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Introduction to Business Law (8th)

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Total Questions: 75

Multiple Choice (55)

Q1. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

The government itself prosecutes the wrongdoer in a case involving behavior so threatening that society outlaws it altogether. This kind of case involves

- a) procedural law.
- b) private law.
- c) civil law.
- d) **criminal law. ✓ correct**

Q2. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

In the House of Representatives, a state's voting power is based on its

- a) relative wealth.
- b) date of entry into the Union.
- c) physical size.
- d) **population. ✓ correct**

Q3. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

Common law refers to

- a) law that is the same or similar in all the states.
- b) **law made when judges decide cases and then follow those decisions in later cases. ✓ correct**
- c) law made by legislatures in the form of statutes.
- d) the legal systems of France, Germany, and Italy.

Q4. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

Hasbro, Inc., the trademark owner of "Candy Land," sought a court injunction to stop Internet Entertainment Group, LTD from using the domain name, "candyland.com." Internet Entertainment Group had established a sexually explicit site at the domain name. This injunction would have to be issued by

- a) a jury.
- b) **a judge. ✓ correct**
- c) an executive order.
- d) a lawyer.

Q5. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

The three branches of government in the United States are the

- a) executive, legislative, and administrative.
- b) administrative, executive, and statutory.
- c) **executive, legislative, and judicial. ✓ correct**
- d) administrative, legislative, and international.

Q6. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Understand

The doctrine of *stare decisis*

- a) makes the legal process more expensive.
- b) is an equitable remedy.
- c) **makes the law more predictable. ✓ correct**
- d) is unimportant to the common law.

Q7. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

In 1992, the North Carolina Supreme Court ruled in a case entitled *Goodman v. Wenco Foods, Inc.*, that when a substance in food causes injury to a consumer of the food, it is not a bar to recovery against the seller that the substance was natural to the food. If, in a 2008 case involving a consumer's injury caused by a fish bone in a bowl of fish chowder, the court followed the decision in *Goodman v. Wenco Foods, Inc.*, the court's action in the second case is an example of

- a) **stare decisis. ✓ correct**
- b) statutory law.
- c) public law.
- d) criminal law.

Q8. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

When the Food and Drug Administration prohibits a certain drug from being marketed in the United States, this is

- a) private law.
- b) **an agency regulation. ✓ correct**
- c) legal negativism.
- d) an executive order.

Q9. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

If the title of an appellate court case appears as *Jones v. Smith*,

- a) then it is correct to say that Jones is the plaintiff and Smith is the defendant.
- b) it means that Smith won the trial court decision.
- c) **one cannot determine which party is the plaintiff because when a defendant loses a trial and files an appeal, some courts (but not all) reverse the names of the parties. ✓ correct**
- d) the trial judge was Jones, and the appellate judge is Smith.

Q10. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

An example of a statute would be

- a) the president of the United States issuing an executive order banning the use of federal funds for abortion.
- b) a North Dakota judge issuing an injunction prohibiting a man from contacting his ex-wife.
- c) **the Ohio legislature passing a law requiring all bicycle riders to wear a helmet. ✓ correct**
- d) the Federal Communications Commission instructing all radio stations to refrain from broadcasting "indecent" programming during daylight hours.

Q11. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

The doctrine of precedent requires

- a) that a victim testify.
- b) that the defendant testify.
- c) that there be a 12-member jury of the defendant's peers.
- d) **judges to base rulings on previous cases. ✓ correct**

Q12. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) is an independent agency whose function is to regulate securities in the stock market. The SEC thus creates rules. These rules are

- a) statutes.
- b) **administrative law. ✓ correct**
- c) executive orders.
- d) common law.

Q13. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Understand

In the United States, the powers of government are divided between one national government and 50 state governments. This type of system is called

- a) federalism. ✓ correct**
- b) democracy.
- c) confederation.
- d) oligarchy.

Q14. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

The United States Supreme Court has the power to

- a) appoint judges to serve on the Supreme Court.
- b) void laws passed by Congress. ✓ correct**
- c) issue executive orders.
- d) ratify treaties.

Q15. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

The president of the United States

- a) creates federal common law.
- b) can veto congressional legislation. ✓ correct**
- c) determines the constitutionality of statutes.
- d) passes statutes.

Q16. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Analyze

Antonio assaulted Mark after the two argued about a parking space. The district attorney's office prosecuted Antonio on assault charges. Subsequently, Mark filed a lawsuit against Antonio for money damages. How would each legal action be classified?

- a) The district attorney's case was a criminal case. Mark's lawsuit was a civil case. ✓ correct**
- b) The district attorney's case was a civil case. Mark's lawsuit was a criminal case.
- c) Both cases are criminal.
- d) Both cases are civil.

Q17. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

President Nixon issued wage-price controls in an effort to stabilize the economy. This use of executive power was

- a) an unlawful taking of legislative powers that belong to the Congress.
- b) a valid use of power based on Article II of the Constitution. ✓ correct**
- c) a valid use of judicial power.
- d) an unlawful taking of the regulatory powers of administrative agencies.

Q18. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Understand

Which type of law regulates the rights and duties between parties?

- a) Criminal law
- b) Administrative law
- c) Civil law ✓ correct**
- d) Judicial law

Q19. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

Curtis filed a lawsuit against Morgan for failure to repay \$1,000 according to the terms of a promissory note. The trial ended before it began, with the trial judge granting a motion for summary judgment in favor of Curtis. Morgan has appealed, and the Supreme Court of Iowa has remanded the case. This means that

- a) Curtis automatically wins because he won in the lower court.
- b) Morgan automatically wins because he lost in the lower court.
- c) neither party wins because the case is being thrown out.
- d) it is not clear yet who wins because the case is being returned to the trial court for additional steps. ✓ correct**

Q20. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

Lorraine sues Alan in a Kentucky court. Lorraine loses her lawsuit in Kentucky and appeals her case to a Kentucky appellate court. The appellate court judges consider Lorraine's appeal and decide that the trial court made an incorrect ruling because the trial court judge received testimony from an expert witness without first qualifying the witness as an expert. The appellate court will

- a) affirm the decision of the trial court.
- b) reverse the decision of the trial court. ✓ correct**
- c) not render a decision because the court docket is backlogged.
- d) imprison Alan.

Q21. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

Elena is a new law student and is excited to be in her first law school class. Elena must read her first case and analyze it in preparation for class the next day. To understand the case, Elena analyzes it in a way that helps her to thoroughly understand all its nuances. To do this, Elena must understand the

- a) facts of the case, the issue involved in the case, the decision of the case, and the reasoning behind that decision. ✓ correct**
- b) facts of the case, the decision of the case, and the morality behind that decision.
- c) classification of the law involved in the case and the source of law involved in the case.
- d) role of the judges in the case, whether it is a federal or state case, and the reasoning behind the ethics of the case.

Q22. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

Laws provide society with

- a) unlimited power.
- b) safe communities, functioning economies, and personal liberties. ✓ correct**
- c) the means for some members of society to oppress other members through the use of civil lawsuits.
- d) an unequal distribution of wealth.

Q23. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

Our founders created federalism, which is a

- a) triple-layered system of government with a national government, state governments, and administrative agencies all exercising important but limited powers.
- b) system where the state governments take precedence over the national government.
- c) double-layered system of government, with the national government and state governments each exercising important but limited powers. ✓ correct**
- d) system where the national, federal government is supreme.

Q24. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

The United States Constitution is

- a) **the supreme law of the land. ✓ correct**
- b) a discretionary guideline for the federal government to follow.
- c) a guideline for states to follow in developing their own state constitutions.
- d) *stare decisis*.

Q25. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

Hawaii passes a statute that does not conflict with its state constitution, and the statute is followed for three years. After a period of three years, the statute still does not conflict with the state constitution, but the U.S. Supreme Court rules that the statute now conflicts with the Fourth Amendment of the United States Constitution. The Hawaii statute will

- a) remain effective because it does not conflict with the Hawaii state constitution, which is the supreme law of the land in Hawaii.
- b) remain effective because it has been followed for three years in Hawaii.
- c) no longer be effective because statutes must be revised periodically such as here as it has been in effect for three years.
- d) **be void as being unconstitutional. ✓ correct**

Q26. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is concerned about the high levels of air pollution in American cities. The EPA proposes a regulation that requires a city with a population density of a specific size to reduce their air pollution by any means necessary within 12 months. The city of Los Angeles does not believe this regulation must be followed because it is not a law passed by a government. Is the city of Los Angeles correct in its thinking?

- a) Yes, as this is not a statute passed by a government, and thus, the regulation does not have to be followed.
- b) **No, because this is a regulation promulgated by an administrative agency and is therefore administrative law and must be followed. ✓ correct**
- c) Yes, because this regulation is unconstitutional and thus is void.
- d) No, because this is a regulation promulgated by an administrative agency and is therefore constitutional law and must be followed.

Q27. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

When courts decide a case, they tend to apply the same legal rules that other courts have used in similar cases. The similar case that is applied to the current case is known as

- a) **precedent. ✓ correct**
- b) *stare decisis*.
- c) constitutionality.
- d) civil law.

Q28. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Analyze

Roberto and Kayleigh are neighbors living in Clermont County, Ohio. Roberto builds a fence on what he believes is the boundary of his property yet failed to have the property surveyed first. Kayleigh believes the fence is on her property, and subsequently sues Roberto, asking the court to require him to remove the fence. An earlier Ohio case held that in all boundary disputes, no fence may be built until a property survey occurs or the fence is subject to removal. The judge in Roberto and Kayleigh's case orders that the fence be removed because a survey was not done. In this case, the prior case upon which the judge relies is

- a) *stare decisis*.
- b) precedent. ✓ correct**
- c) unethical.
- d) common law.

Q29. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Analyze

Roberto and Kayleigh are neighbors living in Clermont County, Ohio. Roberto builds a fence on what he believes is the boundary of his property yet failed to have the property surveyed first. Kayleigh believes the fence is on her property, and subsequently sues Roberto, asking the court to require him to remove the fence. An earlier Ohio case held that in all boundary disputes, no fence may be built until a property survey occurs or the fence is subject to removal. The judge in Roberto and Kayleigh's case orders that the fence be removed because a survey was not done. In this case, when the judge relies on the prior case, the judge is engaging in

- a) *stare decisis*. ✓ correct**
- b) constitutionality.
- c) precedent.
- d) moral reasoning.

Q30. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

Stare decisis provides our legal system with

- a) morality.
- b) stability. ✓ correct**
- c) professionalism.
- d) statutory law.

Q31. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

Stare decisis makes the law

- a) inconsistent.
- b) uncertain.
- c) predictable. ✓ correct**
- d) intelligible.

Q32. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

Precedent is binding only on which courts?

- a) Trial courts
- b) Appellate courts
- c) Higher courts
- d) Lower courts ✓ correct**

Q33. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Analyze

The Kentucky court system has different levels: the district court, a trial court of limited jurisdiction; the circuit court, a trial court of general jurisdiction; the Kentucky Court of Appeals, an appellate court; and the Kentucky Supreme Court, the highest court in Kentucky. The Kentucky Court of Appeals hears a case regarding preliminary breath tests and decides that preliminary breath test results may be entered into evidence at trial. This case is binding on

- a) the district and circuit courts. ✓ correct**
- b) all courts in Kentucky, including the Kentucky Supreme Court.
- c) the district court only.
- d) no courts, as the use of preliminary breath tests is unconstitutional.

Q34. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

Which of the following statements accurately defines criminal law?

- a) Criminal law regulates the rights and duties between parties.
- b) Criminal law results in equitable remedies and money damages.
- c) Criminal law concerns behavior so threatening that society outlaws it altogether. ✓ correct**
- d) Criminal law is a form of constitutional law.

Q35. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

Which of the following statements accurately defines civil law?

- a) Civil law concerns behavior so threatening that society outlaws it altogether.
- b) Civil law regulates the rights and duties between parties. ✓ correct**
- c) Civil law results in imprisonment and fines.
- d) Civil law is a form of administrative law.

Q36. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Analyze

Jessica is required to go to court. The government prosecutes her case, and a district attorney brings the case against her to trial. The injured party in Jessica's case is a witness but does not prosecute her case. The government is seeking to imprison and fine Jessica. Jessica's case is an example of

- a) civil law.
- b) constitutional law.
- c) administrativelaw.
- d) criminal law. ✓ correct**

Q37. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Analyze

Anya is required to go to court. The government will not prosecute her case, and a private party brings the case against Anya to trial. The injured party is the person who sues Anya and is seeking equitable remedies and money damages against her. Anya's case is an example of

- a) civil law. ✓ correct**
- b) criminal law.
- c) constitutionallaw.
- d) administrativelaw.

Q38. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

Gerald's wife is ill and needs expensive medication, money for which Gerald does not have. In desperation, Gerald buys a gun and uses it to hold up a store to get enough money to buy the medication. As a result, Gerald is prosecuted. This is an example of

- a) morality because Gerald is trying to save his ill wife.
- b) criminal law because it concerns behavior so threatening that society outlaws it altogether. ✓ correct**
- c) civil law because it regulates the rights and duties between parties.
- d) constitutionality because the U.S. Constitution allows citizens to save their loved ones.

Q39. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

Toby does not have enough money to pay his apartment rent for February. Fearing he and his family will be evicted, he enters into a contract with his friend Simone whereby Simone will lend him \$1,000, but he must pay her back by March 1. On March 2, Toby has not yet reimbursed Simone any money, and she sues Toby for payment of the \$1,000. This is an example of

- a) civil law because it regulates the rights and duties between parties. ✓ correct**
- b) morality because Toby is trying to avoid his family being evicted.
- c) criminal law because it concerns behavior so threatening that society outlaws it altogether.
- d) morality because Simone is taking advantage of Toby's financial straits.

Q40. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

Statutes are laws passed by

- a) administrative agencies.
- b) state constitutions.
- c) Congress or a state legislature. ✓ correct**
- d) local governments.

Q41. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

Judges have the authority to issue court orders that

- a) require people or companies to appeal their court orders.
- b) place discretionary obligations on specific people or companies.
- c) require Congress or state legislatures to ratify their court orders.
- d) place binding obligations on specific people or companies. ✓ correct**

Q42. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

Desiree has an employment contract with Granite Rock Company that says she will not take a position with a competitor for a period of six months upon leaving employment at Granite Rock. After being with Granite Rock for a decade, Desiree receives a job offer from a competitor of Granite Rock. Desiree resigns from Granite Rock and, within a month, begins working for the competing company. Granite Rock sues Desiree. In this case, the judge may

- a) issue an injunction, which is a court order to prohibit someone from doing something. ✓ correct**
- b) not issue an injunction because only Congress can issue an injunction.
- c) issue a statute because both legislatures and judges may issue laws.
- d) issue a fine, which is a court order to prohibit someone from doing something.

Q43. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

Laws are found in different sources, which include

- a) statutes, presidential veto, and precedent.
- b) precedent, *stare decisis*, and court orders.
- c) the U.S. Constitution, statutes, the common law, and administrative law. ✓ correct**
- d) the U.S. Constitution, Congressional acts, the common law, and statutes.

Q44. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

The U.S. Constitution

- a) is meant as a guideline for the states but does not have to be followed by the federal government.
- b) ensures that the United States is not a monarchy.
- c) establishes a national government with its four branches and establishes a system of checks and balances among the four branches.
- d) establishes a national government with its three branches, establishes a system of checks and balances among the three branches, and guarantees many basic rights to the American people. ✓ correct**

Q45. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

Belgium and Germany have a dispute that involves a U.S. military base located in Germany. The dispute becomes violent, and U.S. soldiers potentially could be harmed. The current U.S. president wants to ensure the safety of military personnel and, thus, orders an armed military response. This is an example of

- a) legislative power.
- b) executive power. ✓ correct**
- c) judicial power.
- d) Constitutional power.

Q46. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Analyze

The Ohio state legislature is concerned because people guilty of lesser drug offenses are languishing in prison. The legislature passes a statute that requires probation instead of imprisonment for these offenders. The governor of Ohio supports the statute, as do Ohio district attorneys. This is an example of

- a) executive power.
- b) judicial power.
- c) legislative power. ✓ correct**
- d) Constitutional power.

Q47. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Analyze

The Ohio state legislature is concerned because people guilty of lesser drug offenses are languishing in prison. The legislature passes a statute that requires probation instead of imprisonment for these offenders. The governor of Ohio supports the statute, as do Ohio district attorneys. A victim of a drug-related offense asks an Ohio court to consider the fact that this statute is unconstitutional. The court agrees and voids the statute. This is an example of

- a) judicial power. ✓ correct**
- b) legislative power.
- c) executive power.
- d) administrative power.

Q48. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

The authors of the Constitution were not content to divide government power. They also wanted to give each part of the government some power over the other branches. This is known as

- a) *stare decisis*.
- b) precedent.
- c) veto power.
- d) checks and balances. ✓ correct**

Q49. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

Congress passes a law that makes it illegal to discriminate against people based on their appearance. The U.S. Supreme Court examines the law pursuant to a case brought before the Court and rules that the law is unconstitutional and is thereby void. Congress does not approve of this ruling and therefore passes a new law expanding the group of people who may not be discriminated against. This is an example of

- a) judicial power.
- b) executive power.
- c) checks and balances. ✓ correct**
- d) *stare decisis*.

Q50. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

The law is involved in nearly every facet of our lives and has the qualities of being both

- a) **intriguing and essential. ✓ correct**
- b) ethical and acceptable by all.
- c) applicable to some citizens while nonapplicable to others.
- d) constitutional and part of the common law.

Q51. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

The Constitution grants many of our basic liberties, such as freedom of speech and free exercise of religion. These liberties are primarily found in the

- a) preamble to the Constitution.
- b) **amendments to the Constitution. ✓ correct**
- c) body of the Constitution.
- d) common law.

Q52. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Analyze

The United States invades a small country in Europe. Brittany is upset at this military action and believes what the United States is doing is unethical. In protest, Brittany burns the American flag. Brittany is arrested for this action. At trial, Brittany argues that the First Amendment protects her based on

- a) the common law.
- b) *stare decisis*.
- c) precedent.
- d) **fundamental rights such as freedom of speech. ✓ correct**

Q53. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Remember

The Founders sought a division of government power to avoid centralized power. The United States Constitution thus divides legal authority, which it does through

- a) national and state power.
- b) original, supreme, and constitutional power.
- c) *ultra vires* and *ultra mares* power.
- d) **legislative, executive, and judicial power. ✓ correct**

Q54. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

Hudson assaults Shane and is arrested. The state wants to punish Hudson for this assault. Hudson goes to trial and is found guilty of assault. What outcomes are available to the state to punish Hudson?

- a) An injunction can be ordered against Hudson.
- b) Hudson can be ordered to pay monetary damages.
- c) Hudson can be ordered to provide an equitable remedy.
- d) **Hudson can be imprisoned and/or fined. ✓ correct**

Q55. [Multiple Choice] · Bloom's: Apply

Destiny and Elizabeth enter into a contract stating that Destiny will alter Elizabeth's wedding dress for \$1,000 and have it ready for Elizabeth's specifications on or before March 1. On March 2, the dress is not altered. Elizabeth sues Destiny in civil court. What are the possible outcomes?

- a) Destiny will be imprisoned.
- b) Destiny will be fined.
- c) Elizabeth will be required to accept the wedding dress on or before March 10.
- d) **Elizabeth may be awarded monetary damages and/or equitable remedies. ✓ correct**

True/False (15)

Q56. [True/False] · Bloom's: Remember

Congress passed a law imposing penalties for displaying "indecent" material online where children could see it. If the U.S. Supreme Court subsequently rules that the statute conflicts with the First Amendment of the U.S. Constitution, the statute is void.

a) true ✓ correct

b) false

Correct answer: True

Q57. [True/False] · Bloom's: Apply

A rule that establishes maximum length of work shifts for air traffic controllers demonstrates an agency imposing a regulation.

a) true ✓ correct

b) false

Correct answer: True

Q58. [True/False] · Bloom's: Apply

In 1994, the Arizona Supreme Court decided the case of *Hernandez v. Arizona Board of Regents* and found a duty of care to avoid furnishing alcohol to underage consumers. If in 2008 a Flagstaff, Arizona plaintiff brings a lawsuit against an Arizona university's fraternity for providing alcohol to members under the legal drinking age, the *Hernandez v. Arizona Board of Regents* case will serve as precedent.

a) true ✓ correct

b) false

Correct answer: True

Q59. [True/False] · Bloom's: Apply

Because Alana was driving too fast for the icy road conditions and hit Blanca's car, Blanca can sue Alana in criminal court.

a) true

b) false ✓ correct

Correct answer: False

Q60. [True/False] · Bloom's: Remember

Congress can create a statute on any topic at all.

a) true

b) false ✓ correct

Correct answer: False

Q61. [True/False] · Bloom's: Remember

If a president vetoes a bill, it can still become a statute if both the House and the Senate approve it by a 51 percent majority.

a) true

b) false ✓ correct

Correct answer: False

Q62. [True/False] · Bloom's: Remember

The doctrine of precedent is binding on all courts from county courts to the U.S. Supreme Court.

a) true

b) false ✓ correct

Correct answer: False

Q63. [True/False] · Bloom's: Understand

The case called *Kuehn v. Pub Zone* would reveal that Kuehn is the plaintiff, since the plaintiff is always listed first.

a) true

b) false ✓ correct

Correct answer: False

Q64. [True/False] · Bloom's: Remember

Common law is a body of cases decided by legislatures.

a) true

b) false ✓ correct

Correct answer: False

Q65. [True/False] · Bloom's: Remember

In order to determine if the case she was hearing broke the law, Judge Jane referred to prior rulings on the same subject. In other words, the judge is relying on precedent to make her decision.

a) true ✓ correct

b) false

Correct answer: True

Q66. [True/False] · Bloom's: Apply

DoorWay Computers, Inc., the trademark owner of "DoorWay," sought a court injunction to prevent Fixer-Upper Hardware, Inc. from using the domain name, "DoorWay.com." A jury will decide whether DoorWay is entitled to this remedy.

a) true

b) false ✓ correct

Correct answer: False

Q67. [True/False] · Bloom's: Apply

In the case of *Panavision Int'l v. Toeppen*, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the district court's decision. This means that the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals approved the district court's decision and upheld the outcome in the case.

a) true ✓ correct

b) false

Correct answer: True

Q68. [True/False] · Bloom's: Understand

In a case called *Medical Practices versus Smith*, the Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the district court's decision, which means that the Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals approved the district court's decision and upheld the outcome in the case.

a) true ✓ correct

b) false

Correct answer: True

Q69. [True/False] · Bloom's: Remember

A court's decision is often referred to as its holding.

a) true ✓ correct

b) false

Correct answer: True

Q70. [True/False] · Bloom's: Apply

Because there are legal issues where morality is not as clear, the law is not linked to morality.

a) true

b) false ✓ correct

Correct answer: False

Essay (5)

Q71. [Essay] · Bloom's: Understand

Explain the role that power, importance, and fascination play in contemporary American law.

Suggested answer: The role of "power" in contemporary law is reflected in the fact that the strong reach of the law touches nearly everything we do. The role of "importance" in contemporary law reflects the fact that we depend on it to keep our society functioning. The law, too, is fascinating. Verdicts have an impact on us in many ways.

Q72. [Essay] · Bloom's: Understand

Identify and discuss the primary sources of contemporary U.S. law.

Suggested answer: The primary sources of U.S. law include: (1) the United States Constitution (the supreme law of the land) and state constitutions (which establish state governments); (2) statutes, which are drafted by the legislatures; (3) common law, which is the body of cases decided by judges, as they follow earlier cases, known as precedent; (4) court orders, which compel a party to and prohibit it from doing something; and (5) administrative law, which are the rules and decisions made by federal and state administrative agencies.

Q73. [Essay] · Bloom's: Remember

Describe the doctrine of precedent and its application to common law.

Suggested answer: The doctrine of precedent, which developed gradually over centuries, requires that judges decide current cases based on previous rulings. This vital principle is at the heart of American common law. Common law, which is the body of cases decided by judges as they follow earlier cases, or precedent, is a primary source of contemporary law.

Q74. [Essay] · Bloom's: Understand

The founders created a system of federalism for the United States. Explain what federalism is and what it entails.

Suggested answer: The founders created a national government but insisted that the individual states maintain control in many areas. As a result, each state has its own government with exclusive power over many important areas of our lives. What the founders created was federalism: a double-layered system of government, with the national government and state governments each exercising important but limited powers. To top it off, the founders guaranteed many rights to the people alone, ordering national and state governments to keep clear.

Q75. [Essay] · Bloom's: Understand

The United States Constitution is a great legal achievement and accomplishes some basic things. Explain what the United States Constitution accomplishes.

Suggested answer: The United States Constitution is the supreme law of the land, and any law that conflicts with it is void. It establishes the national government of the United States with its three branches, creates a system of checks and balances among these three branches, and also guarantees many basic rights to the American people. The United States Constitution divides legal authority into legislative power, which is the ability to create new laws; executive power, which is the authority to enforce laws; and judicial power, which is the right to interpret laws and determine their validity. The Constitution also guarantees many basic rights to all Americans such as freedom of speech and due process and equal protection rights.