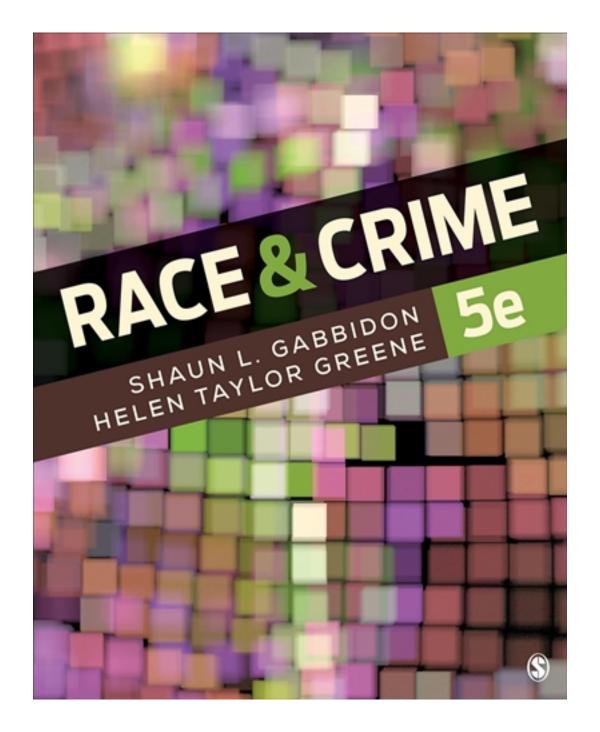
Test Bank for Race and Crime 5th Edition by Gabbidon

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Test Bank

Chapter 1: Overview of Race and Crime

Test Bank

Multiple Choice		
 is credited with being the first scientist to classify humans into distinct races A. Charles Darwin B. Benjamin Franklin C. Cesare Lombroso D. Francois Bernier Ans: D Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Introduction Difficulty Level: Easy 		
 is the Supreme Court case that considered whether the collection of DNA from a suspect constitutes an unreasonable search and seizure. A. Ohio v. Terry B. Young v. Maryland C. Virginia v. Brown D. Maryland v. King Ans: D Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Race, DNA, Criminal Justice Databases, and Civil Rights Concerns Difficulty Level: Easy 		
3. The largest ethnic minority group in America is A. Asian Americans B. Native Americans C. Latinos/Hispanics D. African Americans Ans: C Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Race, Ethnicity, and Population Trends Difficulty Level: Easy		
 4 is the racial/ethnic group in America with the highest level of education and median household income. A. Black/African American B. Hispanic/Latino C. Asian Americans D. Whites Ans: C 		

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Cognitive Domain: Knowledge

Answer Location: Prejudice, Discrimination, and Implicit Bias

Difficulty Level: Easy

- 5. Which of the following acts provided Native Americans with reservation lands?
- A. Indian Reorganization Act
- B. Indian Removal Act
- C. Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act
- D. The Dawes Act

Ans: D

Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Native Americans

Difficulty Level: Easy

- 6. _____ placed a stringent quota on the number of Italians who could immigrate to the country.
- A. Italian Removal Act
- B. Immigration Act of 1897
- C. Immigration Act of 1905
- D. Immigration Act of 1924

Ans: D

Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Italian Americans

Difficulty Level: Easy

- 7. _____ allowed Mexicans to come to the United States to do agricultural work during World War II.
- A. Dawes Act
- B. Mexican Immigration Act
- C. Bracero Program
- D. Mexican-American Agreement

Ans: C

Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Mexicans

Difficulty Level: Easy

- 8. According to the 2015 census, which of the following Asian American groups has the largest population in the United States?
- A. Korean
- B. Japanese
- C. Vietnamese
- D. Chinese

Ans: D

Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Asian Americans

Difficulty Level: Easy

SAGE Publishing, 2018

 9 was structured to ensure the return of runaway slaves. A. Fugitive Slave Act B. Slave Patrol Act C. Slave Recovery Act D. Slave Disobedience Act Ans: A Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: African Americans Difficulty Level: Easy
10. It has been suggested that the term should replace "Minority" when referring to racial and ethnic groups. A. perpetual outsiders B. people of color C. mixed background D. visible groups Ans: B Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Race, Ethnicity, and Population Trends Difficulty Level: Easy
11. The Indian Removal Act of 1830 required Native Americans to A. emigrate to Canada B. move west of the Mississippi C. flee to Europe D. move south Ans: B Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Native Americans Difficulty Level: Easy
12. Having prejudicial attitudes toward a particular group, in many instances, can lead to discriminatory actions. Which of the following represents a discriminatory action based on prejudice? A. denying a rental application based upon an applicant's religion B. denying an employment application based upon a felony conviction C. cutting off a driver in rush hour traffic D. ignoring a door-to-door salesman Ans: A Cognitive Domain: Application Answer Location: Historical Antecedents of Race and Crime in America Difficulty Level: Hard
13. This document stipulated that participating countries should allow for the searching of vessels in an effort to end the international slave trade

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- A. Treaty of Ghent
- B. Treaty of Paris
- C. Treaty of Ghana
- D. Treaty of Brazil

Ans: A

Cognitive Domain: Knowledge

Answer Location: African Americans

Difficulty Level: Easy

- 14. When was the first settlement of Germans in America?
- A. 1600s
- B. 1400s
- C. 1500s
- D. 1700s

Ans: C

Cognitive Domain: Knowledge

Answer Location: German Americans

Difficulty Level: Easy

- 15. Which one of the following enactments ended slavery throughout the United States?
- A. Emancipation Proclamation
- B. Thirteenth Amendment
- C. Convict Lease System
- D. Fifteenth Amendment

Ans: B

Cognitive Domain: Knowledge

Answer Location: African Americans

Difficulty Level: Easy

16. In the late 1600s, 13 German families arrived in _____ and represented the beginning of mass German immigration to the United States.

- A. Boston
- B. New York
- C. Philadelphia
- D. Jamestown

Ans: C

Cognitive Domain: Knowledge

Answer Location: German Americans

Difficulty Level: Easy

- 17. The first Jews who arrived in America were of what origin?
- A. Hispanic
- B. French
- C. West Indian
- D. German

Ans: A

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Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Jewish Americans Difficulty Level: Easy 18. The California gold rush of the mid-1850s increased the immigration of which group to America? A. Mexicans B. Chinese C. West Indians D. Koreans Ans: B Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Chinese Americans Difficulty Level: Easy 19. became a commonwealth of the United States in the 1950s. A. Cuba B. Mexico C. Puerto Rico D. Dominican Republic Ans: C Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Puerto Ricans Difficulty Level: Easy 20. Native Americans arrived in North America over _____ years ago. A. 300 B. 3,000 C. 30,000 D. 300,000 Ans: C Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Native Americans Difficulty Level: Easy 21. was the riot that caused the single greatest loss of life in New York City prior to September 11. A. Draft Riot of 1863 B. Sailor Riot of 1919 C. New York City Riot of 1961 D. New York City Riot of 1950

Ans: A

Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Irish Americans

Difficulty Level: Easy

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3/(GE / GB)(3/11/16), 2010
22. In the case of, the "separate but equal" decision was hailed by Southern bigots. This decision was significant in that it gave Whites legal support to enforce some of their ideas concerning White supremacy and the separation of the races. A. Ohio v. Terry B. Young v. Maryland C. Plessy v. Ferguson D. Maryland v. King Ans: C Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: African Americans Difficulty Level: Easy
23 developed the first taxonomy of race. In his 1795 work, "On the Natural Variety of Mankind," he separated the inhabitants of the earth into five races: Ethiopian (African or Negroid), Mongolian (Asian), American (Native American), Malaysian (Pacific Islander), and Caucasian (White). A. Johann Friedrich Blumenbach B. François Bernier C. Bartolomé De Las Casas D. John Anderson Ans: A Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Introduction Difficulty Level: Easy
24. The term comes from the Greek word ethnos, which means "nation." A. prejudice B. race C. ethnicity D. minority Ans: C Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Race, Ethnicity, and the U.S. Population in 2015 Difficulty Level: Easy
25 are generally held together by a common language, culture, group spirit (nationalism or group solidarity), or geography (most typically originate from the same region. A. ethnic groups B. race group C. religions D. population groups Ans: A Cognitive Domain: Knowledge Answer Location: Race, Ethnicity, and the U.S. Population in 2015 Difficulty Level: Easy

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26. Border states h	ave reacted with legislation to stem the rising number of illegal	
immigrants	and others have enacted numerous measures to restrict the	
benefits (e.g., medi	cal, educational) and rights (e.g., due process) of illegal immigrant	S
in their states.		

- A. Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas
- B. Colorado, Utah, and New Mexico
- C. Arizona, Texas, and California
- D. Arizona, Colorado, and California

Ans: C

Cognitive Domain: Knowledge

Answer Location: Race, Ethnicity, and Population Trends

Difficulty Level: Easy

27. _____ is a negative attitude toward a particular group. This is usually in the form of stereotypes that result in people making negative generalizations about an entire group.

A. Prejudice

- B. Hate crime
- C. Ethnic disparity
- D. Discrimination

Ans: A

Cognitive Domain: Knowledge

Answer Location: Prejudice, Discrimination, and Implicit Bias

Difficulty Level: Easy

28. _____ is the "unequal treatment of a person or persons based on group membership."

A. Prejudice

- B. Racial profiling
- C. Ethnic profiling
- D. Discrimination

Ans: D

Cognitive Domain: Knowledge

Answer Location: Prejudice, Discrimination, and Implicit Bias

Difficulty Level: Easy

29. Implicit bias exists when prejudicial views are used to make decisions. Which of the following represents implicit bias?

A. An officer patrols a specific neighborhood more often due to the arrests that have occurred there over the past year.

- B. An officer applies handcuffs to two Asian American men that are involved in a physical altercation.
- C. An officer pulls over a White female whose vehicle fits the profile of a wanted suspect.

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D. An officer pulls over an African American male who is slowly driving through a middle class neighborhood.

Ans: D

Cognitive Domain: Application

Answer Location: Prejudice, Discrimination, and Implicit Bias

Difficulty Level: Hard

30. Benjamin Franklin, Thomas Jefferson, and other colonial leaders admired and were influenced by the democratic institutions of certain indigenous nations such as the

A. Asians

B. Cherokee

C. Iroquois

D. Arabs

Ans: C

Cognitive Domain: Knowledge

Answer Location: Historical Antecedents of Race and Crime in America

Difficulty Level: Easy

True/False

1. During their initial contact with Europeans, Native Americans assisted the newcomers with advice on how to survive in their new environment.

Ans: T

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension Answer Location: Native Americans

Difficulty Level: Medium

2. Upon arrival in the Americas, it is clear from their actions that Christopher Columbus and his followers viewed the native people (then referred to as "Indians," now referred to as "Native Americans") as inferior.

Ans: T

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension Answer Location: Native Americans

Difficulty Level: Medium

3. From 1790 to the mid-1800s, there were no treaties signed between Whites and Native Americans.

Ans: F

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension Answer Location: Native Americans

Difficulty Level: Medium

4. DNA cannot be used to identify the race of an offender in a criminal investigation.

Ans: F

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension

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Answer Location: Race, DNA, Criminal Justice Databases, and Civil Rights Concerns Difficulty Level: Medium

5. In the early 1950s, Congress enacted legislation called termination, which called for an end to the reservation system and to the special relationships between the tribes and the federal government.

Ans: T

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension Answer Location: Native Americans

Difficulty Level: Medium

6. In the 10 Precepts of American Slavery Jurisprudence, Blacks were denied all family rights, except the right of marriage.

Ans: F

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension Answer Location: African Americans

Difficulty Level: Medium

7. Following the enactment of the Thirteenth Amendment in 1865, which ended slavery throughout the United States, many African Americans chose to remain in the South.

Ans: T

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension Answer Location: African Americans

Difficulty Level: Medium

8. During the Reconstruction Era, whipping became the means used to intimidate and handle those who challenged the racist White power structure.

Ans: F

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension Answer Location: African Americans

Difficulty Level: Medium

9. To encourage immigration to the colonies, in 1649 the Toleration Act was passed, which ensured religious freedom for Catholics.

Ans: T

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension Answer Location: Italian Americans

Difficulty Level: Medium

Short Answer

1. Briefly explain the difference between prejudice and discrimination.

Ans: Varies

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension

Answer Location: Prejudice, Discrimination, and Implicit Bias

Difficulty Level: Medium

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2. Briefly explain the controversy surrounding familial DNA testing.

Ans: Varies

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension

Answer Location: Race, DNA, Criminal Justice Databases, and Civil Rights Concerns

Difficulty Level: Medium

3. Briefly explain how the model minority label attached to Asians might benefit them in

the justice system.

Ans: Varies

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension

Difficulty Level: Medium

Answer Location: Asian Americans

4. The Census Bureau is leaning toward adopting a combined question about race and ethnicity. Compare positive and negative considerations of this potential change.

Ans: Varies

Cognitive Domain: Analysis

Answer Location: Race, Ethnicity, and the U.S. Population in 2015

Difficulty Level: Medium

5. Most scholars see the terms race and ethnicity as culturally relevant rather than biologically relevant. Compare positive and negative considerations of this position.

Ans: Varies

Cognitive Domain: Analysis

Answer Location: Race, Ethnicity, and the U.S. Population in 2015

Difficulty Level: Medium

6. Relying on 2010 census data, there were approximately 11 million more persons of Mexican descent in the United States in 2010 than there were in 2000. This trend has resulted in concerns not only about immigration in general but also illegal immigration. Are these concerns justified? Explain your answer.

Ans: Varies

Cognitive Domain: Application

Answer Location: Race, Ethnicity, and Population Trends

Difficulty Level: Hard

7. Briefly explain the impact of the "Great Migration" to race demographics in the United States following the turn of the 20th century.

Ans: Varies

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension Answer Location: African Americans

Difficulty Level: Medium

8. Briefly explain the impact of World War II on the assimilation of German Americans.

Ans: Varies

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension

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Answer Location: German Americans

Difficulty Level: Medium

9. Briefly explain the impact of organized crime on the assimilation of Italian Americans.

Ans: Varies

Cognitive Domain: Comprehension Answer Location: Italian Americans

Difficulty Level: Medium

10. Analyze the factors that the potato famine in Ireland had on the immigration of Irish Americans during the 17th century. Identify those that were most significant to their

immigration. Ans: Varies

Cognitive Domain: Analysis

Answer Location: Irish Americans

Difficulty Level: Medium

11. How did Article VI of the U.S. Constitution, which banned religious discrimination, impact the assimilation of Jewish Americans in the United States? Explain your answer.

Ans: Varies

Cognitive Domain: Application

Answer Location: Jewish Americans

Difficulty Level: Hard

12. Border states, including Arizona, Texas, and California, have enacted measures to restrict the benefits and rights of illegal immigrants in their states. Describe the types of restrictions that have been implemented.

Ans: Varies

Cognitive Domain: Application

Answer Location: Race, Ethnicity, and Population Trends

Difficulty Level: Hard

13. The "Trail of Tears" resulted in the death of thousands of Native Americans. What group later investigated the massacre? What did they determine led to Native American aggression at that time?

Ans: Varies

Cognitive Domain: Application

Answer Location: Prejudice, Discrimination, and Implicit Bias

Difficulty Level: Hard

14. Enslaving Native Americans did not appeal to the colonists because, besides feeling that they would not hold up under slave conditions, they were aware that the natives were familiar with the terrain, which would have permitted easy escape. For the next two centuries, African Americans would serve as the primary labor force keeping the Southern economy afloat. Categorize factors of prejudice, discrimination, and/or implicit bias represented by each group during this period.

Ans: Varies

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Cognitive Domain: Analysis

Answer Location: African Americans

Difficulty Level: Medium

15. The terms organized crime and mafia became synonymous with Italians following their immigration to the United States. One congressional report described Italian immigrants as morally deficient, excitable, superstitious, and vengeful. Is this an example of implicit bias? Explain your answer.

Ans: Varies

Cognitive Domain: Application

Answer Location: Prejudice, Discrimination, and Implicit Bias

Difficulty Level: Hard