

*Test Bank for Health Policy 3rd Edition
by Porche*

ISBN: 9781284230321

Import Settings:
 Base Settings: Brownstone Default
 Information Field: Complexity
 Information Field: Ahead
 Information Field: Subject
 Information Field: Title
 Information Field: Feedback
 Information Field: Taxonomy
 Information Field: Objective
 Highest Answer Letter: D
 Multiple Keywords in Same Paragraph: No
 NAS ISBN13: 9781284230321, add to Ahead, Title tags

Chapter: Chapter 01 - Quiz

Multiple Choice

1. Which of the following terms is applied to healthcare professionals who possess the knowledge, skills, and ability to engage in policy formulation, implementation, analysis, evaluation, termination, and political processes?

- A) Civic competence
- B) Policy entrepreneurs
- C) Political influencers
- D) Situational evaluators

Ans: A

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Civic Competence Model

Subject: Chapter 1

Title: Policy Overview

2. Which of the following statements by the healthcare professional indicates knowledge surrounding health policy?

- A) "Health policy is isolated to those policies surrounding the wellness of specific populations."
- B) "The individual health-wellness continuum limits implementation of health policy."
- C) "Individuals, communities, and societies generate health policy."
- D) "Governments, institutions, and professional associations generate health policy."

Ans: D

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Health Policy

Subject: Chapter 1

Title: Policy Overview

3. Which of the following statements by the healthcare professional is true when considering legal policy and laws?

- A) "All laws are considered policy."
- B) "All legal policies are considered laws."

- C) "Most policies are considered laws."
- D) "Most laws are considered policy."

Ans: D

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Legal Policy

Subject: Chapter 1

Title: Policy Overview

4. A new healthcare professional with an interest in policy and advocacy requires more mentoring regarding allocation policies with which statement?

- A) "Distributive policy is allocative because it gives resources in a planned manner."
- B) "Redistributive policy is regulatory because it redirects allocated resources."
- C) "Allocation intent policies require giving resources according to a policy's direction."
- D) "Allocation is a strategy that augments policy intent implementation."

Ans: B

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Policy Intention

Subject: Chapter 1

Title: Policy Overview

5. A healthcare professional was noted in a workplace biography to be a policy entrepreneur. Other healthcare professionals know this workplace is using Kingdon's policy development model, which means the healthcare professional capitalizes upon which of the following policy streams to benefit policymaking?

- A) Problem, policy, politics
- B) Problem, population, politics
- C) Policy, prerequisites, politics
- D) Policy, population, politics

Ans: A

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Agenda Setting

Subject: Chapter 1

Title: Policy Overview

6. Which stage of policy development would the healthcare professional use to indicate understanding of policy content as one of the four factors defining the policy triangle?

- A) Policy evaluation
- B) Policy formulation
- C) Policy implementation
- D) Policy resolution

Ans: D

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Policy Triangle Model

Subject: Chapter 1

Title: Policy Overview

7. The political influence model purports significant individual impact on policy, development, formulation, and implementation. Which of the following are the four spheres that healthcare professionals can politically influence?

- A) Community, individuals, organizations, and politics
- B) Corporations, individuals, organizations, and politics
- C) Community, government, organizations, and workplace
- D) Corporations, government, organizations, and workplace

Ans: C

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Political Influence Model

Subject: Chapter 1

Title: Policy Overview

Essay

1. Differentiate between public health policy and health policy.

Ans: Public health policy is decisions that affect the general health and well-being of the overall population, typically made as a law or regulation through the government. Health policy, on the other hand, is decisions at an organizational or institutional level affecting the health and well-being of the specific population associated with those facilities/organizations.

Complexity: Moderate

Ahead: Health Policy, Public Health Policy

Subject: Chapter 1

Title: Policy Overview

2. Explain the influence of motivators and inhibitors on policy.

Ans: Motivators positively influence policy while inhibitors negatively influence policy, both through the use of multifarious variables. These variables affect the views of various stakeholders as policy is developed. If the variables influence stakeholders to pursue policy that is for the common good, it is a motivator. If the variables influence stakeholders to pursue policy that is for individual interests, it is an inhibitor.

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Policy Decision Making: Influencing Factors

Subject: Chapter 1

Title: Policy Overview

8. Describe a problem in terms of problem analysis.

Ans: A problem, by definition, requires two conditions, which are a desire and a solution. Problem analysis can occur when a problem—by definition—exists, and consists of reviewing the situation—also known as the desire—and all possible solutions—also known as the outcomes and consequences. This analysis leads to a determination of whether the problem can be resolved with a policy.

Complexity: Easy

Ahead: Agenda Setting

Subject: Chapter 1

Title: Policy Overview