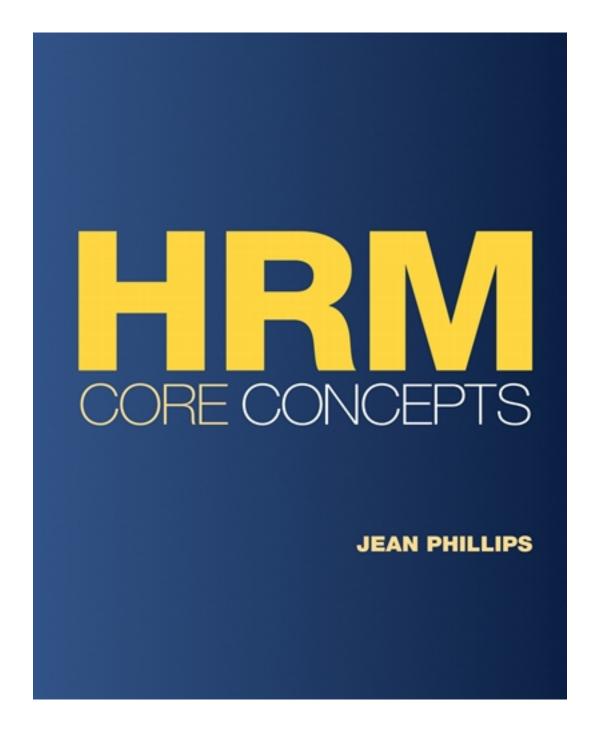
Test Bank for HRM Core Concepts 1st Edition by Phillips

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Test Bank

PHILLIPS: HRM CORE CONCEPTS

Chapter 1: Strategic Human Resource Management

MULTIPLE CHOICE

1.	b. By making the cc. By keeping pay	oyees to save money ompany better at exec	uting its		
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	B Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC	:	What is HRM?
2.		rred to as	· c.	es in exchang total rewards essential rewards	e for their time, efforts, and ards
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	C Bloom's: Analyze	TOPIC	: :	What Does HRM Do?
3.	When evaluating ar a. salary level b. training program	n employer's job offo	c.	oest to consid work environ total rewards	ment
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	D Bloom's: Remember	TOPIC	: :	What Does HRM Do?
4.	of risk? a. Strategic, operat b. Strategic, optima c. Situational, oper	esources strategically ional, functional, and al, financial, and comp ational, financial, and ional, financial, and co	compliar liance complia	nce	on manage which types
	ANSWER: Operational Performa	D TAXONOMY	TOPIC Y:		How Does HRM Influence lyze
6.	A firm's a. Performance b. Business	strategy determin	c.	it will compe financial management	ete in its marketplace.
	ANSWER: Business Strateg TAXONOMY:	B Bloom's: Remember	TOPIC	: :	The Role of HRM in Executing
7.	Strategic HRM aligand of ea. benefits; perform b. strategies; vision	employees. nance; goals		behaviors; va	e,, ulues; goals erformance; values
	ANSWER:	C	TOPIC	·•	The Role of HRM in Executing

	Business Strategy TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Analyze			
8.		ble for managing org gers rce managers		onal change. Executive ma Human resou	
	ANSWER:	D Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC	: :	Who is Responsible for HRM?
9.	Hiring an external a. Insourcing b. Outsourcing	vendor rather than de	c.	articular task resourcing telesourcing	internally is called
	ANSWER:	В	TOPIC	: :	Who is Responsible for HRM?
	TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Remember	•		
10.	a. A company thatb. A company thatc. A company that	nal employer organi leases employees to c only hires professiona prefers their employed only hires people with	ompanie al people es belong	g to profession	
	ANSWER:	A	TOPIC	: :	Who is Responsible for HRM?
	TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Understand	d		
11.	a. attract, hire, devb. detain, hire, devc. detain, hire, dev	organizational funct elop, reward, and reta- elop, rework, and reta- ise, reward, and refres se, rework, and refresl	in talent in talent h talent	IRM is to	
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	A Bloom's: Apply	TOPIC	: :	What Is HRM?
12.	a. apprise, developb. apprise, devalue	, deport, and retain , deploy, and retain	c. d.	acquire, deve	the right talent. elop, deploy, and retain alue, deport, and retain
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	C Bloom's: Apply	TOPIC	:	What Is HRM?
13.	Taking workplace la. compliance b. financial	health and safety ser	c.	elps to reduce operational strategic	e risk.
	ANSWER: Organizational Perfo	A rmance?	TOPIC TAXO	: NOMY:	How Does HRM Influence Bloom's: Apply
14.	HRM influences or	ganizational perforn	nance th	rough its infl	uence on what employees
	a. should do, can'd b. could do, can't c		c. d.		n do, and will do nn't do, and won't do

	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	A Bloom's: Apply	TOPIC:	What Is HRM?
15.	Past employment States. a. Opposition b. opportunities	has made man	y of the laws that a c. diversity d. discrimin	ation
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	D Bloom's: Remember	TOPIC:	What Is HRM?
16.		n adopts a new manu ees' skills to meet it		
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	B Bloom's: Understar	TOPIC: ad	What Is HRM?
17.	People do what the a. Tested b. Ready	y are f	or. c. hired d. rewarded	
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	D Bloom's: Understar	TOPIC: ad	What Is HRM?
18.	Rewards include an a. Tested b. Established	nything	by the employee. c. valued d. required	
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	C Bloom's: Understar	TOPIC:	What Is HRM
19.		ng management	c. employee	re all functions of e management source management
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	D Bloom's: Remember	TOPIC:	What Does HRM Do?
20.		cation to meet its tal		
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	A Bloom's: Remember	TOPIC:	What Does HRM Do?
21.	Separations due to a. Staffing b. Recruiting	poor performance, l	layoffs or restructu c. Hiring d. Performa	uring are part which HRM function?
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	A Bloom's: Understar	TOPIC:	What Does HRM Do?

23.	Supervisors must be with	be trained to conduct j	ob inte	rviews and terminations in accordance
	a. organizational gb. employee handl			state and federal law common law
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	C Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC	: What Does HRM Do?
24.	·	-	hose po	ganization has people ready to sitions become available? Change Succession : What Does HRM Do?
	TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Understand		
25.		l goals and strategies? anagement	? c.	dividual employees' goals and behaviors Change management Succession management
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	A Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC	: What Does HRM Do?
26.	By providing the roof which system? a. Change manage b. Strategic manage	ement	c.	manage, staffing influences the effectiveness Performance management Succession management
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	C Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC	: What Does HRM Do?
27.	To promote and m a. constructive b. strategic	aintain ethical behavi	c.	agers need to provide feedback. performance critical
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	C Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC	: What Does HRM Do?
28.	bonuses is called_ a. direct financial		c.	rages, commissions, stock options, or nonfinancial compensation indirect financial compensation
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	A Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC	: What Does HRM Do?
29.	Compensation, inc	luding free meals, vac	cation ti	ime, and health insurance is called
	a. direct financialb. secondary finan	compensation cial compensation		nonfinancial compensation indirect financial compensation
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	D Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC	: What Does HRM Do?

30.	Rewards and incentives given to employees that are not financial in nature, including intrinsic rewards received from the job itself or from the work environment, are called					
	a. direct financialb. secondary financial	 compensation ncial compensation		nonfinancial indirect finan	compensation acial compensation	
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	C Bloom's: Understan	TOPIC nd	:	What Does HRM Do?	
31.	not just the salary	level.			consider the,	
	a. vacation packagb. insurance benef			total rewards stock options		
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	C Bloom's: Understan	TOPIC	_	What Does HRM Do?	
32.	strategy?				didates not always the best	
	b. If the companyc. If the company	cannot offer a compre does not need top tale is having business-the has hired an abundance	ent to mee reatening	t its needs financial probl	-	
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	B Bloom's: Understan	TOPIC nd	: :	What Does HRM Do?	
33.W	hich of the followir	ng is NOT a workpla	nce health	and safety to	onic?	
,3. **	a. Labor unionsb. Disaster prepar		c.	Ergonomics Employees' r		
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	A Bloom's: Understan	TOPIC nd	<u>':</u>	What Does HRM Do?	
34.		ey need companies c	reate	codes of ethic		
				employee ha		
	ANSWER:	D	TOPIC		Who is Responsible for HRM?	
	TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Remember	er			
35.	Employee-management relations ultimately determine the employment rights of					
	a. employees andb. only employees		c. d.	only employed labor unions	ers	
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	A Bloom's: Remember	TOPIC er	: :	What Does HRM Do?	
36.		tion decides to inves	-	•	oment and retention rather than	

	a. agendab. business strategy	ý		talent philoso succession p	
	ANSWER: Business Strategy	C	TOPIC	· ·	The Role of HRM in Executing
	TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Understand	1		
37.	Workers in the pub sector employees.	lic sector are	li	kely to belon	g to a union than are private
	a. moreb. less		c. d.	about as The answer i	s not yet known
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	A Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC	· ·	What Does HRM Do?
38.	Labor unions and u a. Rising b. Steady	nionization rates hav	c.	intensifying declining	for years.
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	D Bloom's: Remember	TOPIC	2.	What Does HRM Do?
39.		nan 500 workers mak ploying approximate	c.	-	ercent of the business ent of the total
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	C Bloom's: Remember	TOPIC	: :	What Does HRM Do?
40.		al areas of HRM must	be consi		
	a. in what they cosb. over time	t	c. d.	in what they across cultur	
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	C Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC i	· ·	What Does HRM Do?
41.			tive add c.		
	ANSWER: Organizational Perfo	A rmance?	TOPIC TAXO	C: NOMY:	How Does HRM Influence Bloom's: Remember
42.	development of em	RM activities that car	he ident	tification and	retention of top performers. he organization's success or
	ANSWER: Organizational Perfo	B rmance?	TOPIC	C: NOMY:	How Does HRM Influence Bloom's: Remember

43.	a. strategic risk	cesses reduce the cost	c. financial	
	b. operational risk		d. compliar	nce risk
	ANSWER: Organizational Perfo	C rmance?	TOPIC: TAXONOMY:	How Does HRM Influence Bloom's: Remember
44.	particularly in the a harassment is an ex		alth and safety, u	elated decision in terms of legal risk, nion relations, whistleblowers, and
	a. strategic riskb. operational risk		c. financiald. compliar	
	ANSWER: Organizational Perfo	D rmance?	TOPIC: TAXONOMY:	How Does HRM Influence Bloom's: Remember
45.	should be treated.			ut how its employees
	a. business philosob. strategic philoso		c. employed. talent ph	
	ANSWER: Business Strategy TAXONOMY:	D Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC:	The Role of HRM in Executing
46.	are two of a. Stress and feedb	the most important ma	anagement probler c. Compen	ns facing small businesses. sation and training nent and training
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	D Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC:	What Does HRM Do?
47.	b. What employeesc. A firm's compet	ng is true? s can do directly influe s will do directly influe titive advantage influer nance influences the la	ences organization nces its performan	al performance.
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	C Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC:	What is HRM?
48.	_	and high pow empowerment to en		
	ANSWER: Business Strategy	В	TOPIC:	The Role of HRM in Executing
	TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Understand	I	
49.	a. Financial incentsb. All of the volunt	wing is true about ma ives are useful motivat eers are highly motiva motivated to perform	ors ted and highly pro	oductive

	ANSWER:	hallenges is managing D	TOPIC:	The Role of HRM in Executing		
	Business Strategy TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Understand	1			
50.	combination of great a. quality branding	and integrity	c. quality, servi			
	b. ethics, branding,	and integrity	d. ethics, servic	e, and price		
	ANSWER: Business Strategy	С	TOPIC:	The Role of HRM in Executing		
	TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Understand	1			
52.	acquire additional t		•	both develop current talent and		
	a. growth strategyb. performance stra	ategy	c. aggressive std. global strateg			
	ANSWER: Business Strategy	A	TOPIC:	The Role of HRM in Executing		
	TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Understand				
53.	The success of a(n) right number and ty a. growth strategy b. performance stra	pes of employees to	sustain its intended	rategy		
	ANSWER: Business Strategy TAXONOMY:	A Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC:	The Role of HRM in Executing		
54.	To expand internatio a. values and achie b. mergers and acq	vements	have been a commo c. goals and am d. motivation a	0		
	ANSWER: Business Strategy	В	TOPIC:	The Role of HRM in Executing		
	TAXONOMY:					
55.	Mergers and acquis a. culture issues b. financial issues	citions often fail beca	c. technical issu d. procedural is			
	ANSWER: Business Strategy	A	TOPIC:	The Role of HRM in Executing		
	TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Understand	1			
56.	Retaining high-pert and maintain any ty a. competitive adva	pe of	and keeping employe c. motivational	es engaged helps to create advantage		
	b. cultural advantag	ge	d. financial adv	antage		
	ANSWER:	A	TOPIC:	The Role of HRM in Executing		

	TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Understand	d		
57.		performed by			1
	a. HRM professionb. Managers	nals	c. d.	individual en All of these s	nployees statements are correct.
	ANSWER: TAXONOM	D Y: Bloom's: Uno	TOPIC derstand	::	Who Is Responsible for HRM?
58.	is the	world's largest profe	ssional	association d	evoted to HRM.
	a. SHRM b. HRMO		c. d.	HRMS OHRM	
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	A Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC d	: :	Who Is Responsible for HRM?
59.		en HR and employee			
	a. Communicationb. Cultural different			Clarification Compassion	
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	A Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC d	: :	Who Is Responsible for HRM?
60.	-	asks are performed.	c.	A shared server Performance	
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	C Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC		Who Is Responsible for HRM?
61.	Hiring a consultant	t to source executive	job can	didates rathe	r than doing it internally is called
	a. Insourcing b. Outsourcing		c. d.	outscoring encoring	
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	B Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC d	: :	Who Is Responsible for HRM?
62.	Outsourcing some a. Largerb. Smaller	HRM activities is pa	c.	y attractive to medium size Fortune 500	o companies.
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	B Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC d	::	Who Is Responsible for HRM?
63.		management systems	c.	rivate, organi Excel spread the honor sys	
	ANSWER: Systems	A TAXONOMY: Bloo	TOPIC om's: Un		Human Resource Management
64.		ases employees to other			

	b. professional emp	oloyer organization	d.	progressive e	mployer organization
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	B Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC	:	Who Is Responsible for HRM?
65.	a. Professional emp	nym PEO stand for? ployer opportunity ployer organization			mployer opportunity mployer organization
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	B Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC	:	Who Is Responsible for HRM?
66.	HRM can help you a. the HR field b. the field of finan	be a more effective r	c.		
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	D Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC	:	Who Is Responsible for HRM?
67.	Occupational foreca	asts suggest that the i	ncome	and opportun	nity prospects in HRM are
	a. Unfavorable b. Favorable			mediocre atrocious	
	ANSWER: Systems TAXONOMY:	B Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC	:	Human Resource Management
68.	According to the teadvantage in your ca. SHRM b. HRM	_	c.	skills will g ASTD OCD	ive you a competitive
	ANSWER: Systems? TAXONOMY:	B Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC	:	Human Resource Management
69.		anagement platforms ormance feedback eer	c.	t annual review employee sur	
	ANSWER: Systems TAXONOMY: Block	A om's: Understand	TOPIC	:	Human Resource Management
TRUE	C/FALSE				
1.	Effective work production, and what they w		by alig	ning what em	aployees should do, what they can
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY	T : Bloom's: Understar	TOPIC	:	What Is HRM?``

2.	. HRM is critical to any organization because it controls the operating budget.				
	ANSWER: TAXONOM	F Y: Bloom's: Uno	TOPIC: derstand	What Is HRM?	
3.	HRM practices and regulations.	d the employment rel	ationship are relativ	ely unaffected by laws and	
	ANSWER: TAXONOM	T Y: Bloom's: Rer	TOPIC: member	What is HRM?	
4.	HRM invents a firm	m's products and ser	vices.		
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	F Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC:	What Does HRM Do?	
5.	Staffing is only co	ncerned with hiring r	new employees.		
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	F Bloom's: Apply	TOPIC:	What Does HRM Do?	
6.	HRM links the ent	ire human resource f	unction with the firm	n's business strategy.	
	ANSWER:	T	TOPIC:	The Role of HRM in Executing	
	Business Strategy TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Remember	•		
7.	All organizations vand retaining the ri		ffectiveness without	acquiring, developing, deploying	
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	F Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC:	What Does HRM Do?	
8.	Good HRM practic	ces will help you dev	elop your skills and	advance in your field.	
	ANSWER: Career?	T	TOPIC:	Why is HRM Important to Your	
	TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Understand	d		
9.	•	s a is a set of individ zations from diverse		able you to influence individuals, utional systems.	
	ANSWER:	T	TOPIC:	The Role of HRM in Executing	
	Business Strategy TAXONOMY:	Bloom's: Remember	•		
10.	Hiring a recruiting professional emplo		d to find talent is an	example of a company using a	
	ANSWER: TAXONOM	F Y: Bloom's: App	TOPIC: blication	Who is Responsible for HRM?	

11.	1. Factors including organizational strategy, the competitive environment, and legal requirements all influence what an organization's employees <i>should</i> do.					
	ANSWER: TAXONOM	T Y: Bloom's: Cor	TOPIC: mprehension	What is HRM?		
12.		identifying the amou	-	esigning work that is fairly nts the company will need to		
	ANSWER: TAXONOM	F Y: Bloom's: Un	TOPIC: derstand	What is HRM?		
13.	Employee benefits	administration is an	example of a shared	service center.		
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	T Bloom's: Comprehen	TOPIC: nsion	Who is Responsible for HRM?		
14.	Failure to follow the laws and regulations that affect HRM practices and the employment relationship only affects the financial portion of an organization's business.					
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	F Bloom's: Apply	TOPIC:	What is HRM?		
15.		ot tend to stay with the program is a good in		ong, putting new hires through an		
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	F Bloom's: Remember	TOPIC:	What Does HRM Do?		
16.		of training and deve of the organization		both individual employees' skills		
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	T Bloom's: Apply	TOPIC:	What Does HRM Do?		
17.		potential employer' eing offered, not just	_	to consider the value of the total		
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	T Bloom's: Remember	TOPIC:	What Does HRM Do?		
18.		-	1 0	fied, sourcing identifies m personal and technical		
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	T Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC: d	What Does HRM Do?		
19.	Staffing provides the advantage.	he talent foundation	for an organization's	s effectiveness and competitive		

TOPIC:

What Does HRM Do?

20.	Training is very inexpensive, so if a company fails to hire people able to succeed in the organization's development programs, training can still have a high return on investment			
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	F Bloom's: Apply	TOPIC:	What Does HRM Do?
21.	Total rewards activities can help to ensure that an organization has people ready to a leadership positions as soon as those positions become available.			
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	F Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC:	What Does HRM Do?
22.	People from different cultures are motivated by similar things and communicate in similar ways.			
	ANSWER: Business Strategy TAXONOMY:	F Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC:	The Role of HRM in Executing
23.	Total rewards is the sum of all of the rewards employees receive in exchange for their time, efforts, and performance.			
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	T Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC:	What Does HRM Do?
24.	The success of incentive pay programs that reward employees for individual, group, or organizational performance is influenced by performance management systems.			
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY:	T Bloom's: Understand	TOPIC:	What Does HRM Do?
25.	. How an organization positions itself to compete determines the HRM strategies it need acquire, motivate, and retain the appropriate talent to succeed.			RM strategies it needs to pursue to
	ANSWER: Business Strategy T	T AXONOMY: Bloom	TOPIC: 's: Understand	The Role of HRM in Executing
26. Human resource management is responsible for attracting, hiring, developing, rewarding, and retaining talent.				
	ANSWER: TAXONOMY: Bloo	T om's: Understand	TOPIC:	What is HRM?
ESSAY				

E

ANSWER:

TAXONOMY:

T

Bloom's: Understand

1. How might global issues require flexibility in human resource management to meet the diverse expectations of employees?

ANSWER:

The workforce in the United States is already very diverse and is expected to become more diverse in time. Employee expectations and values differ around the world and HRM must modify its efforts to be effective in attracting, hiring, motivating, and retaining the best employees. People from different cultures have dissimilar traditions, are motivated by assorted things, and communicate in diverse ways. Motivating employees in a multinational organization can be very complex and requires much elasticity on the part of HRM. The effectiveness of HRM policy is influenced by the role expectations, norms, and traditions of a society. For example, if managers feel that large power differences are legitimate they may feel uncomfortable implementing policy promoting employee development.

TOPIC: The Role of HRM in Executing Business Strategy

TAXONOMY: Bloom's: Analyze

2. What are the advantages of effective HRM System?

ANSWER:

- Improve organizational efficiency
- Contribute to revenue growth
- Increase employees' understanding of their responsibilities and how they relate to the organization's mission, business strategy, and goals
- Develop and enhance employee capabilities and talents to enable strategic execution and goal attainment
- Equitably link rewards to responsibility level and performance
- Promote the efficient and effective utilization of employees' skills and knowledge
- Increase employee engagement, effort, and performance
- Increase the organization's ability to manage change
- Decrease an organization's legal liability for compliance with employment laws

TOPIC: How Does HRM Influence Organizational Performance?

TAXONOMY: Bloom's: Analyze

3. Identify and explain the four types of risk human resources that help organizations strategically manage.

ANSWER:

Strategic risk: HRM initiatives can affect business strategy through the overall talent strategy, company culture, ethics, investments in people, and the implementation of change initiatives. Operational risk: HRM affects the speed and effectiveness of talent acquisition as well as the development of employees' skills and the identification and retention of top performers. These and other HRM activities can directly influence the organization's success or failure. Financial risk: HRM performance affects the organization's workforce costs and productivity directly through compensation, benefits, turnover, overtime, and time to hire, and indirectly through errors, accidents, delays, and lost production. Compliance risk: Every employment-related decision can have legal ramifications, particularly in the areas of diversity, health and safety, union relations, whistleblowers, and harassment. SEC regulations mandate the board of directors' responsibility for oversight of risk management policies. Boards must make known any material risks with the potential to affect company earnings. Because the acquisition, retention, and performance of talent have the potential to affect company earnings, it is essential that organizations identify and manage these risks through effective HRM.

TOPIC: How Does HRM Influence Organizational Performance?

TAXONOMY: Bloom's: Analyze

4. What is the responsibility of HRM professionals?

ANSWER:

HRM professionals are not the organization's police. Their role, along with the HRM function, is to align the talent philosophy and HRM strategy with the business strategy and company values, develop supervisors' skills in managing and using HRM effectively, and serve as a resource for supervisors' questions and ongoing needs. Although focused on the "people" side of the business, HRM professionals are responsible for the effective running of the business and need appropriate business acumen. HR professionals must understand how their business makes money, and understand the company's economic and financial capabilities to make sound business decisions. The HRM department is also the warehouse of the firm's expertise in all areas of HRM, including employment law, staffing, compensation, benefits, teamwork, communication, performance management, and employee development. HRM professionals are also responsible for managing organizational change, including business expansion, restructuring, and downsizing. This requires good communication and influence skills as well as problem solving and leadership competencies.

TOPIC: Who Is Responsible for HRM?

TAXONOMY: Bloom's: Analyze

5. Describe outsourcing and why it may be advantageous to some companies.

ANSWER:

Outsourcing is hiring an external vendor to do work rather than doing it internally. When another company or provider can perform a task or service better, cheaper, or more efficiently it can make sense to outsource work. Payroll processing, time and attendance records, and benefits management are some of the more frequently outsourced HRM tasks. A company can outsource one or many HRM tasks.

Outsourcing some HRM activities is particularly attractive to smaller companies. HR functions including payroll, benefits administration, and new-hire relocation require special knowledge, and full-time employees may not be worth the expense to smaller firms. Because they specialize in human resources, outsourcing companies often know how to get employees the best HR services, including health benefits and retirement plans. They may also be able to provide rewards programs to your company for less than you would pay on your own. Also, if your company needs any kind of HR support in issues like worker's compensation, outside vendors have this expertise and can also help you stay current on the most recent state and federal regulations to help your company stay compliant. It is critical to develop a strong relationship with external vendors to ensure they strongly support your organization's goals, strategies, culture, and philosophies.

TOPIC: Who Is Responsible for HRM?

TAXONOMY: Bloom's: Understand

6. What are some of the job titles in HRM?

ANSWER:

Some of the job titles in the area of HRM include director of human resources, recruitment specialist, compensation analyst, employee benefits manager, work-life manager, training and development specialist, international human resource manager, diversity and inclusion specialist, and human resource generalist. Different skills are needed in the different areas of HRM. For example, strong quantitative and analytical skills are helpful in compensation, and good communication skills are critical in recruiting and training.

TOPIC: Who is Responsible for HRM?

TAXONOMY: Bloom's: Understand

7. Explain the concept of performance management.

ANSWER:

Performance management involves aligning individual employees' goals and behaviors with organizational goals and strategies, appraising and evaluating past and current behaviors and performance, and providing suggestions for improvement. Staffing influences the effectiveness of a performance management system by providing the raw talent that the system will manage. Even the best performance management system cannot replace important capabilities that employees must have to do their jobs well. Similarly, development programs are necessary to improve the skills identified in the performance management process. It doesn't do much good to let an employee know that she needs to improve her leadership skills if no opportunities for improving them are made available. Organizations also frequently tie compensation to performance management ratings. How would you feel if your bonus was determined by a supervisor's biased evaluation of skills and behaviors that weren't really related to your job performance? The authors know that this type of system wouldn't do much to motivate us!

Without performance goals, employees do not know what aspects of their jobs to focus on or the performance levels expected of them. As a result, they will tend to underperform, and some will quit or need to be replaced, potentially bogging down the staffing system. Without feedback, employees cannot adjust their behavior when necessary to reach their goals. Even if highly talented employees are hired, they can't perform at their best if they don't receive performance feedback or or if that feedback is inaccurate. If they perceive that the feedback they've been given is unfair, they will not be motivated to contribute as much as they could. Performance feedback is also important to maintaining ethical behavior and communicating organizational expectations.

TOPIC: What Does HRM Do? TAXONOMY: Bloom's: Analyze

8. According to the text what are HRM's three main keys in influencing organizational performance? Explain which key you believe is the most influential and why.

ANSWER:

- 1. Influencing what employees should do
- 2. Influencing what employees can do
- 3. Influencing what employees will do

TOPIC: What Is HRM? TAXONOMY: Bloom's: Remember

9. According to the text what are the six primary HRM functions?

ANSWER:

- 1. Staffing
- 2. Training and development
- 3. Performance management
- 4. Rewards and benefits
- 5. Employee-management relations
- 6. Health and safety

TOPIC: What Is HRM? Bloom's: Remember