which are the parts of the T account?

A: title, date, total

B: date, debit side, credit side C: title, debit side, credit side

D: title, debit side, total

Correct Answer: C

138: The chart of accounts is designed to

A: alphabetize the accounts to make reading easier for financial statement users

B: organize accounts in order of dollar amount to simplify the accounting information for users

C: summarize the transactions and determine ending account balances

D : meet the information needs of a companys managers and other users of its financial statements

Correct Answer: D

139: Which group of accounts is comprised of only assets?

A: Cash, Accounts Payable, Buildings

B: Accounts Receivable, Revenue, Cash

C: Prepaid Expenses, Buildings, Patents

D: Unearned Revenue, Prepaid Expenses, Cash

Correct Answer: C

140: Which of the following is true about assets?

A: Assets include both physical and intangible items.

B: Assets include only physical items.

C : Assets are the personal property of the owner of the company.

D : Assets are the result of selling products or services to customers.

Correct Answer: A

141: Which of the following is not considered to be a liability?

A: Wages Payable

B: Accounts Receivable

C: Unearned Revenue

D : Accounts Payable

Correct Answer: B

142: Which of the following statements is not true about liabilities?

A: Liabilities are debts owed to outsiders.

B: Account titles of liabilities often include the term payable.

C : Cash received before a service is performed creates a liability.

D: Liabilities do not include wages owed to employees of the company.

Correct Answer: D

143: Owners equity will be reduced by all of the following except

A : revenues B : expenses

C: withdrawals

D: All of these choices

Correct Answer: A

144 : Expenses can result from

A: increasing owners equity

B : consuming services

C : using up liabilities

D : purchasing assets

Correct Answer: B

145: Assume that you are creating a chart of accounts for a company. Each account number will have two digits. The first digit indicates the major account group to which the account belongs. Which of the following correctly identifies the major account groups typically represented by the numbers 1 through 5?

A: 1-Assets, 2-Liabilities, 3-Owners Equity, 4-Expenses, 5-Revenues

B: 1-Assets, 2-Liabilities, 3-Owners Equity, 4-Revenues, 5-Expenses

C: 1-Assets, 2-Owners Equity, 3-Revenues, 4-Expenses, 5-Drawing

D: 1-Owners Equity, 2-Drawing, 3-Revenues, 4-Expenses

Correct Answer: B

146: Assume that you are creating a chart of accounts for a company. Each account number will have two digits. The first digit indicates the major account group to which the account belongs. Which of the following correctly identifies the major account groups typically represented by the numbers 1 through 5?

A: \$10,000 B: \$8,000 C: \$9,700 D: \$9,800

Correct Answer: A

147: The balance of an account is determined by

A: adding all of the debits to all of the credits

B: always subtracting the debits from the credits

C : always subtracting the credits from the debits

D : adding all of the debits, adding all of the credits, and then subtracting the smaller sum from the larger sum

Correct Answer: D

148: Which of the following types of accounts have a normal credit balance?

A : assets and liabilities B : liabilities and expenses

C : revenues and capital

D: capital and drawing

Correct Answer: C

149: Which of the following groups of accounts have a normal debit balance?

A: revenues, liabilities, and capital

B : capital and assets C : liabilities and capital D : assets and expenses

Correct Answer: D

150: Which of the following statements is not a purpose for the journal?

A: to show increases and decreases in accounts

B: to show a chronological order by date

C: to show a complete transaction in one place

D: to help locate errors

Correct Answer: D

151: A credit may signify a

A : decrease in assetsB : decrease in liabilitiesC : decrease in capital

D: decrease in revenue

Correct Answer: A

152: A debit signifies a decrease in

A : assets
B : expenses
C : drawing
D : revenues

Correct Answer: D

153: Which of the following applications of the rules of debit and credit is true? A: decrease Prepaid Insurance with a credit and the normal balance is a credit

B : increase Accounts Payable with a credit and the normal balance is a debit

C: increase Equipment with a debit and the normal balance is a debit

D: decrease Cash with a debit and the normal balance is a credit

Correct Answer: C

154: Which of the following describes the classification and normal balance of the fees earned account?

A : asset, credit B : liability, credit

C: owners equity, debit

D: revenue, credit

Correct Answer: D

155: The classification and normal balance of the accounts payable account are

A : asset, credit balance B : liability, credit balance

C: owners equity, credit balance

D: revenue, credit balance

Correct Answer: B

156: The classification and normal balance of the drawing account are

A : expense, credit balance B : expense, debit balance C : liability, credit balance

- . Hability, ordait balarioc

D: owners equity, debit balance

Correct Answer: D

157: Which of the following accounts are debited to record increases?

A : assets and liabilitiesB : drawing and liabilitiesC : expenses and liabilitiesD : assets and expenses

Correct Answer: D

158: In which of the following types of accounts are increases recorded by credits?

A: revenues and liabilities

B : drawing and assetsC : liabilities and drawingD : expenses and liabilities

Correct Answer: A

159: In which of the following types of accounts are decreases recorded by debits?

A : assets
B : liabilities
C : expenses
D : drawing

Correct Answer: B

160: In which of the following types of accounts are decreases recorded by credits?

A: liabilities

B: owners equity

C : assets D : revenues

Correct Answer: C

161: A credit balance in which of the following accounts would likely indicate an error?

A : Fees Earned

B: Salary Expense

C: Janet James, Capital

D: Accounts Payable

Correct Answer: B

162: A debit balance in which of the following accounts would likely indicate an error?

A : Salaries Expense

B: Notes Payable

C: Edgar Martin, Drawing

D: Supplies

Correct Answer: B

163: Which of the following entries records the payment of an account payable?

A : debit Cash; credit Accounts Payable

B: debit Accounts Receivable; credit Cash

C: debit Cash; credit Supplies Expense

D: debit Accounts Payable; credit Cash

Correct Answer: D

164: Which of the following entries records the investment of cash by Taylor Thomas, owner of a proprietorship?

A: debit Taylor Thomas, Capital; credit Accounts Receivable

B: debit Cash; credit Taylor Thomas, Capital

C: debit Taylor Thomas, Drawing; credit Cash

D: debit Cash; credit Taylor Thomas, Drawing

CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank Correct Answer: B

165: Which of the following entries records the payment of a bill for your insurance premium?

A: debit Prepaid Insurance; credit Cash

B: debit Insurance Payable; credit Accounts Receivable

C: debit Accounts Payable; credit Cash

D: debit Cash; credit Prepaid Insurance

Correct Answer: A

166: Which of the following entries records the withdrawal of cash by Sally Anderson, owner of a proprietorship, for personal use?

A: debit Sally Anderson, Capital; credit Cash

B: debit Sally Anderson, Drawing; credit Cash

C: debit Salaries Expense; credit Cash

D: debit Salaries Expense; credit Salaries Payable

Correct Answer: B

167: Office supplies were sold by Janers Cleaning Service at cost to another repair shop, with cash received. Which of the following entries for Janers Cleaning Service records this transaction?

A: Office Supplies, debit; Cash, credit

B: Office Supplies, debit; Accounts Payable, credit

C: Cash, debit; Office Supplies, credit

D : Accounts Payable, debit; Office Supplies, credit

Correct Answer: C

168: Office supplies purchased by Janers Cleaning Service on account were returned. Which of the following entries for Janers Cleaning Service records this transaction?

A: Cash, debit; Office Supplies, credit

B: Office Supplies, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit

C: Accounts Payable, debit; Office Supplies, credit

D: Office Supplies, debit; Accounts Payable, credit

Correct Answer: C

169: Cash was paid by Janers Cleaning Service to creditors on account. Which of the following entries for Janers Cleaning Service records this transaction?

A: Cash, debit; Debbi Janer, Capital, credit

B: Accounts Payable, debit; Cash, credit

C: Accounts Receivable, debit; Cash, credit

D: Accounts Payable, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit

Correct Answer: B

170: The process of initially recording a business transaction is called

A: closing

B: posting

C: journalizing

D: balancing

CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank Correct Answer: C

171: Which of the following entries records the acquisition of office supplies on account?

A: Office Supplies, debit; Cash, credit

B: Cash, debit; Office Supplies, credit

C: Office Supplies, debit; Accounts Payable, credit

D: Accounts Receivable, debit; Office Supplies, credit

Correct Answer: C

172: Which of the following entries records the payment of insurance for the current month?

A: Cash, debit; Insurance Expense, credit

B: Insurance Expense, debit; Cash, credit

C: Insurance Expense, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit

D: Prepaid Insurance, debit; Cash, credit

Correct Answer: B

173: Which of the following entries records the receipt of cash from clients on account?

A: Accounts Payable, debit; Fees Earned, credit

B: Accounts Receivable, debit; Fees Earned, credit

C: Accounts Receivable, debit; Cash, credit

D: Cash, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit

Correct Answer: D

174: Which of the following entries records the collection of cash from cash customers?

A: Fees Earned, debit; Cash, credit

B: Fees Earned, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit

C: Cash, debit; Fees Earned, credit

D: Accounts Receivable, debit; Fees Earned, credit

Correct Answer: C

175: Which of the following entries records the receipt of cash for two months rent? The cash was received in advance of providing the service.

A: Prepaid Rent, debit; Rent Revenue, credit

B: Cash, debit; Unearned Rent, credit

C: Cash, debit; Prepaid Rent, credit

D: Cash, debit; Rent Expense credit

Correct Answer: B

176: A client has a massage and asks the company bookkeeper to mail her the bill. The bookkeeper should make which entry to record the invoice?

A: no entry until the cash is received

B: Fees Earned, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit

C: Cash, debit; Fees Earned, credit

D: Accounts Receivable, debit; Fees Earned, credit

Correct Answer: D

177: Which of the following abbreviations is correct?

A: Debit, Dr; Credit, Cd

B: Debit, Db; Credit, Cd
C: Debit, Db; Credit, Cd
D: Debit, Dr; Credit, Cd

Correct Answer: D

178: Which of the following is not a correct rule of debits and credits?

A: Assets, expenses, and withdrawals are increased by debits.

B: Assets are decreased by credits and have a normal debit balance.

C: Liabilities, revenues, and owners equity are increased by credits.

D: The normal balance for revenues and expenses is a credit.

Correct Answer: D

179 : Gently Laser Clinic purchased laser equipment for \$8,500 and paid \$2,250 down, with the remainder to be paid later. The correct entry would be

A: Equipment 2,250 Cash 2,250

B: Cash 2,250Accounts Payable 6,250 Equipment 8,500

C: Equipment Expense 8,500 Accounts Payable 2,250 Cash 6,250

D: Equipment 8,500 Accounts Payable 6,250 Cash 2,250

Correct Answer: D

180 : The _____ is where a transaction can first be found in the accounting records.

A : chart of accounts
B : income statement

C: balance sheet

D : journal

Correct Answer: D

181: The process of recording a transaction in the journal is called

A : ledgerizing B : journalizing

C : posting

D: summarizing

Correct Answer: B

182 : Joshua Scott invests \$40,000 into his new business. How would this transaction be entered in the journal in good form?

A: Cash 40,000 Joshua Scott, Capital 40,000 Invested cash in business.

B: Cash 40,000 Joshua Scott, Loan 40,000 Invested cash in business.

C: Joshua Scott, Capital 40,000 Cash 40,000 Invested cash in business.

D: Joshua Scott, Loan 40,000 Cash 40,000 Invested cash in business.

Correct Answer: A

183 : Joshua Scott invests \$40,000 into his new business. How would this transaction be entered in the journal in good form?

A: increase Capital and decrease Cash

B: increase Cash and decrease Capital

C: increase Cash and increase Capital

D: decrease Cash and decrease Capital

Correct Answer: C

184 : Joshua Scott invests \$40,000 into his new business. How would this transaction be entered in the journal in good form?

A: increase Cash and increase Land

B: increase Land and decrease Cash

C: decrease Cash and decrease Land

D: increase Cash and decrease Land

Correct Answer: B

185 : Joshua Scott invests \$40,000 into his new business. How would this transaction be entered in the journal in good form?

A: decrease Accounts Payable, increase Cash

B: increase Cash, decrease Accounts Payable

C: increase Accounts Payable, increase Cash

D: decrease Accounts Payable, decrease Cash

Correct Answer: D

186: Which of the following accounts would be increased with a credit?

A: Land; Accounts Payable; Drawing

B: Accounts Payable; Unearned Revenue; Collins, Capital

C: Collins, Capital; Accounts Receivable; Unearned Revenue

D: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Collins, Capital

Correct Answer: B

187: In accordance with the debit and credit rules, which of the following is true?

A: Debits increase assets.

B: Credits increase assets.

C: Debits increase both assets and capital.

D: Credits increase both assets and liabilities.

Correct Answer: A

188 : All of the following accounts are increased with a debit except

A: Unearned Revenue

B: Land

C: Accounts Receivable

D: Cash

Correct Answer: A

189: Which of the following owners equity accounts follows the same debit and credit rules as liabilities?

A : expense accounts only

B: drawing accounts only

C: revenue accounts only

D: expense and drawing accounts

Correct Answer: C

190: The payment for the monthly rent will require which of the following entries?

A : debit Cash and debit Rent ExpenseB : credit Cash and credit Rent ExpenseC : debit Rent Expense and credit CashD : credit Rent Expense and debit Cash

Correct Answer: C

191: Expenses follow the same debit and credit rules as

A: revenues

B: the drawing account C: the capital account

D: liabilities

Correct Answer: B

192: Net income will result when

A : revenues (credits) > expenses (debits)
B : revenues (debits) > expenses (credits)
C : expenses (credits) = revenues (debits)
D : revenues (credits) = expenses (debits)

Correct Answer: A

193: Which of the following will increase owners equity?

A: expenses > revenues

B: the owner draws money for personal use

C : revenues > expenses

D: cash is received from customers on account

Correct Answer: C

194: Which of the following situations increases owners equity?

A: Supplies are purchased on account.

B: Services are provided on account.

C: Cash is received from customers on account.

D: Utility bill will be paid next month.

Correct Answer: B

195: Which of the following groups of accounts is increased with a debit?

A: assets, liabilities, owners equity

B: assets, drawing, expenses C: assets, revenues, expenses D: assets, liabilities, revenues

Correct Answer: B

196: Which of the following groups of accounts increases with a credit?

A: capital, revenues, expenses

B: assets, capital, revenues

C: liabilities, capital, revenues

D: None of these choices

Correct Answer: C

197: Which of the following is true regarding normal balances of accounts?

A: All accounts have a normal debit balance.

B: The normal balance of all accounts will have either a positive or negative balance.

C: Accounts that have a normal debit balance will only have debit entries, never credit entries.

D: The normal balance is on the increase side of the account.

Correct Answer: D

198: Which of the following is not true with a double-entry accounting system?

A: The accounting equation remains in balance.

B: The sum of all debits is always equal to the sum of all credits in each journal entry.

C: Each business transaction will have two debits.

D : Every transaction affects at least two accounts.

Correct Answer: C

199: Which of the following is not true with a double-entry accounting system?

A: Received cash for services performed.

B: Received cash for services to be performed in the future.

C: Paid cash in advance for services to be performed.

D: Performed services for which cash is owed.

Correct Answer: B

200: Which of the following is not true with a double-entry accounting system?

A: Purchased equipment; paid cash of \$5,000, with the remainder to be paid in the future.

B: Purchased equipment; paid cash of \$10,000, with the remainder to be received in the future.

C: Purchased equipment with cash.

D: Purchased equipment on account.

Correct Answer: A

201: The process of transferring the debits and credits from the journal entries to the accounts is called

A: sliding

B: transposing C: journalizing

D: posting

Correct Answer: D

202 : The posting process will include the transfer of which of the following data from the journal to the ledger?

A: date, amount (debit or credit)

B: date, amount (debit or credit), journal page number

C: amount (debit or credit), account number

D: date, amount (debit or credit) account number

Correct Answer: B

203: The Posting Reference columns are used to trace transactions from the ledger to the journal. What will be entered in the Posting Reference column of (1) the journal and (2) the ledger?

A: (1) the amount of the debit or credit and (2) the journal page number

B: (1) the journal page number and (2) the date of the transaction

C: (1) the journal page number and (2) the account number

D: (1) the account number and (2) the journal page number

Correct Answer: D

204: The Posting Reference columns are used to trace transactions from the ledger to the journal. What will be entered in the Posting Reference column of (1) the journal and (2) the ledger?

A:11 B:15

C:3

D:13

Correct Answer: C

205 : The Posting Reference columns are used to trace transactions from the ledger to the journal. What will be entered in the Posting Reference column of (1) the journal and (2) the ledger?

A:11 B:15 C:3

D:13

Correct Answer: C

206: The Posting Reference columns are used to trace transactions from the ledger to the journal. What will be entered in the Posting Reference column of (1) the journal and (2) the ledger?

A: 15, 11 B: 15, 3 C: 11, 3

D: 3, 15

Correct Answer: A

207: The Posting Reference columns are used to trace transactions from the ledger to the journal. What will be entered in the Posting Reference column of (1) the journal and (2) the ledger?

A: 41, 3 B: 3, 11 C: 11, 41 D: 11, 3

Correct Answer: C

208: The Posting Reference columns are used to trace transactions from the ledger to the journal. What will be entered in the Posting Reference column of (1) the journal and (2) the ledger?

A:5 B:11 C:54 D:21

Correct Answer: A

209 : Proof that the dollar amount of the debits equals the dollar amount of the credits in the ledger means

A: all of the information from the journal was correctly transferred to the ledger

B: all accounts have their correct balances in the ledger

C : only the journal is accurate; the ledger may be incorrect

D: only that the debit dollar amounts equal the credit dollar amounts

Correct Answer: D

210 : That the total dollar amount of the debits equals the total dollar amount of the credits in the ledger accounts can be verified through a(n)

A: chart of accounts

B: trial balance

C: income statement

D: balance sheet

Correct Answer: B

211 : That the total dollar amount of the debits equals the total dollar amount of the credits in the ledger accounts can be verified through a(n)

A: (3), (2), (4), (1)

B: (2), (3), (4), (1)

C: (3), (2), (1), (4)

D: (4), (3), (2), (1)

Correct Answer: A

212: A trial balance is prepared to

A: prove that there were no errors made in recording transactions into the journal

B: prove that no errors were made in posting to the ledger

C: prove that each account balance is correct

D: discover errors that affect the equality of debits and credits

Correct Answer: D

213: A trial balance is prepared to

A: \$13,900 B: \$11,200 C: \$12,700 D: \$9,700

Correct Answer: A

CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank 214 : Which of the following is an internal report that will determine if debit balances equal credit balances in the ledger?

A: chart of accounts

B: income statement

C: trial balance

D: account reconciliation

Correct Answer: C

215: An overpayment error was discovered in computing and paying the wages of a Jamison Tree Trimming employee. When Jamison receives cash from the employee for the amount of the overpayment, which of the following entries will Jamison make?

A: Cash, debit; Wages Expense, credit

B: Wages Payable, debit; Wages Expense, credit

C: Wages Expense, debit; Cash, credit

D: Cash, debit; Wages Payable, credit

Correct Answer: A

216: If the two totals of a trial balance are not equal, it could be due to

A: failure to record a transaction

B: recording the same erroneous amount for both the debit and the credit parts of a transaction

C: an error in determining the account balances, such as a balance being incorrectly computed

D: recording the same transaction more than once

Correct Answer: C

217: When a transposition error is made on the trial balance, the difference between the debit and credit totals on the trial balance will be

A:zero

B: twice the amount of the transposition

C: one-half the amount of the transposition

D: divisible by 9

Correct Answer: D

218: Which of the following errors, each considered individually, would cause the trial balance totals to be unequal?

A: A transaction was not posted.

B: A payment of \$67 for insurance was posted as a debit of \$76 to Prepaid Insurance and a credit of \$76 to Cash.

C: A payment of \$4,450 to a creditor was posted as a debit of \$4,500 to Accounts Payable and a credit of \$450 to Cash.

D: Cash received from customers on account was posted as a debit of \$720 to Cash and a credit of \$720 to Accounts Payable.

Correct Answer: C

219: Which of the following errors will cause the trial balance totals to be unequal?

A: posting the debit portion of a journal entry incorrectly when the credit portion of the entry is correctly posted

B: failure to record a transaction or to post a transaction

C: recording the same transaction more than once

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D : recording the same erroneous amount for both the debit and the credit parts of a transaction

Correct Answer: A

220: The trial balance is out of balance and the accountant suspects that a transposition or slide error has occurred. What will the accountant do to confirm this suspicion?

A: Determine the amount of the error and look for that amount on the trial balance.

B: Determine the amount of the error and divide by 2, then look for that amount on the trial balance.

C: Determine the amount of the error and refer to the journal entries for that amount.

D: Determine the amount of the error and divide by 9. If the result is evenly divided, then this type of error is likely.

Correct Answer: D

221: The purchase of supplies on account was recorded and posted as a debit to Supplies for \$500 and a credit to Accounts Receivable for \$500. The correcting entry would include a

A: credit to Accounts Receivable for \$500

B: credit to Accounts Receivable for \$1,000

C: credit to Accounts Payable for \$500

D: credit to Accounts Payable for \$1,000

Correct Answer: C

222: Which of the following is not a useful step in finding errors on the trial balance?

A: Determine the difference between debits and credits and look for the amount.

B: Determine the difference between debits and credits and change any account to make the trial balance correct.

C: Determine the difference between debits and credits, divide the amount by 2, and look for the amount.

D: Determine the difference between debits and credits, divide the amount by 9, and if it divides evenly, look for a transposition or slide error.

Correct Answer: B

223: Which of the following statements regarding a horizontal analysis is false?

A: A horizontal analysis is used to compare an item in a current statement with the same item in prior statements.

B: A horizontal analysis can be performed on a balance sheet and income statement, but not on a statement of cash flows.

C: If Fees Earned in Year 1 is \$125,000 and Fees Earned in Year 2 is \$143,750, a horizontal analysis will indicate a 15% increase over this period.

D: When two statements are compared in horizontal analysis, the earlier statement is used as the base for computing the amount and the percent of change.

Correct Answer: B

224: Which of the following statements regarding a horizontal analysis is false?

A: \$32,500, 19.6% B: \$18,000, 10.9% C: \$35,000, 17.7%

D: \$17,000, 9.4%

CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Test Bank Correct Answer: A 225: Which of the following statements regarding a horizontal analysis is false? A: \$(17,000), (11.3%) B: \$(15,500), (10.3%) C: \$(18,000), (10.9%) D: \$(15,500), (9.4%) Correct Answer: D 226: A debit may signify a(n) A: decrease in asset accounts B: decrease in liability accounts C: increase in the capital account D: decrease in the drawing account Correct Answer: B **MATCHING** 227: Match each of the following accounts with its proper account group from the groups listed below. A: Unearned Rent A: Assets B: Prepaid Insurance B: Liabilities C: Fees Earned C: Owners Equity D: Patents D: Revenue

E: Chris Clark, Drawing E: Expenses

Correct Answer:

A : B

B:A

C : D

D:A

E:C

228: For each of the following accounts, indicate whether its normal balance is on the credit side or the debit side of the T account.

A: John Smith, Capital A: Credit side B: Accounts Receivable B: Debit side

C: Accounts Payable D: Interest Earned

E: Copyrights

Correct Answer:

A : A

B : B	CLICK HERE	TO ACCESS	THE COMPLETE	Test Bank	
C : A					
D : A					
E : B					
229: Several types the following with to A: Balance incorre B: Debit or credit policy C: Wrong amount D: Column incorre E: Balance entere F: Amount incorre G: Balance entere H: Debit posted as Correct Answer: A: B B: C C: C	heir best desceptly compute posting omitte posted to an ectly added ad on wrong sinctly entered contactly entered contac	cription. d ed account de of account on trial balance olumn or omitte	A : Trial balance B : Account bala C : Posting erro		ss. Match
D : A					
E : B					
F:A					
G : A					
H : C					