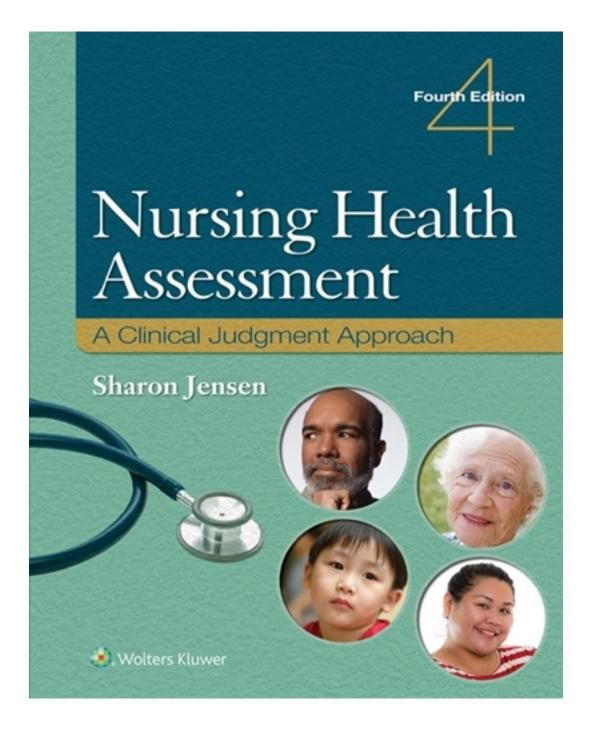
Solutions for Nursing Health Assessment 4th Edition by Jensen

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Solutions

Suggested Answers to Assignments, Chapter 2, Nursing Process

Written Assignments	Learning
	Objective(s)
Students' answers should include the following:	1, 2
Information on the nursing process, based	
on the following:	
 Definition 	
 The nursing process is an 	
organized sequence of	
problem-solving steps used to	
identify and manage the health	
problems of clients.	
o Use	
 When nursing practice follows 	
the nursing process, clients	
receive quality care in minimal	
time with maximal efficiency.	
o Characteristics	
 Within the legal scope of 	
nursing	
 Based on knowledge 	
■ Planned	

Written Assignments	Learning
	Objective(s)
 Client centered 	
 Goal directed 	
Prioritized	
Dynamic	
2. Students' answers should include the following:	5
A comparative chart differentiating between	
database assessment, focus assessment,	
and functional assessment based on the	
following points:	
 Purpose of the assessment 	
 When the assessment is conducted 	
o Information obtained	
o Frequency	
A database assessment (initial information	
about the client's physical, emotional,	
social, and spiritual health) is lengthy and	
comprehensive. The nurse obtains database	
information during the admission interview	
and physical examination. Information	
obtained serves as a reference for	
comparing all future data and provides the	
evidence used to identify the client's initial	

Written Assignments	Learning
	Objective(s)
problems.	
A focus assessment is information that	
provides more details about specific	
problems and expands the original	
database. Focus assessments are generall	у
repeated frequently or on a scheduled bas	is
to determine trends in a client's condition	
and responses to therapeutic interventions	5.
A functional assessment is a comprehensive	/e
evaluation of a client's physical strengths	
and weaknesses in areas such as (1) the	
performance of activities of daily living, (2)
cognitive abilities, and (3) social	
functioning. The results of the functional	
assessment help formulate an individualize	ed
plan for care that identifies specific	
interventions for achieving the maximum	
possible functioning to ensure a better	
quality of life. Currently, the performance	of
a functional assessment is being promoted	i
by The Joint Commission in all general	
health care settings.	

Group Assignment	Learning
	Objective(s)
1. Students' answers should include the following:	3, 4, 6, 8, 12
Resources for assessment data,	
distinguishing between a nursing diagnosis	
and a collaborative problem, the rationale	
for setting priorities, and examples of	
outcomes that result from evaluation, for	
each group's assigned step of the nursing	
process:	
 Assessment 	
o Diagnosis	
o Planning	
 Implementation 	
o Evaluation	

Clinical Assignments	Learning
	Objective(s)
1. Students' answers should include the following:	7
The different parts of the diagnostic	
statement	
Name of the health-related issue or problem	
as identified in the NANDA list	

Clinical Assignments	Learning
	Objective(s)
Etiology (the problem's cause)	
Signs and symptoms, also called defining	
characteristics	
2. Students' answers should include the following:	9
The reasons for establishing goals	
Examples of different types of goals:	
o Short-term goals	
o Long-term goals	
o An example of a goal for	
collaborative problems	
3. Students' answers should include the following:	10, 11
The ways that the plan of care is	
documented	
Specific information that is documented	
in reference to the plan of care	

Web Assignment	Learning Objective
Students could visit the following website for	13
information:	
http://www.udel.edu/chem/white/teaching/Con	
<u>ceptMap.html</u>	

Suggested Answers to Case Study, Chapter 2, Nursing Process

The nurse is caring for a client who has lost function of both legs due to a stroke to the brainstem. The client is unable to walk or maintain balance while standing.

The client is unable to perform activities of daily living without assistance. Additionally, the client has difficulty in chewing and swallowing food. This, coupled with a speech impairment, has resulted in frustration, irritability, and limited food intake. (Learning Objectives 4, 10, and 11)

- a. What objective data can the nurse include in the electronic medical record admission database, based on the information available about the client?
- b. What should the nurse include in preparing the plan of care for the client?
- c. What should the nurse keep in mind when selecting nursing interventions for the client?

- a. The nurse can include the following objective data about the client in the electronic medical record admission database, based on the available information:
 - Stroke to the brainstem
 - Loss of function of both legs
 - Unable to walk or maintain balance while standing
 - Unable to perform activities of daily living
 - Difficulty chewing and swallowing food
 - Limited food intake
 - Speech impairment
- b. The nurse should include the following when preparing the plan of care for the client:
 - Set realistic goals, such as:
 - o Improving food intake
 - o Overcoming frustration caused by disabilities
 - Help the client in achieving these goals
 - Teach and assist the client in performing activities of daily living
 - Help the client improve his or her speech
 - Allow the client to express feelings without disagreeing or interrupting

- c. When selecting nursing interventions for this client, the nurse should keep in mind that the selected nursing intervention is:
 - safe.
 - within the legal scope of nursing practice.
 - compatible with medical orders.

Suggested Answers for Discussion Topics, Chapter 2, Nursing Process

Suggested Answers for Discussion Topics	Learning
	Objective(s)
1a. Students' answers should include the following:	4, 5
The nurse can collect database assessment	
data from the client in the following ways:	
o The nurse can conduct a physical	
examination of the client to obtain	
data, such as her blood pressure.	
o Because the client is in an	
unconscious state, the nurse can	
gather further information from her	
family—in this case, her husband—	
and refer to her current and past	
medical records and to other health	
care providers.	
1b. Students' answers should include the following:	
The nurse can collect more specific	
information from the client in the following	
ways:	
By interviewing the client, once she	

Suggested Answers for Discussion Topics	Learning
	Objective(s)
gains consciousness, about her blood	
pressure	
o By repeating the assessment on a	
frequent or scheduled basis to	
determine the trend in the client's	
condition	
 By interviewing the family about the 	
patient's low blood pressure and its	
history, onset, prior treatments, etc.	
2a. Students' answers should include the following:	9
The possible short-term goals the nurse could	
set with the client:	
o To increase client's food intake	
o To maximize the client's independence	
related to ADLs	
2b. Students' answers should include the following:	
A possible long-term goal the nurse could set	
with the client would be for the client to	
report a decrease in the severity of his	
depression.	
3a. Students' answers should include the following:	11
The possible plan of care that the nurse	

Suggested Answers for Discussion Topics	Learning
	Objective(s)
should create to help the client overcome	
situational low self-esteem is	
 Allow the client to express his feeling 	
without disagreeing or interrupting	
 Facilitate the client accomplishing his 	
own ADLs whenever possible	
 Help to set and accomplish one 	
realistic goal daily	

Assignments, Chapter 2, Nursing Process

Written Assignments	Learning
	Objective(s)
1. Prepare a report on the nursing process, based on the	1, 2
following:	
a. Definition	
b. Use	
c. Seven characteristics	
2. Prepare a comparative chart differentiating between the	5
following types of assessment:	
a. Database assessment	
b. Focus assessment	
c. Functional assessment	

Group Assignment	Learning
	Objective(s)
1. Divide into five groups; each group should talk about one	3, 4, 6, 8, 12
of the following steps of the nursing process:	
a. Assessment	
b. Diagnosis	
c. Planning	
d. Implementation	
e. Evaluation	
The discussion needs to include resources for assessment	

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Group Assignment	Learning
	Objective(s)
data, distinguishing between a nursing diagnosis and a	
collaborative problem, the rationale for setting priorities,	
and examples of outcomes that result from evaluation.	

Clinical Assignments	Learning
	Objective(s)
1. During your clinical rotation, assist a registered nurse in	7
identifying the health-related problems of a client, based	
on the data collected from the client.	
a. Identify the different parts of the diagnostic	
statement created by the nurse.	
b. Identify what parts of the nursing diagnostic	
statement are not used by the registered nurse,	
and generate ideas on how the missing steps can	
be incorporated into a three-part nursing	
diagnostic statement.	
2. During your clinical rotation, assist a registered nurse in	9
creating goals for a client with constipation. Prepare a short	
report on the following:	
a. The reasons for establishing goals	
b. An example of a short-term goal and a long-term	
goal, including the appropriate circumstances in	
which each type of goal is used	
c. An example of a goal for collaborative problems	

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Clinical Assignments	Learning
	Objective(s)
3. During your clinical rotation, assist a registered nurse in	10, 11
creating a plan of care for a client. Prepare a short report on	
the following:	
a. The ways that the plan of care is documented	
b. Specific information that is documented in	
reference to the plan of care	

Web Assignment	Learning Objective
1. Conduct online research on concept mapping in the	13
nursing process using this website:	
a.	
http://www.udel.edu/chem/white/teaching/ConceptMap.html	
Create a short report on the various formats used and the	
benefits of concept mapping.	

Case Study, Chapter 2, Nursing Process

The nurse is caring for a client who has lost function of both legs due to a stroke to the brainstem. The client is unable to walk or maintain balance while standing.

The client is unable to perform activities of daily living without assistance. Additionally, the client has difficulty in chewing and swallowing food. This, coupled with a speech impairment, has resulted in frustration, irritability, and limited food intake. (Learning Objectives 4, 10, and 11)

- a. What objective data can the nurse include in the electronic medical record admission database, based on the information available about the client?
- b. What should the nurse include in preparing the plan of care for the client?
- c. What should the nurse keep in mind when selecting nursing interventions for the client?

Discussion Topics, Chapter 2, Nursing Process

Discussion Topics	Learning Objective(s)
1. A 52-year-old female client, accompanied by her	4, 5
husband, is brought to the health care facility in an	
unconscious state. The client was previously admitted to	
the health care facility for treatment of hypotension.	
a. How will the nurse collect the database	
assessment data during admission?	
b. If during the initial examination and interview it	
is discovered that low blood pressure led to the	
client's loss of consciousness, how should the	
nurse gain more specific information about the	
client's hypotension?	
2. A 24-year-old male client is being treated for spinal	9
cord injury experienced in a motor vehicle accident. He	
has lost function of both legs due to the spinal cord	
injury and is unable to walk. In addition, his food intake	
has diminished because of a lack of appetite and also	
from possible depression attributable to his inability to	
walk.	
a. What are the possible short-term goals that the	
nurse could set with the client?	
b. What are the possible long-term goals that the	

Discussion Topics	Learning Objective(s)
nurse could set with the client?	
3. A 65-year-old male client is being treated for left-	11
sided weakness at a health care facility. Due to impaired	
mobility, he is unable to perform his normal daily	
activities without assistance; as a result, he has low self-	
esteem. He is often heard complaining to the nurses	
assisting him that he feels like a baby because he needs	
so much help. He states that he feels useless and is	
embarrassed about being so dependent on others.	
a. What possible plan of care could the nurse	
prepare for the client that would help him	
overcome his situational low self-esteem?	