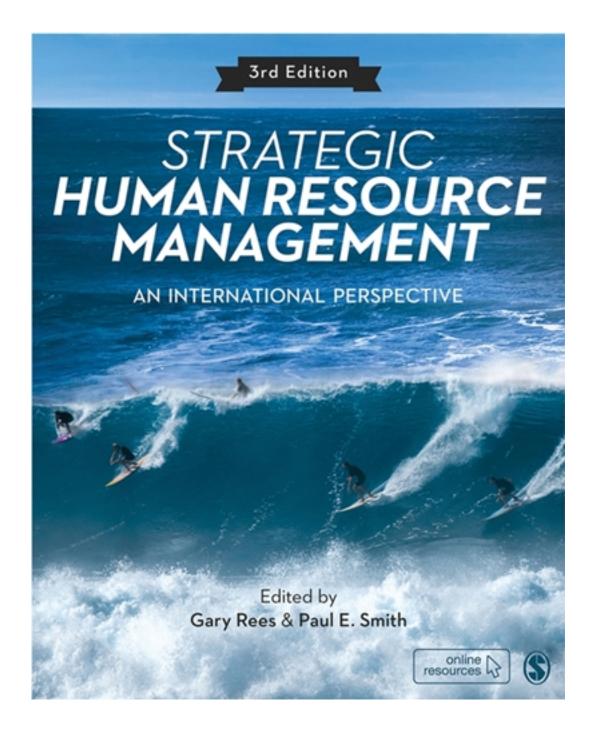
Test Bank for Strategic Human Resource Management 3rd Edition by Rees

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Test Bank

Rees & Smith, *Strategic Human Resource Management, 3e*SAGE Publishing, 2021

Multiple-Choice Test Bank

b. French, Rayner, Rees and Rumbles

c. Guest

Chapter 1: An introduction to the organization, its environment and human resource management.

| 8 |
|---|
| 1. A model of HRM that focuses more on ensuring that HR strategy fits and is driven by the |
| overall corporate strategy is known as a Model. |
| a. Systems |
| b. Soft |
| c. Hard |
| d. Planning |
| Ans: C |
| |
| 2. According to Robbins, a cost minimization strategy is best suited to what of the following |
| types of structure? |
| a. loose |
| b. tight control |
| c. low specialization |
| d. low formalization |
| Ans: B |
| |
| 3. Who provides the following definition of organizational structure? |
| 'The structure of an organization can be defined simply as the sum of the total ways in which |
| it divides labour into distinct tasks and then achieves coordination among them'. |
| a. Deal and Kennedy |

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Ans: D

- 4. One of the most leading authors in the field of HRM posited that there are rhetorics and realities of HRM practices. Who is this?
- a. Karen Legge
- b. Michael Beer
- c. John Kotter
- d. Jay Barney

Ans: A

- 5. Who posits the following three strategic options in order to gain competitive advantage: cost reduction, quality enhancement and innovation?
- a. David Farnham
- b. Michael Porter
- c. David Guest
- d. David Porter

Ans: B

- 6. Rees and Smith (2021) refer to which of the following three elements that make up the external triangle for HRM/Strategic HRM?
- a. Strategy, Structure and Staff
- b. Strategy, Culture and Environment
- c. Strategy, Structure and Culture
- d. Environment, Strategy and Structure

Ans: C

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| 7. Buchannan and Huczynski (2010) define structure as 'the formal system of task and |
|--|
| reporting relationships that control, and motivate employees to work together to |
| achieve organizational goals'. |
| The missing word is: |
| a. lead |
| b. manage |
| c. reward |
| d. co-ordinate |
| Ans: D |
| |
| 8. Whose model is known as the matching model of HRM, linking mission and strategy with |
| HRM and Organizational Structure? |
| a. Mintzberg |
| b. Fombrun |
| c. Child |
| d. Legge |
| Ans: B |
| 9. Boxall and Purcell (2003) argue that 'HRM includes anything and everything associated |
| with the management of the in the firm'. |
| a. people |
| b. employees |
| c. employment relationship |
| d. strategy |
| Ans: C |
| 10. What is the following descriptor an example of? |
| An organization that has widespread use of project teams and networks that typically |

separate functions and hierarchical levels, leading to greater flexibility.

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| a. networked organization |
|---|
| b. bureaucracy |
| c. boundaryless organization |
| d. adhocracy |
| Ans: C |
| |
| 11. Beer's Harvard model is otherwise known as |
| a. the hard model of HRM |
| b. the soft model of HRM |
| c. the integrative model of HRM |
| d. there is no such thing as the Beer Harvard model |
| Ans: B |
| |
| 12. Which of the following IS NOT a type of structural configuration for organizations? |
| a. matrix |
| b. functional |
| c. complex |
| d. strategic |
| Ans: D |
| |
| 13. The term 'human resources' became distinctive and accepted from work done by which |
| of the following academics: |
| a. Penrose |
| b. Herzberg |
| c. Chandler |
| d. Fombrun |
| Ans: D |
| |

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| 14. The | 'seat spot' | where | organizations | need to | balance | long | term p | lanning | and | playing | safe |
|----------|-------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|-----------|------|----------|----------|-------|---------|------|
| together | with flexi | bility ar | nd innovation | is attrib | utable to | whic | ch of th | e follow | ving: | | |

- a. Porter
- b. Mintzberg
- c. Ansoff
- d. Barney

Ans: B

Chapter 2: Human resource management through a strategic perspective

- 1. Pisano et al. (2021) identified two main approaches to corporate strategy, namely _____.
- a. prescriptive and predictive
- b. prescriptive and emergent
- c. nascent and emergent
- d. none of these

Ans: B

- 2. Which of the following was identified by Grant (2008) as the common element of a successful strategy?
- a. having a clear vision
- b. having a clear mission
- c. having a profound understanding of the competitive environment
- d. having conducted a thorough stakeholder analysis

Ans: C

- 3. Pisano et al. (2021) identified three core areas of corporate strategy, namely, _____.
- a. strategic formation, strategic analysis and strategic implementation

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- b. corporate scanning, strategic analysis and strategic implementation
- c. corporate scanning, environmental analysis and strategic implementation
- d. strategic formulation, strategic analysis and strategic implementation

Ans: D

- 4. Which of the following IS NOT included within the analysis of the external environment?
- a. understanding stakeholder views
- b. surveying participants regarding the purpose and performance of the organization
- c. understanding the factors affecting the industry, the economy communities and the environment
- d. understanding the maturity of the organization in terms of deriving and supporting strategy Ans: D
- 5. Which of the following IS NOT included within the process of strategic analysis?
- a. SWOT
- b. internal analysis
- c. external analysis
- d. stakeholder analysis

Ans: D

- 6. Porter's forces of competition framework consists of how many forces?
- a. three
- b. four
- c. five
- d. six

Ans: C

7. Who defined a business model whereby the union of four blocks that create and deliver value – customer value proposition, profit formula, key resources and processes?

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| a. Porter (1999) |
|--|
| b. Johnson (2008) |
| c. Miles and Snow (2011) |
| d. Kotler (2000) |
| Ans: B |
| |
| 8. Which of the following IS NOT part of a red ocean strategy? |
| a. beating the competition |
| b. exploiting existing demand |
| c. creating uncontested market space |
| d. making the value/cost trade-off |
| Ans: C |
| |
| 9. When considering the content, context and process framework, which of the following |
| three questions are directly related to these three areas in sequence? |
| a. what, why and when |
| b. what, when and why |
| c. why, what and when |
| d. none of these |
| Ans: A |
| |
| 10. In a world of uncertainty where investments once made are irreversible, flexibility is |
| · |
| a. irrelevant |
| b. valuable |
| c. invaluable |
| d. risky |
| Ans: B |

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| 11. Whose work stressed the importance of product and market selection in strategy? |
|---|
| a. Ohmae (1982) |
| b. Kim and Mauborgne (2004 and 2005) |
| c. Mintzberg (2005) |
| d. Ohmae (1982) and Kim and Mauborgne (2004 and 2005) |
| Ans: D |
| |
| 12. Substantial change to the range of offerings or to the markets served, or both, is known as |
| · |
| a. intensification |
| b. diversification |
| c. differentiation |
| d. none of these |
| Ans: B |
| |
| 13. Which of the following is the blueprint that defines how the company creates value for |
| itself while providing value to the customer? |
| a. customer value proposition |
| b. profit formula |
| c. net present value |
| d. none of these |
| Ans: B |
| |

- 14. Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) methodology is used to value which of the following three aspects?
- a), Individual projects, individual business units and alternative business strategies
- b). Individual business units, alternative business strategies and innovation
- c). Innovation, strategic business units and alternative policies
- d). Innovation, alternative business solutions and emergent strategies