## Solutions for FlatWorld Handbook for Writers Version 2 0 2nd Edition by McCrimmon

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FlatWorld

# Solutions

### **Chapter 2: Becoming a Critical Reader**

This chapter, in particular, begs for at least some modest MIYO customization on your part. The "Gallery of Web-Based Texts," which appears in the first section, is just a small, alphabetically arranged sampling of twenty links to the vast store of free and open materials on the Web. If you're like most instructors, you have developed your own collection of links over several semesters of teaching. Rather than (or in addition to) posting links on your course management system, consider adding them before or after the first section of this chapter. That way, users of your customized version of this text will be able to access links to additional reading materials without ever leaving the digital environment of the handbook.

There are other compelling reasons for you to consider using this handbook to support an effort to wean yourself and your department from a pricey collection of readings. As college professors, we are increasingly turning to open educational resources to combat the rising cost of textbooks and other proprietary materials. What began mostly as a reaction to textbook costs is quickly becoming a movement that promises to change the dynamics of the instructor-text-student triad. Once we wean ourselves from the "three-channel universe" of the major educational publishing houses, we discover we have far more choices. We can create and curate unique sets of course readings drawn from open texts, from the public domain, and from institutional library databases students have already paid for through their tuition and fees.

As students acculturate themselves to higher education, an important developmental milestone is their achievement of critical distance and independence from received wisdom and pre-packaged texts. Asking our students to participating alongside

us in the ongoing process of building a body of readings can be a powerful way for us to encourage reflection about the contingency of knowledge production. We can model critical thinking by challenging our assumptions about textbooks and considering the implications of the tools and lenses we use in our everyday teaching lives.

Quite intentionally, we did not design this handbook to include proprietary readings, for two main reasons. First, we did not want to pass along permissions costs to student users, when myriad courses' worth of free and open readings could be compiled instead. Second, and perhaps more important, we wanted to encourage professors and students to collaborate in creating and curating a body of readings. In order for our students to develop meaningful, transferable, deep understanding of digital literacy, they must learn to examine texts as they exist in multiple digital contexts, not just as they are packaged to look alike in a print anthology of readings. And in order to encourage students' ownership and investment of energy into reading texts critically and carefully, we must release our hold on the reading content we presume to "cover" in our introductory writing courses.

In the traditional instructor-text-student hierarchy, the instructor is entirely responsible for providing the texts the students will examine. These texts are most often "adopted" (or endorsed) by the instructor and purchased (or accessed, if free and open) by the students, who remain passive consumers until and unless they are asked to find texts of their own to support their writing projects. The rationale for basing any kind of writing course on a body of readings is fraught. Regardless of the particular nature of texts used as course readings (whether they be literature, cultural studies, or a model of a certain genre or mode of writing), they have traditionally been used to shape the

conversation and content of a writing course, often at the expense of student agency.

This is one of the reasons why many writing teachers have moved away from a reading-heavy course at the introductory college level. They associate difficult and challenging course readings with a teacher-centric tradition from which student writing is trying to escape. They cast reading in a dichotomy against writing.

At the same time, most writing instructors agree that students must write about *something*, and college is the time to begin interacting with texts at an advanced level. But which texts, and how do we keep them from taking over the course and eclipsing our focus on student writing?

Part of the problem with reading in composition is the current medium through which college students interact with course readings. The traditional composition "reader" is an anachronism, especially when we compare it with how students already consume texts outside of an academic environment, and with how they will be expected to read professionally. A bound, print collection of "all rights reserved" readings freezes a sliver of the universe of texts into a closed, expensive, and finite product.

The use of an anthology of readings in composition reinforces a hierarchy in which the teacher (or the department) ostensibly controls the content of the course through a narrow selection of readings the students are supposed to consume. But some fictions underlie this hierarchy. Too often, the teacher ends up controlled by the content, and the student, already pressed for cash and time, takes a pass on consuming it. The irony here is that readings that go unread don't actually take over the writing course at all; they instead become a stand-in for course content and genuine student engagement.

**Section 1: Browsing the Gallery of Web-Based Texts** 

As it happens, I am working on a composition reader for Flat World Knowledge that will

build on the philosophy I've just outlined in the introduction above. Made up almost

entirely of texts in the public domain, texts using Creative Commons licenses, and links

to open educational resources (OERs), Open for Knowledge: Readings for College,

scheduled for release in the spring of 2012, will be designed to serve as a companion text

to this handbook. It will be a fully curated collection featuring the apparatus of a

traditional reader (introductory headnotes, questions before and after readings,

assignment sequences, thematically and rhetorically arranged chapters). But by drawing

its content from OERs, Creative Commons, and public domain texts, Open for

Knowledge will be the first composition reader entirely accessible and free online, or like

other Flat World Knowledge books, available for print or download at a fraction of the

market cost.

I mention this point not to plug the new project, but rather to give some

context for what follows here: two tentative Tables of Contents for *Open for Knowledge*,

one arranged by theme, and one arranged by types of discourse. Many, but not all, of the

texts featured in this TOC were originally accessed through the Gallery of Web-Based

Texts. As with everything else in this Instructor's Manual, I invite you to take what you

need and leave the rest, and most of all, to come up with a new collection of your own:

**Chapter One: Education** 

The New National Primer (1840)

http://pds.lib.harvard.edu/pds/view/14153442

"America at School" (1894-1915)

The Library of Congress American Memory Project

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/awlhtml/awlscho.html

The First Year Book: Teacher's Edition (1914) http://pds.lib.harvard.edu/pds/view/15288459

"My Pedagogic Creed" (1897)

John Dewey

http://dewey.pragmatism.org/creed.htm

"Decennial Census Data on Educational Attainment" (1940-2000)

U.S. Census Bureau

http://www.census.gov/hhes/socdemo/education/data/census/half-

century/files/US.pdf

"Commencement Address at American University" (Audio) (1963)

John F. Kennedy

http://www.jfklibrary.org/Asset-Viewer/Archives/JFKWHA-190-002.aspx

"Student Commencement Speech" (1969)

Hillary D. Rodham

http://www.wellesley.edu/PublicAffairs/Commencement/1969/053169hillary.html

"The Wilderness of Your Intuition" (1980)

Alan Alda

http://www.humanity.org/voices/commencements/speeches/index.php?page=alda\_at\_connecticut

"Real Freedom?" (2005)

**David Foster Wallace** 

http://www.humanity.org/voices/commencements/speeches/index.php?page=fosterwallace at kenyon

"Implementing the Seven Principles: Technology as Lever" (1996)

Arthur W. Chickering and Stephen C. Ehrmann

http://www.tltgroup.org/programs/seven.html

"Character Education: An Historical Overview" (2009)

Robert Tatman, Stacey Edmonson, and John Slate

http://cnx.org/content/m20338/1.2/

"National Address to America's Schoolchildren" (2009)

Barack Obama

 $\underline{\text{http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/remarks-president-a-national-address-americas-schoolchildren}}$ 

"Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts" (2010) National Governors' Association

### http://www.corestandards.org/assets/CCSSI\_ELA%20Standards.pdf

"Framework for Success in Post-Secondary Writing" (2011)
Council of Writing Program Administrators
http://wpacouncil.org/files/framework-for-success-postsecondary-writing.pdf

**Chapter Two: Work** 

"The Way to Wealth" (1758) Benjamin Franklin

http://www.archive.org/details/waytowealthorpoo00franiala

"Bartleby the Scrivener" (1853)

Herman Melville

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/11231

from Ragged Dick (1867)

Horatio Alger

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/5348

"Wealth"

Andrew Carnegie (1889)

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/5348

"America at Work" (1894-1915)

The Library of Congress American Memory Project

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/awlhtml/awlwork.html

"Radio Address Unveiling the Second Half of the New Deal" (1936)

Franklin D. Roosevelt

http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?doc=69

"Farm Security Administration/Office of War information Black-and-White Negatives" (1935-1944)

http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/fsa/

"WPA Posters" (1936-1943)

http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/wpapos/

"The Great Society" (1964)

Lyndon B. Johnson

http://en.wikisource.org/wiki/The Great Society

"The Earth is Hiring" (2009)

Paul Hawken

http://www.humanity.org/voices/commencements/speeches/index.php?page=hawken
 at uportland

**Chapter Three: Identity** 

Part Two from the *Autobiography of Benjamin Franklin* (1784) Benjamin Franklin

http://etext.virginia.edu/toc/modeng/public/Fra2Aut.html

"Petition 1/13/77" (1777)

Prince Hall

http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/aia/part2/2h32t.html

"On the Equality of the Sexes" (1790)

Judith Sargent Murray

http://digital.library.upenn.edu/women/murray/equality/equality.html

from Vindication of the Rights of Woman (1792)

Mary Wollstonecraft

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/3420

"What to the Slave is the Fourth of July?" (1852)

Frederick Douglass

http://teachingamericanhistory.org/library/index.asp?document=162

"Civil War Glass Negatives and Related Prints" (1861-1865)

http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/cwp/

"Liljenquist Collection of Civil War Photographs" (1861-65)

http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/lilj/

Alice's Adventures in Wonderland (1865)

Lewis Carroll

Text: <a href="http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/11">http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/11</a>

Audio: <a href="http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/19573">http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/19573</a>

"The Four Freedoms" (1941)

Franklin D. Roosevelt

http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?flash=true&doc=70

"World War II Poster Collection" (1941-1945)

http://digital.library.northwestern.edu/wwii-posters/

"Executive Order 9066" (1942)

Franklin D. Roosevelt

http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?flash=true&doc=74

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"Ansel Adams's Photographs of Japanese Internment at Manzanar" (1943) <a href="http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/manz/">http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/manz/</a>

"Letter from a Birmingham Jail" (1963)

Martin Luther King, Jr.

http://www.africa.upenn.edu/Articles Gen/Letter Birmingham.html

"After the Day of Infamy: 'Man-on-the-Street' Interviews Following the Attack on Pearl Harbor" (1941)

The Library of Congress American Memory Project

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/afcphhtml/afcphhome.html

Selections from "September 11 Television Archive" (2001)

Internet Archive

http://www.archive.org/details/sept 11 tv archive

"Featured Drawings" (2001)

The Library of Congress American Memory Project

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/collections/911 archive/911gal.html

Interviews from the "September 11, 2001, Documentary Project" (2001)

The Library of Congress American Memory Project

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/collections/911 archive/title sound recording.html

Address to Joint Session of Congress: September 20, 2001"

George W. Bush

Text: http://www.pbs.org/newshour/bb/military/terroristattack/bush\_speech\_9-

20.html

Video: http://www.c-spanvideo.org/program/166196-1

### **Chapter Four: Politics**

"Give Me Liberty or Give Me Death" (1775)

Patrick Henry

Text: http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/6

Audio: http://librivox.org/give-me-liberty-by-patrick-henry/

"The Declaration of Independence" (1776)

Library of Congress

http://www.loc.gov/rr/program/bib/ourdocs/DeclarInd.html

"Query 18" from *Notes on the State of Virginia* (1784)

Thomas Jefferson

http://etext.virginia.edu/toc/modeng/public/JefVirg.html

### CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Solutions

"Declaration of Sentiments" (1848)

Elizabeth Cady Stanton

http://www.nps.gov/wori/historyculture/declaration-of-sentiments.htm

"Gettysburg Address" (1863)

Abraham Lincoln

http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?flash=true&doc=36

Selections from the Library of Congress's "Popular Graphic Arts" Collection http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/pga/

"September 26, 1960 Presidential Debate"

John F. Kennedy and Richard M. Nixon

http://www.debates.org/index.php?page=september-26-1960-debate-transcript

"Presidential Campaign Commercials: 1960"

http://www.livingroomcandidate.org/commercials/1960

"October 7, 1984 Presidential Debate"

Ronald Reagan and Walter Mondale

http://www.debates.org/index.php?page=october-7-1984-debate-transcript

"Presidential Campaign Commercials: 1984"

http://www.livingroomcandidate.org/commercials/1984

"September 26, 2008 Presidential Debate"

Barack Obama and John McCain

http://www.debates.org/index.php?page=september-26-1960-debate-transcript

"Presidential Campaign Commercials: 2008"

http://www.livingroomcandidate.org/commercials/2008

"Farewell Address (January 17, 1961)"

Dwight D. Eisenhower

http://millercenter.org/scripps/archive/speeches/detail/3361

or

http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?doc=90

"Inaugural Address (January 20, 1961)"

John F. Kennedy

http://millercenter.org/scripps/archive/speeches/detail/3365

or

http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?doc=91

"The Crisis of Confidence" (1979)

Jimmy Carter

### http://en.wikisource.org/wiki/The Crisis of Confidence

"Remarks by the President during 'A Time of Healing' Prayer Service" (1995) Bill Clinton

http://clinton1.nara.gov/White House/EOP/OP/html/okla.html

**Chapter Five: Commerce** 

from *An Inquiry into the Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations* (1776) Adam Smith

http://www.econlib.org/library/Smith/smWNCover.html

from Capital: A Critique of Political Economy (1867)

Karl Marx

http://www.econlib.org/library/YPDBooks/Marx/mrxCpContents.html

Selections from "Emergence of Advertising in America: 1850-1920"

Library of Congress

http://library.duke.edu/digitalcollections/eaa/

"Barnum and Bailey and Adolph Friedlander Circus Posters" (1900) Wikimedia Commons

http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/Category:Circus posters

"Prosperity and Thrift: The Coolidge Era and the Consumer Economy" (1921-1929) Library of Congress

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/coolhtml/coolhome.html

"Annotated Photographs of the Coit Tower Murals" (1934) Oakland History Collaborative

http://www.teachingamericanhistory.us/documents 2/summer 09/Coit%20 Tower Murals.pdf

"Selected Classic TV Commercials from the Prelinger Archives" Internet Archive

http://www.archive.org/details/ctvc

"What's Your Consumption Factor?" (2008)

Jared Diamond

http://edge.org/conversation/what-39s-your-consumption-factor

Chapter 2 from Launch!: Advertising and Promotion in Real Time (2009) Michael Solomon, Lisa Duke Cornell and Amit Nizan

http://www.flatworldknowledge.com/printed-book/2145

**Chapter Six: Technology** 

"Technology Marches On" (2011)

from Television Tropes and Idioms

http://tvtropes.org/pmwiki/pmwiki.php/Main/TechnologyMarchesOn

"Three Special Events in the History of Technology for Creating, Organizing, and Sharing Information" (2006)

C. Sidney Burruss and Richard Baraniuk

http://cnx.org/content/m13676/latest/

"The Belief that Flight is Possible to Man" (1900)

A letter from Wilbur Wright to Octave Chanute

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/wrighthtml/wrightchan.html

"Wright Brothers Negatives" (1903)

http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/wri/

"Address on the Space Shuttle 'Challenger' (January 28, 1986)"

Ronald W. Reagan

http://millercenter.org/scripps/archive/speeches/detail/3413

from Frankenstein (1818)

Mary Shelley

Text:

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/84

Audio:

http://librivox.org/frankenstein-or-modern-prometheus-by-mary-w-shelley/

"The Birthmark" (1844)

Nathaniel Hawthorne

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/512

from Looking Backward, 2000 to 1887 (1887)

Edward Bellamy

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/624

from *In the Year 2889* (1889)

Jules Verne and Michel Verne

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/19362

from *The Time Machine* (1898)

H. G. Wells

Text:

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/35

Audio:

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/17401

Selected patents from the Smithsonian Institution Collections Search Center (1838-1905) <a href="http://collections.si.edu">http://collections.si.edu</a>

(Search Term: Patents)

"Inventing Entertainment: The Motion Pictures and Sound Recordings of the Edison Companies" (1891-1918)

The Library of Congress American Memory Project <a href="http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/edhtml/edhome.html">http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/edhtml/edhome.html</a>

"Youth" (1952) Isaac Asimov http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/31547

"Envisioning Technology" (2011) Michael Zappa http://michellzappa.com/map/

These same readings could be reorganized around types of discourse instead of (or in addition to) theme. Here's a version using six categories of discourse outlined by the Conference on College Composition and Communication (CCCC) in its 2007 Position Statement on Multiple Uses of Writing:

CCCC Statement on the Multiple Uses of Writing (2007). Retrieved June 6, 2011 from <a href="http://www.ncte.org/cccc/resources/positions/multipleuseswriting">http://www.ncte.org/cccc/resources/positions/multipleuseswriting</a>.

- forms of **academic discourse** that document with integrity what is known, while recording principled inquiry into the unknown, including analyses, reports, exploratory essays, essay exams, case studies, summaries, abstracts, and annotations;
- forms of workplace discourse that observe established conventions, though never at
  the expense of failing to convey ideas that enlighten and compel, including memos,
  proposals, evaluations, oral presentations, lab and progress reports, letters, reviews,
  instructions, and user manuals;
- forms of civic discourse that energize all manner of inclusive deliberation, the ideal
  product of which is just relations among the citizenry, broadly conceived, including
  arguments, commentaries, charters and manifestoes, surveys, debates, petitions, and
  editorials:
- forms of **cross-cultural discourse** that bridge the divides among speakers of various Englishes as well as speakers of other languages, especially collaborative, visual, and

internet-based projects, including websites, wikis, blogs, newsletters, interviews, and profiles.

- forms of **personal discourse** that create and maintain relationships, including a relationship with one's self, as a means to social and emotional well-being, including journals, personal narratives, memoirs, reflections, meditations, conversations, dialogues, and correspondence, all in various media;
- forms of **aesthetic discourse** that encourage the individual imagination to engage with diverse cultural traditions, including poetry, fiction, creative nonfiction, drama, screenplays, and songwriting.

### **Chapter One: Academic Discourse**

from *An Inquiry into the Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations* (1776) Adam Smith

http://www.econlib.org/library/Smith/smWNCover.html

"Query 18" from *Notes on the State of Virginia* (1784) Thomas Jefferson

http://etext.virginia.edu/toc/modeng/public/JefVirg.html

The New National Primer (1840)

http://pds.lib.harvard.edu/pds/view/14153442

from Capital: A Critique of Political Economy (1867)

Karl Marx

http://www.econlib.org/library/YPDBooks/Marx/mrxCpContents.html

The First Year Book: Teacher's Edition (1914) <a href="http://pds.lib.harvard.edu/pds/view/15288459">http://pds.lib.harvard.edu/pds/view/15288459</a>

"Implementing the Seven Principles: Technology as Lever" (1996) Arthur W. Chickering and Stephen C. Ehrmann

http://www.tltgroup.org/programs/seven.html

"Character Education: An Historical Overview" (2009) Robert Tatman, Stacey Edmonson, and John Slate

http://cnx.org/content/m20338/1.2/

Chapter 2 from *Launch!: Advertising and Promotion in Real Time* (2009) Michael Solomon, Lisa Duke Cornell and Amit Nizan http://www.flatworldknowledge.com/printed-book/2145

**Chapter Two: Aesthetic Discourse** 

### CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Solutions

from Frankenstein (1818)

Mary Shelley

Text:

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/84

Audio:

http://librivox.org/frankenstein-or-modern-prometheus-by-mary-w-shelley/

"The Birthmark" (1844)

Nathaniel Hawthorne

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/512

"Bartleby the Scrivener" (1853)

Herman Melville

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/11231

Alice's Adventures in Wonderland (1865)

Lewis Carroll

Text: <a href="http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/11">http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/11</a>
Audio: <a href="http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/19573">http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/11</a>

from Ragged Dick (1867)

Horatio Alger

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/5348

from *Looking Backward*, 2000 to 1887 (1887)

Edward Bellamy

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/624

from *In the Year 2889* (1889)

Jules Verne and Michel Verne

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/19362

from *The Time Machine* (1898)

H. G. Wells

Text:

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/35

Audio:

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/17401

Selections from the Library of Congress's "Popular Graphic Arts" Collection <a href="http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/pga/">http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/pga/</a>

"Annotated Photographs of the Coit Tower Murals" (1934)

Oakland History Collaborative

http://www.teachingamericanhistory.us/documents 2/summer 09/Coit%20 Tower M urals.pdf

"WPA Posters" (1936-1943)

http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/wpapos/

"Youth" (1952)

Isaac Asimov

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/31547

"Technology Marches On" (2011)

from Television Tropes and Idioms

http://tvtropes.org/pmwiki/pmwiki.php/Main/TechnologyMarchesOn

### **Chapter Three: Civic Discourse**

"Give Me Liberty or Give Me Death" (1775)

Patrick Henry

Text: http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/6

Audio: http://librivox.org/give-me-liberty-by-patrick-henry/

"The Declaration of Independence" (1776)

Library of Congress

http://www.loc.gov/rr/program/bib/ourdocs/DeclarInd.html

"Petition 1/13/77" (1777)

Prince Hall

http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/aia/part2/2h32t.html

"On the Equality of the Sexes" (1790)

Judith Sargent Murray

http://digital.library.upenn.edu/women/murray/equality/equality.html

from Vindication of the Rights of Woman (1792)

Mary Wollstonecraft

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/3420

"Declaration of Sentiments" (1848)

Elizabeth Cady Stanton

http://www.nps.gov/wori/historyculture/declaration-of-sentiments.htm

"What to the Slave is the Fourth of July?" (1852)

Frederick Douglass

http://teachingamericanhistory.org/library/index.asp?document=162

"Gettysburg Address" (1863)

Abraham Lincoln

### http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?flash=true&doc=36

"Wealth"

Andrew Carnegie (1889)

http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/5348

"My Pedagogic Creed" (1897)

John Dewey

http://dewey.pragmatism.org/creed.htm

"Radio Address Unveiling the Second Half of the New Deal" (1936)

Franklin D. Roosevelt

http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?doc=69

"The Four Freedoms" (1941)

Franklin D. Roosevelt

http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?flash=true&doc=70

"September 26, 1960 Presidential Debate"

John F. Kennedy and Richard M. Nixon

http://www.debates.org/index.php?page=september-26-1960-debate-transcript

"Decennial Census Data on Educational Attainment" (1940-2000)

U.S. Census Bureau

http://www.census.gov/hhes/socdemo/education/data/census/half-

century/files/US.pdf

"Presidential Campaign Commercials: 1960"

http://www.livingroomcandidate.org/commercials/1960

"Farewell Address (January 17, 1961)"

Dwight D. Eisenhower

http://millercenter.org/scripps/archive/speeches/detail/3361

or

http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?doc=90

"Inaugural Address (January 20, 1961)"

John F. Kennedy

http://millercenter.org/scripps/archive/speeches/detail/3365

or

http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?doc=91

"Commencement Address at American University" (Audio) (1963)

John F. Kennedy

http://www.jfklibrary.org/Asset-Viewer/Archives/JFKWHA-190-002.aspx

"The Crisis of Confidence" (1979)

Jimmy Carter

http://en.wikisource.org/wiki/The Crisis of Confidence

"October 7, 1984 Presidential Debate"

Ronald Reagan and Walter Mondale

http://www.debates.org/index.php?page=october-7-1984-debate-transcript

"Presidential Campaign Commercials: 1984"

http://www.livingroomcandidate.org/commercials/1984

"Address on the Space Shuttle 'Challenger' (January 28, 1986)"

Ronald W. Reagan

http://millercenter.org/scripps/archive/speeches/detail/3413

"Remarks by the President during 'A Time of Healing' Prayer Service" (1995) Bill Clinton

http://clinton1.nara.gov/White House/EOP/OP/html/okla.html

"Address to Joint Session of Congress: September 20, 2001"

George W. Bush

Text: http://www.pbs.org/newshour/bb/military/terroristattack/bush speech 9-

<u>20.html</u>

Video: http://www.c-spanvideo.org/program/166196-1

"September 26, 2008 Presidential Debate"

Barack Obama and John McCain

http://www.debates.org/index.php?page=september-26-1960-debate-transcript

"Presidential Campaign Commercials: 2008"

http://www.livingroomcandidate.org/commercials/2008

"Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts" (2010)

National Governors' Association

http://www.corestandards.org/assets/CCSSI\_ELA%20Standards.pdf

"Framework for Success in Post-Secondary Writing" (2011)

Council of Writing Program Administrators

http://wpacouncil.org/files/framework-for-success-postsecondary-writing.pdf

"Envisioning Technology" (2011)

Michael Zappa

http://michellzappa.com/map/

**Chapter Four: Cross-Cultural Discourse** 

Selections from "Emergence of Advertising in America: 1850-1920" Library of Congress

http://library.duke.edu/digitalcollections/eaa/

"Civil War Glass Negatives and Related Prints" (1861-1865)

http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/cwp/

"Liljenquist Collection of Civil War Photographs" (1861-65) http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/lilj/

"America at School" (1894-1915)

The Library of Congress American Memory Project

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/awlhtml/awlscho.html

"America at Work" (1894-1915)

The Library of Congress American Memory Project

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/awlhtml/awlwork.html

"Barnum and Bailey and Adolph Friedlander Circus Posters" (1900)

Wikimedia Commons

http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/Category:Circus posters

"Prosperity and Thrift: The Coolidge Era and the Consumer Economy" (1921-1929) Library of Congress

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/coolhtml/coolhome.html

"Farm Security Administration/Office of War information Black-and-White Negatives" (1935-1944)

http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/fsa/

"Ansel Adams's Photographs of Japanese Internment at Manzanar" (1943) http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/manz/

"Selected Classic TV Commercials from the Prelinger Archives" (1950s-1960s) Internet Archive

http://www.archive.org/details/ctvc

"Featured Drawings" (2001)

The Library of Congress American Memory Project

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/collections/911 archive/911gal.html

"What's Your Consumption Factor?" (2008)

Jared Diamond

http://edge.org/conversation/what-39s-your-consumption-factor

### **Chapter Five: Personal Discourse**

Part Two from the *Autobiography of Benjamin Franklin* (1784) Benjamin Franklin

http://etext.virginia.edu/toc/modeng/public/Fra2Aut.html

"After the Day of Infamy: 'Man-on-the-Street' Interviews Following the Attack on Pearl Harbor" (1941)

The Library of Congress American Memory Project

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/afcphhtml/afcphhome.html

"Student Commencement Speech" (1969)

Hillary D. Rodham

http://www.wellesley.edu/PublicAffairs/Commencement/1969/053169hillary.html

"The Wilderness of Your Intuition" (1980)

Alan Alda

http://www.humanity.org/voices/commencements/speeches/index.php?page=alda\_at\_connecticut

Interviews from the "September 11, 2001, Documentary Project" (2001)
The Library of Congress American Memory Project
http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/collections/911 archive/title sound recording.html

"Real Freedom?" (2005)

David Foster Wallace

http://www.humanity.org/voices/commencements/speeches/index.php?page=fosterwallace at kenyon

"National Address to America's Schoolchildren" (2009)

Barack Obama

http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/remarks-president-a-national-address-americas-schoolchildren

### **Chapter Six: Workplace Discourse**

"The Way to Wealth" (1758)

Benjamin Franklin

http://www.archive.org/details/waytowealthorpoo00franiala

"The Belief that Flight is Possible to Man" (1900)

A letter from Wilbur Wright to Octave Chanute

http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/wrighthtml/wrightchan.html

<sup>&</sup>quot;Wright Brothers Negatives" (1903)

### http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/wri/

Selected patents from the Smithsonian Institution Collections Search Center (1838-1905) http://collections.si.edu

(Search Term: Patents)

"Inventing Entertainment: The Motion Pictures and Sound Recordings of the Edison Companies" (1891-1918)

The Library of Congress American Memory Project http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/edhtml/edhome.html

"WPA Posters" (1936-1943)

http://www.loc.gov/pictures/collection/wpapos/

"World War II Poster Collection" (1941-1945)

http://digital.library.northwestern.edu/wwii-posters/

"Executive Order 9066" (1942)

Franklin D. Roosevelt

http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?flash=true&doc=74

"Letter from a Birmingham Jail" (1963)

Martin Luther King, Jr.

http://www.africa.upenn.edu/Articles Gen/Letter Birmingham.html

"Farewell Address (January 17, 1961)"

Dwight D. Eisenhower

http://millercenter.org/scripps/archive/speeches/detail/3361

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http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?doc=90

"Inaugural Address (January 20, 1961)"

John F. Kennedy

http://millercenter.org/scripps/archive/speeches/detail/3365

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http://www.ourdocuments.gov/doc.php?doc=91

Selections from "September 11 Television Archive" Internet Archive

http://www.archive.org/details/sept 11 tv archive

"Three Special Events in the History of Technology for Creating, Organizing, and Sharing Information" (2006)

C. Sidney Burruss and Richard Baraniuk

http://cnx.org/content/m13676/latest/

"The Earth is Hiring" (2009)

Paul Hawken

http://www.humanity.org/voices/commencements/speeches/index.php?page=hawken at uportland

Of course, I don't mean to suggest from these TOCs that there's one exclusive collection of open, public domain, and Creative Commons texts out there. My point is exactly the opposite of that. You can come up with an infinite variety of collections yourself. In fact, because *Open for Knowledge* will be considered a commercial project (even though it will be free online), it will be more restricted about what it will be able to reproduce than you would be, as an individual instructor applying principles of educational fair use. You have access to open educational resources like those from Merlot (<a href="http://www.merlot.org/">http://www.merlot.org/</a>), Tufts (<a href="http://ocw.tufts.edu/">http://ocw.tufts.edu/</a>), or Wisconsin (http://www.wisc-online.com/), and you can direct your students to these sites to explore a variety of subject areas. A site like Edge.org, whose annual question generates hundreds of brief, learned, cogent contributions from writers in all sort of disciplines (http://edge.org/annual-question) could fund enough composition classes to fill a career, along with a generous sprinkling of Malcolm Gladwell articles from the New Yorker (available in a collection from 1996-present at http://www.gladwell.com/archive.html).

Then there's the strategy of leveraging your library's online database of millions of texts, access to which your students have already paid for through their tuition. If you're willing to put in some of the sweat equity involved in loading collections of these texts onto your institution's password protected course management system, you could create a serviceable course reader. Most online databases have a "permalink" function that allows students to access library holdings directly once they are already signed in to

their course management system, without having to log in separately to the library site.

Ask your library staff about prepackaged collections they may already have produced, or ask them to collaborate on creating such collections with you and your colleagues.

Even better, with more advanced classes, or at a later point in the composition sequence, use the Gallery of Web-Based Texts and the exercises that follow it in the first section of Chapter 2 as a building blocks to generate a major assignment that asks your students, individually or collectively, to become curators of web content. This assignment sequence attempts to recover the important elements of critical, shared reading by shifting the needle of agency in the students' direction, empowering, entitling, and investing them with the responsibility to collect and curate course texts. Of course, it can be tailored to fit whatever specific thematic or generic focus your individual course might have.

Here's how such an assignment might work:

## Creating and Curating a Collection of Reading and Writing Assignments for a Future College Composition Course

As a college writing student nearing completion of your second semester of college-level writing, you have already completed your first-semester course. You are in an excellent position to think about how reading connects with writing in college, and also whether the assigned readings you purchase as a college student are worth your time or money. This assignment asks you to apply your expertise and your sense of frugality toward doing something fairly unusual: it asks you to create and curate a collection of free and open Web-based readings for a three-week unit of a future first-semester, first-year college composition course.

You are to determine and describe your collection of recommended "readings," and come up with ideas for how to use them as the basis for major and minor writing assignments you think would be useful for college students to complete in their first semester of college.

You should define the notion of an acceptable "reading" very broadly to include: creative, critical, analytical, persuasive, political, or commercial pieces of

communication; historical or cultural artifacts; materials from specific disciplines; legally accessible popular texts such as films, television shows, music, etc.

I am placing no restrictions on the content you find, provided it can be accessed on the Web by others, free of charge, largely free of ad content (unless of course you choose to make advertising your focus), and preferably free of copyright restrictions on educational fair use. Naturally, you may choose to use anything from the Gallery of Web-Based Texts in Chapter 2, Section 1 in *FWKHW*, but you are also welcome to find materials outside that collection.

You could conclude your project by providing at least one excerpt of the kind of exemplary responses you think students could produce, and you could even discuss how students could use these writing and reading assignments to meet some of the course outcomes that appear on our department's statement of desired outcomes for our first-semester writing course.

Here's a tentative Statement of Purpose (see Chapter 4 in *FWKHW*). You should certainly feel free to tweak this and add to it as your project develops, and include your final version as a Writer's Memo accompanying the project:

Innai version as a writer s wellio accompanying the project.		
Voice: I am writing as	a second-semester college composition student.	
Audience: I am writing to	first-semester college composition instructors.	
Message: I am writing	a collection of texts on the Web that I think students	
about	would benefit from using as a basis for their writing,	
	and I am writing to demonstrate that a DIY, home-made	
	collection of readings is a viable alternative to a pricey,	
	published collection, and I am writing to prove that	
	students can and should have a hand in determining the	
	readings for their introductory college composition	
	courses.	
Tone: The relationship I am	one of mutual respect, tinged with a sense of urgency	
establishing with my readers	and an emerging sense of independence from being told	
<i>is</i>	what to read and what to write.	
Attitude: My attitude toward	positive, cost-conscious, semi-revolutionary,	
my message is	empowered, cutting-edge, and determined to prove that	
	my collection of readings is just as valid and	
	challenging and useful as any other a first-year, first-	
	semester student might encounter.	
Reception: I want my audience	try out these suggested reading and writing	
to	assignments with their future students.	

And here's a possible way to organize your work:

This here's a possible way to organize your work.		
Intro	Write this last, but present it first; make it a convincing argument or	
	rationale for the specific collection you've chosen. What does this	
	collection have to offer entering college students? Presumably, you're	
	interested in the collection because you chose it, but will it interest other	
	students?	
Section 1	Present the collection itself, providing links and brief annotative	

### CLICK HERE TO ACCESS THE COMPLETE Solutions

	descriptions; present the items in the collection in the recommended order
	in which you want the students to read them.
Section 2	Present the minor and major writing assignments you believe would be
	appropriate for students to complete; minor assignments could include a
	few prompts for weekly 250-word blogs, and the major assignment could
	be for a longer essay asking students to do something with the readings.
Section 3	Give a demonstration of an exemplary student performance by providing an
	excerpt or two of "student" writing.
Conclusion	Discuss how the assignments will help students to meet the objectives of
	the first-semester college composition course.

### Habits of Mind Activated:

- Invitation to think like a teacher, even while writing as a student.
- Reflection about what students learned or didn't learn in their previous composition course, especially from the readings and writing assignments.
- Balance between choosing texts out of self-interest with a concern for whether their specific subject matter will engage the majority of entering college students.
- Understanding of the contingency of canonicity in composition specifically and higher education in general.

### Pedagogical Opportunities:

- for collaboration, from the low-stakes writing assignments in Chapter 2 through the major project itself, which lends itself to group work.
- for dissemination and publication of recommendations students make for reading and writing assignments (for example, on a class-wide wiki, there could be a page with links to the best collections produced by students, and that wiki could be made publicly available to other professors, employers, etc.)
- for public speaking, if you require students to present their projects.
- for narrower tailoring depending on the setting of the specific section: Is this course part of a learning community or linked with a course from another discipline? Is this course being taught off-site, perhaps at a high school as part of a dual enrollment program? Is this course being taught through distance education (whether entirely online or through a hybrid schedule)?
- for tailoring a peer evaluation protocol (adapting the Twenty Questions for Peer Review in Chapter 11 of *FWKHW*).

A final note: Before your first use of *FWKHW*, use the MIYO customization feature to add your own sites to the Gallery. In subsequent semesters, continue to add to the Gallery, perhaps drawing on the best suggestions from your students.

## **Section 2: Understanding How Critical Thinking Works**

This section's exercises demonstrate just a few ways to crack open the Gallery of Web-Based Texts in order to apply the four sets of questions (on speaker, audience, statement, and relevance). From the four examples in Exercise 1 to the two additional examples in Exercises 2 and 3, students will be exposed to texts in a variety of discourses (civic, academic, personal, aesthetic, and educational) using a variety of media (audio, video, print, and digital). They'll also get some valuable experience in how to use search terms on different sites.

### **Section 3: Reading a Text Carefully and Closely**

The story of "Roger" and "Rhonda" as two different kinds of readers, followed by the depiction of how different lenses lead to different kinds of readings, should help your students to appreciate the benefit of slowing down their reading, and even re-reading. But rather than just showing them the benefits through the repeated excerpt from the Kennedy inaugural, you should encourage them to do multiple readings of a passage of their choosing from the Gallery (or beyond). The first two exercises at the end of this section zero in on the conventions of one highly specialized kind of genre (the quadrennial inaugural address) in one type of discourse (civic), and the final exercise also resides in the (questionably) civic realm of television journalism, but there's nothing stopping you from refitting any of these exercises to focus on genres and discourse types of your choosing.

Before concluding my discussion of this section, I want to make one final recommendation about a complementary text for this chapter, one of several I'll make in this Instructor's Manual to the revolutionary open textbook project, *Writing Spaces* (http://writingspaces.org/):

Bunn, Mike. "How to Read like a Writer." Writing Spaces, Vol. II (2011). Writing Spaces. Web.

June 6, 2011.

Like the other pieces in the *Writing Spaces* collections, Bunn's is a peer-reviewed article written for an audience of college-level writing students. All the articles in Writing Spaces use a Creative commons license which allows reproduction without permission for non-commercial purposes. In "How to Read like a Writer," Bunn provides some useful examples of how to read texts more closely:

http://writingspaces.org/sites/default/files/bunn--how-to-read.pdf. Another good piece from Volume II of *Writing Spaces* is Catherine Savini's "Looking for Trouble (http://writingspaces.org/sites/default/files/savini--looking-for-trouble.pdf). Savini gives practical examples and demonstrations on how to complicate a reading of a variety of texts:

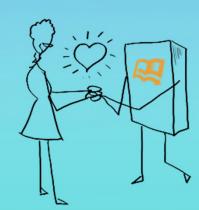
Savini, Catherine. "Looking for Trouble." Writing Spaces, Vol. II (2011). Writing Spaces. Web.

June 9, 2011.



The Flat World Knowledge Handbook for Writers

# Chapter 2 Becoming a Critical Reader





## **Learning Objectives**

- Show how the web can be mined for a wealth of academically useful content
- Introduce the concept of writing essays based on free, web-based texts
- Explore how such texts lend themselves to critical inquiry
- Learn how and why critical thinking works
- Understand the creative and constructive elements of critical thinking
- Add to the list of productive questions that can be asked about texts



## **Learning Objectives**

- Demonstrate how to do a close reading on a selection from the "Gallery of Web-Based Texts"
- Uncover the assumptions and implications of textual statements and understand how biases and preconceptions affect readers and writers
- Show how a close reading of any statement is based on uncovering its assumptions, biases, preconceptions, and implications



## Browsing the Gallery of Web-based Texts

- Course management system: A web-based learning environment that organizes the work of a course (e.g., Blackboard)
- **Wiki**: An interactive, shared website featuring content that can be edited by many users



## Browsing the Gallery of Web-based Texts

- The vast majority of web-based texts are available free of charge
- A significant minority of publicly and privately funded sites are free of advertisement and copyright
- Though web texts are easily accessible, they still need to be documented appropriately when used as part of a writing project
- Partisanship: Taking an entirely one-sided point of view about a subject



- Critical thinking: The ability to separate fact from opinion, to ask questions, to reflect on one's own role in the process of inquiry and discovery, and to pay close attention to detail
- Critical thinkers
  - Consider multiple sides of an issue before choosing sides
  - Tend to ask questions instead of accepting everything they hear or read
  - Read between the lines instead of reading only at face value
  - Develop a keen sense of how their own minds operate
  - Recognize that much of the information they read and hear is a combination of fact and opinion



- To be successful in college, you will have to learn to differentiate between fact and opinion
  - Facts are pieces of information that you can verify as true
  - Opinions are personal views or beliefs that may have very little grounding in fact
- Opinions are put forth as if they were facts, therefore they can be challenging to recognize as opinions



- Critical thinkers develop a habit of subjecting all textual statements to a
  whole constellation of questions about the speaker (or writer), the
  intended audience, the statement itself, and the relevance of it
  - Audience: The individual or group being addressed or targeted by a piece of communication



- A reader must be able to identify the assumptions a writer makes and then judge whether or not those assumptions need to be challenged or questioned
- As an active reader, you must acknowledge that both writers and readers make assumptions as they negotiate the meaning of any text
  - Active reader: A person who uncovers the biases, preconceptions, assumptions and implications of a text



- As a critical thinker who considers all sides of an issue, you have to identify your personal positions and subject them to scrutiny
- You must examine the assumptions that form the foundation of your writing



# Reading a Text Carefully and Closely

- Assumption: A belief that underlies a writer's proposition or statement
- Bias: A deeply held and ingrained belief that can cloud one's perspective as a writer or reader
- Preconception: An idea already held by a writer or reader in advance of making or receiving a textual statement
- Implication: What readers can infer from statements a writer makes



# Reading a Text Carefully and Closely

- Virtually any statement carries a set of assumptions and implications
- You need to be able to recognize biases and preconceptions in others and in yourself so you can form your ideas and present them responsibly



## **Key Terms**

- Course management system
- Wiki
- Partisanship
- Critical thinking
- Audience
- Active reader
- Assumption
- Bias



## **Key Terms**

- Preconception
- Implication