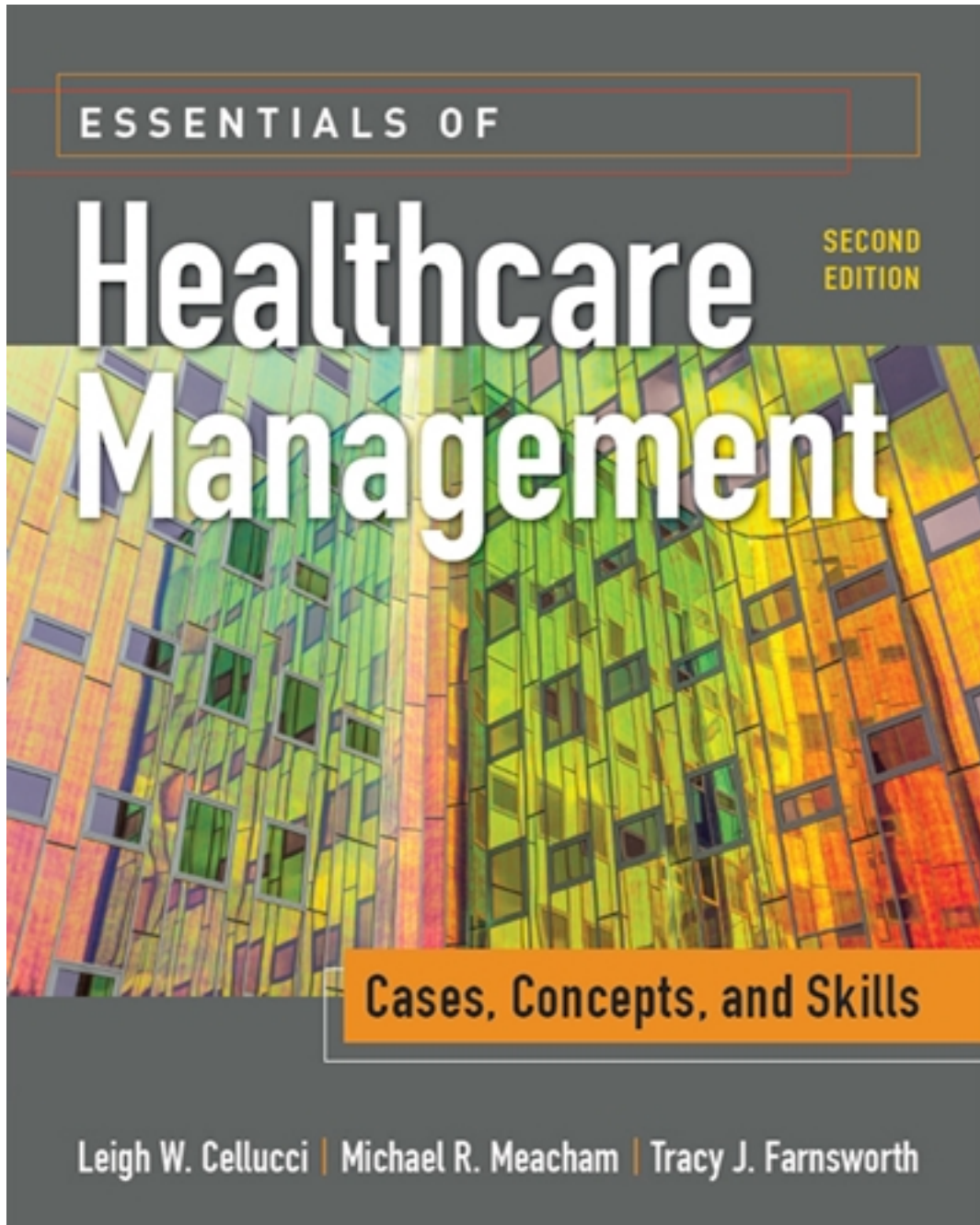


Test Bank for Essentials of Healthcare Management Cases Concepts and Skills 2nd Edition by Cellucci

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Test Bank

1. ch01-001

The germ theory of disease is the foundation of the scientific approach to the practice of medicine.

- *a. True
- b. False

2. ch01-002

The Social Security Act of 1935 accomplished which of the following?

- a. It changed the social contract between the federal government and US citizens.
- b. It provided the foundation for Medicare and Medicaid.
- c. It established national health insurance.
- d. It included benefits for unemployed workers and victims of industrial accidents, in addition to direct payments to individuals over the age of 65.
- *e. Choices a, b, and d
- f. All of the above

3. ch01-003

The insurance that workers receive through their job is called _____.

- a. social insurance
- b. community selection
- *c. employer-sponsored insurance
- d. Medicare
- e. a lucky break

4. ch01-004

If your grandparents have a form of publicly sponsored health insurance, it is most likely to be which of the following?

- a. Medicaid
- *b. Medicare
- c. Social Security
- d. Kerr-Mills insurance
- e. The senior citizen special

5. ch01-005

Employer-sponsored insurance was conceived in 1954 with the Internal Revenue Act.

- a. True
- *b. False

6. ch01-006

The proliferation of health insurance coverage in the post-World War II era, combined with the federal government's investment in research and

the growing number of medical schools, medical students, and medical subspecialties, contributed to dramatic inflation throughout the period from the end of the war to the 1970s.

- *a. True
- b. False

7. ch01-007

National health expenditures (NHE) represent which of the following?

- a. The amount the federal government spends on healthcare
- b. The combined amounts the federal government and the states spend on healthcare
- c. The sum total of all amounts Americans spend on healthcare
- d. An ever-increasing proportion of the gross domestic product
- e. A yardstick for assessing access to patient care
- f. All of the above
- *g. Choices c and d

8. ch01-008

Which of the following is true about the shift in demographics (i.e., the movement toward having an older population)?

- a. It will affect the mix of care that will be needed by the population.
- b. It is a product of the baby boom generation.
- c. It threatens the financial viability of Medicare.
- d. It reflects the fact that people in general are living longer.
- *e. All of the above

9. ch01-009

The number of for-profit healthcare organizations grew rapidly toward the end of the twentieth century.

- *a. True
- b. False

10. ch01-010

The Affordable Care Act (ACA) _____.

- *a. was intended to expand health insurance coverage to individuals who previously were uninsured
- b. created "death panels" to control the cost of Medicare
- c. was a federal government takeover of healthcare in the United States
- d. None of the above
- e. All of the above

11. ch01-011

The electronic health record (EHR) is a digital record of the care provided to a patient by a healthcare organization.

- *a. True
- b. False

12. ch01-012

Which of the following are features of clinical integration?

- a. Coordinated delivery of patient care
- b. Use of a team of providers to provide care
- c. All care provided in a single location
- d. Need for couriers to move paper medical records from place to place
- e. Patient care facilitated by an electronic health record
- *f. Choices a, b, and e
- g. All of the above

13. ch01-013

The method by which healthcare providers are paid for their services is evolving from fee for service to other methods which aim to hold the line on costs while improving the quality of care.

- *a. True
- b. False

14. ch01-014

The Hill-Burton Act _____.

- a. contributed to significant expansion of hospitals and other healthcare facilities
- b. required organizations receiving funds to provide a reasonable amount of uncompensated care
- c. installed the first national health insurance program
- d. was a part of the post-World War II expansion of the US healthcare system
- e. was well-intentioned legislation that turned out to be completely ineffective
- *f. Choices a, b, and d
- g. Choices b, d, and e

15. ch01-015

The evolution of the US healthcare system is a product of free markets and government intervention.

- *a. True
- b. False

16. ch02-001

Federalism is a central concept of government in the United States. Which of the following best describes the meaning of the term *federalism*?

- a. The federal government is always superior to the states.
- b. The states can control the federal government if there are enough of them.
- *c. Some powers are reserved for the states, and some powers are delegated to the federal government.
- d. The states and the federal government take turns enforcing the law on healthcare providers and organizations.

17. ch02-002

A special interest group is a collection of organizations and/or individuals seeking to advance their point of view in the policymaking arena and to create a policy advantage for their cause.

- *a. True
- b. False

18. ch02-003

Cost, quality, and access are collectively known as the "Steel Curtain" of healthcare.

- a. True
- *b. False

19. ch02-004

National health expenditures refers to which of the following?

- a. All federal healthcare expenditures
- b. All federal and state healthcare expenditures
- *c. All healthcare costs aggregated from all sources
- d. All healthcare insurance costs and federal and state expenditures
- e. None of the above

20. ch02-005

The relationship between gross domestic product (GDP) and national health expenditures (NHE) is best described as which of the following?

- a. The NHE needs the GDP to grow for healthcare providers to be successful.
- b. GDP has been growing faster than NHE, so we can be sanguine about healthcare costs.
- c. NHE has been growing faster than GDP, so we should be concerned about sustainability.
- d. NHE is increasing because of inflation, demographic changes, and increased personal expenditures.
- *e. Choices c and d

f. Choices a and c

21. ch02-006

More than 70 percent of all national health expenditures come from some form of public or private insurance.

- *a. True
- b. False

22. ch02-007

What do the initials *FPL* stand for?

- a. Federated people level
- b. Federal public spending level
- *c. Federal poverty level.
- d. Federal poverty logistics
- e. Fun people lover

23. ch02-008

Under the Affordable Care Act, as interpreted by the US Supreme Court, states have the option to expand their Medicaid programs.

- *a. True
- b. False

24. ch02-009

Which of the following represents, in order, the three groups receiving the largest shares of healthcare expenditures?

- a. Physicians, drug companies, and hospitals
- b. Hospitals, drug companies, and physicians
- c. Drug companies, physicians, and hospitals
- *d. Hospitals, physicians, and drug companies
- e. Physicians, hospitals, and drug companies

25. ch02-010

Compared to other OECD countries, the United States ranks among the best in healthcare outcomes.

- a. True
- *b. False

26. ch02-011

Which of the following best describes the elements used to assess the quality of a healthcare system?

- a. Care process, equity, and healthcare outcomes
- b. Access, healthcare outcomes, and care process